SYSGRATION LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REVIEW REPORT JUNE 30, 2022 AND 2021

For the convenience of readers and for information purpose only, the auditors' report and the accompanying financial statements have been translated into English from the original Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. In the event of any discrepancy between the English version and the original Chinese version or any differences in the interpretation of the two versions, the Chinese-language auditors' report and financial statements shall prevail.

SYSGRATION LTD.

JUNE 30, 2022 AND 2021 CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REVIEW REPORT TABLE OF CONTENTS

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REVIEW REPORT

To the Board of Directors and Shareholders of Sysgration Ltd.

Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Sysgration Ltd. and subsidiaries (the "Group") as at June 30, 2022 and 2021, and the related consolidated statements of comprehensive income for the three months and six months then ended, as well as the statements of changes in equity and of cash flows for the six months then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and International Accounting Standard 34, "Interim Financial Reporting" as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on these consolidated financial statements based on our reviews.

Scope of review

We conducted our reviews in accordance with the Statement of Auditing Standards No. 65, "Review of Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity" in the Republic of China. A review of consolidated financial statements consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Conclusion

Based on our reviews, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying consolidated financial statements do not present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Group as at June 30, 2022 and 2021, and of its consolidated financial performance for the three months and six months then ended and its consolidated cash flows for the six months then ended in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and International Accounting Standard 34, "Interim Financial Reporting" as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission.

Chih, Ping-Chiun Chiu, Chao-Hsien For and on behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers, Taiwan August 9, 2022

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are not intended to present the financial position and results of operations and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. The standards, procedures and practices in the Republic of China governing the audit of such financial statements may differ from those generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. Accordingly, the accompanying consolidated financial statements and independent auditors' review report are not intended for use by those who are not informed about the accounting principles or auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China, and their applications in practice.

SYSGRATION LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS JUNE 30, 2022, DECEMBER 31, 2021 AND JUNE 30, 2021 (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars) (The balance sheets as of June 30, 2022 and 2021 are reviewed, not audited)

			June 30, 202		December 31, 2	2021	June 30, 2021			
	Assets	Notes	AMOUNT	%	AMOUNT	%	AMOUNT	%		
(Current assets									
1100	Cash and cash equivalents	6(1)	\$ 726,123	24	\$ 840,787	29	\$ 943,039	38		
1110	Financial assets at fair value	6(2)								
	through profit or loss - current		984	-	1,477	-	35,859	2		
1136	Current financial assets at	6(1)(4) and 8								
	amortised cost		105,101	4	100,501	4	-	-		
1150	Notes receivable, net	6(5) and 12(2)	13,850	1	5,387	-	980	-		
1170	Accounts receivable, net	6(5) and 12(2)	860,890	28	616,685	21	455,614	18		
1200	Other receivables		10,197	-	13,831	1	9,409	-		
1220	Current income tax assets	6(31)	94	-	84	-	481	-		
130X	Inventories	6(6)	415,835	14	548,488	19	211,017	8		
1470	Other current assets	6(7)	134,793	4	96,498	3	105,964	4		
11XX	Current assets		2,267,867	75	2,223,738	77	1,762,363	70		
]	Non-current assets									
1517	Non-current financial assets at fai	r 6(3)								
	value through other comprehensiv	ve .								
	income		76,245	2	96,038	3	56,684	2		
1535	Non-current financial assets at	6(1)(4) and 8								
	amortised cost		20,800	1	24,800	1	126,501	5		
1600	Property, plant and equipment	6(8) and 8	444,989	15	418,033	14	417,341	17		
1755	Right-of-use assets	6(9)	39,763	1	49,977	2	59,622	2		
1760	Investment property - net	6(10)	4,094	-	4,162	-	4,231	-		
1780	Intangible assets	6(11)	21,548	1	14,650	1	12,835	1		
1840	Deferred income tax assets	6(31)	29,144	1	31,107	1	33,371	1		
1900	Other non-current assets	6(12)	123,543	4	39,407	1	37,362	2		
			7(0 10(25	678,174	23	747 047	30		
15XX	Non-current assets		760,126	25	070,174	23	747,947	30		

(Continued)

SYSGRATION LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

JUNE 30, 2022, DECEMBER 31, 2021 AND JUNE 30, 2021

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

(The balance sheets as of June 30, 2022 and 2021 are reviewed, not audited)

