SYSGRATION LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REVIEW REPORT MARCH 31, 2022 AND 2021

For the convenience of readers and for information purpose only, the auditors' report and the accompanying financial statements have been translated into English from the original Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. In the event of any discrepancy between the English version and the original Chinese version or any differences in the interpretation of the two versions, the Chinese-language auditors' report and financial statements shall prevail.

SYSGRATION LTD.

MARCH 31, 2022 AND 2021 CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REVIEW REPORT TABLE OF CONTENTS

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REVIEW REPORT

To the Board of Directors and Shareholders of Sysgration Ltd.

Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Sysgration Ltd. and subsidiaries (the "Group") as at March 31, 2022 and 2021, and the related consolidated statements of comprehensive income, of changes in equity and of cash flows for the three-month periods then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and International Accounting Standard 34, "Interim Financial Reporting" as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on these consolidated financial statements based on our reviews.

Scope of review

We conducted our reviews in accordance with the Statement of Auditing Standards No. 65, "Review of Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity" in the Republic of China. A review of consolidated financial statements consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Conclusion

Based on our reviews, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying consolidated financial statements do not present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Group as at March 31, 2022 and 2021, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the three months then ended in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and International Accounting Standard 34, "Interim Financial Reporting" as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission.

Chih, Ping-Chiun Chiu, Chao-Hsien For and on Behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers, Taiwan May 10, 2022

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are not intended to present the financial position and results of operations and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. The standards, procedures and practices in the Republic of China governing the audit of such financial statements may differ from those generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. Accordingly, the accompanying consolidated financial statements and independent auditors' review report are not intended for use by those who are not informed about the accounting principles or auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China, and their applications in practice.

<u>SYSGRATION LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES</u> <u>CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS</u> <u>MARCH 31, 2022, DECEMBER 31, 2021 AND MARCH 31, 2021</u> (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars) (The balance sheets as of March 31, 2022 and 2021 are reviewed, not audited)

Assets	Notes	A	MOUNT	%					March 31, 2021		
ent assets				/0		AMOUNT	%		AMOUNT	%	
h and cash equivalents	6(1)	\$	648,132	24	\$	840,787	29	\$	923,334	40	
ancial assets at fair value	6(2)										
ough profit or loss - current			1,477	-		1,477	-		1,500	-	
rent financial assets at	6(1)(4) and 8										
ortised cost			100,501	4		100,501	4		-	-	
es receivable, net	6(5) and 12(2)		1,114	-		5,387	-		-	-	
counts receivable, net	6(5) and 12(2)		734,675	27		616,685	21		446,292	20	
er receivables			7,413	-		13,831	1		6,539	-	
rent income tax assets	6(30)		84	-		84	-		479	-	
entories	6(6)		475,538	17		548,488	19		158,955	7	
er current assets	6(7)		72,948	3		96,498	3		50,312	2	
Current assets			2,041,882	75		2,223,738	77		1,587,411	69	
current assets											
n-current financial assets at fair	6(3)										
e through other comprehensive											
ome			81,868	3		96,038	3		48,857	2	
n-current financial assets at	6(1)(4) and 8										
ortised cost			29,400	1		24,800	1		119,501	5	
perty, plant and equipment	6(8) and 8		421,723	15		418,033	14		418,530	18	
ht-of-use assets	6(9)		45,662	2		49,977	2		38,710	2	
estment property - net	6(10)		4,128	-		4,162	-		4,266	-	
ngible assets	6(11)		18,001	1		14,650	1		11,560	1	
erred income tax assets	6(30)		27,225	1		31,107	1		32,690	1	
er non-current assets			64,761	2		39,407	1		33,941	2	
Non-current assets			692,768	25		678,174	23		708,055	31	
al assets		\$	2,734,650	100	\$	2,901,912	100	\$	2,295,466	100	
	ancial assets at fair value ugh profit or loss - current rent financial assets at rtised cost es receivable, net ounts receivable, net ounts receivable, net er receivables rent income tax assets entories er current assets furrent assets furrent assets -current financial assets at fair e through other comprehensive me -current financial assets at rtised cost perty, plant and equipment nt-of-use assets estment property - net ngible assets er non-current assets on-current assets	ancial assets at fair value 6(2) ugh profit or loss - current rent financial assets at 6(1)(4) and 8 rtised cost es receivable, net 6(5) and 12(2) ounts receivable, net 6(5) and 12(2) ounts receivable, net 6(3) er receivables rent income tax assets 6(30) entories 6(6) er current assets aurrent assets -current financial assets at fair 6(3) e through other comprehensive me -current financial assets at fair 6(3) e through other comprehensive me -current financial assets at fair 6(3) e through other comprehensive function of the compreh	ancial assets at fair value 6(2) ugh profit or loss - current rent financial assets at 6(1)(4) and 8 rtised cost es receivable, net 6(5) and 12(2) ounts receivable, net 6(5) and 12(2) ounts receivable, net 6(30) er receivables rent income tax assets 6(30) entories 6(6) er current assets 6(7) urrent assets -current financial assets at fair 6(3) e through other comprehensive me -current financial assets at fair 6(3) e through other comprehensive rent -current financial assets at fair 6(3) e through other comprehensive me -current financial assets at fair 6(8) and 8 rtised cost perty, plant and equipment 6(8) and 8 rtised cost furtiof-use assets 6(9) estment property - net 6(10) ngible assets 6(11) er non-current assets 6 (30)	ancial assets at fair value $6(2)$ ugh profit or loss - current $1,477$ rent financial assets at $6(1)(4)$ and 8rtised cost $100,501$ es receivable, net $6(5)$ and $12(2)$ ounts receivable, net $6(5)$ and $12(2)$ ounts receivables $7,413$ rent income tax assets $6(30)$ ent orices $6(6)$ $475,538$ er current assets $6(7)$ $72,948$ urrent assets $6(7)$ $2,041,882$ urrent assets $6(3)$ e through other comprehensiveme $81,868$ -current financial assets at fair $6(3)$ e through other comprehensiveme $81,868$ -current financial assets at $6(1)(4)$ and 8rtised cost $29,400$ oerty, plant and equipment $6(8)$ and 8 $421,723$ nt-of-use assets $6(9)$ $45,662$ estment property - 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<u>SYSGRATION LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES</u> <u>CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS</u> <u>MARCH 31, 2022, DECEMBER 31, 2021 AND MARCH 31, 2021</u> (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars) (The balance sheets as of March 31, 2022 and 2021 are reviewed, not audited)

		N-4		<u>March 31, 202</u> AMOUNT	2 %	December 31, 2 AMOUNT	<u>021</u> %		March 31, 202	1 %
	Liabilities and Equity Current liabilities	Notes		AMOUNT	70	AMOUNT	-70	A		70
2100	Short-term borrowings	6(12) and 8	\$	-	_	\$ 8,688	-	\$	49,548	2
2130	Current contract liabilities	6(23)	Ψ	21,225	1	¢ 0,000 21,198	1	Ψ	2,195	-
2150	Notes payable	0(23)		1,416	-	986	-		948	-
2170	Accounts payable			508,789	19	773,660	27		421,489	18
2200	Other payables	6(15)(32)		110,798	4	140,457	5		79,181	4
2220	Other payables - related parties	7		-	_	-	-		3,107	-
2230	Current income tax liabilities	6(30)		-	_	-	_		880	-
2250	Current provisions	6(18)		8,932	_	7,179	_		2,907	-
2280	Current lease liabilities			25,224	1	24,749	1		12,755	1
2320	Long-term liabilities, current	6(13)(14)		20,221	¹	_ ,, , , , ,			12,100	Î
	portion			543,403	20	533,211	18		24,463	1
2399	Other current liabilities, others			33,010	1	21,883	1		21,727	1
21XX	Current liabilities			1,252,797	46	1,532,011	53		619,200	27
	Non-current liabilities					<u> </u>				
2530	Bonds payable	6(13) and 8		-	-	-	-		488,673	22
2540	Long-term borrowings	6(14) and 8		162,500	6	137,881	4		74,456	3
2580	Non-current lease liabilities			20,954	1	25,702	1		26,241	1
2600	Other non-current liabilities			198	-	198	-		-	-
25XX	Non-current liabilities			183,652	7	163,781	5		589,370	26
2XXX	Total liabilities			1,436,449	53	1,695,792	58		1,208,570	53
	Equity attributable to owners of			<u> </u>		. <u></u>			<u> </u>	
	the parent									
	Share capital	6(19)								
3110	Ordinary shares			1,555,490	57	1,545,534	53		1,540,805	67
3140	Advance receipts for share capital			390	-	9,956	1		4,729	-
	Capital surplus	6(20)								
3200	Capital surplus			163,903	6	160,349	6		143,038	6
	Retained earnings	6(21)								
3320	Special reserve			35,953	1	35,953	1		35,953	2
3350	Accumulated deficit		(378,719)(14)	(454,770)	(16)	(540,400)(24)
	Other equity interest	6(22)								
3400	Other equity interest		(78,816)(3)	(<u>90,902</u>)	(<u>3</u>)	(97,229)(4)
31XX	Equity attributable to owners									
	of the parent			1,298,201	47	1,206,120	42		1,086,896	47
3XXX	Total equity			1,298,201	47	1,206,120	42		1,086,896	47
	Significant contingent liabilities and	9								
	unrecognised contract commitmentss									
	Significant events after the balance	11								
	sheet date									
3X2X	Total liabilities and equity		\$	2,734,650	100	\$ 2,901,912	100	\$	2,295,466	100
										_

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

SYSGRATION LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES <u>CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME</u> <u>THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2022 AND 2021</u> (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except earnings per share amount) (REVIEWED, NOT AUDITED)

			Three months ended March 31										
			2022			2021							
	Items	Notes		AMOUNT	%	AMOUNT	%						
4000	Operating revenue	6(23)	\$	759,414	100 \$	490,457	100						
5000	Operating costs	6(6)(16)(17)(28)											
		(29) and 7	(586,716)(77) (402,973) (82)						
5900	Gross profit from operations			172,698	23	87,484	18						
	Operating expenses	6(16)(17)(28)											
		(29)											
6100	Selling expenses		(18,953)(3)(15,087)(3)						
6200	Administrative expenses		(43,587)(6)(39,645)(8)						
6300	Research and development												
	expenses		(41,371)(5)(37,875) (8)						
6450	Impairment gain and reversal of	12(2)											
	impairment loss determined in												
	accordance with IFRS 9		(2,136)		5,876	1						
6000	Total operating expenses		(106,047)(14) (86,731)(18)						
6900	Operating profit			66,651	9	753	_						
	Non-operating income and												
	expenses												
7100	Interest income	6(4)(24)		251	-	355	-						
7010	Other income	6(10)(25)		942	-	9,456	2						
7020	Other gains and losses	6(2)(26)		7,632	1	1,745	-						
7050	Finance costs	6(9)(12)(13)(14)											
		(27)	(1,799)	- (1,705)	-						
7000	Total non-operating income												
	and expenses			7,026	1	9,851	2						
7900	Profit before income tax			73,677	10	10,604	2						
7950	Income tax expense	6(30)	(213)	- (887)	-						
8200	Profit for the period		\$	73,464	10 \$	9,717	2						
8200	r ront for the period		Ф	73,404	10 \$	9,717							

(Continued)

SYSGRATION LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES <u>CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME</u> <u>THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2022 AND 2021</u> (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except earnings per share amount) (REVIEWED, NOT AUDITED)

			Three months ended March 31									
				2022			2021					
	Items	Notes		AMOUNT	%		AMOUNT	%				
	Other comprehensive income Components of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or	6(3)(22)(30)										
8316	loss Unrealised gains (losses) from investments in equity instruments measured at fair value through other											
8349	comprehensive income Income tax related to components of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or		(\$	670)	-	\$	231	-				
8310	loss Total other comprehensive			134	<u> </u>	(<u>46</u>)	<u> </u>				
	 (loss) income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss, net of tax Components of other comprehensive income that will 	6(22)(30)	(536)			185					
8361	be reclassified to profit or loss Exchange differences on translation			19,011	3	(1,861)	-				
8399 8360	Income tax related to components of other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to profit or loss Total other comprehensive income (loss) that will be reclassified to profit or loss, net		(3,802)(<u>1</u>)		372					
	of tax			15,209	2	(1,489)	-				
8300	Other comprehensive income (loss) for the period, net of tax		\$	14,673	2	(<u></u>	1,304)	_				
8500	Total comprehensive income for the period		\$	88,137	12	\$	8,413	2				
8610 8620	Profit, attributable to: Owners of the parent Non-controlling interest		\$	73,464	10	\$	9,717	2				
	Comprehensive income attributable		\$	73,464	10	\$	9,717	2				
8710 8720	to: Owners of the parent Non-controlling interest		\$	88,137	12	\$	8,413	2				
0720	Tion controlling interest		\$	88,137	12	\$	8,413	2				
9750	Basic earnings per share Basic earnings per share	6(31)	<u>\$</u>		0.48	<u>\$</u>		0.06				
9850	Diluted earnings per share Diluted earnings per share	6(31)	\$		0.44	\$		0.06				

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

SYSGRATION LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES <u>CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY</u> <u>THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2022 AND 2021</u> (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except as otherwise indicated) (REVIEWED, NOT AUDITED)

		Equity attributable to owners of the parent														
		Share	capital	1	Car	oital surplus		Retained	l earni	ngs	Other equity interest					
Notes		Ordinary shares	Advance receipts for linary shares share capital		Total capital surplus, additional paid-in capital		Accumulated Special reserve deficit			di tr for	Exchange fferences on anslation of eign financial statements	Total Unrealised gains (losses) from financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income		Total equity		
2021																
Balance at January 1, 2021		\$ 1,524,847	\$	15,958	\$	135,896	\$	35,953	(\$	550,117)	(\$	61,025)	(\$	34,900)	\$	1,066,612
Income for the period		-	1		<u>,</u>			-	<u>, </u>	9,717	<u>,</u>		\ <u>+</u>	-	<u>,</u>	9,717
Other comprehensive income (loss)	6(22)									,						,
for the period				-		-		-		-	(1,489)		185	(1,304)
Total comprehensive income (loss)				-		-		-		9,717	(1,489)		185		8,413
Convertible bonds		-		29		68		-		-		-		-		97
Share-based compensation cost	6(17)(20)	-		-		2,590		-		-		-		-		2,590
Exercise of employee stock options	6(19)	15,958	(11,258)		4,484		-		-		-	<u> </u>	-		9,184
Balance at March 31, 2021		\$ 1,540,805	\$	4,729	\$	143,038	\$	35,953	(\$	540,400)	(\$	62,514)	(\$	34,715)	\$	1,086,896
2022																
Balance at January 1, 2022		<u>\$ 1,545,534</u>	\$	9,956	\$	160,349	\$	35,953	(<u></u>		(<u></u>	64,048)	(<u></u>	26,854)	\$	1,206,120
Income for the period		-		-		-		-		73,464		-		-		73,464
Other comprehensive (loss) income for the period	6(22)											15,209	(536)		14,673
Total comprehensive income (loss)						<u> </u>				73,464		15,209	(536)		88,137
Share-based compensation cost	6(17)(20)					3,554				73,404		15,209	(3,554
Exercise of employee stock options	6(19)(20)	9,956	(9,566)		5,554		_						_		390
Disposal of fair value through other	6(3)	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	(,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		-		-		-		-		-		570
comprehensive income	0(3)	-		-		-		-		2,587		-	(2,587)		-
Balance at March 31, 2022		\$ 1,555,490	\$	390	\$	163,903	\$	35,953	(\$	378,719)	(\$	48,839)	(\$	29,977)	\$	1,298,201

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

SYSGRATION LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2022 AND 2021 (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars) (REVIEWED, NOT AUDITED)

			Three months ended March 31					
	Notes		2022		2021			
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES								
Profit before tax		\$	73,677	\$	10,604			
Adjustments			,	·	,			
Adjustments to reconcile profit (loss)								
Net loss on financial assets or liabilities at fair	6(26)							
value through profit or loss			-		507			
Expected credit impairment loss (gain)	12(2)		2,136	(5,876)			
Depreciation	6(8)(9)(10)(28)		21,685		19,948			
Amortisation	6(11)(28)		3,049		2,294			
Gain on disposal of property, plant and	6(26)							
equipment		(2)		-			
Interest expense	6(9)(12)(13)(14)							
	(27)		1,799		1,705			
Interest income	6(24)	(251)	(355)			
Share-based payments	6(17)(20)(29)		3,554		2,590			
Changes in operating assets and liabilities								
Changes in operating assets								
Financial assets at fair value through profit or								
loss			-		43,761			
Notes receivable			4,273		-			
Accounts receivable		(120,126)	(104,209)			
Other receivables			6,418	(1,564)			
Inventories			72,950	(16,226)			
Other current assets			23,550		4,341			
Changes in operating liabilities								
Contract liabilities			27	(1,616)			
Notes payable			430		233			
Accounts payable		(264,871)		91,413			
Other payables		(28,798)	(12,040)			
Other payables - related parties			-		218			
Current provisions			1,753		1,899			
Other current liabilities			11,127	(7,931)			
Cash (outflow) inflow generated from operations		(187,620)		29,696			
Interest received			251		355			
Interest paid		(486)	(455)			
Income tax paid			-	(15)			
Net cash flows (used in) from operating					a c f at			
activities		(187,855)		29,581			

