SYSGRATION LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REVIEW REPORT JUNE 30, 2021 AND 2020

For the convenience of readers and for information purpose only, the auditors' report and the accompanying financial statements have been translated into English from the original Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. In the event of any discrepancy between the English version and the original Chinese version or any differences in the interpretation of the two versions, the Chinese-language auditors' report and financial statements shall prevail.

SYSGRATION LTD.

JUNE 30, 2021 AND 2020 CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REVIEW REPORT TABLE OF CONTENTS

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REVIEW REPORT

To the Board of Directors and Shareholders of Sysgration Ltd.

Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Sysgration Ltd. and subsidiaries (the "Group") as at June 30, 2021 and 2020, and the related consolidated statements of comprehensive income for the three months and six months then ended, as well as the consolidated statements of changes in equity and of cash flows for the six months then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and International Accounting Standard 34, "Interim Financial Reporting" as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on these consolidated financial statements based on our reviews.

Scope of review

We conducted our reviews in accordance with the Statement of Auditing Standards No. 65, "Review of Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity" in the Republic of China. A review of consolidated financial statements consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Conclusion

Based on our reviews, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying consolidated financial statements do not present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Group as at June 30, 2021 and 2020, and of its consolidated financial performance for the three months and six months then ended and its consolidated cash flows for the six months then ended in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and International Accounting Standard 34, "Interim Financial Reporting" as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission.

Chiu, Chao-Hsien	Hsu, Ming-Chuan
For and on behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers, Taiv	van
August 11, 2021	
operations and cash flows in accordance with accounting pr than the Republic of China. The standards, procedures and	not intended to present the financial position and results of inciples generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other practices in the Republic of China governing the audit of such in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China.

SYSGRATION LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS JUNE 30, 2021, DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND JUNE 30, 2020 (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars) (The balance sheets as of June 30, 2021 and 2020 are reviewed, not audited)

			June 30, 202	December 31, 2		June 30, 2020		
	Assets	Notes	AMOUNT	<u>%</u>	AMOUNT	<u>%</u>	AMOUNT	
•	Current assets							
1100	Cash and cash equivalents	6(1)	\$ 943,039	38	\$ 904,217	41	\$ 385,383	25
1110	Financial assets at fair value	6(2)						
	through profit or loss - current		35,859	2	46,020	2	104,775	7
1136	Current financial assets at	6(1)(4) and 8						
	amortised cost		-	-	-	-	7,081	-
1150	Notes receivable, net	6(5) and 12(3)	980	-	-	-	-	-
1170	Accounts receivable, net	6(5) and 12(3)	455,614	18	336,064	15	258,520	16
1200	Other receivables		9,409	-	4,975	-	12,190	1
1220	Current income tax assets	6(30)	481	-	464	-	608	-
130X	Inventories	6(6)	211,017	8	142,729	7	142,961	9
1470	Other current assets	6(7)	105,964	4	54,653	3	60,406	4
11XX	Current assets		1,762,363	70	1,489,122	68	971,924	62
]	Non-current assets							
1517	Non-current financial assets at fai	r 6(3)						
	value through other comprehensiv	⁄e						
	income		56,684	2	48,626	2	48,478	3
1535	Non-current financial assets at	6(1)(4) and 8						
	amortised cost		126,501	5	119,501	6	4,000	-
1600	Property, plant and equipment	6(8) and 8	417,341	17	418,464	19	413,068	27
1755	Right-of-use assets	6(9)	59,622	2	38,798	2	46,409	3
1760	Investment property - net	6(10)	4,231	-	4,300	-	4,368	-
1780	Intangible assets	6(11)	12,835	1	12,698	1	15,719	1
1840	Deferred income tax assets	6(30)	33,371	1	32,363	1	34,735	2
1900	Other non-current assets		37,362	2	15,529	1	21,096	2
15XX	Non-current assets		747,947	30	690,279	32	587,873	38

(Continued)

SYSGRATION LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

JUNE 30, 2021, DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND JUNE 30, 2020

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

(The balance sheets as of June 30, 2021 and 2020 are reviewed, not audited)

	**************************************	N Y .		June 30, 2021	0/		December 31, 20			June 30, 2020	
	Liabilities and Equity Current liabilities	Notes		AMOUNT	%		AMOUNT	<u>%</u>		MOUNT	%
2100	Short-term borrowings	6(12) and 8	\$	19,391	1	Ф	19,697	1	\$	100,000	6
2130	Current contract liabilities	6(23)	Φ	3,166	1	\$	3,811	1	Ф	1,568	6
2150	Notes payable	0(23)		557	-		715	-		945	-
2170	Accounts payable				21		330,076	15			- 17
2200	Other payables	6(15)(32)		524,328 96,272	4			4		263,131	
2220	Other payables - related parties	7		90,272	4		93,110	4		89,242	6
2230	Current income tax liabilities			873	-		2,889	-		1,215	-
2250	Current provisions	6(30)			-		1 000	-		-	-
2280	Current provisions Current lease liabilities	6(18)		4,515	1		1,008	1		20, 222	2
		6(14)		23,552	1		13,072	1		22,333	2
2300	Other current liabilities	6(14)		69,248	20		54,058	3	-	28,039	2
21XX	Current liabilities			741,902	29	_	518,436	24		506,473	33
2520	Non-current liabilities	((12) 10		400 500	20		105 (60	22			
2530	Bonds payable	6(13) and 8		489,782	20		487,660	22		-	-
2540	Long-term borrowings	6(14) and 8		146,449	6		80,711	4		12,848	1
2580	Non-current lease liabilities		_	36,421	1		25,982	1		24,342	<u>l</u>
25XX	Non-current liabilities			672,652	27	_	594,353	27		37,190	2
2XXX	Total liabilities			1,414,554	56		1,112,789	51		543,663	35
	Equity attributable to owners of										
	the parent										
	Share capital	6(19)									
3110	Ordinary shares			1,545,534	62		1,524,847	70		1,511,547	97
3140	Advance receipts for share capital			-	-		15,958	1		1,050	-
	Capital surplus	6(20)									
3200	Capital surplus			147,947	6		135,896	6		98,991	6
	Retained earnings	6(21)									
3320	Special reserve			35,953	1		35,953	2		35,953	2
3350	Accumulated deficit		(533,721)(21)	(550,117)(25)	(525,994)(34)
	Other equity interest	6(22)									
3400	Other equity interest		(99,957)(<u>4</u>)	(95,925)(<u>5</u>)	(105,413)(<u>6</u>)
31XX	Equity attributable to owners										
	of the parent			1,095,756	44		1,066,612	49		1,016,134	65
3XXX	Total equity			1,095,756	44		1,066,612	49		1,016,134	65
3X2X	Total liabilities and equity		\$	2,510,310	100	\$	2,179,401	100	\$	1,559,797	100

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

SYSGRATION LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2021 AND 2020
(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except earnings (loss) per share amount)
(REVIEWED, NOT AUDITED)

			Three months ended June 30			Six months ended June 30								
			_	2021				2020		2021			2020	
	Items	Notes	A	MOUNT	-	%	A	MOUNT	%	AMOUNT	_	%	AMOUNT	%
4000	Operating revenue	6(23)	\$	590,482		100	\$	269,912	100	\$ 1,080,939		100 \$	554,483	100
5000	Operating costs	6(6)(16)(17)												
		(28)(29) and 7	(486,481)	(82) (219,091)(81) (889,454)	(82) (451,288)	81)
5900	Gross profit from operations		_	104,001	-	18		50,821	19	191,485	_	18	103,195	19
	Operating expenses	6(16)(17)(28)												
		(29)												
6100	Selling expenses		(17,093)	(3) (15,216) (6) (32,180)	(3)(32,985)	6)
6200	Administrative expenses		(39,248)	(7) (36,083)(14) (78,893)	(7)(73,873)	13)
6300	Research and development													
	expenses		(40,590)	(7) (41,293) (15) (78,465)	(7)(84,308)	15)
6450	Impairment gain and reversal	12(3)												
	of impairment loss determined													
	in accordance with IFRS 9		_	1,334	_	- (2,599)(1)	7,210	_	(_	2,233)	1)
6000	Total operating expenses		(95,597)	(17) (95,191)(36) (182,328)	(17) (193,399)	35)
6900	Operating profit (loss)		_	8,404	_	1 (44,370)(17)	9,157	_	1 (90,204)	16)
	Non-operating income and													
	expenses													
7100	Interest income	6(4)(24)		435		-		309	-	790		-	816	-
7010	Other income	6(10)(25)		5,224		1		11,506	4	14,680		1	12,636	2
7020	Other gains and losses	6(2)(26)	(5,548)	(1)(3,318) (1)(3,803)	(1)	41	-
7050	Finance costs	6(9)(12)(13)												
		(14)(27)	(1,841)	_	- (558)	- (3,546)	_	- (_	1,149)	
7000	Total non-operating income													
	and expenses		(1,730)	_	<u> </u>		7,939	3	8,121	_		12,344	2
7900	Profit (loss) before income tax			6,674		1 (36,431) (14)	17,278		1 (77,860)	14)
7950	Income tax expense	6(30)	_	5	-	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	- (882)	_		<u>-</u>	
8200	Profit (loss) for the period		\$	6,679	-	1 (\$	36,431)(14)	\$ 16,396	_	1 (\$	77,860)	14)

(Continued)

SYSGRATION LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2021 AND 2020
(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except earnings (loss) per share amount)
(REVIEWED, NOT AUDITED)

			Three	months ended June 30				Six months ended June 30			
			2021		2020		2021		2020		
	Items	Notes	AMOUNT	%	A	MOUNT	%	AMOUNT	%	AMOUNT	%
	Other comprehensive income Components of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or	6(3)(22)(30)									
	loss										
8316 8349	Unrealised gains (losses) from investments in equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income Income tax related to		\$ 474	-	\$	7,064	3	\$ 705	-	\$ 3,818	3 1
	components of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss		(95)		(1,413) (1) ((141)		(764	l) -
8310	Total other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss,		(<u> </u>	′ 	(<u> </u>	1,415		((-/ <u></u>
	net of tax		379	_		5,651	2	564	_	3,054	L 1
	Components of other	6(22)(30)			_	3,031					
	comprehensive income that will be reclassified to profit or loss	*(==)(=*)									
8361	Exchange differences on translation		(3,884)) -	(5,393)(2)	5,745)	-	(10,970	0) (2)
8399	Income tax related to components of other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to profit or loss		777			1,113	<u>1</u>	1,149		2,194	<u> -</u>
8360	Total other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to profit or loss, net of tax		(3,107)) -	(4,280) (1) ((4,596)	_	(8,776	5) (2)
8300	Other comprehensive income										
	(loss) for the period, net of tax		(\$ 2,728)		\$	1,371	1	(\$ 4,032)		(\$ 5,722	2) (1)
8500	Total comprehensive income (loss) for the period Profit (loss), attributable to:		\$ 3,951	1	(\$	35,060)(13)	\$ 12,364	1	(\$ 83,582	2) (15)
8610 8620	Owners of the parent Non-controlling interest		\$ 6,679	1	(\$	36,431) (14)	\$ 16,396	1	(\$ 76,092 (1,768	
			\$ 6,679	1	(\$	36,431)(14)	\$ 16,396	1	(\$ 77,860	
	Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to:		, ,,,,,,		\ <u> </u>	, (,,		<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	, \ <u> </u>
8710 8720	Owners of the parent Non-controlling interest		\$ 3,951	1	(\$	35,060) (13)	\$ 12,364	1 	(\$ 81,81 ² (<u>1,768</u>	
			\$ 3,951	1	(\$	35,060) (13)	\$ 12,364	1	(\$ 83,582	2) (15)
9750	Basic earnings (loss) per share Basic earnings (loss) per share	6(31)	\$	0.04	(\$		0.24)	\$	0.10	(\$	0.50)
	Diluted earnings (loss) per share	6(31)									
9850	Diluted earnings (loss) per share		\$	0.04	(\$		0.24)	\$	0.10	(\$	0.50)

SYSGRATION LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2021 AND 2020 (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

(REVIEWED, NOT AUDITED)

Equity attributable to owners of the parent

	Share	Share capital			l earnings	Other equi	ity interest		=	
_ Note		Advance receipts for share capital	Capital surplus, additional paid- in capital		Accumulated deficit	Exchange differences on translation of foreign financial statements	Unrealised gains (losses) from financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	Total	Non-controlling interest	Total equity
<u>Year 2020</u>										
Balance at January 1, 2020	\$1,511,547	\$ -	\$ 96,653	\$ 35,953	(\$ 449,902)	(\$ 60,098)	(\$ 39,593)	\$1,094,560	\$ 16,561	\$1,111,121
Loss for the period	-	-	-	-	(76,092)	-	-	(76,092)	(1,768)	(77,860)
Other comprehensive (loss) income for the period 6(22)						(8,776)	3,054	(5,722)		(5,722)
Total comprehensive (loss) income					(76,092)	(8,776)	3,054	(81,814)	(1,768)	(83,582)
Share-based compensation cost 6(17)(2	0) -	-	1,099	-	-	-	-	1,099	-	1,099
Change in non-controlling interest	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(14,793)	(14,793)
Exercise of employee stock options 6(19)	<u>-</u> _	1,050	1,239					2,289		2,289
Balance at June 30, 2020	\$1,511,547	\$ 1,050	\$ 98,991	\$ 35,953	(\$ 525,994)	(\$ 68,874)	(\$ 36,539)	\$1,016,134	\$ -	\$1,016,134
<u>Year 2021</u>										
Balance at January 1, 2021	\$1,524,847	\$ 15,958	\$ 135,896	\$ 35,953	(\$ 550,117)	(<u>\$ 61,025</u>)	(\$ 34,900)	\$1,066,612	\$ -	\$1,066,612
Income for the period	-	-	-	-	16,396	-	-	16,396	-	16,396
Other comprehensive (loss) income for the period 6(22)	<u>-</u> _			<u>-</u> _	<u>-</u>	(4,596_)	564	(4,032)		(4,032)
Total comprehensive income (loss)	<u>-</u> _		<u>-</u> _	<u></u>	16,396	(4,596)	564	12,364		12,364
Convertible bonds 6(32)	29	-	68	-		-	-	97	-	97
Share-based compensation cost 6(17)(2	0) -	-	7,499	-	-	-	-	7,499	-	7,499
Exercise of employee stock options 6(19)(2	0) 20,658	(15,958)	4,484	<u> </u>				9,184	<u> </u>	9,184
Balance at June 30, 2021	\$1,545,534	\$ -	\$ 147,947	\$ 35,953	(\$ 533,721)	(\$ 65,621)	(\$ 34,336)	\$1,095,756	\$ -	\$1,095,756

SYSGRATION LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2021 AND 2020 (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars) (REVIEWED, NOT AUDITED)

			ine 30		
	Notes		2021		2020
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
Profit (loss) before tax		\$	17,278	(\$	77,860)
Adjustments		Ψ	17,270	(ψ	77,000)
Adjustments to reconcile profit (loss)					
Net (gain) loss on financial assets or liabilities at	6(26)				
fair value through profit or loss	0(20)		563	(2,245)
Expected credit impairment (gain) loss	12(3)	(7,210)	(2,233
Depreciation (gam) 1888	6(8)(9)(10)(28)	(40,879		39,097
Amortisation	6(11)(28)		4,622		4,031
(Gain) loss on disposal of property, plant and	6(26)		1,022		1,031
equipment	0(20)	(117)		78
Interest expense	6(9)(12)(13)(14)	(111)		, 0
	(27)		3,546		1,149
Interest income	6(24)	(790)	(816)
Share-based payments	6(17)(20)(29)	(7,499	(1,099
Changes in operating assets and liabilities	-(-)(-)(-)		,,		2,000
Changes in operating assets					
Financial assets at fair value through profit or					
loss			8,618		=
Notes receivable		(990)		631
Accounts receivable		Ì	112,026)		9,471
Other receivables		Ì	4,434)	(6,519)
Inventories		Ì	68,288)		12,716)
Other current assets		(51,311)	`	326
Changes in operating liabilities			, ,		
Contract liabilities		(644)	(1,325)
Notes payable		(158)	(352)
Accounts payable			194,252		9,442
Other payables			2,264	(6,567)
Other payables - related parties		(2,889)	(864)
Current provisions			3,507		-
Other current liabilities		(4,792)	(8,981)
Cash inflow (outflow) generated from operations		' <u>-</u>	29,379	(50,688)
Interest received			790		816
Interest paid		(989)	(787)
Income tax paid		(17)	(55)
Net cash flows from (used in) operating		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	,		
activities			29,163	(50,714)

(Continued)

SYSGRATION LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2021 AND 2020 (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars) (REVIEWED, NOT AUDITED)

			Six months e	nded Jı	ine 30
	Notes		2021		2020
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES					
Acquisition of financial assets at fair value through	12(4)				
other comprehensive income		(\$	7,353)	\$	-
Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at fair	12(4)				
value through profit or loss			-		601,409
Acquisition of financial assets at fair value through					
profit or loss			-	(563,690)
Proceeds from disposal of subsidiaries			-	(7,057)
(Increased) decreased in financial assets at					
amortised cost		(7,000)		9,455
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	6(32)	(30,557)	(38,064)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and					
equipment			1,558		489
Acquisition of intangible assets	6(11)	(4,811)	(5,832)
Increase in refundable deposits		(1,744)	(2,956)
(Increase) decrease in prepayments for business					
facilities		(18,563)		3,943
Increase in other non-current assets		(1,526)	(2,297)
Net cash flows used in investing activities		(69,996)	(4,600)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Decrease in short-term borrowings			-	(10,000)
Proceeds from long-term borrowings	6(33)		100,900		20,000
Repayment of long-term borrowings	6(33)	(15,181)	(556)
Exercise of employee share options	6(19)		9,184		2,289
Payments of lease liabilities	6(9)(33)	(11,791)	(12,655)
Change in non-controlling interest			<u>-</u>	(14,793)
Net cash flows from (used in) financing					
activities			83,112	(15,715)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash					
equivalents		(3,457)	(2,232)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents			38,822	(73,261)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period			904,217		458,644
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period		\$	943,039	\$	385,383

SYSGRATION LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2021 AND 2020

(REVIEWED, NOT AUDITED)

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except as otherwise indicated)

1. HISTORY AND ORGANISATION

SYSGRATION LTD. (the 'Company') was incorporated as a company limited by shares under the provisions of the Company Act of the Republic of China (R.O.C.) on October 14, 1977, and the Company's shares have been approved by Securities and Futures Commission, Ministry of Finance to be officially traded on Taipei Exchange from December 1995. The Company and its subsidiaries (the 'Group') are primarily engaged in the manufacture and sale of automobile electronics products and power management products.