	*******				December 31, 20			0./		
	Liabilities and Equity Current liabilities	Notes		AMOUNT	%	AMOUNT			AMOUNT	%
2100	Short-term borrowings	6(13)	\$	8,878		\$ 8,688		\$	10 201	
2130	Current contract liabilities	6(24)	Ф	28,420	1	21,198	1	Ф	19,391 3,166	-
2150	Notes payable	0(24)		28,420 868	1	986	1		557	-
2170	Accounts payable			558,207	18	773,660	- 27		524,328	21
2200	Other payables	6(16)(33)			5		5		96,272	4
2230	Current income tax liabilities	6(31)		151,236	5	140,457	3		90,272 873	4
2250	Current provisions	6(19)		13,713	1	7,179	-		4,515	-
2280	Current lease liabilities	0(19)		24,861	1	24,749	1		23,552	1
2320	Long-term liabilities, current	6(14)(15)		24,601	1	24,749	1		23,332	1
2320	portion	0(17)(13)		545,438	18	533,211	18		44,381	2
2399	Other current liabilities, others			27,586	1	21,883	1		24,867	1
21XX	Current liabilities			1,359,207	45	1,532,011	53	_	741,902	29
21707	Non-current liabilities			1,337,207	43	1,332,011		-	741,702	
2530	Bonds payable	6(14) and 8		_		_			489,782	20
2540	Long-term borrowings	6(15) and 8		248,511	8	137,881	4		146,449	6
2580	Non-current lease liabilities	0(13) una 0		15,424	1	25,702	1		36,421	1
2600	Other non-current liabilities			198	_	198	_		30,121	_
25XX	Non-current liabilities			264,133	9	163,781	5		672,652	27
2XXX	Total liabilities			1,623,340	54	1,695,792	 58		1,414,554	56
2717171	Equity attributable to owners of			1,023,340		1,075,772			1,414,554	
	the parent									
	Share capital	6(20)								
3110	Ordinary shares	0(20)		1,555,880	51	1,545,534	53		1,545,534	62
3140	Advance receipts for share capital			7,460	-	9,956	1		-	-
	Capital surplus	6(21)		7,100		,,,,,	•			
3200	Capital surplus	0(=1)		61,248	2	160,349	6		147,947	6
	Retained earnings	6(22)		01,210	2	100,515	Ü		117,517	Ŭ
3320	Special reserve	- ()		_	_	35,953	1		35,953	1
3350	Accumulated deficit		(134,297)(4)		16)	(533,721)(21)
	Other equity interest	6(23)	`	,, (.,		/		,(/
3400	Other equity interest	,	(85,638)(3)	(90,902)(3)	(99,957)(4)
31XX	Equity attributable to owners		`	^		` <u> </u>		`	^	
	of the parent			1,404,653	46	1,206,120	42		1,095,756	44
3XXX	Total equity			1,404,653	46	1,206,120	42		1,095,756	44
	Significant contingent liabilities and	9								
	unrecognised contract commitments									
	Significant events after the balance	11								
	sheet date									
3X2X	Total liabilities and equity		\$	3,027,993	100	\$ 2,901,912	100	\$	2,510,310	100
	1 0		-	, , , ,		· ,,		<u> </u>	, , , ,	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

SYSGRATION LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
THREE MONTHS AND SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 AND 2021
(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except earnings per share amount)
(REVIEWED, NOT AUDITED)