(Continued)

SYSGRATION LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2022 AND 2021 (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars) (REVIEWED, NOT AUDITED)

			Three months ended March 31						
	Notes		2022	-	2021				
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at fair									
value through other comprehensive income		\$	13,500	\$	_				
Increased in financial assets at amortised cost		(4,600)	+	-				
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	6(32)	(16,372)	(17,240)				
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and		,	, ,		, ,				
equipment			37		_				
Acquisition of intangible assets	6(11)	(6,280)	(1,182)				
(Increase) decrease in refundable deposits		(462)		14				
Increase in prepayments for business facilities		(26,167)	(17,479)				
Decrease (increase) in other non-current assets			1,275	(947)				
Net cash flows used in investing activities		(39,069)	(36,834)				
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES									
(Decrease) increase in short-term borrowings	6(33)	(8,813)		30,000				
Proceeds from long-term borrowings	6(33)		46,000		-				
Repayment of long-term borrowings	6(33)	(12,292)	(6,192)				
Exercise of employee share options	6(19)		390		9,184				
Payments of lease liabilities	6(9)(33)	(6,519)	(5,666)				
Net cash flows from financing activities			18,766		27,326				
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash									
equivalents			15,503	(956)				
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents		(192,655)		19,117				
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period		,	840,787		904,217				
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period		\$	648,132	\$	923,334				

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

<u>SYSGRATION LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES</u> <u>NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS</u> <u>THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2022 AND 2021</u>

(REVIEWED, NOT AUDITED)

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except as otherwise indicated)

1. HISTORY AND ORGANISATION

- SYSGRATION LTD. (the 'Company') was incorporated as a company limited by shares under the provisions of the Company Act of the Republic of China (R.O.C.) on October 14, 1977, and the Company's shares have been approved by Securities and Futures Commission, Ministry of Finance to be officially traded on Taipei Exchange from December 1995. The Company and its subsidiaries (the 'Group') are primarily engaged in the manufacture and sale of automobile electronics products and power management products.
- 2. <u>THE DATE OF AUTHORISATION FOR ISSUANCE OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL</u> <u>STATEMENTS AND PROCEDURES FOR AUTHORISATION</u>

These consolidated financial statements were reported to the Board of Directors on May 10, 2022. 3. <u>APPLICATION OF NEW STANDARDS, AMENDMENTS AND INTERPRETATIONS</u>

 (1) Effect of the adoption of new issuances of or amendments to International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission ("FSC") New standards, interpretations and amendments endorsed by the FSC effective from 2022 are as follows:

	Effective date by					
	International Accounting					
New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments	Standards Board					
Amendments to IFRS 3, 'Reference to the conceptual framework'	January 1, 2022					
Amendments to IAS 16, 'Property, plant and equipment: proceeds	January 1, 2022					
before intended use'						
Amendments to IAS 37, 'Onerous contracts - cost of fulfilling a contract'	' January 1, 2022					
Annual improvements to IFRS Standards 2018-2020	January 1, 2022					
The above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the Group's financial condition						

and financial performance based on the Group's assessment.

(2) Effect of new issuances of or amendments to IFRSs as endorsed by the FSC but not yet adopted by the Group

None.

(3) IFRSs issued by IASB but not yet endorsed by the FSC

New standards, interpretations and amendments issued by IASB but not yet included in the IFRSs as endorsed by the FSC are as follows:

New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments	Effective date by International Accounting Standards Board
Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28, 'Sale or contribution of assets	To be determined by
between an investor and its associate or joint venture'	International Accounting
	Standards Board
IFRS 17, 'Insurance contracts'	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IFRS 17, 'Insurance contracts'	January 1, 2023
Amendment to IFRS 17, 'Initial application of IFRS 17 and IFRS 9 – comparative information'	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IAS 1, 'Classification of liabilities as current or non-current'	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IAS 1, 'Disclosure of accounting policies'	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IAS 8, 'Definition of accounting estimates'	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IAS 12, 'Deferred tax related to assets and liabilities arising from a single transaction'	January 1, 2023

The above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the Group's financial condition and financial performance based on the Group's assessment.

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the periods presented, unless otherwise stated.

(1) Compliance statement

The consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared in accordance with the "Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers" and the International Accounting Standard 34, 'Interim financial reporting' as endorsed by the FSC.

(2) Basis of preparation

- A. Except for the following items, the consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention:
 - (a) Financial assets (including derivative instruments) at fair value through profit or loss.
 - (b) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income.
- B. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, IFRIC Interpretations, and SIC Interpretations as endorsed by the FSC (collectively referred herein as the "IFRSs") requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements are disclosed in Note 5.

(3) Basis of consolidation

- A. Basis for preparation of consolidated financial statements:
 - (a) All subsidiaries are included in the Group's consolidated financial statements. Subsidiaries are all entities (including structured entities) controlled by the Group. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. Consolidation of subsidiaries begins from the date the Group obtains control of the subsidiaries and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiaries.
 - (b) Inter-company transactions, balances and unrealised gains or losses on transactions between companies within the Group are eliminated. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been adjusted where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.
 - (c) Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the parent and to the non-controlling interests. Total comprehensive income is attributed to the owners of the parent and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the noncontrolling interests having a deficit balance.
 - (d) Changes in a parent's ownership interest in a subsidiary that do not result in the parent losing control of the subsidiary (transactions with non-controlling interests) are accounted for as equity transactions, i.e. transactions with owners in their capacity as owners. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognised directly in equity.

Name of	Name of Name of Main business		Owner		
investor	subsidiary	activities	March 31, 2022	December 31, 2021	Description
SYSGRATION LTD.	SYSGRATION USA INC.	Sale of electronic products	100	100	
SYSGRATION LTD.	SYSGRATION (SAMOA) LTD.	Investment holding of overseas	100	100	
SYSGRATION LTD.	SYSGRATION TECHNOLOGY (SAMOA) LTD.	Investment holding of overseas	100	100	
SYSGRATION TECHNOLOGY (SAMOA) LTD.	SYSGRATION ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGY (ZHENJIANG) CO., LTD.	Manufacturing and sale of energy storage productss	100	100	
SYSGRATION (SAMOA) LTD.	SYSGRATION ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGY (HUIZHOU) CO., LTD.	Manufacturing and sale of electronic products	100	100	

B. Subsidiaries included in the consolidated financial statements:

Name of	Name of	Main business	Ownership(%)	
investor	subsidiary	activities	March 31, 2021	Description
SYSGRATION LTD.	SYSGRATION USA INC.	Sale of electronic products	100	
SYSGRATION LTD.	SYSGRATION (SAMOA) LTD.	Investment holding of overseas	100	
SYSGRATION LTD.	SYSGRATION TECHNOLOGY (SAMOA) LTD.	Investment holding of overseas	100	
SYSGRATION TECHNOLOGY (SAMOA) LTD.	SYSGRATION ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGY (ZHENJIANG) CO., LTD.	Manufacturing and sale of energy storage productss	100	
SYSGRATION (SAMOA) LTD.	SYSGRATION ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGY (HUIZHOU) CO., LTD.	Manufacturing and sale of electronic products	100	

C. Subsidiaries not included in the consolidated financial statements: None.

D. Adjustments for subsidiaries with different balance sheet dates: None.

E. Significant restrictions: None.

F. Subsidiaries that have non-controlling interest that are material to the Group: None.

(4) Foreign currency translation

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the "functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in New Taiwan dollars, which is the Company's functional and the Group's presentation currency.

A. Foreign currency transactions and balances

- (a) Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions or valuation where items are remeasured. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.
- (b) Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the period end are retranslated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date. Exchange differences arising upon re-translation at the balance sheet date are recognised in profit or loss.
- (c) Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies held at fair value through other comprehensive income are re-translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date; their translation differences are recognised in other comprehensive income.
- (d) All foreign exchange gains and losses based on the nature of those transactions are presented in the statement of comprehensive income within 'other gains and losses'.

B. Translation of foreign operations

The operating results and financial position of all the group entities and associates that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:

- (a) Assets and liabilities for each balance sheet presented are translated at the closing exchange rate at the date of that balance sheet;
- (b) Income and expenses for each statement of comprehensive income are translated at average exchange rates of that period; and
- (c) All resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income.
- (5) Classification of current and non-current items
 - A. Assets that meet one of the following criteria are classified as current assets; otherwise they are classified as non-current assets:
 - (a) Assets arising from operating activities that are expected to be realised, or are intended to be sold or consumed within the normal operating cycle;
 - (b) Assets held mainly for trading purposes;
 - (c) Assets that are expected to be realised within twelve months from the balance sheet date;
 - (d) Cash and cash equivalents, excluding restricted cash and cash equivalents and those that are to be exchanged or used to settle liabilities more than twelve months after the balance sheet date.
 - B. Liabilities that meet one of the following criteria are classified as current liabilities; otherwise they are classified as non-current liabilities:
 - (a) Liabilities that are expected to be settled within the normal operating cycle;
 - (b) Liabilities arising mainly from trading activities;
 - (c) Liabilities that are to be settled within twelve months from the balance sheet date;
 - (d) Liabilities for which the repayment date cannot be extended unconditionally to more than twelve months after the balance sheet date. Terms of a liability that could, at the option of the counterparty, result in its settlement by the issue of equity instruments do not affect its classification.
- (6) Cash equivalents

Cash equivalents refer to short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. Time deposits that meet the definition above and are held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments in operations are classified as cash equivalents.

- (7) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss
 - A. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are financial assets that are not measured at amortised cost or fair value through other comprehensive income.
 - B. On a regular way purchase or sale basis, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are recognised and derecognised using trade date accounting.
 - C. At initial recognition, the Group measures the financial assets at fair value and recognises the

transaction costs in profit or loss. The Group subsequently measures the financial assets at fair value, and recognises the gain or loss in profit or loss.

- D. The Group recognises the dividend income when the right to receive payment is established, future economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the Group and the amount of the dividend can be measured reliably.
- (8) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income
 - A. Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income comprise equity securities which are not held for trading, and for which the Group has made an irrevocable election at initial recognition to recognise changes in fair value in other comprehensive income.
 - B. On a regular way purchase or sale basis, financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are recognised and derecognised using trade date accounting.
 - C. At initial recognition, the Group measures the financial assets at fair value plus transaction costs. The Group subsequently measures the financial assets at fair value:

The changes in fair value of equity investments that were recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to retained earnings and are not reclassified to profit or loss following the derecognition of the investment. Dividends are recognised as revenue when the right to receive payment is established, future economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the Group and the amount of the dividend can be measured reliably.

(9) Financial assets at amortised cost

- A. Financial assets at amortised cost are those that meet all of the following criteria:
 - (a) The objective of the Group's business model is achieved by collecting contractual cash flows.
 - (b) The assets' contractual cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest.
- B. On a regular way purchase or sale basis, financial assets at amortised cost are recognised and derecognised using trade date accounting.
- C. At initial recognition, the Group measures the financial assets at fair value plus transaction costs. Interest income from these financial assets is included in finance income using the effective interest method. A gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised or impaired.
- D. The Group's time deposits which do not fall under cash equivalents are those with a short maturity period and are measured at initial investment amount as the effect of discounting is immaterial.
- (10) Accounts and notes receivable
 - A. Accounts and notes receivable entitle the Group a legal right to receive consideration in exchange for transferred goods or rendered services.
 - B. The short-term accounts and notes receivable without bearing interest are subsequently measured at initial invoice amount as the effect of discounting is immaterial.
- (11) Impairment of financial assets

For debt instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income and financial assets at amortised cost, at each reporting date, the Group recognises the impairment provision for

12 months expected credit losses if there has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition or recognises the impairment provision for the lifetime expected credit losses (ECLs) if such credit risk has increased since initial recognition after taking into consideration all reasonable and verifiable information that includes forecasts. On the other hand, for accounts receivable or contract assets that do not contain a significant financing component, the Group recognises the impairment provision for lifetime ECLs.

(12) Derecognition of financial assets

The Group derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to receive the cash flows from the financial asset expire.

(13) Leasing arrangements (lessor) - operating leases

Lease income from an operating lease (net of any incentives given to the lessee) is recognised in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

(14) Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined using the weighted-average method. The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises raw materials, direct labour, other direct costs and related production overheads (allocated based on normal operating capacity). The item by item approach is used in applying the lower of cost and net realisable value. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated cost of completion and applicable value selling expenses.

- (15) Property, plant and equipment
 - A. Property, plant and equipment are initially recorded at cost.
 - B. Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to profit or loss during the financial period in which they are incurred.
 - C. Land is not depreciated. Other property, plant and equipment apply cost model and are depreciated using the straight-line method to allocate their cost over their estimated useful lives. Each part of an item of property, plant, and equipment with a cost that is significant in relation to the total cost of the item must be depreciated separately.
 - D. The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each financial year-end. If expectations for the assets' residual values and useful lives differ from previous estimates or the patterns of consumption of the assets' future economic benefits embodied in the assets have changed significantly, any change is accounted for as a change in estimate under IAS 8, 'Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors', from the date of the change. The estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment are as follows:

Buildings and structures	2~55	years
Machinery	$2 \sim 20$	years
Maintenance equipment and tools	$2 \sim 5$	years
Office equipment	2~30	years
Transportation equipment	4~5	years
Leasehold improvements	3~5	years or lease period (whichever is shorter)
Others	2~3	years

- (16) Leasing arrangements (lessee) right-of-use assets/ lease liabilities
 - A. Leases are recognised as a right-of-use asset and a corresponding lease liability at the date at which the leased asset is available for use by the Group. For short-term leases or leases of low-value assets, lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.
 - B. Lease liabilities include the net present value of the remaining lease payments at the commencement date, discounted using the incremental borrowing interest rate.

Lease payments are comprised of the following:

- (a) Fixed payments, less any lease incentives receivable;
- (b) Payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the lessee exercising that option.

The Group subsequently measures the lease liability at amortised cost using the interest method and recognises interest expense over the lease term. The lease liability is remeasured and the amount of remeasurement is recognised as an adjustment to the right-of-use asset when there are changes in the lease term or lease payments and such changes do not arise from contract modifications.

- C. At the commencement date, the right-of-use asset is stated at cost comprising the following:
 - (a) The amount of the initial measurement of lease liability;
 - (b) Any lease payments made at or before the commencement date;
 - (c) Any initial direct costs incurred by the lessee; and
 - (d) An estimate of costs to be incurred by the lessee in dismantling and removing the underlying asset, restoring the site on which it is located or restoring the underlying asset to the condition required by the terms and conditions of the lease.

The right-of-use asset is measured subsequently using the cost model and is depreciated from the commencement date to the earlier of the end of the asset's useful life or the end of the lease term. When the lease liability is remeasured, the amount of remeasurement is recognised as an adjustment to the right-of-use asset.

D. For lease modifications that decrease the scope of the lease, the lessee shall decrease the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset to reflect the partial or full termination of the lease, and recognise the difference between remeasured lease liability in profit or loss.

(17) Investment property

An investment property is stated initially at its cost and measured subsequently using the cost model. Except for land, investment property is depreciated on a straight-line basis over its estimated useful life of 50 years.

(18) Intangible assets

Intangible assets, mainly computer software and patent rights, are amortised on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives of $1 \sim 10$ years.

(19) Impairment of non-financial assets

The Group assesses at each balance sheet date the recoverable amounts of those assets where there is an indication that they are impaired. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell or value in use. When the circumstances or reasons for recognising impairment loss for an asset in prior years no longer exist or diminish the impairment loss is reversed. The increased carrying amount due to reversal should not be more than what the depreciated or amortised historical cost would have been if the impairment had not been recognised.

(20) Borrowings

Borrowings comprise long-term and short-term bank borrowings. Borrowings are recognised initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently stated at amortised cost; any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognised in profit or loss over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.

(21) Notes and accounts payable

- A. Accounts payable are liabilities for purchases of raw materials, goods or services and notes payable are those resulting from operating and non-operating activities.
- B. The short-term notes and accounts payable without bearing interest are subsequently measured at initial invoice amount as the effect of discounting is immaterial.

(22) Convertible bonds payable

Convertible bonds issued by the Group contain conversion options (that is, the bondholders have the right to convert the bonds into the Group's common shares by exchanging a fixed amount of cash for a fixed number of common shares), call options and put options. The Group classifies the bonds payable upon issuance as a financial asset, a financial liability or an equity instrument in accordance with the contract terms. They are accounted for as follows:

- A. The embedded call options and put options are recognised initially at net fair value as 'financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss'. They are subsequently remeasured and stated at fair value on each balance sheet date; the gain or loss is recognised as 'gain or loss on valuation of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss'.
- B. The host contracts of bonds are initially recognised at fair value. Any difference between the

initial recognition and the redemption value is accounted for as the premium or discount on bonds payable and subsequently is amortised in profit or loss as an adjustment to 'finance costs' over the period of circulation using the effective interest method.

- C. The embedded conversion options which meet the definition of an equity instrument are initially recognised in 'capital surplus—share options' at the residual amount of total issue price less the amount of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss and bonds payable or as stated above. Conversion options are not subsequently remeasured.
- D. Any transaction costs directly attributable to the issuance are allocated to each liability or equity component in proportion to the initial carrying amount of each abovementioned item.
- E. When bondholders exercise conversion options, the liability component of the bonds (including bonds payable and 'financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss') shall be remeasured on the conversion date. The issuance cost of converted common shares is the total book value of the abovementioned liability component and 'capital surplus—share options'.
- (23) Derecognition of financial liabilities

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation specified in the contract is either discharged or cancelled or expires.