2. THE DATE OF AUTHORISATION FOR ISSUANCE OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND PROCEDURES FOR AUTHORISATION

These consolidated financial statements were reported to the Board of Directors on August 11, 2021.

3. APPLICATION OF NEW STANDARDS, AMENDMENTS AND INTERPRETATIONS

(1) Effect of the adoption of new issuances of or amendments to International Financial Reporting

Standards ("IFRS") as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission ("FSC")

New standards, interpretations and amendments endorsed by FSC effective from 2021 are as follows:

	Effective date by
	International
	Accounting
New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments	Standards Board
Amendments to IFRS 4, 'Extension of the temporary exemption from	January 1, 2021
applying IFRS 9'	
Amendments to IFRS 9, IAS 39, IFRS 7, IFRS 4 and IFRS 16, 'Interest Rate	January 1, 2021
Benchmark Reform— Phase 2'	
Amendment to IFRS 16, 'Covid-19-related rent concessions beyond 30	April 1, 2021(Note)
June 2021'	

Note: Earlier application from January 1, 2021 is allowed by FSC.

The above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the Group's financial condition and financial performance based on the Group's assessment.

(2) Effect of new issuances of or amendments to IFRSs as endorsed by the FSC but not yet adopted by the Group

New standards, interpretations and amendments endorsed by the FSC effective from 2022 are as follows:

	Effective date by
	International Accounting
New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments	Standards Board
Amendments to IFRS 3, 'Reference to the conceptual framework'	January 1, 2022
Amendments to IAS 16, 'Property, plant and equipment: proceeds	January 1, 2022
before intended use'	
Amendments to IAS 37, 'Onerous contracts - cost of fulfilling a contract'	January 1, 2022
Annual improvements to IFRS Standards 2018-2020	January 1, 2022

The above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the Group's financial condition and financial performance based on the Group's assessment.

(3) IFRSs issued by IASB but not yet endorsed by the FSC

New standards, interpretations and amendments issued by IASB but not yet included in the IFRSs as endorsed by the FSC are as follows:

	Effective date by International Accounting
New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments	Standards Board
Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28, 'Sale or contribution of assets	To be determined by
between an investor and its associate or joint venture'	International Accounting
	Standards Board
IFRS 17, 'Insurance contracts'	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IFRS 17, 'Insurance contracts'	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IAS 1, 'Classification of liabilities as current or non-current'	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IAS 1, 'Disclosure of accounting policies'	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IAS 8, 'Definition of accounting estimates'	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IAS 12, 'Deferred tax related to assets and liabilities arising from a single transaction'	January 1, 2023

The above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the Group's financial condition and financial performance based on the Group's assessment.

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the periods presented, unless otherwise stated.

(1) Compliance statement

The consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared in accordance with the "Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers" and the

International Accounting Standard 34, 'Interim financial reporting' as endorsed by the FSC.

(2) Basis of preparation

- A. Except for the following items, the consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention:
 - (a) Financial assets (including derivative instruments) at fair value through profit or loss.
 - (b) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income.
- B. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, IFRIC Interpretations, and SIC Interpretations as endorsed by the FSC (collectively referred herein as the "IFRSs") requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements are disclosed in Note 5.

(3) Basis of consolidation

- A. Basis for preparation of consolidated financial statements:
 - (a) All subsidiaries are included in the Group's consolidated financial statements. Subsidiaries are all entities (including structured entities) controlled by the Group. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. Consolidation of subsidiaries begins from the date the Group obtains control of the subsidiaries and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiaries.
 - (b) Inter-company transactions, balances and unrealised gains or losses on transactions between companies within the Group are eliminated. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been adjusted where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.
 - (c) Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the parent and to the non-controlling interests. Total comprehensive income is attributed to the owners of the parent and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.
 - (d) Changes in a parent's ownership interest in a subsidiary that do not result in the parent losing control of the subsidiary (transactions with non-controlling interests) are accounted for as equity transactions, i.e. transactions with owners in their capacity as owners. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognised directly in equity.

B. Subsidiaries included in the consolidated financial statements:

Name of	Name of	Main business	Owners	hip(%)	
investor	subsidiary	activities	June 30, 2021	December 31, 2020	Description
SYSGRATION LTD.	SYSGRATION USA INC.	Sale of electronic products	100	100	
SYSGRATION LTD.	SYSGRATION (SAMOA) LTD.	Investment holding of overseas	100	100	
SYSGRATION LTD.	SYSGRATION TECHNOLOGY (SAMOA) LTD.	Investment holding of overseas	100	100	
SYSGRATION TECHNOLOGY (SAMOA) LTD.	SYSGRATION ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGY (ZHENJIANG) CO., LTD.	Manufacturing and sale of energy storage products	100	100	
SYSGRATION (SAMOA) LTD.	SYSGRATION ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGY (HUIZHOU) CO., LTD.	Manufacturing and sale of electronic products	100	100	
Name of	Name of	Main business	Ownership(%)		
investor	subsidiary	activities	June 30, 2020	Description	
SYSGRATION LTD.	SYSGRATION USA INC.	Sale of electronic products	100		
SYSGRATION LTD.	SYSGRATION (SAMOA) LTD.	Investment holding of overseas	100		
SYSGRATION LTD.	SYSGRATION TECHNOLOGY (SAMOA) LTD.	Investment holding of overseas	100		
SYSGRATION TECHNOLOGY (SAMOA) LTD.	SYSGRATION ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGY (ZHENJIANG) CO., LTD.	Manufacturing and sale of energy storage products	100		
SYSGRATION (SAMOA) LTD.	SYSGRATION ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGY (HUIZHOU) CO., LTD.	Manufacturing and sale of electronic products	100		

- C. Subsidiaries not included in the consolidated financial statements: None.
- D. Adjustments for subsidiaries with different balance sheet dates: None.
- E. Significant restrictions: None.
- F. Subsidiaries that have non-controlling interest that are material to the Group: None.

(4) Foreign currency translation

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the "functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in New Taiwan dollars, which is the Company's functional and the Group's presentation currency.

A. Foreign currency transactions and balances

- (a) Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions or valuation where items are remeasured. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.
- (b) Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the period end are retranslated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date. Exchange differences arising upon re-translation at the balance sheet date are recognised in profit or loss.
- (c) Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies held at fair value through other comprehensive income are re-translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date; their translation differences are recognised in other comprehensive income.
- (d) All foreign exchange gains and losses based on the nature of those transactions are presented in the statement of comprehensive income within 'other gains and losses'.

B. Translation of foreign operations

The operating results and financial position of all the group entities and associates that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:

- (a) Assets and liabilities for each balance sheet presented are translated at the closing exchange rate at the date of that balance sheet;
- (b) Income and expenses for each statement of comprehensive income are translated at average exchange rates of that period; and
- (c) All resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income.

(5) Classification of current and non-current items

- A. Assets that meet one of the following criteria are classified as current assets; otherwise they are classified as non-current assets:
 - (a) Assets arising from operating activities that are expected to be realised, or are intended to be sold or consumed within the normal operating cycle;
 - (b) Assets held mainly for trading purposes;
 - (c) Assets that are expected to be realised within twelve months from the balance sheet date;
 - (d) Cash and cash equivalents, excluding restricted cash and cash equivalents and those that are to be exchanged or used to settle liabilities more than twelve months after the balance sheet date.
- B. Liabilities that meet one of the following criteria are classified as current liabilities; otherwise they are classified as non-current liabilities:

- (a) Liabilities that are expected to be settled within the normal operating cycle;
- (b) Liabilities arising mainly from trading activities;
- (c) Liabilities that are to be settled within twelve months from the balance sheet date;
- (d) Liabilities for which the repayment date cannot be extended unconditionally to more than twelve months after the balance sheet date. Terms of a liability that could, at the option of the counterparty, result in its settlement by the issue of equity instruments do not affect its classification.

(6) Cash equivalents

Cash equivalents refer to short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. Time deposits that meet the definition above and are held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments in operations are classified as cash equivalents.

(7) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

- A. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are financial assets that are not measured at amortised cost or fair value through other comprehensive income.
- B. On a regular way purchase or sale basis, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are recognised and derecognised using trade date accounting.
- C. At initial recognition, the Group measures the financial assets at fair value and recognises the transaction costs in profit or loss. The Group subsequently measures the financial assets at fair value, and recognises the gain or loss in profit or loss.
- D. The Group recognises the dividend income when the right to receive payment is established, future economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the Group and the amount of the dividend can be measured reliably.

(8) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

- A. Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income comprise equity securities which are not held for trading, and for which the Group has made an irrevocable election at initial recognition to recognise changes in fair value in other comprehensive income and debt instruments which meet all of the following criteria:
 - (a) The objective of the Group's business model is achieved both by collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets; and
 - (b) The assets' contractual cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest.
- B. On a regular way purchase or sale basis, financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are recognised and derecognised using trade date accounting.
- C. At initial recognition, the Group measures the financial assets at fair value plus transaction costs. The Group subsequently measures the financial assets at fair value:
 - (a) The changes in fair value of equity investments that were recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to retained earnings and are not reclassified to profit or loss following the derecognition of the investment. Dividends are recognised as revenue when the right to

- receive payment is established, future economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the Group and the amount of the dividend can be measured reliably.
- (b) Except for the recognition of impairment loss, interest income and gain or loss on foreign exchange which are recognised in profit or loss, the changes in fair value of debt instruments are taken through other comprehensive income. When the financial asset is derecognised, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified from equity to profit or loss.

(9) Financial assets at amortised cost

- A. Financial assets at amortised cost are those that meet all of the following criteria:
 - (a) The objective of the Group's business model is achieved by collecting contractual cash flows.
 - (b) The assets' contractual cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest.
- B. On a regular way purchase or sale basis, financial assets at amortised cost are recognised and derecognised using trade date accounting.
- C. At initial recognition, the Group measures the financial assets at fair value plus transaction costs. Interest income from these financial assets is included in finance income using the effective interest method. A gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised or impaired.
- D. The Group's time deposits which do not fall under cash equivalents are those with a short maturity period and are measured at initial investment amount as the effect of discounting is immaterial.

(10) Accounts and notes receivable

- A. Accounts and notes receivable entitle the Group a legal right to receive consideration in exchange for transferred goods or rendered services.
- B. The short-term accounts and notes receivable without bearing interest are subsequently measured at initial invoice amount as the effect of discounting is immaterial.

(11) <u>Impairment of financial assets</u>

For debt instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income and financial assets at amortised cost, at each reporting date, the Group recognises the impairment provision for 12 months expected credit losses if there has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition or recognises the impairment provision for the lifetime expected credit losses (ECLs) if such credit risk has increased since initial recognition after taking into consideration all reasonable and verifiable information that includes forecasts. On the other hand, for accounts receivable or contract assets that do not contain a significant financing component, the Group recognises the impairment provision for lifetime ECLs.

(12) Derecognition of financial assets

The Group derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to receive the cash flows from the financial asset expire.

(13) <u>Leasing arrangements (lessor) — operating leases</u>

Lease income from an operating lease (net of any incentives given to the lessee) is recognised in

profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

(14) Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined using the weighted-average method. The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises raw materials, direct labour, other direct costs and related production overheads (allocated based on normal operating capacity). The item by item approach is used in applying the lower of cost and net realisable value. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated cost of completion and applicable variable selling expenses.

(15) Property, plant and equipment

- A. Property, plant and equipment are initially recorded at cost.
- B. Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to profit or loss during the financial period in which they are incurred.
- C. Land is not depreciated. Other property, plant and equipment apply cost model and are depreciated using the straight-line method to allocate their cost over their estimated useful lives. Each part of an item of property, plant, and equipment with a cost that is significant in relation to the total cost of the item must be depreciated separately.
- D. The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each financial year-end. If expectations for the assets' residual values and useful lives differ from previous estimates or the patterns of consumption of the assets' future economic benefits embodied in the assets have changed significantly, any change is accounted for as a change in estimate under IAS 8, 'Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors', from the date of the change. The estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment are as follows:

Buildings and structures $2 \sim 55$ years Machinery $2 \sim 20$ years Maintenance equipment and tools $2\sim5$ years Office equipment 2~30 years Transportation equipment $5\sim7$ years Leasehold improvements 3~5 years or lease period (whichever is shorter) Others $2\sim3$

(16) <u>Leasing arrangements (lessee) — right-of-use assets/ lease liabilities</u>

A. Leases are recognised as a right-of-use asset and a corresponding lease liability at the date at which the leased asset is available for use by the Group. For short-term leases or leases of low-value assets, lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

B. Lease liabilities include the net present value of the remaining lease payments at the commencement date, discounted using the incremental borrowing interest rate.

Lease payments are comprised of the following:

- (a) Fixed payments, less any lease incentives receivable;
- (b) Payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the lessee exercising that option.

The Group subsequently measures the lease liability at amortised cost using the interest method and recognises interest expense over the lease term. The lease liability is remeasured and the amount of remeasurement is recognised as an adjustment to the right-of-use asset when there are changes in the lease term or lease payments and such changes do not arise from contract modifications.

- C. At the commencement date, the right-of-use asset is stated at cost comprising the following:
 - (a) The amount of the initial measurement of lease liability;
 - (b) Any lease payments made at or before the commencement date;
 - (c) Any initial direct costs incurred by the lessee; and
 - (d) An estimate of costs to be incurred by the lessee in dismantling and removing the underlying asset, restoring the site on which it is located or restoring the underlying asset to the condition required by the terms and conditions of the lease.

The right-of-use asset is measured subsequently using the cost model and is depreciated from the commencement date to the earlier of the end of the asset's useful life or the end of the lease term. When the lease liability is remeasured, the amount of remeasurement is recognised as an adjustment to the right-of-use asset.

D. For lease modifications that decrease the scope of the lease, the lessee shall decrease the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset to reflect the partial or full termination of the lease, and recognise the difference between remeasured lease liability in profit or loss.

(17) <u>Investment property</u>

An investment property is stated initially at its cost and measured subsequently using the cost model. Except for land, investment property is depreciated on a straight-line basis over its estimated useful life of 50 years.

(18) Intangible assets

Intangible assets, mainly computer software and patent rights, are amortised on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives of $1 \sim 10$ years.

(19) <u>Impairment of non-financial assets</u>

The Group assesses at each balance sheet date the recoverable amounts of those assets where there is an indication that they are impaired. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell or value in use. When the circumstances or reasons for recognising impairment loss for an asset in prior years no longer exist or diminish the impairment

loss is reversed. The increased carrying amount due to reversal should not be more than what the depreciated or amortised historical cost would have been if the impairment had not been recognised.

(20) Borrowings

Borrowings comprise long-term and short-term bank borrowings. Borrowings are recognised initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently stated at amortised cost; any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognised in profit or loss over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.

(21) Notes and accounts payable

- A. Accounts payable are liabilities for purchases of raw materials, goods or services and notes payable are those resulting from operating and non-operating activities.
- B. The short-term notes and accounts payable without bearing interest are subsequently measured at initial invoice amount as the effect of discounting is immaterial.

(22) Convertible bonds payable

Convertible bonds issued by the Group contain conversion options (that is, the bondholders have the right to convert the bonds into the Group's common shares by exchanging a fixed amount of cash for a fixed number of common shares), call options and put options. The Group classifies the bonds payable upon issuance as a financial asset, a financial liability or an equity instrument in accordance with the contract terms. They are accounted for as follows:

- A. The embedded call options and put options are recognised initially at net fair value as 'financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss'. They are subsequently remeasured and stated at fair value on each balance sheet date; the gain or loss is recognised as 'gain or loss on valuation of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss'.
- B. The host contracts of bonds are initially recognised at fair value. Any difference between the initial recognition and the redemption value is accounted for as the premium or discount on bonds payable and subsequently is amortised in profit or loss as an adjustment to 'finance costs' over the period of circulation using the effective interest method.
- C. The embedded conversion options which meet the definition of an equity instrument are initially recognised in 'capital surplus—share options' at the residual amount of total issue price less the amount of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss and bonds payable or as stated above. Conversion options are not subsequently remeasured.
- D. Any transaction costs directly attributable to the issuance are allocated to each liability or equity component in proportion to the initial carrying amount of each abovementioned item.
- E. When bondholders exercise conversion options, the liability component of the bonds (including bonds payable and 'financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss') shall be remeasured on the conversion date. The issuance cost of converted common shares is the total book value of the abovementioned liability component and 'capital surplus—share

options'.

(23) <u>Derecognition of financial liabilities</u>

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation specified in the contract is either discharged or cancelled or expires.

(24) Non-hedging and embedded derivatives

Non-hedging derivatives are initially recognised at fair value on the date a derivative contract is entered into and recorded as financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss. They are subsequently remeasured at fair value and the gains or losses are recognised in profit or loss.

(25) Provisions

Provisions (including warranties) are recognised when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, and it is probable that an outflow of economic resources will be required to settle the obligation and the amount of the obligation can be reliably estimated. Provisions are measured at the present value of the expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation on the balance sheet date, which is discounted using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects the current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the obligation. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to passage of time is recognised as interest expense. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses.

(26) Employee benefits

A. Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits are measured at the undiscounted amount of the benefits expected to be paid in respect of service rendered by employees in a period and should be recognised as expense in that period when the employees render service.

B. Pensions

Defined contribution plans

For defined contribution plans, the contributions are recognised as pension expense when they are due on an accrual basis. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent of a cash refund or a reduction in the future payments.

(27) Employee share-based payment

For the equity-settled share-based payment arrangements, the employee services received are measured at the fair value of the equity instruments granted at the grant date and are recognised as compensation cost over the vesting period, with a corresponding adjustment to equity. The fair value of the equity instruments granted shall reflect the impact of market vesting conditions and non-vesting conditions. Compensation cost is subject to adjustment based on the service conditions that are expected to be satisfied and the estimates of the number of equity instruments that are expected to vest under the non-market vesting conditions at each balance sheet date. Ultimately, the amount of compensation cost recognised is based on the number of equity instruments that eventually vest.