				Three m	onths e	ndec	d June 30 2021		Six mo	ded June 30 2021		
	Items	Notes	A	MOUNT	%	A	MOUNT	%	AMOUNT	%	AMOUNT	%
4000	Operating revenue	6(24)	\$	834,913	100	\$	590,482	100	\$ 1,594,327	100	\$ 1,080,939	100
5000	Operating costs	6(6)(17)(18)										
		(29)(30) and 7	(639,351)(77) (486,481) (82)(1,226,067)(<u>77</u>) (889,454) (82)
5900	Gross profit from operations			195,562	23		104,001	18	368,260	23	191,485	18
	Operating expenses	6(17)(18)(29)										
		(30)										
6100	Selling expenses		(24,505)(3) (17,093) (3)(43,458) (3)(32,180) (3)
6200	Administrative expenses		(47,003) (5)(39,248) (7)(90,590)(5)(78,893) (7)
6300	Research and development											
	expenses		(50,994) (6)(40,590)(7)(92,365) (6)(78,465) (7)
6450	Impairment gain and reversal	12(2)										
	of impairment loss determined											
	in accordance with IFRS 9			1,843			1,334	- (293)		7,210	
6000	Total operating expenses		(120,659)(14) (95,597)(17)(226,706) (<u>14</u>) (182,328) (17)
6900	Operating profit			74,903	9		8,404	1	141,554	9	9,157	1
	Non-operating income and											
	expenses											
7100	Interest income	6(4)(25)		528	-		435	-	779	-	790	-
7010	Other income	6(10)(26)		1,048	-		5,224	1	1,990	-	14,680	1
7020	Other gains and losses	6(2)(27)		11,152	1 (5,548) (1)	18,784	1 (3,803)(1)
7050	Finance costs	6(9)(13)(14)										
		(15)(28)	(2,074)	- (1,841)	- (3,873)	(3,546)	
7000	Total non-operating income											
	and expenses			10,654	1 (1,730)	<u> </u>	17,680	1	8,121	
7900	Profit before income tax			85,557	10		6,674	1	159,234	10	17,278	1
7950	Income tax expense	6(31)		213			5	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	(882)	
8200	Profit for the period		\$	85,770	10	\$	6,679	1	\$ 159,234	10	\$ 16,396	1

(Continued)

SYSGRATION LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
THREE MONTHS AND SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 AND 2021
(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except earnings per share amount)
(REVIEWED, NOT AUDITED)

			Three months			ended								
	τ.	NT 4		2022	0/		2021	0/		2022 MOLDIT	0/		2021	0/
	Items	Notes	A	MOUNT	<u>%</u>	Al	MOUNT	%	A	MOUNT	<u>%</u>	Al	MOUNT	<u>%</u>
	Other comprehensive income	6(2)(22)(21)												
	Components of other comprehensive income that will	6(3)(23)(31)												
	not be reclassified to profit or													
	loss													
8316	Unrealised gains (losses) from													
0310	investments in equity													
	instruments measured at fair													
	value through other													
	comprehensive income		(\$	5,623)	(1)	\$	474	_	(\$	6,293)	(1)	\$	705	_
8349	Income tax related to		(4	3,023)	(1)	Ψ	.,.		(4	0,2,0)	(1)	4	, 05	
	components of other													
	comprehensive income that													
	will not be reclassified to													
	profit or loss			1,124	_	(95)	_		1,258	-	(141)	-
8310	Total other comprehensive					`						`		
	income (loss) that will not													
	be reclassified to profit or													
	loss, net of tax		(4,499)	(1)		379	-	(5,035)	(1)		564	-
	Components of other	6(23)(31)							-	,				
	comprehensive income that will													
	be reclassified to profit or loss													
8361	Exchange differences on													
	translation		(2,903)	-	(3,884)	-		16,108	1	(5,745)	-
8399	Income tax related to													
	components of other													
	comprehensive income that													
	will be reclassified to profit or													
	loss			580			777		(3,222)			1,149	
8360	Total other comprehensive													
	income (loss) that will be													
	reclassified to profit or loss,													
	net of tax		(2,323)		(3,107)			12,886	1	(4,596)	
8300	Other comprehensive income													
	(loss) for the period, net of tax		(\$	6,822)	()	(\$	2,728)		\$	7,851		(\$	4,032)	
8500	Total comprehensive income for													
	the period		\$	78,948	9	\$	3,951	1	\$	167,085	10	\$	12,364	1
	Profit, attributable to:													
8610	Owners of the parent		\$	85,770	10	\$	6,679	1	\$	159,234	10	\$	16,396	1
8620	Non-controlling interest					_	<u>-</u>		_					
			\$	85,770	10	\$	6,679	1	\$	159,234	10	\$	16,396	1
	Comprehensive income													
	attributable to:													
8710	Owners of the parent		\$	78,948	9	\$	3,951	1	\$	167,085	10	\$	12,364	1
8720	Non-controlling interest								_			_		
			\$	78,948	9	\$	3,951	1	\$	167,085	10	\$	12,364	1
0.500	Basic earnings per share	6(32)							_					
9750	Basic earnings per share		\$		0.55	\$		0.04	\$		1.03	\$		0.10
	Diluted earnings per share	6(32)										_		
9850	Diluted earnings per share		\$		0.51	\$		0.04	\$		0.95	\$		0.10