(24) Non-hedging and embedded derivatives

Non-hedging derivatives are initially recognised at fair value on the date a derivative contract is entered into and recorded as financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss. They are subsequently remeasured at fair value and the gains or losses are recognised in profit or loss.

(25) Provisions

Provisions (including warranties) are recognised when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, and it is probable that an outflow of economic resources will be required to settle the obligation and the amount of the obligation can be reliably estimated. Provisions are measured at the present value of the expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation on the balance sheet date, which is discounted using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects the current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the obligation. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to passage of time is recognised as interest expense. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses.

- (26) Employee benefits
 - A. Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits are measured at the undiscounted amount of the benefits expected to be paid in respect of service rendered by employees in a period and should be recognised as expense in that period when the employees render service.

B. Pensions

Defined contribution plans

For defined contribution plans, the contributions are recognised as pension expense when they are due on an accrual basis. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent of a cash refund or a reduction in the future payments.

(27) Employee share-based payment

For the equity-settled share-based payment arrangements, the employee services received are measured at the fair value of the equity instruments granted at the grant date and are recognised as compensation cost over the vesting period, with a corresponding adjustment to equity. The fair value of the equity instruments granted shall reflect the impact of market vesting conditions and non-vesting conditions. Compensation cost is subject to adjustment based on the service conditions that are expected to be satisfied and the estimates of the number of equity instruments that are expected to vest under the non-market vesting conditions at each balance sheet date. Ultimately, the amount of compensation cost recognised is based on the number of equity instruments that eventually vest.

(28) Income tax

- A. The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or items recognised directly in equity, in which cases the tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or equity.
- B. The current income tax expense is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date in the countries where the Company and its subsidiaries operate and generate taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in accordance with applicable tax regulations. It establishes provisions where appropriate based on the amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities. An additional tax is levied on the unappropriated retained earnings and is recorded as income tax expense in the year the stockholders resolve to retain the earnings.
- C. Deferred tax is recognised, using the balance sheet liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated balance sheet. However, the deferred tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of goodwill or of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss. Deferred tax is provided on temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries, except where the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference is controlled by the Group and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date and are expected to apply when the related deferred tax asset is realised or the deferred tax liability is settled.
- D. Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised. At each balance sheet date, unrecognised and recognised deferred tax assets are reassessed.

- E. The interim period income tax expense is recognised based on the estimated average annual effective income tax rate expected for the full financial year applied to the pretax income of the interim period, and the related information is disclosed accordingly.
- F. If a change in tax rate is enacted or substantively enacted in an interim period, the Group recognises the effect of the change immediately in the interim period in which the change occurs. The effect of the change on items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised in other comprehensive income or equity while the effect of the change on items recognised in profit or loss is recognised in profit or loss.

(29) Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or stock options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

(30) <u>Revenue recognition</u>

Sales of goods

- A. The Group manufactures and sells automobile electronics products and power management products. Sales are recognised when control of the products has transferred, being when the products are delivered to the customer, the customer has full discretion over the channel and price to sell the products, and there is no unfulfilled obligation that could affect the customer's acceptance of the products. Delivery occurs when the products have been shipped to the specific location, the risks of obsolescence and loss have been transferred to the customer, and either the customer has accepted the products in accordance with the sales contract, or the Group has objective evidence that all criteria for acceptance have been satisfied.
- B. A receivable is recognised when the goods are delivered as this is the point in time that the consideration is unconditional because only the passage of time is required before the payment is due.
- (31) Government grants

Government grants are recognised at their fair value only when there is reasonable assurance that the Group will comply with any conditions attached to the grants and the grants will be received. Government grants are recognised in profit or loss on a systematic basis over the periods in which the Group recognises expenses for the related costs for which the grants are intended to compensate.

(32) Operating segments

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision-maker. The Group's chief operating decision-maker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as the Board of Directors that makes strategic decisions.

5. <u>CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS, ESTIMATES AND KEY SOURCES OF</u> ASSUMPTION UNCERTAINTY

The preparation of these consolidated financial statements requires management to make critical judgements in applying the Group's accounting policies and make critical assumptions and estimates

concerning future events. Assumptions and estimates may differ from the actual results and are continually evaluated and adjusted based on historical experience and other factors. Such assumptions and estimates have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year; and the related information is addressed below:

(1) Critical judgements in applying the Group's accounting policies

None.

(2) Critical accounting estimates and assumptions

Evaluation of inventories

As inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value, the Group must determine the net realisable value of inventories on balance sheet date using judgements and estimates. Due to the rapid technology innovation, the Group evaluates the amounts of normal inventory consumption, obsolete inventories or inventories without market selling value on balance sheet date, and writes down the cost of inventories to the net realisable value. Such an evaluation of inventories is principally based on the demand for the products within the specified period in the future. Therefore, there might be material changes to the evaluation.

6. DETAILS OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTS

(1) Cash and cash equivalents

	March 31, 2022		December 31, 2021		Mar	rch 31, 2021
Cash on hand	\$	1,029	\$	721	\$	806
Checking accounts and demand						
deposits		417,103		790,066		711,993
Time deposits		230,000		50,000		210,535
	\$	648,132	\$	840,787	\$	923,334

A. The Group transacts with a variety of financial institutions all with high credit quality to disperse credit risk, so it expects that the probability of counterparty default is remote.

- B. As of March 31, 2022, December 31, 2021 and March 31, 2021, cash and cash equivalents amounting to \$129,901, \$125,301 and \$119,501, respectively, were pledged to others as collateral on short-term and long-term borrowings and were classified as financial assets at amortised cost.
- (2) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

	March 31	1, 2022	December	31, 2021	March 31	, 2021
Current items:						
Financial assets mandatorily						
measured at fair value						
through profit or loss						
Derivatives	\$	1,477	\$	1,477	\$	1,500

A. Amounts recognised in profit or loss in relation to financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are listed below:

	Three months ended		Three months ende	
	March 3	31, 2022	March	n 31, 2021
Financial assets mandatorily measured at fair				
value through profit or loss				
Debt instruments	\$	-	\$	243
Derivatives		-	()	750)
	\$	_	(<u>\$</u>	507)

B. The Group had no financial assets at fair value through profit or loss pledged to others as collateral.

- C. Information relating to credit risk of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss is provided in Note 12(3).
- (3) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

Items	Marc	March 31, 2022 I		December 31, 2021		ch 31, 2021
Non-current items:						
Equity instruments						
Listed stocks	\$	21,514	\$	21,514	\$	14,160
Unlisted stocks		99,673		113,173		83,173
		121,187		134,687		97,333
Valuation adjustment	(39,319)	(38,649)	()	48,476)
	\$	81,868	\$	96,038	\$	48,857

A. The Group has elected to classify equity investments that are considered to be strategic investments as financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income. The fair value of such investments amounted to \$81,868, \$96,038 and \$48,857 as at March 31, 2022, December 31, 2021 and March 31, 2021, respectively.

- B. For the three months ended March 31, 2022, the Company has disposed stock of the investee company. Realised gain has been transferred to retained earnings from other equity.
- C. Amounts recognised in profit or loss and other comprehensive income in relation to the financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are listed below:

	nonths ended h 31, 2022		ee months ended Iarch 31, 2021
Equity instruments at fair value through other	 ,		,
<u>comprehensive</u>			
Fair value change recognised in other			
comprehensive income	\$ 670	(\$	231)
Cumulative gains reclassified to retained earnings			
due to derecognition	\$ 2,587	\$	-

D. As at March 31, 2022, December 31, 2021 and March 31, 2021, without taking into account any collateral held or other credit enhancements, the maximum exposure to credit risk in respect of the amount that best represents the financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income held by the Group were \$81,868, \$96,038 and \$48,857, respectively.

- E. The Group had no financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income pledged to others as collateral.
- F. Information relating to credit risk of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income is provided in Note 12(3).
- (4) Financial assets at amortised cost

Items	March	31, 2022	Decen	nber 31, 2021	March 3	31, 2021
Current items: pledged time deposits	<u>\$</u>	100,501	\$	100,501	\$	
Non-current items: pledged time deposits	\$	29,400	<u>\$</u>	24,800	\$	119,501

A. Amounts recognised in profit or loss in relation to financial assets at amortised cost are listed below:

	Three months ended		Three months en	ended	
	March 31, 2022		March 31, 2021		
Interest income	\$	154	\$	75	

B. As at March 31, 2022, December 31, 2021 and March 31, 2021, without taking into account any collateral held or other credit enhancements, the maximum exposure to credit risk in respect of the amount that best represents the financial assets at amortised cost held by the Group were \$129,901, \$125,301 and \$119,501, respectively.

C. Details of the Group's financial assets at amortised cost pledged to others as collateral are provided in Note 8.

(5) Notes and accounts receivable

	Mar	ch 31, 2022	Decen	nber 31, 2021	Mar	ch 31, 2021
Notes receivable	\$	1,125	\$	5,418	\$	-
Less: Allowance for uncollectible						
accounts	(11)	(31)		-
	\$	1,114	\$	5,387	\$	_
Accounts receivable	\$	760,444	\$	641,197	\$	468,711
Less: Allowance for uncollectible						
accounts	(25,769)	()	24,512)	(22,419)
	\$	734,675	\$	616,685	\$	446,292

A. The ageing analysis of accounts receivable and notes receivable that were past due but not impaired is as follows:

	 March	31, 2	2022	 December 31, 2021			
	Accounts receivable		Notes receivable	 Accounts receivable		Notes receivable	
Not past due	\$ 585,608	\$	1,114	\$ 457,624	\$	5,387	
Up to 30 days	110,952		-	70,257		-	
31 to 120 days	32,093		-	79,509		-	
121 to 180 days	2,467		-	3,125		-	
Over 180 days	 <u>3,555</u>			 6,170			
	\$ 734,675	\$	1,114	\$ 616,685	\$	5,387	
				 March	31, 2	2021	
				Accounts		Notes	
				 receivable		receivable	
Not past due				\$ 345,281	\$	-	
Up to 30 days				88,848		-	
31 to 120 days				10,056		-	
121 to 180 days				-		-	
Over 180 days				 2,107		<u> </u>	
				\$ 446,292	\$	_	

The above ageing analysis was based on past due date.

- B. As of March 31, 2022, December 31, 2021 and March 31, 2021, accounts receivable and notes receivable were all from contracts with customers. And as of January 1, 2021, the balance of receivables from contracts with customers amounted to \$336,064.
- C. As at March 31, 2022, December 31, 2021 and March 31, 2021, without taking into account any collateral held or other credit enhancements, the maximum exposure to credit risk in respect of the amount that best represents the Group's notes receivable were \$1,114, \$5,387 and \$0, respectively; the maximum exposure to credit risk in respect of the amount that best represents the Group's accounts receivable were \$734,675, \$616,685 and \$446,292, respectively.
- D. Information relating to credit risk of accounts receivable and notes receivable is provided in Note 12(3).

(6) <u>Inventories</u>

				larch 31, 2022					
	Allowance for								
		Cost		valuation loss	<u> </u>	Book value			
Raw materials	\$	347,286	(\$	13,165)	\$	334,121			
Work in progress		44,129		-		44,129			
Finished goods		101,256	(3,968)		97,288			
	\$	492,671	(\$	17,133)	\$	475,538			
			Dec	ember 31, 2021					
			I	Allowance for					
		Cost	V	valuation loss		Book value			
Raw materials	\$	412,819	(\$	14,881)	\$	397,938			
Work in progress		44,531		-		44,531			
Finished goods		107,385	(1,366)		106,019			
	\$	564,735	(<u></u>	16,247)	\$	548,488			
			Μ	larch 31, 2021					
			I	Allowance for					
		Cost	V	valuation loss		Book value			
Raw materials	\$	119,638	(\$	19,654)	\$	99,984			
Work in progress		18,648		-		18,648			
Finished goods		41,696	(3,281)		38,415			
Inventory in transit		1,908		_		1,908			
	\$	181,890	(\$	22,935)	\$	158,955			

The cost of inventories recognised as expense for the period:

	Three	Three	months ended	
	Mare	Mar	rch 31, 2021	
Cost of goods sold	\$	586,013	\$	401,457
Loss on decline in market value		703		1,516
	\$	586,716	\$	402,973

The Group had no inventories pledged to others as collateral.

(7) Other current assets

	March 31, 2022		Decem	ber 31, 2021	March 31, 2021		
Tax credit	\$	23,621	\$	44,625	\$	35,956	
Advance payment		41,211		41,041		6,975	
Other prepayments		5,139		8,159		6,314	
Others		2,977		2,673		1,067	
	\$	72,948	\$	96,498	\$	50,312	

(8) Property, plant and equipment

	2022	
	Buildings Maintenance	
	and equipment Office Transportation Leasehold	
	Land structures Machinery and tools equipment equipment improvements Others Total	
At January 1		
Cost	\$ 18,807 \$ 307,249 \$ 327,779 \$ 25,421 \$ 100,641 \$ 11,944 \$ 20,944 \$ 18,249 \$ 831,034	
Accumulated depreciation	- (129,295) (157,950) (20,010) (69,379) (4,758) (18,838) (12,771) (413,001)	
and impairment	$\frac{12,771}{12,771} (-12,771) (-13,750) (-20,010) (-00,377) (-14,750) (-16,050) (-12,771) (-413,001)}{12,771} (-413,001)$	
	ϕ 10,007 ϕ 177,507 ϕ 10,025 ϕ 5,111 ϕ 51,262 ϕ 7,100 ϕ 2,100 ϕ 5,170 ϕ 110,055	
Opening net book amount		
as at January 1	\$ 18,807 \$ 177,954 \$ 169,829 \$ 5,411 \$ 31,262 \$ 7,186 \$ 2,106 \$ 5,478 \$ 418,033	
Additions	5,002 1,042 5,222 2,232 - 921 14,419	
Disposals Depreciation charge	(35) - (1,616) (8,441) (806) (2,807) (500) (316) (791) (15,277)	
Net exchange differences	- $ -$	
Closing net book amount		
as at March 31	<u>\$ 18,807</u> <u>\$ 176,338</u> <u>\$ 169,746</u> <u>\$ 5,788</u> <u>\$ 34,581</u> <u>\$ 8,995</u> <u>\$ 1,860</u> <u>\$ 5,608</u> <u>\$ 421,723</u>	
At March 31		
Cost	\$ 18,807 \$ 307,249 \$ 338,696 \$ 27,125 \$ 108,271 \$ 14,397 \$ 21,430 \$ 19,164 \$ 855,139	
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	- (130,911) (168,950) (21,337) (73,690) (5,402) (19,570) (13,556) (433,416)	i.
and mpairman	\$ 18,807 \$ 176,338 \$ 169,746 \$ 5,788 \$ 34,581 \$ 8,995 \$ 1,860 \$ 5,608 \$ 421,723	

	2021																	
			F	Buildings			Ma	aintenance										
				and			eq	luipment	(Office	Tran	sportation	Le	easehold				
		Land	S	tructures	N	/lachinery	a	nd tools	eq	uipment	eq	uipment	imp	rovements		Others	Т	otal
At January 1																		
Cost	\$	18,807	\$	307,249	\$	304,486	\$	25,350	\$	84,735	\$	7,874	\$	20,507	\$	14,748 \$	7	83,756
Accumulated depreciation																		
and impairment		-	(122,659)	(127,253)	(17,587)	(66,035)	(4,733)	(17,286)	(9,739) (3	65,292)
	\$	18,807	\$	184,590	\$	177,233	\$	7,763	\$	18,700	\$	3,141	\$	3,221	\$	5,009 \$	4	18,464
Opening net book amount																		
as at January 1	\$	18,807	\$	184,590	\$,	\$	7,763	\$	18,700	\$	3,141	\$	3,221	\$	5,009 \$		18,464
Additions		-	,	-	,	5,758	,	188	,	2,684	,	6,034	,	-	,	687		15,351
Depreciation charge		-	(1,674)	(7,484)	(1,139)		2,297)		326)		668)	(768) (14,356)
Net exchange differences				-	(748)	(40)	(112)	(<u> </u>	(18)		(929)
Closing net book amount	\$	18,807	\$	182,916	\$	174,759	\$	6,772	\$	18,975	\$	8,838	\$	2,535	\$	4,928 \$	1	18,530
as at March 31	Ψ	10,007	Ψ	102,710	Ψ	174,757	Ψ	0,772	Ψ	10,775	Ψ	0,050	Ψ	2,335	Ψ	-,720 φ		10,550
At March 31																		
Cost	\$	18,807	\$	307,249	\$	309,067	\$	25,402	\$	86,723	\$	13,869	\$	20,085	\$	15,435 \$	7	96,637
Accumulated depreciation	φ	10,007	φ	307,249	φ	309,007	φ	23,402	φ	80,723	φ	13,809	φ	20,085	φ	15,455 \$	/	90,037
and impairment		-	(124,333)	(134,308)	(18,630)	(67,748)	(5,031)	(17,550)	(10,507) (3	78,107)
rr	\$	18,807	\$	182,916	\$	174,759	\$	6,772	\$	18,975	\$	8,838	\$	2,535	\$	4,928 \$		18,530
				,		,	<u> </u>	· ·		,		,		,	_			,

A. The significant components of buildings and structures include main plants and structure improvements, which are depreciated over 55 and 2~45 years, respectively.