(28) Income tax

- A. The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or items recognised directly in equity, in which cases the tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or equity.
- B. The current income tax expense is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date in the countries where the Company and its subsidiaries operate and generate taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in accordance with applicable tax regulations. It establishes provisions where appropriate based on the amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities. An additional tax is levied on the unappropriated retained earnings and is recorded as income tax expense in the year the stockholders resolve to retain the earnings.
- C. Deferred tax is recognised, using the balance sheet liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated balance sheet. However, the deferred tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of goodwill or of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss. Deferred tax is provided on temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries, except where the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference is controlled by the Group and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date and are expected to apply when the related deferred tax asset is realised or the deferred tax liability is settled.
- D. Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised. At each balance sheet date, unrecognised and recognised deferred tax assets are reassessed.
- E. The interim period income tax expense is recognised based on the estimated average annual effective income tax rate expected for the full financial year applied to the pretax income of the interim period, and the related information is disclosed accordingly.
- F. If a change in tax rate is enacted or substantively enacted in an interim period, the Group recognises the effect of the change immediately in the interim period in which the change occurs. The effect of the change on items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised in other comprehensive income or equity while the effect of the change on items recognised in profit or loss is recognised in profit or loss.

(29) Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or stock options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

(30) Revenue recognition

Sales of goods

- A. The Group manufactures and sells automobile electronics products and power management products. Sales are recognised when control of the products has transferred, being when the products are delivered to the customer, the customer has full discretion over the channel and price to sell the products, and there is no unfulfilled obligation that could affect the customer's acceptance of the products. Delivery occurs when the products have been shipped to the specific location, the risks of obsolescence and loss have been transferred to the customer, and either the customer has accepted the products in accordance with the sales contract, or the Group has objective evidence that all criteria for acceptance have been satisfied.
- B. A receivable is recognised when the goods are delivered as this is the point in time that the consideration is unconditional because only the passage of time is required before the payment is due.

(31) Government grants

Government grants are recognised at their fair value only when there is reasonable assurance that the Group will comply with any conditions attached to the grants and the grants will be received. Government grants are recognised in profit or loss on a systematic basis over the periods in which the Group recognises expenses for the related costs for which the grants are intended to compensate.

(32) Operating segments

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision maker. The Group's chief operating decision maker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as the Board of Directors that makes strategic decisions.

5. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS, ESTIMATES AND KEY SOURCES OF

ASSUMPTION UNCERTAINTY

The preparation of these consolidated financial statements requires management to make critical judgements in applying the Group's accounting policies and make critical assumptions and estimates concerning future events. Assumptions and estimates may differ from the actual results and are continually evaluated and adjusted based on historical experience and other factors. Such assumptions and estimates have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year; and the related information is addressed below:

(1) <u>Critical judgements in applying the Group's accounting policies</u> None.

(2) <u>Critical accounting estimates and assumptions</u>

A. Valuation of allowance for uncollectible accounts

The Group assesses the provision of allowance for uncollectible accounts by considering accounts receivable that contain a significant financing components, the Group recognises the impairment provision for 12 months expected credit losses if there has not been a significant increase in credit

risk since initial recognition or recognises the impairment provision for the lifetime expected credit losses (ECLs) if such credit risk has increased since initial recognition after taking into consideration all reasonable and verifiable information that includes forecasts. On the other hand, for accounts receivable or contract assets that do not contain a significant financing component, the Group recognises the impairment provision for lifetime ECLs. The valuation of provision is a reasonable prediction of future events at the balance sheet date. Significant changes may occur when there are differences between actual results and estimation.

B. Evaluation of inventories

As inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value, the Group must determine the net realisable value of inventories on balance sheet date using judgements and estimates. Due to the rapid technology innovation, the Group evaluates the amounts of normal inventory consumption, obsolete inventories or inventories without market selling value on balance sheet date, and writes down the cost of inventories to the net realisable value. Such an evaluation of inventories is principally based on the demand for the products within the specified period in the future. Therefore, there might be material changes to the evaluation.

6. DETAILS OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTS

(1) Cash and cash equivalents

<u>J</u>		e 30, 2021	December 31, 2020		Jui	ne 30, 2020
Cash on hand	\$	\$ 681		827	\$	876
Checking accounts and						
demand deposits		630,498		548,390		325,247
Time deposits		311,860		355,000		59,260
	\$	943,039	\$	904,217	\$	385,383

- A. The Group transacts with a variety of financial institutions all with high credit quality to disperse credit risk, so it expects that the probability of counterparty default is remote.
- B. As of June 30, 2021, December 31,2020 and June 30, 2020, cash and cash equivalents amounting to \$126,501 \$119,501 and \$11,081, respectively, were pledged to others as collateral on short-term and long-term borrowings and were classified as financial assets at amortised cost.

(2) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

	June 30, 2021		December	31, 2020	June 30, 2020	
Current items:						
Financial assets mandatorily						
measured at fair value						
through profit or loss						
Debt instruments(Capital-	\$	34,472	\$	43,770	\$	104,775
guaranteed income-based						
wealth management						
products)						
Derivatives		1,387		2,250		
	\$	35,859	\$	46,020	\$	104,775

A. Amounts recognised in profit or loss in relation to financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are listed below:

	Three mo	Three months ended		nonths ended
	June 3	30, 2021	June 30, 2020	
Financial assets mandatorily measured at fair value through profit or loss				
Debt instruments	\$	56	\$	949
Derivatives	(112)		<u> </u>
	(\$	56)	\$	949
	Six mor	nths ended	Six m	onths ended
	June 3	30, 2021	June	30, 2020
Financial assets mandatorily measured at fair value through profit or loss				
Debt instruments	\$	299	\$	2,245
Derivatives	(862)		<u> </u>
	(\$	563)	\$	2,245

B. The Group entered into contracts relating to derivative financial assets which were not accounted for under hedge accounting. The information is listed below:

	June 30, 2021				
	Contract amount				
Derivative financial instruments	(Notional principal)	Contract period			
Current items:					
Forward foreign exchange contracts	USD 800 thousand	2021.6.24~2021.9.30			

- C. The Group entered into forward foreign exchange contracts to sell USD (sell USD buy RMB) to hedge exchange rate risk of export proceeds. However, these forward foreign exchange contracts are not accounted for using hedge accounting.
- D. The Group had no financial assets at fair value through profit or loss pledged to others as collateral.
- E. Information relating to credit risk of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss is provided

in Note 12(3).

(3) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

Items	Jun	June 30, 2021		December 31, 2020		June 30, 2020	
Non-current items:							
Equity instruments							
Listed stocks	\$	21,513	\$	14,160	\$	14,160	
Unlisted stocks		83,173		83,173		85,073	
		104,686		97,333		99,233	
Valuation adjustment	(48,002)	(48,707)	()	50,755)	
	\$	56,684	\$	48,626	\$	48,478	

- A. The Group has elected to classify equity investments that are considered to be strategic investments as financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income. The fair value of such investments amounted to \$56,684, \$48,626 and \$48,478 as at June 30, 2021, December 31, 2020 and June 30, 2020, respectively.
- B. For the year ended December 31, 2020, the Company had incurred an accumulated impairment loss in the amount of \$1,900 because an investee has been dissolved and liquidated. Realised loss has been transferred to retained earnings from other equity.
- C. Amounts recognised in profit or loss and other comprehensive income in relation to the financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are listed below:

	Three months ended June 30, 2021	Three months ended June 30, 2020
Equity instruments at fair value through other		
comprehensive income		
Fair value change recognised in other		
comprehensive income	\$ 474	\$ 7,064
	Six months ended	Six months ended
	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020
Equity instruments at fair value through other		
comprehensive income		
Fair value change recognised in other		
comprehensive income	<u>\$ 705</u>	\$ 3,818

- D. As at June 30, 2021, December 31, 2020 and June 30, 2020, without taking into account any collateral held or other credit enhancements, the maximum exposure to credit risk in respect of the amount that best represents the financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income held by the Group were \$56,684, \$48,626 and \$48,478, respectively.
- E. The Group had no financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income pledged to others as collateral.
- F. Information relating to credit risk of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income is provided in Note 12(3).

(4) Financial assets at amortised cost

Items	Jun	e 30, 2021	December 31, 2020		June 30, 2020	
Current items: pledged time deposits	\$		\$		\$	7,081
Non-current items: pledged time deposits	\$	126,501	\$	119,501	\$	4,000

A. Amounts recognised in profit or loss in relation to financial assets at amortised cost are listed below:

	Three montl	Three months ended		
	June 30, 2021		June 30, 2020	
Interest income	\$	73	\$	21
	Six months	s ended	Six month	ns ended
	June 30,	2021	June 30	, 2020
Interest income	\$	148	\$	37

- B. As at June 30, 2021, December 31, 2020 and June 30, 2020, without taking into account any collateral held or other credit enhancements, the maximum exposure to credit risk in respect of the amount that best represents the financial assets at amortised cost held by the Group were \$126,501, \$119,501 and \$11,081, respectively.
- C. Details of the Group's financial assets at amortised cost pledged to others as collateral are provided in Note 8.

(5) Notes and accounts receivable

	J	une 30, 2021	December 31, 2020		June 30, 2020	
Notes receivable Less: Allowance for uncollectible	\$	990	\$	-	\$	-
accounts	(<u> </u>	10) 980	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	
Accounts receivable Less: Allowance for uncollectible	\$	476,527	\$	364,502	\$	295,224
accounts	(<u> </u>	20,913) 455,614	(<u>\$</u>	28,438) 336,064	<u>\$</u>	36,704) 258,520

A. The ageing analysis of accounts receivable and notes receivable that were past due but not impaired is as follows:

	June 30, 2021			December	r 31, 2020	June 30, 2020		
	Accounts	No	otes	Accounts	Notes	Accounts	Notes	
	receivable	recei	vable	receivable	receivable	receivable	receivable	
Not past due	\$ 377,271	\$	980	\$ 310,032	\$ -	\$ 175,036	\$ -	
Up to 30 days	67,486		-	18,662	-	13,172	-	
31 to 120 days	8,599		-	2,867	-	60,402	-	
121 to 180 days	134		-	-	-	4,205	-	
Over 180 days	<u>2,124</u>			4,503		<u>5,705</u>		
	\$ 455,614	\$	980	\$ 336,064	\$ -	\$ 258,520	\$ -	

The above ageing analysis was based on past due date.

- B. As of June 30, 2021, December 31, 2020 and June 30, 2020, accounts receivable and notes receivable were all from contracts with customers. And as of January 1, 2020, the balance of receivables from contracts with customers amounted to \$269,962.
- C. As at June 30, 2021, December 31, 2020 and June 30, 2020, without taking into account any collateral held or other credit enhancements, the maximum exposure to credit risk in respect of the amount that best represents the Group's notes receivable were \$980, \$0 and \$0, respectively; the maximum exposure to credit risk in respect of the amount that best represents the Group's accounts receivable were \$455,614, \$336,064 and \$258,520, respectively.
- D. Information relating to credit risk of accounts receivable and notes receivable is provided in Note 12(3).

(6) Inventories

<u>Inventories</u>				
			June 30, 2021	
			Allowance for	
	 Cost		valuation loss	Book value
Raw materials	\$ 171,245	(\$	6,104)	\$ 165,141
Work in progress	38,482		-	38,482
Finished goods	7,197	(759)	6,438
Inventory in transit	 956		<u>-</u>	 956
•	\$ 217,880	(\$	6,863)	\$ 211,017
	 	D	ecember 31, 2020	
			Allowance for	_
	Cost		valuation loss	Book value
Raw materials	\$ 77,736	(\$	18,113)	\$ 59,623
Work in progress	21,680		-	21,680
Finished goods	 64,746	(3,320)	 61,426
	\$ 164,162	(\$	21,433)	\$ 142,729

			June 30, 2020					
	Allowance for							
	 Cost		valuation loss		Book value			
Raw materials	\$ 80,872	(\$	18,776)	\$	62,096			
Work in progress	38,971		-		38,971			
Finished goods	38,554	(5,453)		33,101			
Inventory in transit	 8,793				8,793			
	\$ 167,190	(\$_	24,229)	\$	142,961			

The cost of inventories recognised as expense for the period:

	Thi	ree months	Three months			
	June 30, 2021			e 30, 2020		
Cost of goods sold	\$	485,136	\$	218,086		
Loss on decline in market value		1,345		1,005		
	\$	486,481	\$	219,091		
	Six m	nonths ended	Six n	nonths ended		
	Jun	e 30, 2021	Jun	e 30, 2020		
Cost of goods sold	\$	886,593	\$	451,224		
Loss on decline in market value		2,861		64		
	\$	889,454	\$	451,288		

The Group had no inventories pledged to others as collateral.

(7) Other current assets

	Jun	June 30, 2021		ber 31, 2020	June 30, 2020		
Tax credit	\$	26,985	\$	41,990	\$	32,627	
Advance payment		69,936		5,673		23,631	
Other prepayments		8,707		5,205		3,940	
Others	<u> </u>	336		1,785		208	
	\$	105,964	\$	54,653	\$	60,406	

(8) Property, plant and equipment

o) i roperty, plant and equipme	<u></u>									2021							
]	Buildings			Ma	intenance									
		Land	S	and tructures	N	Machinery_	-	uipment nd tools		Office quipment		ansportation equipment i		asehold ovements		Others	Total
At January 1																	
Cost	\$	18,807	\$	307,249	\$	304,486	\$	25,350	\$	84,735	\$	7,874	\$	20,507	\$	14,748 \$	783,756
Accumulated depreciation and impairment		-	(122,659)	(127,253)	(17,587)	(66,035)	(4,733) ((17,286)	(9,739) (365,292)
- F	\$	18,807	\$	184,590	\$	177,233	\$	7,763	\$	18,700	\$	3,141	\$	3,221	\$	5,009 \$	418,464
Opening net book amount																	
as at January 1	\$	18,807	\$	184,590	\$	177,233	\$	7,763	\$	18,700	\$	3,141	\$	3,221	\$	5,009 \$	418,464
Additions		=		=		13,740		401		10,015		6,034		-		1,265	31,455
Disposals		-		-		-		-	(1)	(1,440)		-		- (1,441)
Depreciation charge		=	(3,342)	(15,278)	(2,159)	(4,947)	(722) ((1,233)	(1,577) (29,258)
Net exchange differences					(1,520)	(<u>79</u>)	(221)	(_	23) ((36)		- (1,879)
Closing net book amount as at June 30	\$	18,807	\$	181,248	\$	174,175	\$	5,926	\$	23,546	\$	6,990	\$	1,952	\$	4,697 \$	417,341
At June 30																	
Cost	\$	18,807	\$	307,250	\$	315,807	\$	25,471	\$	93,526	\$	10,870	\$	19,928	\$	16,012 \$	807,671
Accumulated depreciation and impairment		_	(126,002)	(141,632)	(19,545)	(69,980)	(3,880) ((17,976)	(11,315) (390,330)
ана пирантен	\$	18,807	<u>`</u>	181,248	\$	174,175	` 	5,926	` 	23,546	<u>\</u>	6,990	` 	1,952	<u>`</u>	4,697 \$	417,341
	Ψ	10,007	Ψ	101,270	Ψ	11 1,113	Ψ	5,720	Ψ	23,3 10	Ψ	0,770	Ψ	1,752	Ψ	1,077 Ψ	117,511

										2020								
			I	Buildings			Ma	aintenance										_
				and			ec	quipment		Office	Trai	nsportation	Leas	sehold				
		Land	S	tructures	N	l achinery		nd tools	ec	quipment		•		vements		Others		Total
At January 1								_										
Cost	\$	18,807	\$	355,836	\$	257,378	\$	28,007	\$	104,857	\$	9,304	\$	72,744	\$	10,893	\$	857,826
Accumulated depreciation	φ	10,007	φ	333,630	φ	231,316	φ	20,007	φ	104,037	φ	9,304	φ	12,144	φ	10,093	φ	037,020
and impairment		=	(165,384)	(102,206)	(17,587)	(85,188)	(6,793) (((68,833)	(7,328) (453,319)
and impairment	\$	18,807	\$	190,452	\$	155,172	\$	10,420	\$	19,669	\$	2,511	` <u> </u>	3,911	` <u> </u>		\$	404,507
	Ψ	10,007	Ψ	170,182	Ψ	100,172	Ψ	10,120	Ψ	17,007	Ψ	2,511	Ψ	3,711	Ψ	3,505	Ψ	101,207
Opening net book amount																		
as at January 1	\$	18,807	\$	190,452	\$	155,172	\$	10,420	\$	19,669	\$	2,511	\$	3,911	\$	3,565	\$	404,507
Additions	Ψ	10,007	Ψ	170,432	Ψ	27,674	Ψ	2,627	Ψ	4,127	Ψ	2,311	Ψ	1,185	Ψ	3,249	Ψ	38,862
Disposals		_		_		27,074		2,027	(567)	1	_		-		- (567)
Depreciation charge		_	(3,242)	(12,092)	(3,092)	(4,609)		426) ((1,968)	(1,200) (,	26,629)
Net exchange differences		_	`	-	(2,502)	•	171)	`	359)	`	9) (`	65)	`	1,200) (,	3,105)
Closing net book amount					`		`		`		`						`	2,100)
as at June 30	\$	18,807	\$	187,210	\$	168,252	\$	9,784	\$	18,261	\$	2,076	\$	3,063	\$	5,615	\$	413,068
as at June 30	-		_	,	_		_	2,101	_	,	<u>-</u>	_, -,	<u>-</u>	-,	_	-,	_	,
At June 30																		
	Ф	10.007	Φ	255.026	Ф	201.000	ф	20.060	Ф	70.507	ф	7.712	Φ /	20.022	Φ	1 4 1 40	ф	000 006
Cost	\$	18,807	\$	355,836	\$	281,089	\$	30,060	\$	79,507	\$	7,713	\$ 2	20,932	\$	14,142	\$	808,086
Accumulated depreciation			(168,626)	(112,837)	(20,276)	(61,246)	. (5,637) (17,869)	(8,527) (395,018)
and impairment	Φ.	10.007	(((<u> </u>		(<u> </u>		(`		(<u> </u>		φ.	
	\$	18,807	\$	187,210	\$	168,252	\$	9,784	\$	18,261	\$	2,076	\$	3,063	\$	5,615	\$	413,068

2020

A. The significant components of buildings and structures include main plants and structure improvements, which are depreciated over 55 and 2~45 years, respectively.