B. Information about the property, plant and equipment that were pledged to others as collaterals is provided in Note 8.

C. The Group's property, plant and equipment were for self-use.

(9) <u>Leasing arrangements – lessee</u>

- A. The Group leases various assets including buildings and transportation equipment. Rental contracts are typically made for periods of 2 to 5 years. Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain a wide range of different terms and conditions. The lease agreements do not impose covenants, but leased assets may not be used as security for borrowing purposes and sublet without agreement.
- B. Short-term leases with a lease term of 12 months or less comprise offices. On March 31, 2022, December 31, 2021 and March 31, 2021, payments of lease commitments for short-term leases amounted to \$2,318, \$5,557 and \$1,986, respectively.
- C. The carrying amount of right-of-use assets and the depreciation charge are as follows:

	Marc	h 31, 2022	Decem	ber 31, 2021	Marc	h 31, 2021
	Carry	ing amount	Carry	ing amount	Carry	ing amount
Buildings	\$	39,397	\$	44,330	\$	31,217
Transportation equipment		6,265		5,647		7,493
	\$	45,662	\$	49,977	\$	38,710
				nonths ended h 31, 2022		nonths ended h 31, 2021
			Deprec	iation charge	Deprec	iation charge
Buildings			\$	5,741	\$	4,943
Transportation						
equipment				633		615
			\$	6,374	\$	5,558

- D. For the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021, the additions to right-of-use assets were \$1,249 and \$5,657, respectively.
- E. The information on profit and loss accounts relating to lease contracts is as follows:

			Three months ended March 31, 2021		
	Marc	h 31, 2022			
Items affecting profit or loss					
Interest expense on lease liabilities	\$	177	\$	140	
Expense on short-term lease contracts		2,318		1,994	
	\$	2,495	\$	2,134	

F. For the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021, the Group's total cash outflow for leases were \$6,519 and \$5,666, respectively.

(10) Investment property

		022 Idings			2021 ildings
At January 1			At January 1		
Cost Accumulated	\$	7,000	Cost Accumulated	\$	7,000
depreciation	(2,838)	depreciation	(2,700)
-	\$	4,162	-	\$	4,300
Opening net book amount as at January 1	\$	4,162	Opening net book amount as at January 1	\$	4,300
Depreciation charge	(34)	Depreciation charge	(34)
Closing net book amount as at			Closing net book amount as at		
March 31	\$	4,128	March 31	\$	4,266
At March 31			At March 31		
Cost	\$	7,000	Cost	\$	7,000
Accumulated depreciation and			Accumulated depreciation and		
impairment	(2,872)	impairment	(2,734)
-	\$	4,128	-	\$	4,266

A. Rental income from investment property and direct operating expenses arising from investment property are shown below:

	Three months ended	Three months ended
	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Rental income from investment property	\$ 72	\$ 72
Direct operating expenses arising from the investment property that generated rental income during the period	<u>\$ 34</u>	<u>\$ 34</u>

- B. The fair value of the investment property held by the Group as at March 31, 2022, December 31, 2021 and March 31, 2021 were all \$7,000, which was based on the trading prices of similar prices in the neighboring areas.
- C. The Group had no investment property pledged to others as collateral.

(11) Intangible assets

		2022	
	Patent right	Software	Total
A4 January 1			
At January 1 Cost	\$ 17,894	\$ 44,188	\$ 62,082
Accumulated amortisation and impairment	(17,659		. ,
	\$ 235	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	\$ 14,650
Opening net book amount as at January 1	\$ 235	\$ 14,415	\$ 14,650
Additions – acquired separately	-	6,280	6,280
Amortisation charge	(12	2) (3,037)	(3,049)
Net exchange differences	8	112	120
Closing net book amount as at March 31	\$ 231	\$ 17,770	\$ 18,001
At March 31			
Cost	\$ 17,912	\$ 50,812	\$ 68,724
Accumulated amortisation and impairment	(17,681) (33,042)	(50,723)
	\$ 231	<u>\$ 17,770</u>	\$ 18,001
		2021	
	Patent right	Software	Total
At January 1	Patent right	Software	Total
At January 1 Cost	Patent right \$ 17,897		Total \$ 49,278
•		\$ 31,381	\$ 49,278
Cost	\$ 17,897	\$ 31,381 (<u>23,153</u>)	\$ 49,278
Cost	\$ 17,897 (13,427	\$ 31,381 (<u>23,153</u>) <u>\$ 8,228</u>	\$ 49,278 (<u>36,580</u>)
Cost Accumulated amortisation and impairment Opening net book amount as at January 1 Additions—acquired separately		$\begin{array}{c} & & & 31,381 \\ \hline & & & 23,153 \\ \hline & & & 8,228 \\ \hline & & & 8,228 \\ \hline & & & 1,182 \end{array}$	\$ 49,278 (<u>36,580</u>) <u>\$ 12,698</u> \$ 12,698 1,182
Cost Accumulated amortisation and impairment Opening net book amount as at January 1 Additions – acquired separately Amortisation charge	$ \begin{array}{c} & 17,897 \\ (13,427 \\ & 4,470 \\ & 4,470 \\ & 4,470 \\ & (1,058 \\ \end{array} $	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$ \begin{array}{c} \$ & 49,278 \\ (36,580) \\ \$ & 12,698 \\ \$ & 12,698 \\ 1,182 \\ (2,294) \end{array} $
Cost Accumulated amortisation and impairment Opening net book amount as at January 1 Additions – acquired separately Amortisation charge Net exchange differences	$ \begin{array}{c} \$ 17,897 \\ $	$\begin{array}{c} & \$ & 31,381 \\ \hline) & (& 23,153 \\ \hline) & \$ & 8,228 \\ \hline) & \$ & 8,228 \\ \hline & & 1,182 \\ \hline) & (& 1,236 \\ \hline) & (& 24 \\ \end{array}$	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Cost Accumulated amortisation and impairment Opening net book amount as at January 1 Additions – acquired separately Amortisation charge	$ \begin{array}{c} & 17,897 \\ (13,427 \\ & 4,470 \\ & 4,470 \\ & 4,470 \\ & (1,058 \\ \end{array} $	$\begin{array}{c} & \$ & 31,381 \\ \hline) & (& 23,153 \\ \hline) & \$ & 8,228 \\ \hline) & \$ & 8,228 \\ \hline & & 1,182 \\ \hline) & (& 1,236 \\ \hline) & (& 24 \\ \end{array}$	$ \begin{array}{c} \$ & 49,278 \\ (36,580) \\ \$ & 12,698 \\ \$ & 12,698 \\ 1,182 \\ (2,294) \end{array} $
Cost Accumulated amortisation and impairment Opening net book amount as at January 1 Additions – acquired separately Amortisation charge Net exchange differences Closing net book amount as at March 31 At March 31	$ \begin{array}{c} & 17,897 \\ (13,427 \\ & 4,470 \\ & 4,470 \\ & 4,470 \\ & (1,058 \\ (2 \\ & 3,410 \\ \end{array} $	$\begin{array}{c} & \$ & 31,381 \\ \hline) & (& 23,153 \\ \hline) & \$ & 8,228 \\ \hline) & \$ & 8,228 \\ \hline & & 1,182 \\ \hline) & (& 1,236 \\ \hline) & (& 24 \\ \hline) & \$ & 8,150 \\ \end{array}$	$ \begin{array}{c} \$ & 49,278 \\ (36,580) \\ \$ & 12,698 \\ \$ & 12,698 \\ 1,182 \\ (2,294) \\ (26) \\ \$ & 11,560 \\ \end{array} $
Cost Accumulated amortisation and impairment Opening net book amount as at January 1 Additions – acquired separately Amortisation charge Net exchange differences Closing net book amount as at March 31 At March 31 Cost	$ \begin{array}{c} \$ & 17,897 \\ (& 13,427 \\ \$ & 4,470 \\ \$ & 4,470 \\ \$ & 4,470 \\ (& 1,058 \\ (& 2 \\ \$ & 3,410 \\ \$ & 17,894 \\ \end{array} $	$\begin{array}{c} & \$ & 31,381 \\ \hline) & (& 23,153 \\ \hline) & \$ & 8,228 \\ \hline) & \$ & 8,228 \\ \hline & & 1,182 \\ \hline) & (& 1,236 \\ \hline) & (& 24 \\ \hline) & \$ & 8,150 \\ \hline \\ & \$ & 32,496 \end{array}$	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Cost Accumulated amortisation and impairment Opening net book amount as at January 1 Additions – acquired separately Amortisation charge Net exchange differences Closing net book amount as at March 31 At March 31	$ \begin{array}{c} & 17,897 \\ (13,427 \\ & 4,470 \\ & 4,470 \\ & 4,470 \\ & (1,058 \\ (2 \\ & 3,410 \\ \end{array} $	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$ \begin{array}{c} \$ & 49,278 \\ (36,580) \\ \$ & 12,698 \\ \$ & 12,698 \\ 1,182 \\ (2,294) \\ (26) \\ \$ & 11,560 \\ \end{array} $

Details of amortisation on intangible assets are as follows:

		hree months of March 31, 20		Three months ended March 31, 2021		
Operating costs	\$		434	\$	488	
Selling expenses			285		53	
Administrative expenses			1,006		1,371	
Research and development expenses			1,324		382	
	\$		3,049	\$	2,294	
(12) Short-term borrowings						
Type of borrowings	Marc	h 31, 2022	Interes	t rate range	Collateral	
Bank unsecured borrowings	\$	-		-	-	
Type of borrowings	Decem	ber 31, 2021	Interes	t rate range	Collateral	
Bank unsecured borrowings	\$	8,688	3	.85%	None	
Type of borrowings	Marc	h 31, 2021	Interes	t rate range	Collateral	
Bank unsecured borrowings	\$	19,548	3	.75%	None	
Bank secured borrowings		30,000	1	.35%	Note	
	\$	49,548				

Note: Details of assets pledged as collateral for short-term borrowings are provided in Note 8.

A. Aforementioned borrowings were from short-term financing contracts which the Company entered into with financial institutions. Each contract has different restrictions on the Company's capital maintenance and the purpose of capital in the borrowing period.

B. Interest expense recognised in profit or loss amounted to \$91 and \$188 for the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

(13) Bonds payable

	Ma	rch 31, 2022	Dee	cember 31, 2021		March 31, 2021
Bonds payable	\$	492,200	\$	492,200	\$	499,900
Less: Discount on bonds payable	e (6,660)	(7,763)	(11,227)
		485,540		484,437		488,673
Less: Current portion or						
exercise of put options	(485,540)	(484,437)		
	\$	-	\$		\$	488,673

- A. The issuance of domestic convertible bonds by the Company:
 - (a) The terms of the fourth domestic secured convertible bonds issued by the Company are as follows:
 - i. The Company issued \$500,000, 0% of coupon rate, fourth domestic secured convertible bonds, as approved by the regulatory authority. The bonds mature 3 years from the issue date (October 20, 2020 ~ October 20, 2023) and will be redeemed in cash at face value at the maturity date. The bonds were listed on the Taipei Exchange on October 20, 2020.

- ii. The bondholders have the right to ask for conversion of the bonds into common shares of the Company during the period from the date after 3 month (January 21, 2021) of the bonds issue to the maturity date(October 20, 2023), except for the stop transfer period as specified in the terms of the bonds or the laws/regulations. The rights and obligations of the new shares converted from the bonds are the same as the issued and outstanding common shares.
- iii. The conversion price of the bonds is set up based on the pricing model in the terms of the bonds and is subject to adjustments if the condition of the anti-dilution provisions occurs subsequently. The conversion price will be reset based on the pricing model in the terms of the bonds on each effective date regulated by the terms. If the reset conversion price is higher than the conversion price before the reset, the conversion price will not be adjusted; however, the conversion price of the convertible bonds was NT\$35 (in dollars) per share.
- iv. The bondholders have the right to require the Company to redeem any bonds at the price of the bonds' face value plus 0.5006% of the face value as interests upon two years from the issue date.
- v. The Company may repurchase all the bonds outstanding in cash at the bonds' face value at any time after the following events occur: (i) the closing price of the Company common shares is above the then conversion price by 30% for 30 consecutive trading days during the period from the date after three month of the bonds issue (January 21, 2021) to 40 days before the maturity date (September 11, 2023), or (ii) the outstanding balance of the bonds is less than 10% of total initial issue amount during the period from the date after three months of the bonds issue (January 21, 2021) to 40 days before the maturity date (September 11, 2023), or (ii) the outstanding balance of the bonds is less than 10% of total initial issue amount during the period from the date after three months of the bonds issue (January 21, 2021) to 40 days before the maturity date (September 11, 2023).
- vi. Under the terms of the bonds, all bonds redeemed (including bonds repurchased from the Taipei Exchange), matured and converted are retired and not to be re-issued; all rights and obligations attached to the bonds are also extinguished.
- (b) As of March 31, 2022, the bonds totaling NTD\$7,800 (face value) had been converted into 2,857 common shares and 219,998 common shares. On May 11, 2021 and January 18, 2022, the Board of Directors resolved to set the effective date were May 11, 2021 and January 18, 2022, and the registration of changes had been completed.
- B. Regarding the issuance of convertible bonds, the non-equity conversion options, call options, put options and conversion price resetting options embedded in bonds payable were separated from their host contracts which was classified as 'capital surplus—share options' amount to \$11,131 and were recognised in 'financial assets or liabilities at fair value through profit or loss' in net amount in accordance with IFRS 9 because the economic characteristics and risks of the embedded derivatives were not closely related to those of the host contracts. The effective interest rates of the bonds payable after such separation was 0.9112%.

(14) Long-term borrowings

Type of	Borrowing period	Interest		
borrowings	and repayment term	rate range	Collateral	March 31, 2022
Unsecured	Borrowing period is from May 20, 2020 to			
borrowings	May 20, 2023; interest is repayable monthly.	1.145%	None	\$ 7,778
Unsecured	Borrowing period is from December 1, 2020			
borrowings	to November 15, 2025; interest is repayable	1 0 0		
Unangering	monthly.	1.00%	None	44,000
Unsecured Borrowing	Borrowing period is from December 1, 2020 to November 15, 2025; interest is repayable			
Dollowing	monthly.	0.91%	None	22,373
Secured	Borrowing period is from April 15, 2021 to			,
borrowings	April 15, 2026; interest is repayable monthly.			
		1.25%	Note	54,635
Unsecured	Borrowing period is from May 17, 2021 to			
borrowings	May 17, 2026; interest is repayable monthly.	1.095%	None	28,333
Secured	Borrowing period is from December 29, 2021			
borrowings	to April 15, 2026; interest is repayable			
	monthly.	1.25%	Note	17,244
Unsecured	Borrowing period is from March 30, 2022 to			
borrowings	March 30, 2027; interest is repayable monthly.	1.195%	None	46,000
	monuny.	1.19570	None	
Less: Current	nortion			220,363 (57,863)
Less. Current	Portion			\$ 162,500
				φ 102,300

Type of	Borrowing period	Interest		
borrowings	and repayment term	rate range	Collateral	December 31, 2021
Unsecured borrowings	Borrowing period is from May 20, 2020 to May 20, 2023; interest is repayable monthly.	1.145%	None	\$ 9,444
Unsecured borrowings	Borrowing period is from December 1, 2020 to November 15, 2025; interest is repayable			
Unsecured	monthly. Borrowing period is from December 1, 2020	1.00%	None	47,000
Borrowing Secured	to November 15, 2025; interest is repayable monthly. Borrowing period is from April 15, 2021 to	0.91%	None	23,898
borrowings	April 15, 2026; interest is repayable monthly.	1.25%	Note	57,980
Unsecured borrowings	Borrowing period is from May 17, 2021 to May 17, 2026; interest is repayable monthly.	1.095%	None	30,033
Secured borrowings	Borrowing period is from December 29, 2021 to April 15, 2026; interest is repayable	1107070	Tione	20,022
	monthly.	1.25%	Note	18,300
Less: Current	portion			186,655 (48,774)
Less. Current	portion			\$ 137,881
Type of	Borrowing period	Interest		φ 157,001
borrowings	and repayment term	rate range	Collateral	March 31, 2021
Unsecured	Borrowing period is from May 20, 2020 to	C	·	<u>,</u>
borrowings	May 20, 2023; interest is repayable monthly.	1.145%	None	\$ 14,444
Unsecured	Borrowing period is from December 1, 2020			
borrowings	to November 15, 2025; interest is repayable monthly.	1.00%	None	56,000
Unsecured	Borrowing period is from December 1, 2020			
borrowings	to November 15, 2025; interest is repayable monthly.	0.91%	None	28,475
				98,919
Less: Current	portion			(24,463)
				\$ 74,456

- Note: Information about the assets that were pledged to long-term borrowings as collaterals is provided in Note 8.
- A. For the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021, interest expense recognised in profit or loss amounted to \$428 and \$267, respectively.
- B. Aforementioned borrowings from financial institutions are guaranteed by related parties as joint guarantor, please refer to Note 7 for details.

(15) Other payables

	Marc	ch 31, 2022	Decen	nber 31, 2021	Mar	ch 31, 2021
Wages and salaries payable	\$	63,845	\$	76,068	\$	42,755
Payables for machinery and equipment		4,215		6,168		3,094
Others		42,738		58,221		33,332
	\$	110,798	\$	140,457	\$	79,181

(16) Pensions

- A. Effective July 1, 2005, the Company and its domestic subsidiaries have established a defined contribution pension plan (the "New Plan") under the Labor Pension Act (the "Act"), covering all regular employees with R.O.C. nationality. Under the New Plan, the Company and its domestic subsidiaries contribute monthly an amount based on 6% of the employees' monthly salaries and wages to the employees' individual pension accounts at the Bureau of Labor Insurance. The benefits accrued are paid monthly or in lump sum upon termination of employment.
- B. The second-tier subsidiaries, SYSGRATION ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGY (ZHENJIANG) CO., LTD. and SYSGRATION ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGY (HUIZHOU) CO., LTD. have defined contribution pension plans under local regulations.
- C. The pension costs under defined contribution pension plans of the Group for the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021 were \$4,373 and \$4,430, respectively.

(17) Share-based payment

A. On November 12, 2019, December 27, 2016 and November 11, 2015, the Board of Directors of the Company resolved to issue employees' options of 5,000 units (every unit can purchase 1,000 shares of the Company's common share, the total number of common shares which can be purchased was 5,000,000 shares with the exercise price of \$33.80 (in dollars)), 4,500 units (every unit can purchase 1,000 shares of the Company's common share, the total number of common shares which can be purchased was 4,500,000 shares with the exercise price of \$10.00 (in dollars)) and 5,000 units (every unit can purchase 1,000 shares of the Company's common share, the total number of common shares which can be purchased was 5,000,000 shares with exercise price of \$21.80 (in dollars)), respectively, except for the 4,731 units were issued out of 5,000 units on August 20, 2020, others were issued 4,500 units and 5,000 units on October 15, 2018 and January 12, 2016, respectively. The exercise price under the aforementioned stock-based employee compensation plan is at least the closing price of the Company's common stock at the grant date. There will be adjustment to the exercise price in accordance with specific formula if there is any change in the Company's ordinary shares or distribution of cash dividend after the issuance of stock options. The life of the options is 5 years. After 2 years from the date of grant, employees may exercise the options in accordance with certain schedules as prescribed in the option plan.

B. For the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021, the Group's share-based payment arrangements were as follows:

		Quantity	Contract	
Type of arrangement	Grant date	granted	period	Vesting conditions
Employee stock options	2016.01.12	5,000	5 years	2 ~ 4 years' service
Employee stock options	2018.10.15	4,500	5 years	2 ~ 4 years' service
Employee stock options	2020.08.20	4,731	5 years	2 ~ 4 years' service

C. Details of the share-based payment arrangements are as follows:

(a). Employees' options which were issued in 2020

	Three m	nonths ended	Three months ended			
	Marcl	h 31, 2022	Marc	h 31, 2021		
	No. of	Weighted-average	No. of	Weighted-average		
	options	exercise price	options	exercise price		
	(in thousands)	(in dollars)	(in thousands)	(in dollars)		
Options outstanding						
at January 1	3,493	\$ 33.80	4,469	\$ 33.80		
Options granted	-	-	-	-		
Options exercised	-	-	-	-		
Options forfeited						
(Note)	(145)	-	(657)	-		
Options outstanding at the end of the period	3,348	\$ 33.80	3,812	\$ 33.80		
Options exercisable at the end of the period				-		

Note: Due to employees' retirement or termination.

(b). Employees' options which were issued in 2018

	Three m	nonths ended	Three months ended			
	Marc	h 31, 2022	Marc	March 31, 2021		
	No. of	Weighted-average	No. of	Weighted-average		
	options	exercise price	options	exercise price		
	(in thousands)	(in dollars)	(in thousands)	(in dollars)		
Options outstanding						
at January 1	1,182	\$ 10.00	2,184	\$ 10.00		
Options granted	-	-	-	-		
Options exercised Options forfeited	(39)	10.00	(90)	10.00		
(Note)	(27)	-	(69)	-		
Options outstanding at the end of the period Options exercisable at	1,116	\$ 10.00	2,025	\$ 10.00		
the end of the period	257	-	168	-		

Note: Due to employees' retirement or termination.

(c). Employees' options which were issued in 2016

		nonths ended h 31, 2022	Three months ended March 31, 2021			
	No. of	Weighted-average	No. of	Weighted-average		
	options	exercise price	options	exercise price		
	(in thousands)	(in dollars)	(in thousands)	(in dollars)		
Options outstanding						
at January 1	-	\$ -	780	\$ 21.80		
Options granted	-	-	-	-		
Options exercised Options forfeited	-	-	(380)	21.80		
(Note)		-	(400)	-		
Options outstanding at the end of the period		\$ -		\$ -		
Options exercisable at the end of the period		-		-		

Note: Due to employees' retirement or termination.

D. The expiry date and exercise price of stock options outstanding at balance sheet date are as follows:

	March 3	1, 2022	December	31, 2021
	No. of shares	Exercise price	No. of shares	Exercise price
Expiry date	(in thousands)	(in dollars)	(in thousands)	(in dollars)
2021.01.11	-	\$ -	-	\$ -
2023.10.14	1,116	10.00	1,182	10.00
2025.08.19	3,348	33.80	3,493	33.80
			March 3	1, 2021
			No. of shares	Exercise price
Expiry date			(in thousands)	(in dollars)
2021.01.11			-	\$ -
2023.10.14			2,025	10.00
2025.08.19			3,812	33.80
	2021.01.11 2023.10.14 2025.08.19 Expiry date 2021.01.11 2023.10.14	No. of shares Expiry date (in thousands) 2021.01.11 - 2023.10.14 1,116 2025.08.19 3,348 Expiry date 2021.01.11 2023.10.14 1,116	Expiry date (in thousands) (in dollars) 2021.01.11 - \$ - 2023.10.14 1,116 10.00 2025.08.19 3,348 33.80 Expiry date 2021.01.11 2023.10.14 2021.01.11 2023.10.14 10.00<	No. of shares Exercise price No. of shares Expiry date (in thousands) (in dollars) (in thousands) 2021.01.11 - \$ - - 2023.10.14 1,116 10.00 1,182 2025.08.19 3,348 33.80 3,493 March 3 No. of shares Expiry date (in thousands) - 2021.01.11 - \$ - 2023.10.14 3,348 33.80 3,493 March 3 No. of shares - 2021.01.11 - - 2023.10.14 2,025 -

E. The fair value of stock options granted on grant date is measured using the Black-Scholes optionpricing model. Relevant information is as follows:

			Expected	Expected		Risk-free	
Type of		Exercise	price	option	Expected	interest	Fair value
arrangement	Grant date	price	volatility	life	dividends	rate	per unit
Employee	2016.01.12	\$21.80	44.16%	3.5~4.5	0%	0.56%	\$5.04
stock options			~44.51%	years		~0.66%	~5.74
Employee	2018.10.15	10.00	43.64%	3.5~4.5	0%	0.69%	1.90
stock options			~44.73%	years		~0.73%	~2.19
Employee	2020.08.20	33.80	49.75%	3.5~4.5	0%	0.28%	13.02
stock options			~53.32%	years		~0.31%	~13.74

F. Expenses incurred on share-based payment transactions are shown below:

	Three n	Three months ended			
	Marc	h 31, 2022	March 31, 2021		
Equity-settled	\$	3,554	\$	2,590	
(18) <u>Provisions</u>					
		Three months ended March 31, 2022		Three months ended March 31, 2021	
	W	Warranty		arranty	
At January 1	\$	7,179	\$	1,008	
Additional provisions		3,459		1,899	
Used during the period	(1,706)			
At March 31	\$	8,932	\$	2,907	

The Group gives warranties on automobile electronics products sold. Provision for warranty is estimated based on historical warranty data of the product. It is expected that provision will be used within the next year.

(19) Share capital

A. As of March 31, 2022, the Company's authorised capital was \$3,000,000, consisting of 300,000 thousand shares of ordinary stock (including 20,000 thousand shares reserved for employee stock options), and the paid-in capital was \$1,555,490 with a par value of \$10 (in dollars) per share. All proceeds from shares issued have been collected.

Movements in the number of the Company's ordinary shares outstanding are as follows:

	20	22 (Note)	2021 (Note)	
At January 1	\$	155,549	\$	154,081
Employee stock options exercised		39		470
Conversion of convertible bonds		-		3
At March 31	\$	155,588	\$	154,554

Note: Expressed in thousands of shares.

- B. On March 17, 2022, in order to augment the working capital and improve the financial structure, the Board of Directors resolved the private placement of common shares in cash, with a par value at \$10 per share, and the total number of shares issued shall not exceed 25,000,000 shares.
- C. As of March 31, 2022, the Company's employees' options which were issued in 2016 were applied for purchasing 380 thousand shares and were resolved by the Board of Directors to increase capital on May 11, 2021; the effective dates were set on May 11, 2021. Exercise price was \$21.8 (in dollars), the registration of changes had been completed.
- D. As of March 31, 2022, the Company's employees' options which were issued in 2018 were applied for purchasing 90 thousand shares, 776 thousand shares and 39 thousand shares and were resolved by the Board of Directors to increase capital on May 11, 2021, January 18, 2022 and May 10, 2022; the effective date was set on May 11, 2021, January 18, 2022 and May 10, 2022, respectively. All purchase price was \$10, the registration of changes on May 11, 2021 and January 18, 2022 have been completed.
- (20) Capital surplus
 - A. Pursuant to the R.O.C. Company Act, capital surplus arising from paid-in capital in excess of par value on issuance of common stocks and donations can be used to cover accumulated deficit or to issue new stocks or cash to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership, provided that the Company has no accumulated deficit. Further, the R.O.C. Securities and Exchange Act requires that the amount of capital surplus to be capitalised mentioned above should not exceed 10% of the paid-in capital each year. Capital surplus should not be used to cover accumulated deficit unless the legal reserve is insufficient.
 - B. Movements in the number of the Company's ordinary shares outstanding are as follows: (Share in thousands)

						2	2022		
								Difference between	
								consideration and	
						T	reasury	carrying	
		Share	E	Employee	Share	:	share	amount of subsidiaries	
	р	remium	sto	ck options	options	tran	sactions	acquired or disposed	Total
At January 1	\$	74,352	\$	56,488	\$ 17,162	\$	2,654	\$ 9,693	\$160,349
Employee stock options		84	(84)	-		-	-	-
Share-based compensation									
cost				3,554			-		3,554
At March 31	\$	74,436	\$	59,958	\$ 17,162	\$	2,654	\$ 9,693	\$163,903

							2	2021				
									Diff	erence bet	ween	
									con	sideration	and	
							Т	reasury		carrying		
		Share	En	nployee		Share		share	amour	nt of subsid	liaries	
	р	remium	stock	c options		options	trar	isactions	acqui	red or disp	posed	Total
At January 1	\$	60,273	\$	45,941	\$	17,335	\$	2,654	\$		9,693	\$135,896
Employee stock options		7,167	(2,683)		-		-			-	4,484
Exercise of conversion right of convertible bonds		70		-	(2)		-			-	68
Share-based compensation				• • • •								
cost		-		2,590		-		-			-	2,590
At March 31	\$	67,510	\$	45,848	\$	17,333	\$	2,654	\$		9,693	\$143,038

(21) Retained earnings

- A. Under the Company's Articles of Incorporation, the current year's earnings, if any, shall first be used to pay all taxes and offset prior year's operating losses, then 10% of the remaining amount shall be set aside as legal reserve until the legal reserve equals the total capital stock balance, and appropriate or reverse for special reserve as required by the operating needs of the Company or regulations when necessary. The remainder, if any, to be retained or to be appropriated shall be proposed by the Board of Directors and to be resolved by the stockholders at the stockholders' meeting.
- B. For the long-term business development of the Company, the needs of capital in the future and long-term business plan, the distributable earnings can be distributed no higher than 90% as shareholders' bonus every year. However, the distributable earnings may not to be distributed if the accumulated distributable earnings lower than 5% of paid-in capital. The cash dividend cannot lower than 10% of total dividends. However, when the cash dividend per share is lower than \$0.5, it can be distributed in stock dividend at full amount.
- C. The Board of Directors of the Company resolved the deficit compensation for the year of 2021 on March 17, 2022 and the shareholders' meeting resolved the deficit compensation for the year of 2020 on July 30, 2021. Details of the resolution of deficit compensation are provided in the "Market Observation Post System" at the website of the Taiwan Stock Exchange.
- D. Except for covering accumulated deficit or issuing new stocks or cash to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership, the legal reserve shall not be used for any other purpose. The use of legal reserve for the issuance of stocks or cash to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership is permitted, provided that the distribution of the reserve is limited to the portion in excess of 25% of the Company's paid-in capital.

E. In accordance with the regulations, the Company shall set aside special reserve from the debit balance on other equity items at the balance sheet date before distributing earnings. When debit balance on other equity items is reversed subsequently, the reversed amount could be included in the distributable earnings.

(22) Other equity	items and non-controllin	g interest
• • •		

			2022		
	Unre	ealised gains	Cur	rency	
	(losses) on valuation	trans	lation	Total
At January 1	(\$	26,854) (\$	5	64,048) (\$	90,902)
Revaluation – gross	(536)		- (536)
Disposal of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	(2,587)		- (2,587)
Currency translation differences				15,209	15,209
At March 31	(\$	29,977) (\$	5	48,839) (\$	78,816)
	_		2021		
	Unre	ealised gains	Cur	rency	
	(losses) on valuation	trans	lation	Total
At January 1	(\$	34,900) (\$	5	61,025) (\$	95,925)
Revaluation – gross		185		-	185
Currency translation differences		- (1,489) (1,489)
At March 31	(<u>\$</u>	34,715) (§	6	62,514) (\$	97,229)
(23) Operating revenue					
		Three months en	ded	Three mont	hs ended
		March 31, 202	2	March 31	, 2021
Revenue from contracts with customers	\$	75	9,414	\$	490,457

A. Disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers

The Group derives revenue from the transfer of goods at a point in time in the following major product lines:

	Automobile		Power				
Three months ended	Electronics		management		All other		
March 31, 2022	Products		products		segments		Total
Total segment revenue	\$ 645,789	\$	363,456	\$	180	\$	1,009,425
Inter-segment revenue	(<u>169,579</u>)	(80,252)	(180)	(250,011)
Revenue from external customer contracts	\$ 476,210	<u>\$</u>	283,204	\$	_	\$	759,414
	A / 1 11		D				
	Automobile		Power				
Three months ended	Automobile Electronics		management		All other		
Three months ended March 31, 2021					All other segments		Total
	Electronics	\$	management	\$		\$	Total 722,578
March 31, 2021	Electronics Products		management products		segments	-	

B. Contract assets and liabilities

The Group has not recognised the revenue-related contract assets as of March 31, 2022, December 31, 2021, March 31, 2021 and January 1, 2021, and the Group has recognised the following contract liabilities:

	March 3	31, 2022	Decembe	er 31, 2021	March	31, 2021	January	1, 2021
Contract liabilities – Advance sales receipts	\$	21,225	\$	21,198	\$	2,195	\$	3,811

(a) Significant changes in contract assets and liabilities: None.

(b) Revenue recognised that was included in the contract liability balance at the beginning of the period

	Three months ended March 31, 2022		Three months March 31, 2	
Revenue recognised that was included in the contract liability balance at the beginning of the period	¢ 10		¢	1 (2)
Advance sales receipts	\$ 19	9,790	\$	1,634
(24) Interest income				
	Three months end	ded	Three months	ended
	March 31, 202	2	March 31, 2	2021
Interest income from bank deposits	\$	97	\$	280
Interest income from financial assets				
measured at amortised cost		154		75
	\$	251	\$	355

(25) Other income

		months ended rch 31, 2022		e months ended rch 31, 2021
Rent income	\$	372	\$	72
Government grant revenues		35		250
Design fees revenue		-		8,240
Other income, others		<u>535</u>		<u>894</u>
	\$	942	\$	9,456
(26) Other gains and losses				
	Three	months ended	Three	months ended
	Ma	rch 31, 2022	Ma	rch 31, 2021
Gains on disposals of property, plant and equipment	\$	2	\$	-
Foreign exchange gains		7,718		2,258
Losses on financial assets		-	(507)
at fair value through profit or loss				
Other losses	(88)	(6)
	\$	7,632	\$	1,745
(27) Finance costs				
		months ended rch 31, 2022		months ended rch 31, 2021
Interest expense	\$	519	\$	455
Interest expense on lease liabilities		177		140
Interest expense on convertible bonds		1,103		1,110
-	\$	1,799	\$	1,705
(28) Expenses by nature				
		months ended rch 31, 2022		months ended rch 31, 2021
Employee benefit expense	\$	114,812	\$	97,260
Depreciation charges on property, plant and equipment		15,277		14,356
Depreciation charges on right-of-use assets		6,374		5,558
Depreciation charges on investment property		34		34
Amortisation charges on intangible assets		3,049		2,294
	\$	139,546	\$	119,502

(29) Employee benefit expense

	Three months ended March 31, 2022		Three months ended March 31, 2021		
Wages and salaries	\$	93,331	\$	79,069	
Employee stock options		3,554		2,590	
Labour and health insurance fees		7,912		6,483	
Pension costs		4,373		4,430	
Other personnel expenses		5,642		4,688	
	\$	114,812	\$	97,260	

A. In accordance with the Articles of Incorporation of the Company, a ratio of distributable profit of the current year, after covering accumulated losses, shall be distributed as employees' compensation and directors' and supervisors' remuneration. The ratio shall be between 10%~15% for employees' compensation and shall not be higher than 3% for directors' and supervisors' remuneration.