B. Information about the property, plant and equipment that were pledged to others as collaterals is provided in Note 8.

C. The Group's property, plant and equipment were for self-use.

(9) <u>Leasing arrangements – lessee</u>

- A. The Group leases various assets including buildings and transportation equipment. Rental contracts are typically made for periods of 3 to 5 years. Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain a wide range of different terms and conditions. The lease agreements do not impose covenants, but leased assets may not be used as security for borrowing purposes and sublet without agreement.
- B. Short-term leases with a lease term of 12 months or less comprise offices. On June 30, 2021, December 31, 2020, June 30, 2020, payments of lease commitments for short-term leases amounted to \$3,432, \$4,873 and \$2,934, respectively.
- C. The carrying amount of right-of-use assets and the depreciation charge are as follows:

	June	30, 2021	Decem	ber 31, 2020	June 30, 2020		
	Carry	ing amount	Carry	ing amount	Carr	ying amount	
Buildings	\$	52,744	\$	30,690	\$	43,415	
Transportation equipment		6,878		8,108		2,994	
	\$	59,622	\$	38,798	\$	46,409	
			Three i	nonths ended	Three	months ended	
			June	30, 2021	Jun	e 30, 2020	
			Deprec	iation charge	Depre	ciation charge	
Buildings			\$	5,379	\$	6,023	
Transportation equipment				615		309	
			\$	5,994	\$	6,332	
			Six m	onths ended	Six r	nonths ended	
			June	30, 2021	Jun	e 30, 2020	
			Deprec	iation charge	Depre	ciation charge	
Buildings			\$	10,322	\$	11,780	
Transportation equipment				1,230		619	
			\$	11,552	\$	12,399	

- D. For the three months and six months ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, the additions to right-of-use assets were \$16,563, \$0, \$32,746 and \$31,588, respectively.
- E. The information on profit and loss accounts relating to lease contracts is as follows:

	Three n	nonths ended	Three i	nonths ended
	June	30, 2021	June	30, 2020
Items affecting profit or loss				
Interest expense on lease liabilities	\$	198	\$	184
Expense on short-term lease contracts		1,429		2,525
	\$	1,627	\$	2,709

	onths ended 30, 2021	Six months ended June 30, 2020		
Items affecting profit or loss				
Interest expense on lease liabilities	\$ 338	\$	362	
Expense on short-term lease contracts	 3,423		3,301	
	\$ 3,761	\$	3,663	

F. For the three months and six months ended June 30, 2021, and 2020, the Group's total cash outflow for leases were \$6,125, \$6,467, \$11,791 and \$12,655, respectively.

(10) <u>Investment property</u>

		2021			2020
	B	uildings		Bı	uildings
At January 1			At January 1		
Cost	\$	7,000	Cost	\$	7,000
Accumulated			Accumulated		
depreciation	(2,700)	depreciation	(2,563)
	\$	4,300		\$	4,437
Opening net book amount as at January 1	\$	4,300	Opening net book amount as at January 1	\$	4,437
Depreciation charge	(69)	Depreciation charge	(69)
Closing net book			Closing net book		
amount as at	¢	4 221	amount as at	ф	1 260
June 30	\$	4,231	June 30	\$	4,368
At June 30			At June 30		
Cost	\$	7,000	Cost	\$	7,000
Accumulated depreciation and			Accumulated depreciation and		
impairment	(2,769)	impairment	(2,632)
r	\$	4,231	T	\$	4,368

A. Rental income from investment property and direct operating expenses arising from investment property are shown below:

	Three mo	onths ended	Three m	onths ended
	June 3	30, 2021	June	30, 2020
Rental income from investment property	\$	72	\$	72
Direct operating expenses arising from the				
investment property that generated rental				
income during the period	\$	35	\$	35

	Six mor	nths ended	Six mo	onths ended
	June 3	0, 2021	June	30, 2020
Rental income from investment property	\$	144	\$	144
Direct operating expenses arising from the				
investment property that generated rental				
income during the period	\$	69	\$	69

- B. The fair value of the investment property held by the Group as at June 30, 2021, December 31, 2020 and June 30, 2020 were all \$7,000, which was based on the trading prices of similar prices in the neighboring areas.
- C. The Group had no investment property pledged to others as collateral.

(11) Intangible assets

	2021				
	Pa	tent right_	Software		Total
At January 1					
Cost	\$	17,897 \$	31,381	\$	49,278
Accumulated amortisation and impairment	(13,427) (23,153)		36,580)
1	\$	4,470 \$	8,228	\$	12,698
Opening net book amount as at January 1	\$	4,470 \$	8,228	\$	12,698
Additions – acquired separately		- -	4,811		4,811
Amortisation charge	(2,117) (2,505)	(4,622)
Net exchange differences	(4) (48)	(52)
Closing net book amount as at June 30	\$	2,349 \$	10,486	\$	12,835
At June 30					
Cost	\$	17,890 \$	36,056	\$	53,946
Accumulated amortisation and impairment	(15,541) (_	25,570)	(41,111)
	\$	2,349 \$	10,486	\$	12,835

				2020		
				Sp	ecial	_
	Pat	ent right	Softwar	<u>tech</u>	nique	Total
At January 1						
Cost	\$	17,889	\$ 24,69	94 \$ 12	20,260	\$ 162,843
Accumulated amortisation and impairme	ent (9,191)	(19,46	<u>51</u>) (<u>12</u>	20,260)	(_148,912)
	<u>\$</u>	8,698	\$ 5,23	<u>\$</u>		\$ 13,931
Opening net book amount as at January	1 \$	8,698	\$ 5,23	33 \$	-	\$ 13,931
Additions – acquired separately		-	5,83		-	5,832
Amortisation charge	(2,116)	(1,91	•	-	(4,031)
Net exchange differences	(8)	(5)		(13)
Closing net book amount as at June 30	<u>\$</u>	6,574	\$ 9,14	<u> </u>		\$ 15,719
At June 30						
Cost	\$	17,877	\$ 29,75		20,260	\$ 167,889
Accumulated amortisation and impairment		11,303)	(20,60		20,260)	(152,170)
	<u>\$</u>	6,574	\$ 9,14	<u> </u>		\$ 15,719
Details of amortisation on intangible as	ssets are	as follows:				
	Th	ree months	s ended	Thre	e month	ns ended
		June 30, 2	021	Jı	ine 30, 2	2020
Operating costs	\$		538	\$		370
Selling expenses			58			48
Administrative expenses			1,436			1,268
Research and development expenses			296			386
	\$		2,328	\$		2,072
		ix months			months	
		June 30, 2	021	Jı	ine 30, 2	2020
Operating costs	\$		1,026	\$		668
Selling expenses			111			91
Administrative expenses			2,807			2,670
Research and development expenses			678			602
	\$		4,622	\$		4,031
(12) Short-term borrowings						
Type of borrowings	June :	30, 2021	Interes	st rate rai	nge	Collateral
Bank unsecured borrowings	\$	19,391	<u>l</u> 3	3.96%		None
Type of borrowings		er 31, 2020		st rate rai	nge	Collateral
Bank unsecured borrowings	\$	19,697	<u>7</u> 3	3.75%		None

Type of borrowings	June 30, 20		Interest rate range	Collateral
Bank secured borrowings	\$	100,000	1.21%~1.41%	Note

Note: Details of assets pledged as collateral for short-term borrowings are provided in Note 8.

- A. Aforementioned borrowings were from short-term financing contracts which the Company entered into with financial institutions. Each contract has different restrictions on the Company's capital maintenance and the purpose of capital in the borrowing period.
- B. Interest expense recognised in profit or loss amounted to \$181, \$348, \$369 and \$761 for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively.

(13) Bonds payable

	Jui	ne 30, 2021	December 31, 2020
Bonds payable	\$	499,900 \$	500,000
Less: Discount on bonds payable	(10,118) (12,340)
	\$	489,782 \$	487,660

- A. The issuance of domestic convertible bonds by the Company:
 - (a) The terms of the fourth domestic secured convertible bonds issued by the Company are as follows:
 - i. The Company issued \$500,000, 0% of coupon rate, fourth domestic secured convertible bonds, as approved by the regulatory authority. The bonds mature 3 years from the issue date (October 20, 2020 ~ October 20, 2023) and will be redeemed in cash at face value at the maturity date. The bonds were listed on the Taipei Exchange on October 20, 2020.
 - ii. The bondholders have the right to ask for conversion of the bonds into common shares of the Company during the period from the date after 3 month (January 21, 2021) of the bonds issue to the maturity date(October 20, 2023), except for the stop transfer period as specified in the terms of the bonds or the laws/regulations. The rights and obligations of the new shares converted from the bonds are the same as the issued and outstanding common shares.
 - iii. The conversion price of the bonds is set up based on the pricing model in the terms of the bonds and is subject to adjustments if the condition of the anti-dilution provisions occurs subsequently. The conversion price will be reset based on the pricing model in the terms of the bonds on each effective date regulated by the terms. If the reset conversion price is higher than the conversion price before the reset, the conversion price will not be adjusted; however, the conversion price of the convertible bonds was NT\$35 (in dollars) per share.
 - iv. The bondholders have the right to require the Company to redeem any bonds at the price of the bonds' face value plus 0.5006% of the face value as interests upon two years from the issue date.
 - v. The Company may repurchase all the bonds outstanding in cash at the bonds' face value at any time after the following events occur: (i) the closing price of the Company common shares is above the then conversion price by 30% for 30 consecutive trading days during the period from the date after three month of the bonds issue (January 21, 2021) to 40 days

before the maturity date (September 11, 2023), or (ii) the outstanding balance of the bonds is less than 10% of total initial issue amount during the period from the date after three months of the bonds issue (January 21, 2021) to 40 days before the maturity date (September 11, 2023).

- vi. Under the terms of the bonds, all bonds redeemed (including bonds repurchased from the Taipei Exchange), matured and converted are retired and not to be re-issued; all rights and obligations attached to the bonds are also extinguished.
- (b) As of June 30, 2021, the bonds totaling NTD\$100 (face value) had been converted into 2,857 shares of common stocks. As of May 11, 2021, the Board of Directors resolved to set the effective date of capital increase on May 11, 2021, the registration of changes was completed.
- B. Regarding the issuance of convertible bonds, the non-equity conversion options, call options, put options and conversion price resetting options embedded in bonds payable were separated from their host contracts which was classified as 'capital surplus—share options' amount to \$11,131 and were recognised in 'financial assets or liabilities at fair value through profit or loss' in net amount in accordance with IFRS 9 because the economic characteristics and risks of the embedded derivatives were not closely related to those of the host contracts. The effective interest rates of the bonds payable after such separation was 0.9112%.

(14) Long-term borrowings

Type of	Borrowing period	Interest			
borrowings	and repayment term	rate range	Collateral	June	30, 2021
Unsecured	Borrowing period is from May 20, 2020 to				
borrowings	May 20, 2023; interest is repayable monthly.	1.145%	None.	\$	12,778
Unsecured	Borrowing period is from December 1, 2020				
borrowings	to November 15, 2025; interest is repayable				
	monthly.	1.00%	None.		53,000
Unsecured	Borrowing period is from December 1, 2020				
Borrowing	to November 15, 2025; interest is repayable				
	monthly.	0.91%	None.		26,949
Unsecured	Borrowing period is from May 17, 2021 to				
borrowings	May 17, 2026; interest is repayable monthly.	1.10%	None.		33,433
Secured	Borrowing period is from April 15, 2021 to				
borrowings	April 15, 2026; interest is repayable monthly.	0.75%	Note		64,670
					190,830
Less: Current	portion (shown as 'other current liabilities')			(44,381)
				\$	146,449

Type of	Borrowing period	Interest			
borrowings	and repayment term	rate range	<u>Collateral</u>	December	31, 2020
Unsecured borrowings	Borrowing period is from May 20, 2020 to May 20, 2023; interest is repayable monthly.	1.145%	None.	\$	16,111
Unsecured borrowings	Borrowing period is from December 1, 2020 to November 15, 2025; interest is repayable				
, and the second	monthly.	1.00%	None.		59,000
Unsecured borrowings	Borrowing period is from December 1, 2020 to November 15, 2025; interest is repayable	0.010/	N T		20,000
	monthly.	0.91%	None.		30,000
Less: Current	portion (shown as 'other current liabilities')			<u>(</u>	105,111 <u>24,400</u>) 80,711
Type of	Borrowing period	Interest		Ψ	00,711
borrowings	and repayment term	rate range	Collateral	June 30,	2020
Secured borrowings	Borrowing period is from May 20, 2020 to May 20, 2023; interest is repayable monthly.		Time		
C	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	1.145%	deposits	_	19,444
					19,444
Less: Current	portion (shown as 'other current liabilities')			(6,596)
				\$	12,848

Note: Information about the assets that were pledged to long-term borrowings as collaterals is provided in Note 8.

- A. For the three months and six months ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, interest expense recognised in profit or loss amounted to \$353, \$26, \$620 and \$26, respectively.
- B. Aforementioned borrowings from financial institutions are guaranteed by related parties as joint guarantor, please refer to Note 7 for details.

(15) Other payables

	June	e 30, 2021	Decem	ber 31, 2020	June 30, 2020	
Wages and salaries payable	\$	52,498	\$	56,866	\$	43,307
Payables for machinery and equipment		5,881		4,983		7,661
Others		37,893		31,261		38,274
	\$	96,272	\$	93,110	\$	89,242

(16) Pensions

A. Effective July 1, 2005, the Company and its domestic subsidiaries have established a defined contribution pension plan (the "New Plan") under the Labor Pension Act (the "Act"), covering all regular employees with R.O.C. nationality. Under the New Plan, the Company and its domestic subsidiaries contribute monthly an amount based on 6% of the employees' monthly salaries and wages to the employees' individual pension accounts at the Bureau of Labor

- Insurance. The benefits accrued are paid monthly or in lump sum upon termination of employment.
- B. The second-tier subsidiaries, SYSGRATION ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGY (ZHENJIANG) CO., LTD. and SYSGRATION ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGY (HUIZHOU) CO., LTD. have defined contribution pension plans under local regulations.
- C. The pension costs under defined contribution pension plans of the Group for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2021 and 2020 were \$4,249, \$3,386, \$8,679 and \$7,676, respectively.

(17) Share-based payment

- A. On November 12, 2019, December 27, 2016 and November 11, 2015, the Board of Directors of the Company resolved to issue employees' options of 5,000 units (every unit can purchase 1,000 shares of the Company's common share, the total number of common shares which can be purchased was 5,000,000 shares with the exercise price of \$33.80 (in dollars)), 4,500 units (every unit can purchase 1,000 shares of the Company's common share, the total number of common shares which can be purchased was 4,500,000 shares with the exercise price of \$10.00 (in dollars)) and 5,000 units (every unit can purchase 1,000 shares of the Company's common share, the total number of common shares which can be purchased was 5,000,000 shares with exercise price of \$21.80 (in dollars)), respectively, except for the 4,731 units were issued out of 5,000 units on August 20, 2020, others were issued 4,500 units and 5,000 units on October 15, 2018 and January 12, 2016, respectively. The exercise price under the aforementioned stock-based employee compensation plan is at least the closing price of the Company's common stock at the grant date. There will be adjustment to the exercise price in accordance with specific formula if there is any change in the Company's ordinary shares or distribution of cash dividend after the issuance of stock options. The life of the options is 5 years. After 2 years from the date of grant, employees may exercise the options in accordance with certain schedules as prescribed in the option plan.
- B. For the six months ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, the Group's share-based payment arrangements were as follows:

			Quantity	Contract	
_	Type of arrangement	Grant date	granted	period	Vesting conditions
	Employee stock options	2016.01.12	5,000	5 years	2 ~ 4 years' service
	Employee stock options	2018.10.15	4,500	5 years	2 ~ 4 years' service
	Employee stock options	2020.08.20	4,731	5 years	2 ~ 4 years' service

C. Details of the share-based payment arrangements are as follows:

(a). Employees' options which were issued in 2020

	Six months ended June 30, 2021				
		Weighted-average			
	No. of options	exercise price			
	(in thousands)	(in dollars)			
Options outstanding at January 1	4,469	\$ 33.80			
Options granted	-	-			
Options exercised	-	-			
Options forfeited (Note)	(826)	-			
Options outstanding at the end					
of the period	3,643	\$ 33.80			
Options exercisable at the end					
of the period					

Note: Due to employees' retirement or termination.

(b). Employees' options which were issued in 2018

		Six months ended June 30, 2021			ths e 0, 20	nded 020
	No. of options (in thousands)	1		No. of options (in thousands)	ex	ghted-average kercise price (in dollars)
Options outstanding						
at January 1	2,184	\$	10.00	3,755	\$	10.00
Options granted	-		-	-		-
Options exercised	(90))	10.00	-		-
Options forfeited (Note)	(99))	-	(259)		-
Options outstanding at the end of the period	1,995	\$	10.00	3,496	\$	10.00
Options exercisable at the end of the period	168		-			-

Note: Due to employees' retirement or termination.

(c). Employees' options which were issued in 2016

		Six months ended			Six mor	ıths	ended
		June 3	0, 2	2021	June 3	30, 2	2020
			Wei	ghted-average	,	Wei	ighted-average
	No.	of options	e	xercise price	No. of options	e	xercise price
	(in t	housands)	((in dollars)	(in thousands)	((in dollars)
Options outstanding							
at January 1		780	\$	21.80	2,665	\$	21.80
Options granted		-		-	-		-
Options exercised	(380)		21.80	(105)		21.80
Options forfeited (Note)	(400)		-			-
Options outstanding at the end of the period			\$	-	2,560	\$	21.80
Options exercisable at the end of the period					2,560		

Note: Due to employees' retirement or termination.