B. The Company has an accumulated deficit as of March 31, 2022, December 31, 2021 and March 31, 2021, and therefore, no employees' compensation and directors' remuneration were recognised.

Information about employees' compensation and directors' and supervisors' remuneration of the Company as resolved at the meeting of Board of Directors will be posted in the "Market

Observation Post System" at the website of the Taiwan Stock Exchange.

(30) Income tax

- A. Income tax expense
 - (a) Components of income tax expense:

	Three more	Three months ended				
	March 3	March 31, 2022		March 31, 2022 March 31,		31, 2021
Income tax expense	\$	213	\$	887		

(b) The income tax (charge)/credit relating to components of other comprehensive income is as follows:

		nonths ended h 31, 2022		onths ended $31, 2021$
Changes in fair value of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	(\$	134)	\$	46
Currency translation differences		3,802	(372)
	\$	3,668	(\$	326)

B. The Company's income tax returns up to 2019 have been assessed and approved by the Tax Authority.

(31) Earnings per share

r) <u>Lumings per siture</u>	Amor	Three n	Months ended March 3 Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding (share in thousands)	Earr	nings per share dollars)
Basic earnings per share Earnings attributable to ordinary					
shareholders of the parent	\$	73,464	154,561	\$	0.48
<u>Diluted earnings per share</u> Earnings attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent Assumed conversion of all dilutive		73,464	154,561		
potential ordinary shares Convertible bonds		883	14,063		
Employee stock options		-	775		
Earnings attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent plus assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares	\$	74,347	169,399	\$	0.44
potential ordinary shares	+		nonths ended March 3		
	Amo	unt after tax	Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding (share in thousands)	Earr	nings per share dollars)
Basic earnings per share					
Earnings attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent Diluted earnings per share	<u>\$</u>	9,717	154,546	\$	0.06
Earnings attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent Assumed conversion of all dilutive		9,717	154,546		
potential ordinary shares Convertible bonds		888	14,283		
Employee stock options		- 000	14,285		
Earnings attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent plus assumed conversion of all dilutive					
potential ordinary shares	\$	10,605	170,240	\$	0.06

(32) Supplemental cash flow information

Investing activities with partial cash payments

	Three months ended		Th	ree months ended
	Ma	rch 31, 2022	N	March 31, 2021
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	\$	14,419	\$	15,351
Add: Opening balance of payable on equipment		6,168		4,983
Less: Ending balance of payable on equipment	(4,215)	(3,094)
Cash paid during the period	\$	16,372	\$	17,240

(33) Changes in liabilities from financing activities

					2022				
							Lia	abilities from	
	Sh	ort-term	Long-term		Lease	Bonds	financing		
	bor	rowings	borrowings	li	abilities	payable	activities-gross		
At January 1	\$	8,688	\$ 186,655	\$	50,451	\$ 484,437	\$	730,231	
Changes in cash flow from									
financing activities	(8,813)	33,708	(6,519)	-		18,376	
Changes in other non-cash									
items		-	-		1,249	1,103		2,352	
Interest expense on									
lease liabilities		-	-		177	-		177	
Impact of changes in		105			020			0.45	
foreign exchange rate		125	-		820	-	<u> </u>	945	
At March 31	\$		\$ 220,363	\$	46,178	\$ 485,540	\$	752,081	

						2021				
								L	iabilities from	
	SI	hort-term Long-term				Lease	Bonds	financing		
	bo	rrowings	bc	orrowings	li	abilities	payable	activities-gross		
At January 1	\$	19,697	\$	105,111	\$	39,054	\$ 487,660	\$	651,522	
Changes in cash flow from										
financing activities		30,000	(6,192)	(5,666)	-		18,142	
Changes in other non-cash										
items		-		-		5,657	1,013		6,670	
Interest expense on										
lease liabilities		-		-		140	-		140	
Impact of changes in										
foreign exchange rate	(149)		-	(189)		(338)	
At March 31	\$	49,548	\$	98,919	\$	38,996	\$ 488,673	\$	676,136	

7. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

(1) Parent and ultimate controlling party

The Company has no parent company nor ultimate controlling party.

(2) Names of related parties and relationship

(2) <u>Names of related parties and relationship</u>									
Names of related parties	Relationship with the Company								
Oro Technology Co., Ltd.	Other related party (Note)								
Lee, Yi-Ren	The Company's Chairman								
Note: Starting from June 1, 2021, the Company	any resigned as a director of Oro Technology Co., Ltd.,								
Oro Technology Co., Ltd. is no longer a	related party to the Com	ipany.							
(3) Significant related party transactions									
A. Royalty for software (shown as 'operating co	st')								
	Three months ended March 31, 2022	Three months ended March 31, 2021							
Other related party	\$	\$ 3,692							
Expenses for software royalties are based on the	he mutual agreement sir	ce no similar transaction can							
be compared with.									
B. Other payables									
March 31, 2022	December 31, 2021	March 31, 2021							
Other related party <u>\$</u> -	<u>\$</u>	\$ 3,107							
(4) Key management compensation									
	Three months ended March 31, 2022	Three months ended March 31, 2021							
Salaries and other short-term employee benefits	\$ 10,210	\$ 11,746							
Post-employment benefits	162	223							
Share-based payments	<u>36</u>	<u>382</u>							
	\$ 10,408	<u>\$ 12,351</u>							

(5) Endorsements and guarantees provided by related parties

As of March 31, 2022, December 31, 2021 and March 31, 2021, the Company borrowed from financial institutions. Lee, Yi-Ren is the guarantor, and the aforementioned financing facilities which were provided by related parties were \$935,000, \$875,000 and \$795,000, respectively.

8. <u>PLEDGED ASSETS</u>

The Group's assets pledged as collateral are as follows:

			E	Book value			
Pledged asset	Mar	ch 31, 2022	Dece	mber 31, 2021	Mar	ch 31, 2021	Purpose
Time deposit (classified as financial assets at amortised cost)	\$	129,901	\$	125,301	\$	119,501	Short-term, long-
Land Buildings and structures		18,807 162,341		18,807 163,605		18,807 167,398	term borrowings and issuance of
Machinery		9,418		10,005			convertible bonds
	\$	320,467	\$	317,718	\$	305,706	

9. SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND UNRECOGNISED CONTRACT

COMMITMENTS

On August 6, 2018, the Company received a notification of civil court from the Taiwan Taipei District Court as Tsuzuki Denki Co., Ltd. (Tsuzuki Denki) filed a civil litigation with the Taiwan Taipei District Court. Tsuzuki Denki claimed that the quality problem of tablet computers which were purchased from the Company caused damage to Tsuzuki Denki Co., Ltd. It claimed for a return of the full price of inventories and compensation amounting to US\$5,306 thousand and JPY\$1,225 thousand, respectively. The Company has appointed lawyers to handle the case to protect the rights of the Company and its shareholders. The Company's appointed lawyer's comments are as follows: 'The counterparty complained that there were flaws in the inventory and deferred payment, but refused to return the inventory which should have been repaired by the Company took counter-action to claim the payment for inventory and rework expenses in the total amount of US\$996 thousand, because the Company had completed the work and delivered the said inventories. As of March 10, 2022, the case is still under trial with the Taiwan Taipei District Court. The Company has accounts receivable from Tsuzuki Denki Co., Ltd. in the amount of \$19,370 which was provisioned for impairment at full amount.

10. SIGNIFICANT DISASTER LOSS

None.

11. SIGNIFICANT EVENTS AFTER THE BALANCE SHEET DATE

- (1) Please refer to Note 6(19) for the related information.
- (2) On May 10, 2022, the Board of Directors resolved to participate in the subscription of FUYOU private equity with an expected investment amount of NTD \$30 million.
- (3) On May 10, 2022, the Board of Directors resolved to participate in the 2022 cash capital increase of ION ELECTRONIC MATERIALS CO., LTD,. and the investment amount shall not exceed NTD \$50 million.

12. <u>OTHERS</u>

(1) Capital management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital in order to provide returns for shareholders. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may issue new shares, issue convertible bonds or sell assets to reduce debt.

	M	arch 31, 2022	2	December 3	31, 2021	March	31, 2	.021
Total liabilities	\$	1,436,4	149	\$ 1	,695,792	\$	1,2	08,570
Total equity		1,298,2	201	1	,206,120		1,0	86,896
Total capital	\$	2,734,6	550	\$ 2	,901,912	\$	2,2	95,466
Gearing ratio		53%		58%)	4	53%	
(2) Financial instruments								
A. Financial instrumen	ts by ca	itegory						
	•		М	anah 21 2022	Desembe	21 2021	Ма	
			Ma	arch 31, 2022	Decembe	er 31, 2021	Ma	rch 31, 2021
<u>Financial assets</u>		C 1						
Financial assets at fair value t		-	¢	1 477	۴	1 477		1 500
Financial assets mandatorily		ed at	\$	1,477	\$	1,477	\$	1,500
fair value through profit or l		othon						
Financial assets at fair value t comprehensive income	mougn	other						
Designation of equity instru	ment			81,868		96,038		48,857
Financial assets at amortised				01,000		70,050		10,007
Cash and cash equivalents	0050			648,132		840,787		923,334
Financial assets at amortised	l cost			129,901		125,301		119,501
Notes receivable				1,114		5,387		
Accounts receivable				734,675		616,685		446,292
Other receivables				7,413		13,831		6,539
Refundable deposits				8,590		8,128		7,781
-			\$	1,613,170	\$	1,707,634	\$	1,553,804
Financial liabilities								
Financial liabilities at amortise	ed cost							
Short-term borrowings			\$	-	\$	8,688	\$	49,548
Notes payable				1,416		986		948
Accounts payable				508,789		773,660		421,489
Other accounts payable				110,798		140,457		79,181
Other accounts payable-rela	ted part	ies		-		-		3,107
Bonds payable				485,540		484,437		488,673
(including current portion)								
Long-term borrowings				220.272		106 655		00.010
(including current portion)				220,363		186,655		98,919
Guarantee deposits received			¢	1 327 104	\$	198	¢	- 1 1/1 065
Lease liabilities			\$ \$	1,327,104	<u>\$</u> \$	1,595,081	<u>\$</u> \$	1,141,865
Lease naointies			φ	46,178	φ	50,451	φ	38,996

B. Financial risk management policies

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk and price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. To minimise any adverse effects on the financial performance of the Group, derivative financial instruments, such

as foreign exchange forward contracts is used to hedge certain exchange rate risk. Group treasury identifies, evaluates and hedges financial risks in close co-operation with the Group's operating units.

- C. Significant financial risks and degrees of financial risks
 - (a) Market risk

Foreign exchange risk

- i. The Group operates internationally and is exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from the transactions of the Company and its subsidiaries used in various functional currency, primarily with respect to the USD and RMB. Foreign exchange risk arises from future commercial transactions and recognised assets and liabilities.
- ii. Management has set up a policy to require group companies to manage their foreign exchange risk against their functional currency. The companies are required to hedge their entire foreign exchange risk exposure with the Group treasury. Exchange rate risk is measured through a forecast of highly probable USD and RMB expenditures. Group treasury identifies, evaluates and hedges financial risks in close co-operation with the Group's operating units.
- iii. The Group hedges foreign exchange rate by using forward exchange contracts. However, the Group does not adopt hedging accounting. Details of financial assets or liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are provided in Note 6(2).
- iv. The Group's businesses involve some non-functional currency operations (the Company's functional currency: NTD and other certain subsidiaries' functional currency: USD and RMB). The information on assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies whose values would be materially affected by the exchange rate fluctuations is as follows:

	March 31, 2022												
	F	Foreign				Sensitivity	y analysis						
	с	urrency				Ef	fect on						
(Foreign currency:	:	amount	Exchange	Book value	Degree of	р	rofit or						
functional currency)	(in t	housands)	rate		(NTD)	variation		loss					
Financial assets													
Monetary items													
USD:NTD	\$	18,359	28.63	\$	525,537	1%	\$	5,255					
HKD:NTD		1,813	3.66		6,627	1%		66					
USD:RMB		1,248	6.35		35,718	1%		357					
Financial liabilities													
Monetary items													
USD:NTD	\$	4,635	28.63	\$	132,667	1%	\$	1,327					
USD:RMB		3,746	6.35		107,236	1%		1,072					
HKD:RMB		2,779	0.81		10,159	1%		102					
HKD:NTD		375	3.66		1,372	1%		14					

			Decer	nber	31, 2021			
	F	oreign				Sensitivity	/ an	alysis
	C	urrency					Ef	fect on
(Foreign currency:	а	imount	Exchange	В	look value	Degree of	р	rofit or
functional currency)	(in tl	housands)	rate		(NTD)	variation		loss
Financial assets								
Monetary items								
USD:NTD	\$	21,153	27.68	\$	585,516	1%	\$	5,855
HKD:NTD		1,942	3.55		6,892	1%		69
USD:RMB		2,237	6.37		61,919	1%		619
Financial liabilities								
Monetary items								
USD:NTD	\$	7,094	27.68	\$	196,367	1%	\$	1,964
USD:RMB		7,023	6.37		194,388	1%		1,944
HKD:RMB		3,459	0.82		12,275	1%		123
HKD:NTD		2,364	3.55		8,391	1%		84
			Mai	rch 3	1, 2021			
	F	oreign				Sensitivity	/ an	alysis
	C	urrency					Ef	fect on
(Foreign currency:	а	imount	Exchange	В	look value	Degree of	р	rofit or
functional currency)	(in tl	housands)	rate		(NTD)	variation		loss
Financial assets								
Monetary items								
USD:NTD	\$	17,782	28.54	\$	507,422	1%	\$	5,074
USD:RMB		767	6.57		21,893	1%		219
HKD:NTD		413	3.67		1,517	1%		15
Financial liabilities								
Monetary items								
USD:NTD	\$	2,114	28.54	\$	60,311	1%	\$	603
USD:RMB		4,547	6.57		129,735	1%		1,297
HKD:RMB		2,346	0.84		8,609	1%		86
HKD:NTD		939	3.67		3,445	1%		34

vi. The total exchange gain, including realised and unrealised, arising from significant foreign exchange variation on the monetary items held by the Group for the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021, amounted to \$7,718 and \$2,258, respectively.

Price risk

i. The Group's equity securities, which are exposed to price risk, are the held financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income. To manage its price risk arising from investments in equity securities, the Group diversifies its portfolio. Diversification of the portfolio is done in accordance with the limits set by the Group.

ii. The Group's investments in equity securities comprise shares issued by the domestic

companies. The prices of equity securities would change due to the change of the future value of investee companies. If the prices of these equity securities had increased/decreased by 1% with all other variables held constant, post-tax profit (loss) for the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021 would have increased/decreased by \$15 and \$15, respectively, as a result of gains/losses on equity securities classified as at fair value through profit or loss. Other components of equity would have increased/decreased by \$819 and \$489, respectively, as a result of other comprehensive income classified as equity investment at fair value through other comprehensive income.

Cash flow and fair value interest rate risk

- i. The Group's main interest rate risk arises from long-term and short-term borrowings with variable rates, which expose the Group to cash flow interest rate risk. For the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021, the Group's borrowings at variable rate were mainly denominated in New Taiwan dollars and RMB Dollars.
- ii. If the borrowing interest rate had increased/decreased by 1% with all other variables held constant, profit (loss), net of tax for the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021 would have increased/decreased by \$441 and \$297, respectively. The main factor is that changes in interest expense result in floating-rate borrowings.
- (b) Credit risk
 - i. Credit risk refers to the risk of financial loss to the Group arising from default by the clients or counterparties of financial instruments on the contract obligations. The main factor is that counterparties could not repay in full the accounts receivable based on the agreed terms, and the contract cash flows of debt instruments stated at amortised cost, at fair value through profit or loss and at fair value through other comprehensive income.
 - ii. The Group manages their credit risk taking into consideration the entire group's concern. For banks and financial institutions with no recent major defaults are accepted. According to the Group's credit policy, each local entity in the Group is responsible for managing and analysing the credit risk for each of their new clients before standard payment and delivery terms and conditions are offered. Internal risk control assesses the credit quality of the customers, taking into account their financial position, past experience and other factors. Individual risk limits are set based on internal or external ratings in accordance with limits set by the Board of Directors. The utilisation of credit limits is regularly monitored.
 - iii. The Group adopts the assumptions under IFRS 9, the default occurs when the contract payments are past due over 90 days.
 - iv. The Group classifies customers' accounts receivable in accordance with credit rating of customer. The Group applies the modified approach using a provision matrix based on the loss rate methodology to estimate expected credit loss under the provision matrix basis.
 - v. The following indicators are used to determine whether the credit impairment of debt instruments have occurred:

- (i) It becomes probable that the issuer will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation due to their financial difficulties;
- (ii) The disappearance of an active market for that financial asset because of financial difficulties;
- (iii) Default or delinquency in interest or principal repayments;
- (iv) Adverse changes in national or regional economic conditions that are expected to cause a default.
- vi. The Group used the forecast ability to adjust historical and timely information to assess the default possibility of accounts receivable, contract assets and lease payments receivable. On March 31, 2022, December 31, 2021 and March 31, 2021, the provision matrix, loss rate methodology is as follows:

At March 31, 2022	Expected loss rate	Tota	al book value	Los	s allowance
Not past due	0.3%	\$	588,466	(\$	1,744)
Up to 30 days	1%		112,057	(1,105)
31 to 120 days	1%~5%		32,544	(451)
121 to 180 days	10%		2,741	(274)
Over 180 days	40%~100%		25,761	(22,206)
		\$	761,569	(<u>\$</u>	25,780)
At December 31, 2021	Expected loss rate	Tota	al book value	Los	s allowance
Not past due	0.3%	\$	464,418	(\$	1,407)
Up to 30 days	1%		70,969	(712)
31 to 120 days	1%~5%		80,470	(961)
121 to 180 days	10%		3,472	(347)
Over 180 days	40%~100%		27,286	(21,116)
		\$	646,615	(<u>\$</u>	24,543)
At March 31, 2021	Expected loss rate	Tota	al book value	Los	s allowance
Not past due	0.3%	\$	346,314	(\$	1,033)
Up to 30 days	1%		89,742	(894)
31 to 120 days	1%~5%		10,162	(106)
Over 180 days	40%~100%		22,493	()	20,386)
-		\$	468,711	(\$	22,419)

vii. Movements in relation to the Group applying the modified approach to provide loss allowance for accounts receivable, contract assets and lease payments receivable are as follows:

	2022								
	Accour	nts receivable	Notes r	eceivable					
At January 1	\$	24,512	\$	31					
Provision for (reversal of) impaiment loss		2,156	(20)					
Write-offs	(1,599)		-					
Effect of foreign exchange		700		_					
	¢	25 760	\$	11					
At March 31	\$	25,769	φ	11					
At March 31	<u>></u>	25,769	<u>+</u>	11					
At March 31	<u>></u> Accourt		21	eceivable					
At January 1	\$ Accoun \$	20	21 Notes r	eceivable					
		20 nts receivable	21 Notes r	eceivable					
At January 1		20 nts receivable 28,438	21 Notes r	receivable - -					

(c) Liquidity risk

- i. Cash flow forecasting is performed in the operating entities of the Group and aggregated by Group treasury. Group treasury monitors rolling forecasts of the Group's liquidity requirements to ensure it has sufficient cash to meet operational needs.
- ii. Surplus cash held by the operating entities over and above balance required for working capital management are transferred to the Group treasury. Group treasury invests surplus cash in interest bearing current accounts, time deposits, Capital-guaranteed income-based wealth management products, forward foreign exchange contracts, and convertible bonds(classified as current financial assets at fair value through profit or loss), choosing instruments with appropriate maturities or sufficient liquidity to provide sufficient head-room as determined by the above-mentioned forecasts. As at March 31, 2022, December 31, 2021 and March 31, 2021, the Group held money market position of \$647,103, \$840,066 and \$922,528, respectively, and Capital-guaranteed income-based wealth management products and derivatives from convertible bonds (classified as current financial assets at fair value through profit or loss) of \$1,477, \$1,477 and \$1,500, respectively, that are expected to readily generate cash inflows for managing liquidity risk.
- iii. As at March 31, 2022, December 31, 2021 and March 31, 2021, the Group has the undrawn borrowing of \$213,297, \$213,297 and \$252,497, respectively.
- iv. The table below analyses the Group's non-derivative financial liabilities and net-settled or gross-settled derivative financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the balance sheet date to the contractual maturity date for non-derivative financial liabilities. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows.

	Le	ess than	Betwee	en 1	Be	tween 2	Ov	ver 5
March 31, 2022	1	year	and 2 ye	ears	and	5 years	ye	ars
Non-derivative financial liabilities								
Notes payable	\$	1,416	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Accounts payable	5	08,789		-		-		-
Other payables								
(including related parties)	1	10,798		-		-		-
Lease liabilities		25,224	13,4	42		7,512		-
Bonds payable	4	92,200		-		-		-
Long-term borrowings		57,863	52,6	67	1	09,833		-
	Le	ess than	Betwee	en 1	Be	tween 2	Ov	ver 5
December 31, 2021	1	year	and 2 ye	ears	and	5 years	ye	ars
Non-derivative financial liabilities								
Short-term borrowings	\$	8,688	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Notes payable		986		-		-		-
Accounts payable	7	73,660		-		-		-
Other payables								
(including related parties)	1	40,457		-		-		-
Lease liabilities		24,749	16,7	79		8,923		-
Bonds payable	4	92,200		-		-		-
Long-term borrowings		48,774	45,1	75		92,706		-
	Le	ess than	Betwee	en 1	Be	tween 2	Ov	ver 5
March 31, 2021	1	year	and 2 ye	ears	and	5 years	ye	ars
Non-derivative financial liabilities								
Short-term borrowings	\$	49,548	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Notes payable		948		-		-		-
Accounts payable	4	21,489		-		-		-
Other payables		82,288		-		-		-
(including related parties)								
Lease liabilities		12,755	11,0	21		15,220		-
Bonds payable		-		-		99,900		-
Long-term borrowings		24,463	24,7	14		49,742		-

(3) Fair value information

- A. The different levels that the inputs to valuation techniques are used to measure fair value of financial and non-financial instruments have been defined as follows:
 - Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date. A market is regarded as active where a market in which transactions for the asset or liability take place with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis. The fair value of the Group's investment in listed stocks is included in Level 1.

Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset

or liability, either directly or indirectly. The fair value of the Group's investment in convertible bonds and forward foreign exchange contracts is included in Level 2.

- Level 3: Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability. The fair value of the Group's investment in equity investment without active market and financial assets mandatorily measured at fair value through profit or loss are included in Level 3.
- B. Fair value information of investment property at cost is provided in Note 6(10).
- C. The carrying amounts of the Group's financial instruments, including cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, other receivables, short-term borrowings, notes payable, accounts payable, other payables which not measured at fair value are approximate to their fair values.
- D. The related information of financial and non-financial instruments measured at fair value by level on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the assets and liabilities at March 31, 2022, December 31, 2021 and March 31, 2021 is as follows:

March 31, 2022]	Level 1	L	evel 2	Ι	Level 3	 Total
Assets							
Recurring fair value measurements							
Financial assets at fair value through							
profit or loss-current							
Derivative instruments	\$	-	\$	1,477	\$	-	\$ 1,477
Financial assets at fair value through							
other comprehensive income-non-current							
Equity instruments		36,500		-		45,368	 81,868
	\$	36,500	\$	1,477	\$	45,368	\$ 83,345
December 31, 2021]	Level 1	L	evel 2	Ι	Level 3	 Total
Assets							
Recurring fair value measurements							
Financial assets at fair value through							
profit or loss-current							
Derivative instruments	\$	-	\$	1,477	\$	-	\$ 1,477
Financial assets at fair value through							
other comprehensive income-non-current							
Equity instruments		35,445		-		60,593	 96,038

(a) The related information of natures of the assets and liabilities is as follows:

March 31, 2021	I	Level 1	L	evel 2	_I	Level 3	 Total
Assets							
Recurring fair value measurements							
Financial assets at fair value through							
profit or loss-current							
Derivative instruments	\$	-	\$	1,500	\$	-	\$ 1,500
Financial assets at fair value through							
other comprehensive income-non-current							
Equity instruments		18,867				29,990	 48,857
	\$	18,867	\$	1,500	\$	29,990	\$ 50,357

(b)The methods and assumptions the Group used to measure fair value are as follows:

i. The instruments the Group used market quoted prices as their fair values (that is, Level 1) are listed below by characteristics:

	Listed shares	Open-end fund
Market quoted price	Closing price	Net asset value

- ii. For high-complexity financial instruments, the fair value is measured by using selfdeveloped valuation model based on the valuation method and technique widely used within the same industry. The valuation model is normally applied to derivative financial instruments, debt instruments with embedded derivatives or securitised instruments. Certain inputs used in the valuation model are not observable at market, and the Group must make reasonable estimates based on its assumptions.
- iii. The valuation of derivative financial instruments is based on valuation model widely accepted by market participants, such as present value techniques and option pricing models. Forward exchange contracts are usually valued based on the current forward exchange rate.
- E. For the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021, there was no transfer between Level 1 and Level 2.
- F. The following chart is the movement of Level 3 for the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021:

		20	22	
	Equit	y instrument	De	bt instrument
At January 1	\$	60,593	\$	-
Gains recognised in profit or loss		862		-
Sold in the period	(16,087)		_
At March 31	\$	45,368	\$	

		20	21	
	_Equ	ity instrument	I	Debt instrument
At January 1	\$	29,990	\$	43,770
Gains recognised in profit or loss		-		243
Sold in the period		-	(43,761)
Effect of exchange rate changes		_	(252)
At March 31	\$	29,990	\$	

- G. The valuation procedures for fair value measurements being categorised within Level 3, which is to verify independent fair value of external financial instruments entrusted by finance segment.
- H. The following is the qualitative information of significant unobservable inputs and sensitivity analysis of changes in significant unobservable inputs to valuation model used in Level 3 fair value measurement:

Non-derivative	Fair value at March 31, 2022 equity instrumen	· *	Significant unobservable input	Range (weighted average)	Relationship of
Unlisted shares		Market comparable companies	No open market saleability discount	25%	The higher the discount for lack of marketability, the lower the fair value
	Fair value at		Significant	Range	
	December 31,	Valuation	unobservable	(weighted	Relationship of
	2021	technique	input	average)	inputs to fair value
Non-derivative	equity instrumen	t:			
Unlisted shares	\$ 60,593	Market comparable companies	No open market saleability discount	25%	The higher the discount for lack of marketability, the lower the fair value
			Significant	Range	
	Fair value at	Valuation	unobservable	(weighted	Relationship of
	March 31, 2021	technique	input	average)	inputs to fair value
Non-derivative	equity instrumen	t:			
Unlisted shares	\$ 29,990	Market comparable companies	No open market saleability discount	23%~45%	The higher the discount for lack of marketability, the lower the fair value

I. External financial instruments entrusted by finance segment assessed the valuation models and assumptions used to measure fair value. However, use of different valuation models or assumptions may result in different measurement. The following is the effect of profit or loss or

of other comprehensive income from financial assets and liabilities categorised within Level 3 if the inputs used to valuation models have changed:

			March 31, 2022							
			Recog	gnised in	Recogni	sed in other				
			profi	t or loss	comprehe	nsive income				
			Favourable	Unfavourable	Favourable	Unfavourable				
	Input	Change	change	change	change	change				
Financial assets										
Equity instrument	No open market saleability discount	±1%	\$-	\$-	\$ 454	(\$ 454)				
	saleability discount			December	r 31, 2021					
			Recos	gnised in		sed in other				
			-	t or loss	•	nsive income				
			Favourable	Unfavourable	Favourable	Unfavourable				
	Input	Change	change	change	change	change				
Financial assets										
Equity instrument	No open market	10/	¢	¢	¢ (0)					
Equity instrument	saleability discount	±1%	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>> -</u>	<u>\$ 606</u>	(<u>\$ 606</u>)				
				March 3	31, 2021					
			Recog	gnised in	Recogni	sed in other				
			profi	t or loss	comprehe	nsive income				
			Favourable	Unfavourable	Favourable	Unfavourable				
	Input	Change	change	change	change	change				
Financial assets										
Equity instrument	No open market saleability discount	±1%	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 300</u>	(<u>\$ 300</u>)				

(4) Other matter

Due to Covid-19 outbreak and the various government epidemic prevention measures, the Group assessed that there was no significant impact on the operation, no doubt about the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, no assets impaired and no financing risks increased. The Group's epidemic management had complied with the measures related to the declaration issued by the Central Epidemic Command Centre and the epidemic prevention requirements under the Prevention and Control of Infectious Diseases Act.

13. SUPPLEMENTARY DISCLOSURES

- (1) Significant transactions information
 - A. Loans to others: Please refer to table 1.
 - B. Provision of endorsements and guarantees to others: Please refer to table 2.
 - C. Holding of marketable securities at the end of the period (not including subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures): Please refer to table 3.
 - D. Acquisition or sale of the same security with the accumulated cost exceeding \$300 million or 20% of the Company's paid-in capital: None.
 - E. Acquisition of real estate reaching \$300 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: None.

- F. Disposal of real estate reaching \$300 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: None.
- G. Purchases or sales of goods from or to related parties reaching \$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: Please refer to table 4.
- H. Receivables from related parties reaching \$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: Please refer to table 5.
- I. Trading in derivative instruments undertaken during the reporting periods: Please refer to Note 6(2).
- J. Significant inter-company transactions during the reporting periods: Please refer to table 6.
- (2) Information on investees

Names, locations and other information of investee companies (not including investees in Mainland China) : Please refer to table 7.

- (3) Information on investments in Mainland China
 - A. Basic information: Please refer to table 8.
 - B. Significant transactions, either directly or indirectly through a third area, with investee companies in the Mainland Area: Please refer to table 9.
- (4) Major shareholders information

Major shareholders information: Please refer to table 10.

- 14. SEGMENT INFORMATION
 - (1) General information

The Group is engaged in the manufacturing and sale of automobile electronics products and power management products from a product type perspective. On the manufacturing and sale of products, the Group divided them into two main segments which include automobile electronics business and power management business.

As the nature, production and sales mode of the 2 segments differ from each other, also the Group's management performs the financial management and assesses operating performances separately, these 2 main segments are summarised as the reportable segments in the operating segment information.

(2) Information about segment profit or loss, assets and liabilities

The segment information provided to the Chief Operating Decision-Maker for the reportable segments is as follows:

Three months ended March 31, 2022	el	utomobile ectronics products		Power magement products		Other oducts		minated by		Total
Revenue from	\$	476,210	<u> </u>	283,204	<u></u> \$	oducis	\$	-	\$	759,414
external customers	Ф	470,210	Ф	285,204	Ф	-	Ф	-	Ф	739,414
Inter-segment revenue		169,579		80,252		180	(250,011)		-
Total segment revenue	\$	645,789	\$	363,456	\$	180	(<u>\$</u>	250,011)	\$	759,414
Segment income	\$	89,060	\$	21,960	\$	180	\$	1,174	\$	112,374
Company general income										1,195
Company general expense									(38,093)
Interest expense									()	1,799)
Profit from continuing operations before tax									\$	73,677
				D					_	
	A	utomobile		Power						
		utomobile ectronics	ma	Power		Other	Eli	minated by		
Three months ended March 31, 2021	el					Other oducts		minated by		Total
Revenue from	el	ectronics		nagement				2	\$	Total 490,457
Revenue from external customers	el l	ectronics products 305,125	I	nagement products 185,155	pr	roducts 177	cor	nsolidation	\$	
Revenue from external customers Inter-segment revenue	el l	ectronics products	I	nagement products	pr	oducts	cor	2	\$	
Revenue from external customers	el l	ectronics products 305,125	I	nagement products 185,155	pr	roducts 177	cor	nsolidation	\$	
Revenue from external customers Inter-segment revenue	el 1 \$	ectronics products 305,125 160,123	<u> </u>	nagement products 185,155 71,135	\$	roducts 177 863	<u>cor</u> \$ (232,121)		490,457
Revenue from external customers Inter-segment revenue Total segment revenue	el 1 \$ 	ectronics products 305,125 160,123 465,248	 \$	nagement products 185,155 71,135 256,290	\$	roducts 177 863 1,040	<u>cor</u> \$ (<u>-</u> 232,121) 232,121)	\$	490,457 - 490,457
Revenue from external customers Inter-segment revenue Total segment revenue Segment income	el 1 \$ 	ectronics products 305,125 160,123 465,248	 \$	nagement products 185,155 71,135 256,290	\$	roducts 177 863 1,040	<u>cor</u> \$ (<u>-</u> 232,121) 232,121)	\$	490,457 - 490,457 34,522
Revenue from external customers Inter-segment revenue Total segment revenue Segment income Company general income	el 1 \$ 	ectronics products 305,125 160,123 465,248	 \$	nagement products 185,155 71,135 256,290	\$	roducts 177 863 1,040	<u>cor</u> \$ (<u>-</u> 232,121) 232,121)	\$	490,457 - 490,457 34,522 15,687

(3) <u>Reconciliation for segment income (loss)</u>

- A. Sales between segments are carried out at arm's length. The revenue from external customers reported to the Chief Operating Decision-Maker is measured in a manner consistent with that in the statement of comprehensive income.
- B. Details of the adjusted consolidated total profit (loss) and reconciliation for (loss) profit before tax of reportable segment for the current period are provided in Note 14(2).