D. The expiry date and exercise price of stock options outstanding at balance sheet date are as follows:

		June 30), 2021	December	31, 2020
Issue date		No. of shares	Exercise price	No. of shares	Exercise price
approved	Expiry date	(in thousands)	(in dollars)	(in thousands)	(in dollars)
2016.01.12	2021.01.11	-	\$ -	780	\$ 21.80
2018.10.15	2023.10.14	1,995	10.00	2,184	10.00
2020.08.20	2025.08.19	3,643	33.80	4,469	33.80
				June 30), 2020
Issue date				No. of shares	Exercise price
approved	Expiry date			(in thousands)	(in dollars)
2016.01.12	2021.01.11			2,560	\$ 21.80
2018.10.15	2023.10.14			3,496	10.00

E. The fair value of stock options granted on grant date is measured using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model. Relevant information is as follows:

			Expected	Expected		Risk-free	
Type of		Exercise	price	option	Expected	interest	Fair value
arrangement	Grant date	price	volatility	life	dividends	rate	per unit
Employee	2016.01.12	\$21.80	44.16%	3.5~4.5	0%	0.56%	\$5.04
stock options			~44.51%	years		~0.66%	~5.74
Employee	2018.10.15	10.00	43.64%	3.5~4.5	0%	0.69%	1.90
stock options			~44.73%	years		~0.73%	~2.19
Employee	2020.08.20	33.80	49.75%	3.5~4.5	0%	0.28%	13.02
stock options			~53.32%	years		~0.31%	~13.74

F. Expenses incurred on share-based payment transactions are shown below:

	nonths ended 30, 2021	Tł	uree months ended June 30, 2020
Equity-settled	\$ 4,909	\$	39
	onths ended 30, 2021	S	Six months ended June 30, 2020
Equity-settled	\$ 7,499	\$	1,099

(18) Provisions

	Six months ended June 30, 2021				
	W	arranty	Total		
At January 1	\$	1,008 \$	1,008		
Additional provisions		4,121	4,121		
Used during the period	(614) (614)		
At June 30	\$	4,515 \$	4,515		

The Group gives warranties on automobile electronics products sold. Provision for warranty is estimated based on historical warranty data of the product. It is expected that provision will be used within the next year.

(19) Share capital

A. As of June 30, 2021, the Company's authorised capital was \$3,000,000, consisting of 300,000 thousand shares of ordinary stock (including 20,000 thousand shares reserved for employee stock options), and the paid-in capital was \$1,545,534 with a par value of \$10 (in dollars) per share. All proceeds from shares issued have been collected.

Movements in the number of the Company's ordinary shares outstanding are as follows:

	2	021 (Note)	2020 (Note)		
At January 1	\$	154,081	\$	151,155	
Employee stock options exercised		470		105	
Conversion of convertible bonds		3		<u> </u>	
At June 30	\$	154,554	\$	151,260	

Note: Expressed in thousands of shares.

- B. On April 30, 2020, the shareholders of the Company resolved the private placement of common shares, while considering the market situation and the issue period was expired, the Board of Directors resolved to discontinue the private placement plan on April 16, 2021.
- C. As of June 30, 2021, the Company's employees' options which were issued in 2016 were applied for purchasing 380 thousand shares and were resolved by the Board of Directors to increase capital on May 11, 2021; the effective dates were set on May 11, 2021. Exercise price was \$21.8 (in dollars), the registration of changes had been completed.
- D. As of June 30, 2021, the Company's employees' options which were issued in 2018 were applied for purchasing 90 thousand shares and were resolved by the Board of Directors to increase capital

on May 11, 2021; the effective date was set on May 11, 2021. Exercise price was \$10 (in dollars), the registration of changes had been completed.

(20) Capital surplus

- A. Pursuant to the R.O.C. Company Act, capital surplus arising from paid-in capital in excess of par value on issuance of common stocks and donations can be used to cover accumulated deficit or to issue new stocks or cash to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership, provided that the Company has no accumulated deficit. Further, the R.O.C. Securities and Exchange Act requires that the amount of capital surplus to be capitalised mentioned above should not exceed 10% of the paid-in capital each year. Capital surplus should not be used to cover accumulated deficit unless the legal reserve is insufficient.
- B. Movements in the number of the Company's ordinary shares outstanding are as follows: (Share in thousands)

							2	2021				
										Difference between		
										consideration and		
								reasury		carrying amount of		
		Share		nployee		Share		share	sul	osidiaries acquired or		
		emium_		options		otions	_	sactions		disposed		Γotal
At January 1	\$	60,273	\$	45,941	\$ 1	17,335	\$	2,654	\$	9,693	\$13	35,896
Employee stock options exercised		7,167	(2,683)		-		-		=		4,484
Exercise of		70		-	(2)		-		-		68
conversion right												
of convertible bonds												
Share-based												
compensation												
cost				7,499					_	<u>-</u>		7,499
At June 30	\$	67,510	\$	50,757	\$ 1	17,333	\$	2,654	\$	9,693	\$14	47 <u>,947</u>
								2020				
										Difference between		
										consideration and		
							7	Γreasury		carrying amount of		
		Share	E	mployee		Share		share	sı	ubsidiaries acquired or		
	pı	remium	stoc	k options	0	ptions	tra	nsactions		disposed		Total
At January 1	\$	28,350	\$	49,752	\$	6,204	\$	2,654	\$	9,693	\$	96,653
Employee stock options exercised		3,199	(1,960)		-		-		-		1,239
Share-based compensation												
cost				1,099					_	-		1,099
At June 30	\$	31,549	\$	48,891	\$	6,204	\$	2,654	\$	9,693	\$	98,991

(21) Retained earnings

- A. Under the Company's Articles of Incorporation, the current year's earnings, if any, shall first be used to pay all taxes and offset prior year's operating losses, then 10% of the remaining amount shall be set aside as legal reserve until the legal reserve equals the total capital stock balance, and appropriate or reverse for special reserve as required by the operating needs of the Company or regulations when necessary. The remainder, if any, to be retained or to be appropriated shall be proposed by the Board of Directors and to be resolved by the stockholders at the stockholders' meeting.
- B. For the long-term business development of the Company, the needs of capital in the future and long-term business plan, the distributable earnings can be distributed no higher than 90% as shareholders' bonus every year. However, the distributable earnings may not to be distributed if the accumulated distributable earnings lower than 5% of paid-in capital. The cash dividend cannot lower than 10% of total dividends. However, when the cash dividend per share is lower than \$0.5, it can be distributed in stock dividend at full amount.
- C. The shareholders of the Company resolved the deficit compensation for the year of 2020 on July 30, 2021 and the shareholders resolved the deficit compensation for the year of 2019 on April 30, 2020. Details of the resolution of deficit compensation are provided in the "Market Observation Post System" at the website of the Taiwan Stock Exchange.
- D. Except for covering accumulated deficit or issuing new stocks or cash to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership, the legal reserve shall not be used for any other purpose. The use of legal reserve for the issuance of stocks or cash to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership is permitted, provided that the distribution of the reserve is limited to the portion in excess of 25% of the Company's paid-in capital.
- E. In accordance with the regulations, the Company shall set aside special reserve from the debit balance on other equity items at the balance sheet date before distributing earnings. When debit balance on other equity items is reversed subsequently, the reversed amount could be included in the distributable earnings.

(22) Other equity items and non-controlling interest

	2021							
	Un	realised				Non-		
	gains	(losses)	C	Currency	(controlling		
	on v	aluation	tra	anslation		interest		Total
At January 1	(\$	34,900)	(\$	61,025)	\$	-	(\$	95,925)
Revaluation – gross		564		-		-		564
Currency translation differences:		_	(4,596)		<u>-</u>	(4,596)
At June 30	(\$	34,336)	(\$_	65,621)	\$	_	(\$	99,957)
		_		202	20	_		
	Un	realised				Non-		
	gains	(losses)	(Currency	(controlling		
	on v	aluation	tra	anslation		interest		Total
At January 1	(\$	39,593)	(\$	60,098)	\$	16,561	(\$	83,130)
Revaluation – gross		3,054		-		-		3,054
Currency translation differences:		-	(8,776)		-	(8,776)
Loss of non-controlling interest		-		-	(1,768)	(1,768)
Disposal of equity interest in a								
subsidiary that result in a loss of control					(14,793)	(14,793)
At June 30	(\$	36,539)	(<u>\$</u>	68,874)	\$	-	<u>(\$</u>	105,413)
3) Operating revenue		m.		1		T1		

(23)

	Three	e months ended	7	Three months ended
	Ju	ne 30, 2021		June 30, 2020
Revenue from contracts with customers	\$	590,482	\$	269,912
	Six	months ended		Six months ended
	Ju	ne 30, 2021		June 30, 2020
Revenue from contracts with customers	\$	1,080,939	\$	554,483

A. Disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers

The Group derives revenue from the transfer of goods at a point in time in the following major product lines:

	Αι	ıtomobile	Power					
Three months ended	El	ectronics		management		All other		
June 30, 2021	P	roducts		products		segments		Total
Total segment revenue	\$	380,801	\$	398,166	\$	1,250	\$	780,217
Inter-segment revenue	(926)	(187,699)	(1,110)	(189,735)
Revenue from external								
customer contracts	\$	379,875	\$	210,467	\$	140	\$	590,482
	Αι	ıtomobile		Power				
Three months ended	El	ectronics		management		All other		
June 30, 2020	F	roducts		products		segments		Total
Total segment revenue	\$	233,771	\$	177,123	\$	1,023	\$	411,917
Inter-segment revenue	(79,501)	(61,481)	(1,023)	(142,005)
Revenue from external								
customer contracts	\$	154,270	\$	115,642	\$		\$	269,912
	Aı	ıtomobile		Power				
	110	itomoone		100001				
Six months ended		ectronics		management		All other		
Six months ended June 30, 2021	El					All other segments		Total
	El	ectronics		management	\$		\$	Total 1,502,795
June 30, 2021	El F	ectronics Products	\$ (_	management products	\$ (_	segments	\$ (
June 30, 2021 Total segment revenue	El	ectronics Products 846,049 161,049)		management products 654,456 258,834)	(2,290 1,973)	(_	1,502,795 421,856)
June 30, 2021 Total segment revenue Inter-segment revenue	El F	ectronics Products 846,049 161,049) 685,000	\$ (management products 654,456 258,834) 395,622	\$ (segments 2,290	\$ (1,502,795
June 30, 2021 Total segment revenue Inter-segment revenue Revenue from external customer contracts	El F	ectronics Products 846,049 161,049)		management products 654,456 258,834)	(2,290 1,973)	(_	1,502,795 421,856)
June 30, 2021 Total segment revenue Inter-segment revenue Revenue from external	El F \$ (ectronics Products 846,049 161,049) 685,000		management products 654,456 258,834) 395,622	(2,290 1,973)	(_	1,502,795 421,856)
June 30, 2021 Total segment revenue Inter-segment revenue Revenue from external customer contracts	EI	ectronics Products 846,049 161,049) 685,000 atomobile		management products 654,456 258,834) 395,622 Power	(2,290 1,973) 317	(_	1,502,795 421,856)
June 30, 2021 Total segment revenue Inter-segment revenue Revenue from external customer contracts Six months ended	EI	ectronics Products 846,049 161,049) 685,000 atomobile ectronics		management products 654,456 258,834) 395,622 Power management	(2,290 1,973) 317 All other	(_	1,502,795 421,856) 1,080,939
June 30, 2021 Total segment revenue Inter-segment revenue Revenue from external customer contracts Six months ended June 30, 2020 Total segment revenue Inter-segment revenue	El F	ectronics Products 846,049 161,049) 685,000 atomobile ectronics Products	<u>\$</u>	management products 654,456 258,834) 395,622 Power management products	<u>\$</u>	segments 2,290 1,973) 317 All other segments	<u>\$</u>	1,502,795 421,856) 1,080,939 Total
June 30, 2021 Total segment revenue Inter-segment revenue Revenue from external customer contracts Six months ended June 30, 2020 Total segment revenue	El F	ectronics Products 846,049 161,049) 685,000 ntomobile ectronics Products 493,960	<u>\$</u>	management products 654,456 258,834) 395,622 Power management products 301,465	<u>\$</u>	2,290 1,973) 317 All other segments 13,192	<u>\$</u>	1,502,795 421,856) 1,080,939 Total 808,617

B. Contract assets and liabilities

The Group has not recognised the revenue-related contract assets as of June 30 2021, December 31, 2020, June 30, 2020 and January 1, 2020, and the Group has recognised the following contract liabilities:

	June 30	, 2021	Decem	ber 31, 2020	June	30, 2020	Janu	ary 1, 2020
Contract liabilities –								
Advance sales								
receips	\$	3,166	\$	3,811	\$	1,568	\$	2,893

⁽a) Significant changes in contract assets and liabilities: None.

⁽b) Revenue recognised that was included in the contract liability balance at the beginning of the period

		ree months ended June 30, 2021		Three months ended June 30, 2020
Revenue recognised that was included in the contract liability balance at the beginning of the period	¢		¢	270
Advance sales receipts	\$	- :	<u>\$</u>	
		ix months ended June 30, 2021		Six months ended June 30, 2020
Revenue recognised that was included in the contract liability balance at the beginning of the period Advance sales receipts	\$	1,634	\$	
-	Ψ	1,001	<u>—</u>	1,001
(24) <u>Interest income</u>				
		ee months ended une 30, 2021		Three months ended June 30, 2020
Interest income from bank deposits	\$	362	\$	288
Interest income from financial assets		73		21
measured at amortised cost	\$	435	\$	309
		months ended	Ψ	Six months ended
		une 30, 2021		June 30, 2020
Interest income from bank deposits	\$	642	\$	779
Interest income from financial assets		1 4 0		27
measured at amortised cost	•	148	\$	37 816
	φ	790	<u> </u>	810
(25) Other income				
		e months ended ine 30, 2021	7	Three months ended June 30, 2020
Rent income	\$	72	\$	72
Government grant revenues		186		-
Design fees revenue		1,913		4,542
Other income, others	<u>•</u>	3,053	Φ	6,892
	\$ Siv	5,224 months ended	\$	Six months ended
		ine 30, 2021		June 30, 2020
Rent income	\$	144	\$	144
Government grant revenues	•	436		878
Design fees revenue		10,153		4,542
Other income, others		3,947		7,072
	\$	14,680	\$	12,636

(26) Other gains and losses

		ree months ended June 30, 2021	-	Three months ended June 30, 2020
Gains (losses) on disposals of property, plant and equipment	\$	117	(\$	78)
Foreign exchange losses	(5,602)	(3,723)
(Losses) gains on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	(56)		949
Other losses	(7)	(466)
	(\$	5,548)	<u>(\$</u>	3,318)
		x months ended June 30, 2021		Six months ended June 30, 2020
Gains (losses) on disposals of property, plant and equipment	\$	117	(\$	78)
Foreign exchange losses	(3,344)	(1,058)
(Losses) gains on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	(563)		2,245
Other losses	(13)	(1,068)
	(\$	3,803)	\$	41
(27) <u>Finance costs</u>				
		ee months ended fune 30, 2021		Three months ended June 30, 2020
Interest expense	\$	534	\$	374
Interest expense on lease liabilities		198		184
Interest expense on convertible bonds		1,109		
	\$	1,841	\$	558
	Si	x months ended		Six months ended
	J	Tune 30, 2021		June 30, 2020
Interest expense	\$	989	\$	787
Interest expense on lease liabilities		338		362
Interest expense on convertible bonds		2,219		
	\$	3,546	\$	1,149

(28) Expenses by nature

	Th	June 30, 2021	T	Three months ended June 30, 2020
Employee benefit expense	\$	102,165	\$	94,723
Depreciation charges on property, plant and equipment		14,902		13,804
Depreciation charges on right-of-use assets		5,994		6,332
Depreciation charges on investment property		35		35
Amortisation charges on intangible assets		2,328		2,072
	\$	125,424	\$	116,966
	S	ix months ended June 30, 2021		Six months ended June 30, 2020
Employee benefit expense	\$	199,425	\$	192,543
Depreciation charges on property, plant and equipment		29,258		26,629
Depreciation charges on right-of-use assets		11,552		12,399
Depreciation charges on investment property		69		69
Amortisation charges on intangible assets		4,622		4,031
	\$	244,926	\$	235,671
(29) Employee benefit expense				
	T1	June 30, 2021		Three months ended June 30, 2020
Wages and salaries	\$	82,108	\$	80,811
Employee stock options		4,909		39
Labour and health insurance fees		6,160		5,807
Pension costs		4,249		3,386
Other personnel expenses		4,739	_	4,680
	\$	102,165	\$	94,723
		Six months ended June 30, 2021		Six months ended June 30, 2020
Wages and salaries	\$	161,177	\$	161,672
Employee stock options		7,499		1,099
Labour and health insurance fees		12,643		13,440
Pension costs		8,679		7,676
Other personnel expenses	<u></u>	9,427	<u></u>	8,656
	\$	199,425	\$	192,543

A. In accordance with the Articles of Incorporation of the Company, a ratio of distributable profit of the current year, after covering accumulated losses, shall be distributed as employees' compensation and directors' and supervisors' remuneration. The ratio shall be between

- 10%~15% for employees' compensation and shall not be higher than 3% for directors' and supervisors' remuneration.
- B. The Company has an accumulated deficit as of June 30, 2021, December 31, 2020 and June 30, 2020, and therefore, no employees' compensation and directors' remuneration were recognised. Information about employees' compensation and directors' and supervisors' remuneration of the Company as resolved at the meeting of Board of Directors will be posted in the "Market Observation Post System" at the website of the Taiwan Stock Exchange.