Loans to others

Three months ended March 31, 2022

Table 1

Expressed in thousands of NTD

(Except as otherwise indicated)

					Maxi	mum												
					outsta	unding					Amount of		Allowance			Limit on loans	Ceiling on	
			General	Is a	balance d	uring the					transactions	Reason	for			granted to	total loans	
No.			ledger	related	three mon	ths ended	Balance at	Actual amo	unt Interest	Nature of	with the	for short-term	uncollectible	e <u> </u>	Collateral	a single party	granted	
(Note 1)	Creditor	Borrower	account	party	March 3	31, 2022	March 31, 2022	drawn dov	n rate	loan	borrower	financing	accounts	Item	Value	(Note 2)	(Note 2)	Footnote
0	SYSGRATION	SYSGRATION	Other	Y	\$	70,337	\$ 70,337	\$ 70,3	37 -	Having business	\$ 737,053	-	\$	- None	\$	- \$ 737,053	\$ 519,280	
	LTD.	ELECTRONICS	receivables							relationship								
		TECHNOLOGY																
		(HUIZHOU)																
		CO., LTD.																

Note 1: The numbers filled in for the loans provided by the Company or subsidiaries are as follows:

(1)The Company is '0'.

(2)The subsidiaries are numbered in order starting from '1'.

Note 2: In accordance with the Company's amended "Procedures for Provision of Loans" as approved by the shareholders on April 30, 2020, the ceiling on total loans granted and to individuals of the Company's were as follows:

(1) The ceiling on total loans granted to others is 40% of the Company's net assets.

(2) Loans granted to a single party for business transactions: Limit on loans granted to a single party for business transactions is the total value of business transactions in 1 year or 12 months. The value of business transactions refers to the higher of purchase or sales.

Provision of endorsements and guarantees to others

Three months ended March 31, 2022

		Party endorsed/g	being guaranteed	_	Limit on	Maximum outstanding endorsement/	Outstanding endorsement/				Ratio of accumulated endorsement/ guarantee	Ceiling on	Provision of endorsements/		rovision of dorsements/	Provi endors
Number	Endorser/		Relationship with the endorser/ guarantor	1	endorsements/ guarantees provided for a single party	guarantee amount as of March 31, 2022	guarantee amount at March 31, 2022	al amount wn down	Amount of endorsements/ guarantees secured with	/	amount to net asset value of the endorser/ guarantor	otal amount of ndorsements/ guarantees provided	guarantees by parent company to subsidiary	S	uarantees by ubsidiary to parent company	guarai the p Mai Cł
(Note 1)	guarantor	Company name	(Note 2)		(Note 3)	(Note 4)	(Note 5)	Note 6)	collateral		company	(Note 3)	(Note 7)		(Note 7)	(No
0	SYSGRATION LTD.	SYSGRATION LTD.	1	\$	389,460	\$ 3,000	\$ 3,000	\$ 314	\$ -		0.23%	\$ 584,191	Ν		Ν	
0	SYSGRATION LTD.	SYSGRATION ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGY (ZHENJIANG) CO., LTD.	2		389,460	90,120	90,120	45,060	-		6.94%	584,191	Y		Ν	
0	SYSGRATION LTD.	SYSGRATION ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGY (HUIZHOU) CO., LTD.	2		389,460	10,000	10,000	-	-		0.77%	584,191	Y		Ν	

Note 1: The numbers filled in for the loans provided by the Company or subsidiaries are as follows:

(1)The Company is '0'.

(2)The subsidiaries are numbered in order starting from '1'.

Note 2: Relationship between the endorser/guarantor and the party being endorsed/guaranteed is classified into the following seven categories; fill in the number of category each case belongs to:

(1)Having business relationship.

(2)The endorser/guarantor parent company owns directly more than 50% voting shares of the endorsed/guaranteed subsidiary.

(3)The endorsed/guaranteed company owns directly and indirectly more than 50% voting shares of the endorser/guarantor parent company.

(4)The endorser/guarantor parent company owns directly and indirectly more than 90% voting shares of the endorsed/guaranteed company.

(5)Mutual guarantee of the trade made by the endorsed/guaranteed company or joint contractor as required under the construction contract

(6)Due to joint venture, all shareholders provide endorsements/guarantees to the endorsed/guaranteed company in proportion to its ownership.

(7) The performance guarantees for the sale of pre-sales contracts under the Consumer Protection Law are jointly guaranteed.

Note 3: In accordance with the Company's amended "Procedures for Provision of Loans" as approved by the shareholders' meeting on June 14, 2019, the limit on endorsements/guarantees provided for subsidiaries whose 50% of the shares are directly and indirectly held is 30% of the Company's net assets and the ceiling on total amount of endorsements/guarantees provided is 45% of the Company's net assets based on the Company's latest financial statements.

Note 4: Fill in the year-to-date maximum outstanding balance of endorsements/guarantees provided as of the reporting period.

Note 5: Fill in the amount approved by the Board of Directors or the chairman has been authorised by the Board of Directors based on subparagraph 8, Article 12 of the Regulations Governing Loaning of Funds and Making of Endorsements/Guarantees by Public Companies.

Note 6: Fill in the actual amount of endorsements/guarantees used by the endorsed/guaranteed company.

Note 7: Fill in 'Y' for those cases of provision of endorsements/guarantees by listed parent company to subsidiary and provision by subsidiary to listed parent company, and provision to the party in Mainland China.

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

> ovision of lorsements/ arantees to he party in Mainland China Note 7) Footnote Ν Y

Y

Holding of marketable securities at the end of the period (not including subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures)

March 31, 2022

Table 3

Expressed in thousands of NTD

(Except as otherwise indicated)

		Relationship with the			As of March 3	31, 2022		
	Marketable securities	securities issuer	General		Book value			Footnote
Securities held by	(Note 1)	(Note 2)	ledger account	Number of shares	(Note 3)	Ownership	Fair value	(Note 4)
SYSGRATION LTD.	SINTRONIC TECHNOLOGY INC.	None	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current	53,399	\$ 297	0%	\$ 297	
SYSGRATION LTD.	COREMATE TECHNICAL CO., LTD.	None	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current	265,200	-	3%	-	
SYSGRATION LTD.	ARCHERS INC.	None	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current	1,000,000	-	3%	-	
SYSGRATION LTD.	NEXTRONICS ENGINEERING CORP.	None	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current	447,100	29,509	1%	29,509	
SYSGRATION LTD.	ORO TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.	None	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current	256,000	12,800	10%	12,800	
SYSGRATION LTD.	GOMORE INC.	None	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current	25,216,865	628	5%	628	
SYSGRATION LTD.	EXCELLENCE OPTOELECTRONICS INC.	None	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current	255,000	6,694	0%	6,694	
SYSGRATION LTD.	IMEIER GREEN TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD	None	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current	2,000,000	31,940	15%	31,940	

Note 1: Marketable securities in the table refer to stocks, bonds, beneficiary certificates and other related derivative securities.

Note 2: Leave the column blank if the issuer of marketable securities is non-related party.

Note 3: Fill in the amount after adjusted at fair value and deducted by accumulated impairment for the marketable securities measured at fair value; fill in the acquisition cost or amortised cost deducted by accumulated impairment for the marketable securities not measured at fair value.

Note 4: The number of shares of securities and their amounts pledged as security or pledged for loans and their restrictions on use under some agreements should be stated in the footnote if the securities presented herein have such conditions.

Purchases or sales of goods from or to related parties reaching NT\$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more

Three months ended March 31, 2022

Table 4

Expressed in thousands of NTD

(Except as otherwise indicated)

		_		Transa	ction		compared to	ransaction terms o third party actions	No	otes/accounts r	eceivable (payable)	
		Relationship with the	Purchases		Percentage of total purchases						Percentage of total notes/accounts	
Purchaser/seller	Counterparty	counterparty	(sales)	 Amount	(sales)	Credit term	Unit price	Credit term		Balance	receivable (payable)	Footnote
SYSGRATION LTD.	SYSGRATION ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGY (HUIZHOU) CO., LTD.	Subsidiary	Purchases	\$ 178,223	42%	120 days	Note	Note	(\$	176,553)	47%	

Note: Based on the mutual agreement since no similar transaction can be compared with.

Receivables from related parties reaching NT\$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more

March 31, 2022

Table 5

Expressed in thousands of NTD

(Except as otherwise indicated)

Amount collected

		Relationship				Overdue	e rece	ivables	subsec	quent to the	Allowance for	
Creditor	Counterparty	with the counterparty	 Balance as at March 31, 2022	Turnover rate		Amount		Action taken	balanc	e sheet date	doubtful accounts	.S
SYSGRATION ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGY (HUIZHOU) CO., LTD.	SYSGRATION LTD.	Subsidiary	\$ 176,553	0.8	34 \$		-	-	\$	-	\$	-

Significant inter-company transactions during the reporting periods

Three months ended March 31, 2022

Table 6

Expressed in thousands of NTD

(Except as otherwise indicated)

							Transaction	
Number (Note 1)	Company name	Counterparty	Relationship (Note 2)	General ledger account	A	mount	Transaction terms	Percentage of consolidated total operating revenues or total assets (Note 4)
1	SYSGRATION ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGY (HUIZHOU) CO., LTD.	SYSGRATION LTD.	2	Accounts receivable	\$	176,553	Note 6	6%
1	SYSGRATION ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGY (HUIZHOU) CO., LTD.	SYSGRATION LTD.	2	Sales of goods		178,223	Note 6	23%
2	SYSGRATION ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGY (ZHENJIANG) CO., LTD.	SYSGRATION LTD.	2	Sales of goods		91,790	Note 6	12%

Note 1: The numbers filled in for the transaction company in respect of inter-company transactions are as follows:

(1) Parent company is '0'.

(2) The subsidiaries are numbered in order starting from '1'.

Note 2: Relationship between transaction company and counterparty is classified into the following three categories; fill in the number of category each case belongs to (If transactions between parent company and subsidiaries or between subsidiaries refer to the same transaction, it is not required to disclose twice. For example, if the parent company has already disclosed its transaction with a subsidiary, then the subsidiary is not required to disclose the transaction; for transactions between two subsidiaries, if one of the subsidiaries has disclosed the transaction, then the other is not required to disclose the transaction.):

(1) Parent company to subsidiary.

(2) Subsidiary to parent company.

(3) Subsidiary to subsidiary.

Note 3: Transaction amount that did not reach NT\$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more will not be disclosed. Additionally, the counter related parties' of the transaction will also not be disclosed.

Note 4: Ratios of asset/liability are divided by consolidated total assets, and ratios of profit/loss accounts are divided by consolidated sales revenue.

Note 5: For details of the loans granted and endorsement and guarantees between the Company and subsidiaries, please refer to tables 1 and 2.

Note 6: There are no comparable transaction to non-related parties. The conditions of transactions are agreed upon by both parties.

SYSGRATION LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES Information on investees Three months ended March 31, 2022

Table 7

Expressed in thousands of NTD

(Except as otherwise indicated)

					ment amount		Shares held as at March 31, 2022				Net profit (loss) of the investee for three months ended	recognised	Investment income(loss) recognised by the Company for the three months ended		
	Investee		Main business	Ba	lance as at	as at Balance as at						March 31, 2022	Marc	h 31, 2022	
Investor	(Note 1, 2)	Location	activities	Mar	ch 31, 2022	December 31,	2021	Number of shares	Ownership	Bo	ok value	(Note 2(2))	(N	ote 2(3))	Footnote
SYSGRATION LTD.	SYSGRATION TECHNOLOGY (SAMOA) LTD.	SAMOA	Investment holding of overseas companies	\$	671,762	\$ 67	1,762	21,800,000	100%	\$	241,228	\$ 25,972	\$	25,972	
SYSGRATION LTD.	SYSGRATION (SAMOA) LTD.	SAMOA	Investment holding of overseas companies		505,131	50:	5,131	15,938,000	100%		184,517	1,720		1,720	
SYSGRATION LTD.	SYSGRATION USA INC.	U.S.A.	Sale of electronic products		10,062	10	0,062	300,000	100%		3,948	9		9	

Note 1: If a public company is equipped with an overseas holding company and takes consolidated financial report as the main financial report according to the local law rules, it can only disclose the information of the overseas holding company about the disclosure of related overseas investee information. Note 2: If situation does not belong to Note 1, fill in the columns according to the following regulations:

(1)The columns of 'Investee', 'Location', 'Main business activities', Initial investment amount' and 'Shares held as at March 31, 2022' should fill orderly in the Company's (public company's) information on investees and every directly or indirectly controlled investee's investment information, and note the relationship between the Company (public company) and its investee each (ex. direct subsidiary) in the 'footnote' column.

(2) The 'Net profit (loss) of the investee for the three months ended March 31, 2022' column should fill in amount of net profit (loss) of the investee for this period.

(3)The 'Investment income (loss) recognised by the Company for the three months ended March 31, 2022' column should fill in the Company (public company) recognised investment income (loss) of its direct subsidiary and recognised investment income (loss) of its direct subsidiary, the Company (public company) should confirm that direct subsidiary's net profit (loss) for this period has included its investment income (loss) which shall be recognised by regulations.

SYSGRATION LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES Information on investments in Mainland China

Three months ended March 31, 2022

Table 8

(Except as otherwise indicated)

		Paid-in capital	aid-in capital Investment method		Amount remitted from Taiwan to Mainland China/ Amount remitted back to Taiwan for the three months ended March 31, 2022 (Note5) Remitted to Remitted back		Accumulated amount of remittance from Taiwan to Mainland China as of March 31, 2022		held by the Company	Investment income (loss) recognised by the Company for the three months ended	Book value of investments in	Accumulated amount of investment income remitted back to Taiwan as of	
Investee in Mainland China	Main business activities	 (Note 5)	(Note 1)	as of January 1, 2022 (Note 5)	Mainland China		(Note 5)	March 31, 2022		March 31, 2022	2022	March 31, 2022 Footnote	_
SYSGRATION ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGY (ZHENJIANG) CO., LTD.	Manufacturing and sale of energy storage products	\$ 618,300	2	\$ 618,300	-	-	\$ 618,300	\$ 25,079	100%	\$ 25,079	\$ 239,132	- Note 6	
SYSGRATION ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGY (HUIZHOU) CO., LTD.	Manufacturing and sale of electronic products	105,913	2	105,913	-	-	105,913	1,057	100%	1,057	121,404	- Note 7	

		Investment amount		
		approved by the		
		Investment	in Mainland China	
		Commission of the	imposed by the	
		Ministry of Economic	Investment	
	Accumulated amount of remittance from Taiwan to Mainland China	Affairs (MOEA)	Commission of	
Company name	as of March 31,2022 (Notes 3 and 5)	(Note 5)	MOEA (Note 4)	Footnote
SYSGRATION LTD.	\$ 99,904	\$ 137,002	\$ 778,921	

Note 1: Investment methods are classified into the following three categories; fill in the number of category each case belongs to:

(1)Directly invest in a company in Mainland China.

(2)Through investing in an existing company in the third area, which then invested in the investee in Mainland China.

(3)Others

Note 2: In the 'Investment income (loss) recognised by the Company for the three months ended March 31, 2022' column:

(1)It should be indicated if the investee was still in the incorporation arrangements and had not yet any profit during this period.

(2)Indicate the basis for investment income (loss) recognition in the number of one of the following three categories:

A. The financial statements that are reviewed and attested by international accounting firm which has cooperative relationship with accounting firm in R.O.C.

B. The financial statements that are reviewed and attested by R.O.C. parent company's CPA.

C. Others.

Note 3: The Company reinvested in 'SYSGRATION ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGY (ZHENJIANG) CO., LTD.' through 'SYSGRATION TECHNOLOGY (SAMOA) LTD.' which was invested by the Company under the approval of Jing-Shen-II-Zi No.10100477000, No.10200372350, No.10300319430, No.1040023080, No.10500055360 and No.10500105990. Additionally, the Company reinvested in 'SYSGRATION ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGY (HUIZHOU) CO., LTD.' through 'SYSGRATION (SAMOA) LTD.' which was invested by the Company under the approval of Jing-Shen-II-Zi No.10400023090, No.10400251280 and No.10500072680.

Note 4: The ceiling is NT\$80 million and 60% of the net assets or consolidated net assets, whichever is higher.

Note 5: It was translated to NTD at the exchange rate on March 31, 2022.

Note 6: Through SYSGRATION TECHNOLOGY (SAMOA) LTD..

Note 7: Through SYSGRATION (SAMOA) LTD..

Significant transactions, either directly or indirectly through a third area, with investee companies in the Mainland Area

Three months ended March 31, 2022

Table 9

Expressed in thousands of NTD

(Except as otherwise indicated)

-	Sale (purcha	se)	Property tr	ansactio	n	Accounts receiva (payable)	able	ac	Other counts receiva (payable)	ble	Provision of endorsements/guarantees or collaterals		Financing						
Investee in Mainland China	Amount	%	Amount	9	%	Balance at March 31, 2022	%		ace at March 31, 2022	%	Balance at March 31, 2022	Purpose	Maximum balance duri the three months ende March 31, 2022	-	Balance at M 31, 2022		Interest rate	Interest for the three months ended March 31, 2022	Others
SYSGRATION (ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGY (HUIZHOU) CO., LTD.	(\$ 178,223)	42%	\$	-	- (5	5 176,553)	47%	\$	70,337	91%	\$ -	-	\$ 70,3	337	\$7	0,337	-	\$-	
SYSGRATION (ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGY (ZHENJIANG) CO., LTD.	(91,790)	22%		-	- (7,530)	2%			-	- Note	Note	-		-		-	-	
Note : Please refer t	to table 2.																		

Major shareholders information

Three months ended March 31, 2022

Table 10

 Name of major shareholders
 Number of shares held
 Ownership

 Lee, Yi-Ren
 12,961,210
 8.33%