(30) Income tax

- A. Income tax (benefit) expense
 - (a) Components of income tax (benefit) expense:

		Three months ended June 30, 2021		Three months ended June 30, 2020
Current tax:				
Current tax on profits for the period	\$	-	\$	-
Prior year income tax (over) underestimation		_		_
Total current tax	_		_	
Deferred tax:				
Origination and reversal of temporary differences		_		_
Impact of change in foreign exchange		_		_
rate	(5)		-
Total deferred tax	(5)		-
Income tax benefit	(\$	5)	\$	-
		Six months ended June 30, 2021	1	Six months ended June 30, 2020
Current tax:				
Current tax on profits for the period	\$	887	\$	-
Prior year income tax (over)				
underestimation				<u>-</u>
Total current tax	_	887		
Deferred tax:				
Origination and reversal of temporary				
differences		-		-
Impact of change in foreign exchange	(5)		
rate	_		_	_
Total deferred tax	(<u> </u>	5)	Φ.	-
Income tax expense	<u>\$</u>	882	<u> </u>	

(b) The income tax (charge)/credit relating to components of other comprehensive income is as follows:

	Three months ended June 30, 2021		Three months ended June 30, 2020	
Changes in fair value of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	\$	95	\$	1,413
Currency translation differences	(777)	(1,113)
	(\$	682)	\$	300
		onths ended e 30, 2021		months ended ne 30, 2020
Changes in fair value of financial assets				
at fair value through other comprehensive income	\$	141	\$	764
Currency translation differences	(1,149)	()	2,194)
	(\$	1,008)	(\$	1,430)

B. The Company's income tax returns through 2019 have been assessed and approved by the Tax Authority.

(31) Earnings (loss) per share

		Three	months ended June 30), 2	021
			Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding		0 1
	Amou	nt after tax	(share in thousands)	_	(in dollars)
Basic earnings per share					
Earnings attributable to ordinary					
shareholders of the parent	\$	6,679	154,546	\$	0.04
Diluted earnings per share					
Earnings attributable to ordinary					
shareholders of the parent	\$	6,679	154,546		
Assumed conversion of all dilutive					
potential ordinary shares					
Convertible bonds		887	14,283		
Employee stock options			1,390		
Earnings attributable to ordinary					
shareholders of the parent plus					
assumed conversion of all dilutive					
potential ordinary shares	\$	7,566	170,219	\$	0.04

		Three	months ended June 30	, 2020	
			Weighted average		
			number of ordinary	Logo	nor choro
	A mou	nt after tax	shares outstanding (share in thousands)		per share
Dagia laga man ahana	Amou	iii aitei tax	(share in thousands)	(111	dollars)
Basic loss per share					
Loss attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent	(\$	36,431)	151,260	(\$	0.24)
Diluted loss per share (Note)	(<u>\psi}</u>	30,131)	131,200	(Ψ	0.21)
Loss attributable to ordinary					
shareholders of the parent	(\$	36,431)	151,260		
Loss attributable to ordinary					
shareholders of the parent plus					
assumed conversion of all dilutive					
potential ordinary shares	(<u>\$</u>	36,431)	151,260	(\$	0.24)
		Six m	onths ended June 30,	2021	
			Weighted average	F	.
			number of ordinary shares outstanding		nings per share
	Amou	nt after tax	(share in thousands)		dollars)
Basic earnings per share	2 HHOC	int after tax	(share in thousands)		donars)
Earnings attributable to ordinary					
shareholders of the parent	\$	16,396	154,546	\$	0.10
Diluted earnings per share		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	
Earnings attributable to ordinary					
shareholders of the parent	\$	16,396	154,546		
Assumed conversion of all dilutive					
potential ordinary shares					
Convertible bonds		1,775	14,283		
Employee stock options			1,390		
Earnings attributable to ordinary					
shareholders of the parent plus					
assumed conversion of all dilutive		40.45	4=0-11		0.45
potential ordinary shares	\$	18,171	170,219	\$	0.10

	Six months ended June 30, 2020				
			Weighted average number of ordinary		
			shares outstanding	Loss per	share
	Amoun	t after tax	(share in thousands)	(in dolla	ars)
Basic loss per share					
Loss attributable to ordinary					
shareholders of the parent	(<u>\$</u>	76,092)	151,260	(\$	0.50)
Diluted loss per share (Note)					
Loss attributable to ordinary					
shareholders of the parent	(\$	76,092)	151,260		
Loss attributable to ordinary					
shareholders of the parent plus					
assumed conversion of all dilutive					
potential ordinary shares	(<u>\$</u>	76,092)	151,260	(\$	0.50)

Note: For the three months and six months ended June 30, 2020, the Company's employees' options and convertible bonds were not included in the calculation of diluted loss per share due to their anti-dilutive effect.

(32) Supplemental cash flow information

A. Investing activities with partial cash payments

		e 30, 2021		e 30, 2020
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	\$	31,455	\$	38,862
Add: Opening balance of payable on equipment		4,983		6,863
Less: Ending balance of payable on equipment	(5,881)	(7,661)
Cash paid during the period	\$	30,557	\$	38,064
B. Financing activities with no cash flow effects				
	Six m	onths ended	Six m	onths ended
	June	e 30, 2021	June	e 30, 2020
Convertible bonds being converted				
to capital stocks	\$	97	\$	_

C. The Group sold 51% of shares in the subsidiary – Leadman Electronic USA, Inc. on January 31, 2020 and therefore lost control over the subsidiary. The details of the consideration received from the transaction (including cash and cash equivalents) and assets and liabilities relating to the subsidiary are as follows:

	January 31, 2020		
Consideration received			
Cash	\$	15,397	
Carrying amount of the assets and liabilities of the subsidiary		_	
- Leadman Electronic USA, Inc.			
Cash		22,454	
Accounts receivable		12,350	
Inventories		11,963	
Property, plant and equipment		479	
Right-of-use assets		85,940	
Accumulated impairment loss	(8,463)	
Other current assets		2,308	
Deferred tax assets		14,189	
Accounts payable	(8,119)	
Other current liabilities	(5,010)	
Lease liabilities- current	(21,692)	
Lease liabilities- non-current	(67,915)	
Total net assets		38,484	
Less: non-controlling interest	(23,087)	
Disposal loss	\$	_	

(33) Changes in liabilities from financing activities

						2021			
								L	iabilities from
	Sl	nort-term	L	ong-term		Lease	Bonds		financing
	bo	rrowings	bo	rrowings	<u>li</u>	abilities	payable	ac	ctivities-gross
At January 1	\$	19,697	\$	105,111	\$	39,054	\$ 487,660	\$	651,522
Changes in cash flow from									
financing activities		-		85,719	(11,791)	-		73,928
Changes in other non-cash									
items		-		-		32,746	2,122		34,868
Interest expense on									
lease liabilities		-		-		338	-		338
Impact of changes in		• • •							-0.0
foreign exchange rate	(306)			(374)		(680)
At June 30	\$	19,391	\$	190,830	\$	59,973	\$ 489,782	\$	759,976

	2020								
	Short-term borrowings		Long-term borrowings		Lease liabilities			abilities from financing tivities-gross	
At January 1	\$	110,000	\$	-	\$	116,319	\$	226,319	
Changes in cash flow from									
financing activities	(10,000)		19,444	(12,655)	(3,211)	
Changes in other non-cash items		-		-	(57,396)	(57,396)	
Interest expense on									
lease liabilities		-		-		362		362	
Impact of changes in									
foreign exchange rate		<u>-</u>				45		45	
At June 30	\$	100,000	\$	19,444	\$	46,675	\$	166,119	

7. <u>RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS</u>

(1) Parent and ultimate controlling party

The Company has no parent company nor ultimate controlling party.

(2) Names of related parties and relationship

Names of related parties	Relationship with the Company
Oro Technology Co., Ltd.	Other related party (Note)
Li Yi-Ren	The Company's Chairman

Note: Starting from June 1, 2021, the Company resigned as a director of Oro Technology Co., Ltd., Oro Technology Co., Ltd. is no longer a related party to the Company.

(3) Significant related party transactions

A. Royalty for software (shown as 'operating cost')

	Three months ended June 30						
		2021		2020			
Other related party	\$	3,425	\$		2,165		
- 1	Six months ended June 30						
		2021		2020			
Other related party	\$	7,117	\$		3,767		

Expenses for software royalties are based on the mutual agreement since no similar transaction can be compared with.

B. Other payables

	June 30	0, 2021 Decem	ber 31, 2020	June 30, 2020		
Other related party	\$	- \$	2,889	\$	1,215	

(4) Key management compensation

	 Three months	ended	June 30
	 2021		2020
Salaries and other short-term employee benefits	\$ 5,792	\$	7,431
Post-employment benefits	162		253
Share-based payments	 768		3
	\$ 6,722	\$	7,687
	Six months e	nded.	June 30
	 2021		2020
Salaries and other short-term employee benefits	\$ 17,538	\$	17,662
Post-employment benefits	385		522
Share-based payments	 1,150		228
	\$ 19,073	\$	18,412

(5) Endorsements and guarantees provided by related parties

As of June 30, 2021, December 31, 2020 and June 30, 2020, the Company borrowed from financial institutions. Li Yi-Ren is the guarantor, and the aforementioned financing facilities which were provided by related parties were \$845,000, \$710,000 and \$595,000, respectively.

8. PLEDGED ASSETS

The Group's assets pledged as collateral are as follows:

Pledged asset	_ Jun	e 30, 2021	Decer	mber 31, 2020	Jur	ne 30, 2020	Purpose
Time deposit	\$	126,501	\$	119,501	\$	11,081	
(classified as							Short-term, long-
financial assets at							term borrowings
amortised cost)							and issuance
Land		18,807		18,807		18,807	of convertible
Buildings and							bonds
structures		166,134		168,663		171,191	
	\$	311,442	\$	306,971	\$	201,079	

9. <u>SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND UNRECOGNISED CONTRACT</u>

COMMITMENTS

None.

10. SIGNIFICANT DISASTER LOSS

None

11. <u>SIGNIFICANT EVENTS AFTER THE BALANCE SHEET DATE</u>

None.

12. OTHERS

(1) Significant Events

Tsuzuki Denki Co., Ltd. filed a civil litigation with the Taiwan Taipei District Court and claimed that the quality problem of tablet computers which were purchased from the Company caused

damage to Tsuzuki Denki Co., Ltd. It claimed for a return of the full price of inventories and compensation amounting to US\$5,306 thousand and JPY\$1,225 thousand, respectively. On August 6, 2018, the Company received a notification of civil court from the Taiwan Taipei District Court, and the Company has appointed lawyers to handle the case to protect the rights of the Company and its shareholders. The Company's appointed lawyer's comments are as follows: 'The counterparty complained that there were flaws in the inventory and deferred payment, but refused to return the inventory which should have been repaired by the Company, therefore, the counterparty's claim is not reasonable. In addition, it is reasonable that the Company took counter-action to claim the payment for inventory and rework expenses in the total amount of US\$996 thousand, because the Company had completed the work and delivered the said inventories.' As of August 11, 2021, the case is still under trial with the Taiwan Taipei District Court. The Company has accounts receivable from Tsuzuki Denki Co., Ltd. in the amount of \$19,370 which was provisioned for impairment at full amount.

(2) Capital management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital in order to provide returns for shareholders. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may issue new shares, issue convertible bonds or sell assets to reduce debt.

	Ju	June 30, 2021		mber 31, 2020	June 30, 2020		
Total liabilities	\$	1,414,554	\$	1,112,789	\$	543,663	
Total equity		1,095,756		1,066,612		1,016,134	
Total capital	\$	2,510,310	\$	2,179,401	\$	1,559,797	
Gearing ratio		56%		51%		35%	

(3) Financial instruments

A. Financial instruments by category

	Ju	ne 30, 2021	Dec	ember 31, 2020	Jun	e 30, 2020
Financial assets						
Financial assets at fair value						
through profit or loss						
Financial assets mandatorily	\$	35,859	\$	46,020	\$	104,775
measured at fair value						
through profit or loss						
Financial assets at fair value						
through other comprehensive						
income						
Designation of equity instrument		56,684		48,626		48,478
Financial assets at amortised cost						
Cash and cash equivalents		943,039		904,217		385,383
Financial assets at amortised cost		126,501		119,501		11,081
Notes receivable		980		-		-
Accounts receivable		455,614		336,064		258,520
Other receivables		9,409		4,975		12,190
Refundable deposits		9,539		7,795		8,813
	\$	1,637,625	\$	1,467,198	\$	829,240
	Ju	ne 30, 2021	Dec	ember 31, 2020	Jun	e 30, 2020
Financial liabilities						
Financial liabilities at						
amortised cost						
Short-term borrowings	\$	19,391	\$	19,697	\$	100,000
Notes payable		557		715		945
Accounts payable		524,328		330,076		263,131
Other accounts payable		96,272		93,110		89,242
Other accounts payable-related parties		-		2,889		1,215
Bonds payable		489,782		487,660		-
(including current portion)						
Long-term borrowings						
(including current portion)		190,830		105,111		19,444
	<u>\$</u> \$	1,321,160	\$	1,039,258	\$	473,977
Lease liabilities	\$	59,973	\$	39,054	\$	46,675

B. Financial risk management policies

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk and price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. To minimise any adverse effects on the financial performance of the Group, derivative financial instruments, such as foreign exchange forward contracts is used to hedge certain exchange rate risk. Group treasury

identifies, evaluates and hedges financial risks in close co-operation with the Group's operating units.

C. Significant financial risks and degrees of financial risks

(a) Market risk

Foreign exchange risk

- i. The Group operates internationally and is exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from the transactions of the Company and its subsidiaries used in various functional currency, primarily with respect to the USD and RMB. Foreign exchange risk arises from future commercial transactions and recognised assets and liabilities.
- ii. Management has set up a policy to require group companies to manage their foreign exchange risk against their functional currency. The companies are required to hedge their entire foreign exchange risk exposure with the Group treasury. Exchange rate risk is measured through a forecast of highly probable USD and RMB expenditures. Group treasury identifies, evaluates and hedges financial risks in close co-operation with the Group's operating units.
- iii. The Group's businesses involve some non-functional currency operations (the Company's functional currency: NTD and other certain subsidiaries' functional currency: USD and RMB). The information on assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies whose values would be materially affected by the exchange rate fluctuations is as follows:

		June 30, 2021								
	F	Foreign				Sensitivity analysis				
	C	currency					Ef	fect on		
(Foreign currency:		amount	Exchange	В	Book value	Degree of	p	rofit or		
functional currency)	(in t	housands)	rate		(NTD)	variation		loss		
Financial assets										
Monetary items										
USD:NTD	\$	21,681	27.86	\$	604,037	1%	\$	6,040		
HKD:NTD		655	3.59		2,350	1%		24		
USD:RMB		103	6.47		2,856	1%		29		
Financial liabilities										
Monetary items										
USD:NTD	\$	3,733	27.86	\$	103,992	1%	\$	1,040		
USD:RMB		4,676	6.47		130,286	1%		1,303		
HKD:RMB		3,339	0.83		11,978	1%		120		
HKD:NTD		1,623	3.59		5,822	1%		58		

			Decer	nber	31, 2020			
	F	oreign				Sensitivity	y an	alysis
	c	urrency					Effect on	
(Foreign currency:	í	amount	Exchange	В	ook value	Degree of	p	rofit or
functional currency)	(in t	housands)	rate		(NTD)	variation		loss
Financial assets								
Monetary items								
USD:NTD	\$	11,459	28.48	\$	326,353	1%	\$	3,264
HKD:NTD		92	3.67		337	1%		3
USD:RMB		4,384	6.51		28,540	1%		285
Financial liabilities								
Monetary items								
USD:NTD	\$	1,050	28.48	\$	29,895	1%	\$	299
USD:RMB		3,299	6.51		93,968	1%		940
HKD:RMB		1,880	0.84		6,906	1%		69
HKD:NTD		450	3.67		1,654	1%		17
			Jui	ne 30), 2020			
	F	oreign				Sensitivity	y an	alysis
	С	urrency					Ef	fect on
(Foreign currency:		amount	Exchange	Book value		Degree of	p	rofit or
functional currency)		housands)	rate		(NTD)	variation	•	loss
Financial assets								
Monetary items								
USD:NTD	\$	11,563	29.63	\$	342,613	1%	\$	3,426
HKD:NTD	,	688	3.82	_	2,629	1%	_	26
USD:RMB		840	7.07		24,888	1%		249
Financial liabilities					,			,
Monetary items								
USD:NTD	\$	1,122	29.63	\$	33,234	1%	\$	332
USD:RMB	7	2,087	7.07	7	61,844	1%	7	618
HKD:RMB		1,572	0.91		6,008	1%		60

iv. The total exchange loss, including realised and unrealised, arising from significant foreign exchange variation on the monetary items held by the Group for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, amounted to \$5,602, \$3,723, \$3,344, and \$1,058 respectively.

Price risk

- i. The Group's equity securities, which are exposed to price risk, are the held financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income. To manage its price risk arising from investments in equity securities, the Group diversifies its portfolio. Diversification of the portfolio is done in accordance with the limits set by the Group.
- ii. The Group's investments in equity securities comprise shares issued by the domestic

companies. The prices of equity securities would change due to the change of the future value of investee companies. If the prices of these equity securities had increased/decreased by 1% with all other variables held constant, post-tax profit (loss) for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2021 and 2020 would have increased/decreased by \$287 and \$838, respectively, as a result of gains/losses on equity securities classified as at fair value through profit or loss. Other components of equity would have increased/decreased by \$567 and \$485, respectively, as a result of other comprehensive income classified as equity investment at fair value through other comprehensive income.

Cash flow and fair value Interest rate risk

- i. The Group's main interest rate risk arises from long-term and short-term borrowings with variable rates, which expose the Group to cash flow interest rate risk. For the six months ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, the Group's borrowings at variable rate were mainly denominated in New Taiwan dollars and RMB Dollars.
- ii. If the borrowing interest rate had increased/decreased by 1% with all other variables held constant, profit (loss), net of tax for the six months ended June 30, 2021 and 2020 would have increased/decreased by \$841 and \$478, respectively. The main factor is that changes in interest expense result in floating-rate borrowings.

(b) Credit risk

- i. Credit risk refers to the risk of financial loss to the Group arising from default by the clients or counterparties of financial instruments on the contract obligations. The main factor is that counterparties could not repay in full the accounts receivable based on the agreed terms, and the contract cash flows of debt instruments stated at amortised cost, at fair value through profit or loss and at fair value through other comprehensive income.
- ii. The Group manages their credit risk taking into consideration the entire group's concern. For banks and financial institutions with no recent major defaults are accepted. According to the Group's credit policy, each local entity in the Group is responsible for managing and analysing the credit risk for each of their new clients before standard payment and delivery terms and conditions are offered. Internal risk control assesses the credit quality of the customers, taking into account their financial position, past experience and other factors. Individual risk limits are set based on internal or external ratings in accordance with limits set by the Board of Directors. The utilisation of credit limits is regularly monitored.
- iii. The Group adopts the assumptions under IFRS 9, the default occurs when the contract payments are past due over 90 days.
- iv. The Group classifies customers' accounts receivable in accordance with credit rating of customer. The Group applies the modified approach using a provision matrix based on the loss rate methodology to estimate expected credit loss under the provision matrix basis.
- v. The following indicators are used to determine whether the credit impairment of debt

instruments have occurred:

- (i) It becomes probable that the issuer will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation due to their financial difficulties;
- (ii) The disappearance of an active market for that financial asset because of financial difficulties;
- (iii) Default or delinquency in interest or principal repayments;
- (iv)Adverse changes in national or regional economic conditions that are expected to cause a default.
- vi. The Group used the forecast ability to adjust historical and timely information to assess the default possibility of accounts receivable, contract assets and lease payments receivable. On June 30, 2021, December 31, 2020 and June 30, 2020, the provision matrix, loss rate methodology is as follows:

At June 30, 2021	Expected loss rate	Total book value		Loss allowance	
Not past due	0.3%	\$	378,397	(\$	1,126)
Up to 30 days	1%		68,169	(683)
31 to 120 days	1%~5%		8,971	(372)
121 to 180 days	10%		149	(15)
Over 180 days	40%~100%		20,841	(18,717)
		\$	476,527	(\$	20,913)
At December 31, 2020	Expected loss rate	Tot	al book value	Lo	oss allowance
Not past due	0.3%	\$	310,970	(\$	938)
Up to 30 days	1%		18,851	(189)
31 to 120 days	1%~5%		2,906	(39)
121 to 180 days	10%		-		-
Over 180 days	40%~100%		31,775	(27,272)
		\$	364,502	(\$	28,438)
At June 30, 2020	Expected loss rate	Tot	al book value	Lo	oss allowance
Not past due	0.3%	\$	175,565	(\$	529)
Up to 30 days	1%		13,306	(134)
31 to 120 days	1%~5%		61,740	(1,338)
121 to 180 days	10%		4,674	(469)
Over 180 days	40%~100%		39,939	(34,234)
·		\$	295,224	(<u>\$</u>	36,704)

vii. Movements in relation to the Group applying the modified approach to provide loss allowance for accounts receivable, contract assets and lease payments receivable are as follows:

	2021							
	Accour	nts receivable	Notes	receivable				
At January 1	\$	28,438	\$	-				
(Reversal of) provision for impaiment loss	(7,220)		10				
Effect of foreign exchange	(305)		_				
At June 30	\$	20,913	\$	10				
		20)20					
	Accour	nts receivable	Notes	receivable				
At January 1	\$	35,362	\$	2				
Provision for (reversal of) impaiment loss		2,235	(2)				
Effect of foreign exchange	(893)		_				

(c) Liquidity risk

- i. Cash flow forecasting is performed in the operating entities of the Group and aggregated by Group treasury. Group treasury monitors rolling forecasts of the Group's liquidity requirements to ensure it has sufficient cash to meet operational needs.
- ii. Surplus cash held by the operating entities over and above balance required for working capital management are transferred to the Group treasury. Group treasury invests surplus cash in interest bearing current accounts, time deposits, Capital-guaranteed income-based wealth management products, forward foreign exchange contracts, and convertible bonds(classified as current financial assets at fair value through profit or loss), choosing instruments with appropriate maturities or sufficient liquidity to provide sufficient headroom as determined by the above-mentioned forecasts. As at June 30, 2021, December 31, 2020 and June 30, 2020, the Group held money market position of \$942,358, \$903,390 and \$384,507, respectively, and Capital-guaranteed income-based wealth management products and derivatives from convertible bonds (classified as current financial assets at fair value through profit or loss) of \$35,859, \$46,020 and \$104,775, respectively, that are expected to readily generate cash inflows for managing liquidity risk.
- iii. As at June 30, 2021, December 31, 2020 and June 30, 2020, the Group has the undrawn borrowing of \$231,597, \$197,497 and \$590,000, respectively.
- iv. The table below analyses the Group's non-derivative financial liabilities and net-settled or gross-settled derivative financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the balance sheet date to the contractual maturity date for non-derivative financial liabilities. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows.

	Less than	Between 1	Between 1 Between 2	
June 30, 2021	1 year	and 2 years	and 5 years	years
Non-derivative financial liabilities				
Short-term borrowings	\$ 19,391	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Notes payable	557	-	-	-
Accounts payable	524,328	-	-	-
Other payables				
(including related parties)	96,272	-	-	-
Lease liabilities	23,552	21,542	14,879	-
Bonds payable	-	-	499,900	-
Long-term borrowings	44,381	44,159	102,290	-
	Less than	Between 1	Between 2	Over 5
December 31, 2020	1 year	and 2 years	and 5 years	years
Non-derivative financial liabilities				
Short-term borrowings	\$ 19,697	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Notes payable	715	_	_	_
Accounts payable	330,076	_	_	_
Other payables	95,999	-	-	-
(including related parties)				
Lease liabilities	13,072	6,889	19,093	-
Bonds payable	-	-	500,000	-
Long-term borrowings	24,400	24,650	56,061	-
	Less than	Potygon 1	Between 2	Over 5
Inno 20, 2020				
June 30, 2020	1 year	and 2 years	and 5 years	years
Non-derivative financial liabilities	4.100.000	ф	Φ.	Φ.
Short-term borrowings	\$100,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Notes payable	945	-	-	-
Accounts payable	263,131	-	-	-
Other payables	90,457	-	-	-
(including related parties)	22.222	7.2 00	16044	
Lease liabilities	22,333	7,398	16,944	-
Long-term borrowings	6,596	12,848	-	-

(4) Fair value information

- A. The different levels that the inputs to valuation techniques are used to measure fair value of financial and non-financial instruments have been defined as follows:
 - Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date. A market is regarded as active where a market in which transactions for the asset or liability take place with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis. The fair value of the Group's investment in listed stocks is included in Level 1.
 - Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. The fair value of the Group's investment in convertible bonds and forward foreign exchange contracts is included in Level 2.
 - Level 3: Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability. The fair value of the Group's investment in equity investment without active market and financial assets mandatorily measured at fair value through profit or loss are included in Level 3.
- B. Fair value information of investment property at cost is provided in Note 6(10).
- C. The carrying amounts of the Group's financial instruments, including cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, other receivables, short-term borrowings, notes payable, accounts payable, other payables which not measured at fair value are approximate to their fair values.
- D. The related information of financial and non-financial instruments measured at fair value by level on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the assets and liabilities at June 30, 2021, December 31, 2020 and June 30, 2020 is as follows:
 - (a) The related information of natures of the assets and liabilities is as follows:

June 30, 2021	I	Level 1	L	evel 2	2 Level 3		Total	
Assets								
Recurring fair value measurements								
Financial assets at fair value through								
profit or loss-current								
Debt instruments	\$	-	\$	-	\$	34,472	\$	34,472
Derivative instruments		-		1,387		-		1,387
Financial assets at fair value through								
other comprehensive income-non-current								
Equity instruments		26,694				29,990		56,684
	\$	26,694	\$	1,387	\$	64,462	\$	92,543

December 31, 2020	<u>I</u>	Level 1	el 1 Level 2		Level 3		Total	
Assets								
Recurring fair value measurements								
Financial assets at fair value through								
profit or loss-current								
Debt instruments	\$	-	\$	-	\$	43,770	\$	43,770
Derivative instruments		-		2,250		-		2,250
Financial assets at fair value through								
other comprehensive income-non-current								
Equity instruments		18,636				29,990		48,626
	\$	18,636	\$	2,250	\$	73,760	\$	94,646
June 30, 2020	I	Level 1	L	evel 2	I	Level 3		Total
Assets								
Recurring fair value measurements								
Financial assets at fair value through								
profit or loss-current								
Debt instruments	\$	-	\$	-	\$	104,775	\$	104,775
Financial assets at fair value through								
other comprehensive income-non-current								
Equity instruments		18,488				29,990		48,478
	\$	18,488	\$		\$	134,765	\$	153,253

- (b) The methods and assumptions the Group used to measure fair value are as follows:
 - i. The instruments the Group used market quoted prices as their fair values (that is, Level 1) are listed below by characteristics:

	Listed shares	Open-end fund			
Market quoted price	Closing price	Net asset value			

- ii. For high-complexity financial instruments, the fair value is measured by using self-developed valuation model based on the valuation method and technique widely used within the same industry. The valuation model is normally applied to derivative financial instruments, debt instruments with embedded derivatives or securitised instruments. Certain inputs used in the valuation model are not observable at market, and the Group must make reasonable estimates based on its assumptions.
- iii. The valuation of derivative financial instruments is based on valuation model widely accepted by market participants, such as present value techniques and option pricing models. Forward exchange contracts are usually valued based on the current forward exchange rate.

- E. For the six months ended June 30 , 2021 and 2020, there was no transfer between Level 1 and Level 2.
- F. The following chart is the movement of Level 3 for the six months ended June 30, 2021 and 2020:

	2021					
	Equi	ty instrument	I	Debt instrument		
At January 1	\$	29,990	\$	43,770		
Gains recognised in profit or loss		-		299		
Acquired in the period		-		60,326		
Sold in the period		-	(68,944)		
Effect of exchange rate changes			(979)		
At June 30	\$	29,990	\$	34,472		
		20	20			
	<u>Equi</u>	ty instrument	I	Debt instrument		
At January 1	\$	29,990	\$	146,370		
Gains recognised in profit or loss		-		2,245		
Acquired in the period		-		563,690		
Sold in the period		-	(601,409)		
Effect of exchange rate changes			(6,121)		
At June 30	\$	29,990	\$	104,775		

- G. The valuation procedures for fair value measurements being categorised within Level 3, which is to verify independent fair value of external financial instruments entrusted by finance segment.
- H. The following is the qualitative information of significant unobservable inputs and sensitivity analysis of changes in significant unobservable inputs to valuation model used in Level 3 fair value measurement:

			Significant	Range				
	Fair value at	Valuation	unobservable	(weighted	Relationship of			
	June 30, 2021 technique		input average		inputs to fair value			
Non-derivative	equity instrumer	it:						
Unlisted shares	\$ 29,990	Market comparable companies	No open market saleability discount	23%~45%	The higher the discount for lack of marketability, the lower the fair value			
Non-derivative debt instrument:								
Capital- guaranteed income-based wealth management products	\$ 34,472	Discounted cash flow method	Discount rate	0%~4%	The higher the return on investment, the higher the fair value			

	Fair value at December 31, Valuation 2020 technique		Significant unobservable input	Range (weighted average)	Relationship of inputs to fair value		
Non-derivative equity instrument							
Unlisted shares		Market comparable companies	No open market saleability discount	23%~45%	The higher the discount for lack of marketability, the lower the fair value		
Non-derivative	debt instrument:						
Capital- guaranteed income-based wealth management products	\$ 43,770	Discounted cash flow method	Discount rate	0%~4%	The higher the return on investment, the higher the fair value		
products			Significant	Range			
	Fair value at	Valuation	unobservable	(weighted	Relationship of		
	June 30, 2020	technique	input	average)	inputs to fair value		
Non-derivative equity instrument:							
Unlisted shares	\$ 29,990	Market comparable companies	No open market saleability discount	23%~45%	The higher the discount for lack of marketability, the lower the fair value		
Non-derivative debt instrument:							
Capital- guaranteed income-based	\$ 104,775	Discounted cash flow	Discount rate	0%~4%	The higher the return on		

I. External financial instruments entrusted by finance segment assessed the valuation models and assumptions used to measure fair value. However, use of different valuation models or assumptions may result in different measurement. The following is the effect of profit or loss or of other comprehensive income from financial assets and liabilities categorised within Level 3 if the inputs used to valuation models have changed:

			June 30, 2021							
			Recognised in				Recognised in other			
			profit or loss			comprehensive income				
			Favourable Unfavourable		Favourable Unfavou		favourable			
	Input	Change	change		change		change		change	
Financial assets										
Equity instrument	No open market saleability discount	±1%	\$	_	\$		\$	300	(\$	300)
Debt instrument	Return on investment	±1%	\$	345	(\$	345)	\$	_	\$	_
			December 31, 2020							
			Recognised in]	Recognised in other			
			profit or loss			comprehensive income				
			Favourable Unfavourable		favourable	Favourable		Unfavourable		
	Input	Change	change		change		change		change	
Financial assets										
Equity instrument	No open market saleability discount	±1%	\$		\$		\$	300	(\$	300)
Debt instrument	Return on investment	±1%	\$	438	(\$	438)	\$	-	\$	
			June 30, 2020							
			Recognised in profit or loss		Recognised in other comprehensive income					
			Favourable		Unfavourable		Favourable		Unfavourable	
	Input	Change	change		change		change		change	
Financial assets										
Equity instrument	No open market saleability discount	±1%	\$		\$		\$	300	(<u>\$</u>	300)
Debt instrument	Return on investment	$\pm 1\%$	\$	1,048	(<u>\$</u>	1,048)	\$		\$	_

(5) Other matter

Due to Covid-19 outbreak and the various government epidemic prevention measures, the Group assessed that there was no significant impact on the operation, no doubt about the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, no assets impaired and no financing risks increased. The Group's epidemic management had complied with the measures related to the declaration of Level 3 epidemic alert issued by the Central Epidemic Command Centre and the epidemic prevention requirements under the Prevention and Control of Infectious Diseases Act.

13. SUPPLEMENTARY DISCLOSURES

(1) Significant transactions information

- A. Loans to others: Please refer to table 1.
- B. Provision of endorsements and guarantees to others: Please refer to table 2.
- C. Holding of marketable securities at the end of the period (not including subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures): Please refer to table 3.
- D. Acquisition or sale of the same security with the accumulated cost exceeding \$300 million or 20% of the Company's paid-in capital: None.
- E. Acquisition of real estate reaching \$300 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: None.

- F. Disposal of real estate reaching \$300 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: None.
- G. Purchases or sales of goods from or to related parties reaching \$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: Please refer to table 4.
- H. Receivables from related parties reaching \$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: Please refer to table 5.
- I. Trading in derivative instruments undertaken during the reporting periods: Please refer to Note 6(2).
- J. Significant inter-company transactions during the reporting periods: Please refer to table 6.

(2) <u>Information on investees</u>

Names, locations and other information of investee companies (not including investees in Mainland China): Please refer to table 7.

(3) <u>Information on investments in Mainland China</u>

- A. Basic information: Please refer to table 8.
- B. Significant transactions, either directly or indirectly through a third area, with investee companies in the Mainland Area: Please refer to table 9.

(4) Major shareholders information

Major shareholders information: Please refer to table 10.

14. SEGMENT INFORMATION

(1) General information

The Group is engaged in the manufacturing and sale of automobile electronics products and power management products from a product type perspective. On the manufacturing and sale of products, the Group divided them into two main segments which include automobile electronics business and power management business.

As the nature, production and sales mode of the 2 segments differ from each other, also the Group's management performs the financial management and assesses operating performances separately, these 2 main segments are summarised as the reportable segments in the operating segment information.

(2) <u>Information about segment profit or loss, assets and liabilities</u>

The segment information provided to the Chief Operating Decision-Maker for the reportable segments is as follows:

Three months ended June 30, 2021	elec	comobile etronics oducts		Power nagement products		Other roducts		minated by		Total
Revenue from	\$	379,875	\$	210,467	\$	140	\$	-	\$	590,482
external customers										
Inter-segment revenue		926		187,699		1,110	(189,735)		<u>-</u>
Total segment revenue	\$	380,801	\$	398,166	\$	1,250	(\$	189,735)	\$	590,482
Segment income	\$	44,255	\$	2,435	\$	717	(\$	1,089)	\$	46,318
Company general income										7,109
Company general expense									(44,912)
Interest expense									(1,841)
Profit from continuing operations before tax									\$	6,674
	Aut	comobile		Power						
		etronics		nagement		Other		minated by		
Six months ended June 30, 2021		oducts		roducts		roducts		solidation	_	Total
Revenue from external customers	\$	685,000	\$	395,622	\$	317	\$	-	\$	1,080,939
Inter-segment revenue		161,049		258,834		1,973	(421,856)		_
Total segment revenue	\$	846,049	\$	654,456	\$	2,290	(\$	421,486)	\$	1,080,939
Segment income	\$	74,209	\$	4,327	\$	1,574	\$	730	\$	80,840
Company general income	Ψ	7 1,209	Ψ	1,327	Ψ	1,371	Ψ	730	Ψ	22,796
Company general expense									(82,812)
Interest expense									(3,546)
Profit from continuing operations before tax									` <u> </u>	17,278
cratical control contr	Aut	omobile		Power					_	
	elec	etronics	ma	nagement		Other	Eli	minated by		
Three months ended June 30, 2020	pr	oducts	p	roducts	pı	roducts	con	solidation		Total
Revenue from	\$	154,270	\$	115,642	\$	-	\$	-	\$	269,912
external customers Inter-segment revenue		79,501		61,481		1,023	(142,005)		_
Total segment revenue	\$	233,771	\$	177,123	\$	1,023	(\$	142,005)	\$	269,912
Segment income (loss)	\$	4,428	(\$	14,914)	\$	1,382	\$	3,417	(\$	5,687)
Company general income										9,733
Company general expense									(39,919)
Interest expense									(558)
Loss from continuing										
operations before tax									(<u>\$</u>	36,431)

	A	utomobile		Power						
	el	ectronics	ma	anagement		Other	El	iminated by		
Six months ended June 30, 2020	1	products		products	p	roducts	co	nsolidation		Total
Revenue from external customers	\$	332,505	\$	210,784	\$	11,194	\$	-	\$	554,483
Inter-segment revenue		161,455		90,681		1,998	(254,134)		
Total segment revenue	\$	493,960	\$	301,465	\$	13,192	(<u>\$</u>	254,134)	\$	554,483
Segment income	\$	11,152	(\$	30,866)	\$	3,274	\$	2,342	(\$	14,098)
Company general income										15,698
Company general expense									(78,311)
Interest expense									(1,149)
Loss from continuing operations before tax									(<u>\$</u>	77,860)

(3) Reconciliation for segment income (loss)

- A. Sales between segments are carried out at arm's length. The revenue from external customers reported to the Chief Operating Decision-Maker is measured in a manner consistent with that in the statement of comprehensive income.
- B. Details of the adjusted consolidated total profit (loss) and reconciliation for (loss) profit before tax of reportable segment for the current period are provided in Note 14(2).

Loans to others

Six months ended June 30, 2021

Table 1

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

					Maximum												
					outstanding					Amount of		Allowance			Limit on loans	Ceiling on	
			General	Is a	balance during the					transactions	Reason	for			granted to	total loans	
No.			ledger	related	six months ended	Balance at	Actual amount	Interest	Nature of	with the	for short-term	uncollectible	Col	llateral	a single party	granted	
(Note 1)	Creditor	Borrower	account	party	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2021	drawn down	rate	loan	borrower	financing	accounts	Item	Value	(Note 2)	(Note 2)	Footnote
0	SYSGRATION	SYSGRATION	Other	Y	\$ 71,672	\$ 70,299	9 \$ 70,299	-	Having business	\$ 429,357	-	\$ -	None	\$ -	- \$ 429,357	\$ 438,302	
	LTD.	ELECTRONICS	receivables						relationship								
		TECHNOLOGY															
		(HUIZHOU)															
		CO., LTD.															

Note 1: The numbers filled in for the loans provided by the Company or subsidiaries are as follows:

- (1) The Company is '0'.
- (2) The subsidiaries are numbered in order starting from '1'.

Note 2: In accordance with the Company's amended "Procedures for Provision of Loans" as approved by the shareholders on April 30, 2020, the ceiling on total loans granted and to individuals of the Company's were as follows:

- (1) The ceiling on total loans granted to others is 40% of the Company's net assets.
- (2) Loans granted to a single party for business transactions: Limit on loans granted to a single party for business transactions in 1 year or 12 months. The value of business transactions refers to the higher of purchase or sales.

Provision of endorsements and guarantees to others

Six months ended June 30, 2021

Table 2

Expressed in thousands of NTD

(Except as otherwise indicated)

												Ratio of						
						Maximum						accumulated						
		Party l	being			outstanding		Outstanding				endorsement/			Provision of	Provision of	Provision of	
		endorsed/g	uaranteed	_	Limit on	endorsement/	e	endorsement/				guarantee		Ceiling on	endorsements/	endorsements/	endorsements/	
			Relationship	ene	dorsements/	guarantee		guarantee			Amount of	amount to net	to	otal amount of	guarantees by	guarantees by	guarantees to	
			with the	g	guarantees	amount as of		amount at			endorsements/	asset value of	e	ndorsements/	parent	subsidiary to	the party in	
			endorser/	pro	ovided for a	June 30,		June 30,	Act	tual amount	guarantees	the endorser/		guarantees	company to	parent	Mainland	
Number	Endorser/		guarantor	si	ingle party	2021		2021	dr	rawn down	secured with	guarantor		provided	subsidiary	company	China	
(Note 1)	guarantor	Company name	(Note 2)	((Note 3)	(Note 4)		(Note 5)	((Note 6)	collateral	company		(Note 3)	(Note 7)	(Note 7)	(Note 7)	Footnote
0	SYSGRATION	SYSGRATION	1	\$	328,726	\$ 3,000	\$	3,000	\$	244	\$ -	0.27%	\$	493,090	N	N	N	
	LTD.	LTD.																
0	SYSGRATION	SYSGRATION	2		328,726	86,900		86,180		-	-	7.86%		493,090	Y	N	Y	
	LTD.	ELECTRONICS																
		TECHNOLOGY																
		(ZHENJIANG)																
		CO., LTD.																

Note 1: The numbers filled in for the loans provided by the Company or subsidiaries are as follows:

- (1) The Company is '0'.
- (2) The subsidiaries are numbered in order starting from '1'.
- Note 2: Relationship between the endorser/guarantor and the party being endorsed/guaranteed is classified into the following seven categories; fill in the number of category each case belongs to:
 - (1)Having business relationship.
 - (2) The endorser/guarantor parent company owns directly more than 50% voting shares of the endorsed/ guaranteed subsidiary.
 - (3) The endorsed/guaranteed company owns directly and indirectly more than 50% voting shares of the endorser/guarantor parent company.
 - (4) The endorser/guarantor parent company owns directly and indirectly more than 90% voting shares of the endorsed/guaranteed company.
 - (5)Mutual guarantee of the trade made by the endorsed/guaranteed company or joint contractor as required under the construction contract
 - (6)Due to joint venture, all shareholders provide endorsements/guarantees to the endorsed/guaranteed company in proportion to its ownership.
 - (7) The performance guarantees for the sale of pre-sales contracts under the Consumer Protection Law are jointly guaranteed.
- Note 3: In accordance with the Company's amended "Procedures for Provision of Loans" as approved by the shareholders' meeting on June 14, 2019, the limit on endorsements/guarantees provided for subsidiaries whose 50% of the shares are directly and indirectly held is 30% of the Company's net assets and the ceiling on total amount of endorsements/guarantees provided is 45% of the Company's latest financial statements.
- Note 4: Fill in the year-to-date maximum outstanding balance of endorsements/guarantees provided as of the reporting period.
- Note 5: Fill in the amount approved by the Board of Directors or the chairman has been authorised by the Board of Directors based on subparagraph 8, Article 12 of the Regulations Governing Loaning of Funds and Making of Endorsements/Guarantees by Public Companies.
- Note 6: Fill in the actual amount of endorsements/guarantees used by the endorsed/guaranteed company.
- Note 7: Fill in 'Y' for those cases of provision of endorsements/guarantees by listed parent company to subsidiary and provision by subsidiary to listed parent company, and provision to the party in Mainland China.

Holding of marketable securities at the end of the period (not including subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures)

June 30, 2021

Table 3

(HUIZHOU) CO., LTD.

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

		Relationship with the			As of June 3	0, 2021		
	Marketable securities	securities issuer	General		Book value			Footnote
Securities held by	(Note 1)	(Note 2)	ledger account	Number of shares	(Note 3)	Ownership	Fair value	(Note 4)
SYSGRATION LTD.	SINTRONIC TECHNOLOGY INC.	None	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current	53,399	\$ 376	0%	\$ 376	
SYSGRATION LTD.	COREMATE TECHNICAL CO., LTD.	None	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current	265,200	-	3%	-	
SYSGRATION LTD.	ARCHERS INC.	None	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current	1,000,000	-	3%	-	
SYSGRATION LTD.	NEXTRONICS ENGINEERING CORP.	None	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current	447,100	19,114	1%	19,114	
SYSGRATION LTD.	ORO TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.	None	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current	526,000	18,917	19%	18,917	
SYSGRATION LTD.	GOMORE INC.	None	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current	25,216,865	11,073	5%	11,073	
SYSGRATION LTD.	EXCELLENCE OPTOELECTRONICS INC.	None	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current	255,000	7,204	0%	7,204	
SYSGRATION ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGY	Capital-guaranteed income-based wealth management products	None	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	-	34,472	-	34,472	

Note 1: Marketable securities in the table refer to stocks, bonds, beneficiary certificates and other related derivative securities.

Note 2: Leave the column blank if the issuer of marketable securities is non-related party.

Note 3: Fill in the amount after adjusted at fair value and deducted by accumulated impairment for the marketable securities measured at fair value; fill in the acquisition cost or amortised cost deducted by accumulated impairment for the marketable securities not measured at fair value.

Note 4: The number of shares of securities and their amounts pledged as security or pledged for loans and their restrictions on use under some agreements should be stated in the footnote if the securities presented herein have such conditions.

Purchases or sales of goods from or to related parties reaching NT\$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more

Six months ended June 30, 2021

Table 4

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

Differences in transaction terms compared to third party

							compared to	o umu party				
		<u>-</u>		Transac	ction		transa	ctions	No	tes/accounts r	eceivable (payable)	
					Percentage of						Percentage of	
		Relationship with the	Purchases		total purchases						total notes/accounts	
Purchaser/seller	Counterparty	counterparty	(sales)	 Amount	(sales)	Credit term	Unit price	Credit term		Balance	receivable (payable)	Footnote
SYSGRATION LTD.	SYSGRATION ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGY (HUIZHOU)	Subsidiary	Purchases	\$ 350,515	51%	60 days	Note	Note	(\$	272,790)	57%	

Note: Based on the mutual agreement since no similar transaction can be compared with.

CO., LTD.

Receivables from related parties reaching NT\$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more

June 30, 2021

Table 5

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

							Amount collected	
		Relationship			Overdue rec	eeivables	subsequent to the	Allowance for
Creditor	Counterparty	with the counterparty	 Balance as at June 30, 2021	Turnover rate	Amount	Action taken	balance sheet date	doubtful accounts
SYSGRATION ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGY (HUIZHOU)	SYSGRATION LTD.	Subsidiary	\$ 272,790	1.53	\$ -	-	\$ -	\$ -

CO., LTD.

Significant inter-company transactions during the reporting periods

Six months ended June 30, 2021

Table 6

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

							Transaction	
Number			Relationship					Percentage of consolidated total operating
(Note 1)	Company name	Counterparty	(Note 2)	General ledger account	_	Amount	Transaction terms	revenues or total assets (Note 4)
1	SYSGRATION ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGY (HUIZHOU) CO., LTD.	SYSGRATION LTD.	2	Accounts receivable	\$	272,790	Note 6	11%
1	SYSGRATION ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGY (HUIZHOU) CO., LTD.	SYSGRATION LTD.	2	Sales of goods		350,515	Note 6	32%

Note 1: The numbers filled in for the transaction company in respect of inter-company transactions are as follows:

- (1) Parent company is '0'.
- (2) The subsidiaries are numbered in order starting from '1'.

Note 2: Relationship between transaction company and counterparty is classified into the following three categories; fill in the number of category each case belongs to (If transactions between parent company and subsidiaries or between subsidiaries refer to the same transaction, it is not required to disclose twice. For example, if the parent company has already disclosed its transaction with a subsidiary, then the subsidiary is not required to disclose the transaction; for transactions between two subsidiaries, if one of the subsidiaries has disclosed the transaction, then the other is not required to disclose the transaction.):

- (1) Parent company to subsidiary.
- (2) Subsidiary to parent company.
- (3) Subsidiary to subsidiary.

Note 3: Transaction amount that did not reach NT\$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more will not be disclosed. Additionally, the counter related parties' of the transaction will also not be disclosed.

- Note 4: Ratios of asset/liability are divided by consolidated total assets, and ratios of profit/loss accounts are divided by consolidated sales revenue.
- Note 5: For details of the loans granted and endorsement and guarantees between the Company and subsidiaries, please refer to tables 1 and 2.
- Note 6: There are no comparable transaction to non-related parties. The conditions of transactions are agreed upon by both parties.

Information on investees

Six months ended June 30, 2021

Table 7

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

Investment income(loss)

Net profit (loss)

				Initial invest	ment amount	Shares 1	neld as at June 3	0, 2021			the investee for ix months ended	recognised by the Compar for the six months ended	•
	Investee		Main business	Balance as at	Balance as at					J	une 30, 2021	June 30, 2021	
Investor	(Note 1, 2)	Location	activities	June 30, 2021	December 31, 2020	Number of shares	Ownership	В	ook value		(Note 2(2))	(Note 2(3))	Footnote
SYSGRATION LTD.	SYSGRATION TECHNOLOGY (SAMOA) LTD.	SAMOA	Investment holding of overseas companies	\$ 671,762	\$ 671,762	21,800,000	100%	\$	181,714	\$	1,186	\$ 1,186	5
SYSGRATION LTD.	SYSGRATION (SAMOA) LTD.	SAMOA	Investment holding of overseas companies	505,131	505,131	15,938,000	100%		170,280		8,830	8,830)
SYSGRATION LTD.	SYSGRATION USA INC.	U.S.A.	Sale of electronic products	10,062	10,062	300,000	100%		3,816		99	99)

Note 1: If a public company is equipped with an overseas holding company and takes consolidated financial report according to the local law rules, it can only disclose the information of the overseas holding company about the disclosure of related overseas investee information. Note 2: If situation does not belong to Note 1, fill in the columns according to the following regulations:

⁽¹⁾The columns of 'Investee', 'Location', 'Main business activities', Initial investment amount' and 'Shares held as at June 30, 2021' should fill orderly in the Company's (public company's) information on investees and every directly or indirectly controlled investee's investment information, and note the relationship between the Company (public company) and its investee each (ex. direct subsidiary) in the 'footnote' column.

⁽²⁾The 'Net profit (loss) of the investee for the six months ended June 30, 2021' column should fill in amount of net profit (loss) of the investee for this period.

⁽³⁾The 'Investment income (loss) recognised by the Company for the six months ended June 30, 2021' column should fill in the Company (public company) recognised investment income (loss) of its direct subsidiary and recognised investment income (loss) of its direct subsidiary and recognised investment income (loss) of its direct subsidiary and recognised investment income (loss) of its direct subsidiary and recognised investment income (loss) of its direct subsidiary and recognised investment income (loss) of its direct subsidiary and recognised investment income (loss) of its direct subsidiary and recognised investment income (loss) of its direct subsidiary and recognised investment income (loss) of its direct subsidiary and recognised investment income (loss) of its direct subsidiary and recognised investment income (loss) of its direct subsidiary and recognised investment income (loss) of its direct subsidiary and recognised investment income (loss) of its direct subsidiary and recognised investment income (loss) of its direct subsidiary and recognised investment income (loss) of its direct subsidiary and recognised investment income (loss) of its direct subsidiary and recognised investment income (loss) of its direct subsidiary and recognised investment income (loss) of its direct subsidiary and recognised investment income (loss) of its direct subsidiary and recognised investment income (loss) of its direct subsidiary and recognised investment income (loss) of its direct subsidiary and recognised investment income (loss) of its direct subsidiary and recognised investment income (loss) of its direct subsidiary and recognised investment income (loss) of its direct subsidiary and recognised investment income (loss) of its direct subsidiary and recognised investment income (loss) of its direct subsidiary and recognised investment income (loss) of its direct subsidiary and recognised investment income (loss) of its direct subsidiary and recognised investment income (loss) of its direct subsidiary and recognised

Information on investments in Mainland China

Six months ended June 30, 2021

Table 8

Expressed in thousands of NTD

(Except as otherwise indicated)

Investee in Mainland China	Main business activities	1	Paid-in capital (Note 5)	Investment method (Note 1)	Accumulated amount of remittance from Taiwan to Mainland China as of January 1,	Amount rer Taiwan to Ma Amount rer to Taiwan months June 30, 20 Remitted to Mainland China	ninland China/ mitted back for the six ended 21 (Note5)	,		Ownership held by the Company (direct or indirect)	Investment income (loss) recognised by the Company for the six months	investments in Mainland China	Accumulated amount of investment income remitted back to Taiwan as of June 30, 2021	
SYSGRATION ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGY (ZHENJIANG) CO., LTD.	•	\$	601,776	2	\$ 601,776	-		\$ 601,776		100%	\$ 1,186			Note 6
SYSGRATION ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGY (HUIZHOU)	Manufacturing of tire pressure monitoring system		103,082	2	103,082	-	-	103,082	8,442	100%	8,442	109,329	-	Note 7

		Investment amount		
		approved by the	Ceiling on investments	
		Investment	in Mainland China	
		Commission of the	imposed by the	
		Ministry of Economic	Investment	
	Accumulated amount of remittance from Taiwan to Mainland China	Affairs (MOEA)	Commission of	
Company name	as of June 30, 2021 (Notes 3 and 5)	(Note 5)	MOEA (Note 4)	Footnote
SYSGRATION LTD.	\$ 97,234	\$ 133,341	\$ 657,453	

Note 1: Investment methods are classified into the following three categories; fill in the number of category each case belongs to:

- (1)Directly invest in a company in Mainland China.
- (2) Through investing in an existing company in the third area, which then invested in the investee in Mainland China.
- (3)Other

CO., LTD.

Note 2: In the 'Investment income (loss) recognised by the Company for the six months ended June 30, 2021' column:

- (1)It should be indicated if the investee was still in the incorporation arrangements and had not yet any profit during this period.
- (2)Indicate the basis for investment income (loss) recognition in the number of one of the following three categories:
- A. The financial statements that are reviewed and attested by international accounting firm which has cooperative relationship with accounting firm in R.O.C.
- B. The financial statements that are reviewed and attested by R.O.C. parent company's CPA.
- C. Other
- Note 3: The Company reinvested in 'SYSGRATION ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGY (ZHENJIANG) CO., LTD..' through 'SYSGRATION TECHNOLOGY (SAMOA) LTD.' which was invested by the Company under the approval of Jing-Shen-II-Zi No.10100477000, No.10200372350, No.10300319430, No.1040023080, No.10500055360 and No.10500105990. Additionally, the Company reinvested in 'SYSGRATION ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGY (HUIZHOU) CO., LTD.' through 'SYSGRATION (SAMOA) LTD.' which was invested by the Company under the approval of Jing-Shen-II-Zi No.104000023090, No.10400163350, No.104000251280 and No.10500072680.
- Note 4: The ceiling is NT\$80 million and 60% of the net assets or consolidated net assets, whichever is higher.
- Note 5: It was translated to NTD at the exchange rate on June 30, 2021.
- Note 6: Through SYSGRATION TECHNOLOGY (SAMOA) LTD..
- Note 7: Through SYSGRATION (SAMOA) LTD..

Significant transactions, either directly or indirectly through a third area, with investee companies in the Mainland Area

Six months ended June 30, 2021

Table 9 Expressed in thousands of NTD

(Except as otherwise indicated)

								Accounts receiva	ıble		Other accounts receivab	le		Provision endorsements/g							
		Sale (purchase	e)	Pr	operty transa	action		(payable)			(payable)			or collater	rals			Financing	7		
Investee in Mainland							Bala	ance at June 30,		Bal	lance at June 30,		Bala	nce at June 30,		kimum balance during	Balar	ace at June 30,		erest for the six	
China		Amount	%	A	Amount	%		2021	%		2021	%		2021	Purpose	 30, 2021		2021	Interest rate	2021	Others
SYSGRATION ELECTRONICS	(\$	350,515)	51%	\$	-	-	(\$	272,790)	57%	\$	70,299	92%	\$	-	-	\$ 71,672	\$	70,299	-	\$ -	

TECHNOLOGY

Major shareholders information

June 30,2021

Table 10

		Share	Shares	
	Name of major shareholders	Number of shares held	Ownership	
Li, Yi-Ren		12,961,210	8.38%	