SYSGRATION LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 AND 2021

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars) (REVIEWED, NOT AUDITED)

						Equity att	ributabl	e to owners of	the par	ent						
		Share	capital		Cap	oital Surplus		Retained	l Earnin	gs	Other equity interest					
	Notes	Ordinary shares		ce receipts for are capital	Addi	tional paid-in capital	Spec	cial reserve	Accur	nulated deficit	dit tra fore	Exchange fferences on anslation of eign financial statements	(lo fina mea value com	alised gains sses) from ncial assets sured at fair through other prehensive income	T	Total equity
<u>2021</u>																
Balance at January 1, 2021		\$ 1,524,847	\$	15,958	\$	135,896	\$	35,953	(\$,,	(\$	61,025)	(\$	34,900)	\$	1,066,612
Income for the period		-		-		-		-		16,396		-		-		16,396
Other comprehensive (loss) income for the	ie 6(23)													~~.		4 000
period											(4,596)		564	(4,032)
Total comprehensive income (loss)								<u>-</u>		16,396	(4,596)		564		12,364
Convertible bonds	((10)(21)	29		-		68		-		-		-		-		97
Share-based compensation cost	6(18)(21)	- 20 (50	,	15 050 >		7,499		-		-		-		-		7,499
Exercise of employee stock options	6(20)	20,658	(15,958)	Φ.	4,484	Φ.		, h	500 501	, h		, h	24.226	Φ.	9,184
Balance at June 30, 2021		\$ 1,545,534	\$		\$	147,947	\$	35,953	(\$	533,721)	(\$	65,621)	(\$	34,336)	\$	1,095,756
<u>2022</u>				0.056		160 040		25 252		151 550		64.040		26.054		1 204 120
Balance at January 1, 2022		\$ 1,545,534	\$	9,956	\$	160,349	\$	35,953	(\$	454,770)	(\$	64,048)	(\$	26,854)	\$	1,206,120
Income for the period		-		-		-		-		159,234		-		-		159,234
Other comprehensive (loss) income for the period	ie 6(23)											12,886	,	5,035)		7,851
Total comprehensive income (loss)				<u>-</u>		-		-		159,234		12,886	·—	5,035)	-	167,085
Share-based compensation cost	6(18)(21)					6,885				139,234		12,000	(3,033		6,885
Convertible bonds	6(21)(33)	-		6.799		16,713		-		-		-		-		23,512
Exercise of employee stock options	6(20)	10,346	(9,295)		10,715		_		-		_		_		1,051
Disposal of fair value through other	6(3)	10,540	(7,275)		_		_		_		_		_		1,031
comprehensive income	0(3)	_		_		_		_		2,587		_	(2,587)		_
Capital surplus used to offset accumulated	6(21)									_,				_,,		
deficit	` ′	-		-	(122,699)		-		122,699		-		-		-
Special reserve used to offset accumulated deficit	6(22)	-		_		-	(35,953)		35,953		-		-		-
Balance at June 30, 2022		\$ 1,555,880	\$	7,460	\$	61,248	\$		(\$	134,297)	(\$	51,162)	(\$	34,476)	\$	1,404,653

SYSGRATION LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 AND 2021 (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars) (REVIEWED, NOT AUDITED)

			ne 30		
	Notes		2022		2021
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
Profit before tax		\$	159,234	\$	17,278
Adjustments		Ψ	137,231	Ψ	17,270
Adjustments to reconcile profit (loss)					
Net loss on financial assets or liabilities at fair	6(27)				
value through profit or loss	*(=',)		493		563
Expected credit impairment loss (gain)	12(2)		293	(7,210)
Depreciation	6(8)(9)(10)(29)		44,970	`	40,879
Amortisation	6(11)(29)		6,705		4,622
Gain on disposal of property, plant and	6(27)		5,752		.,===
equipment		(2)	(117)
Interest expense	6(9)(13)(14)(15)		- /	`	11.)
1	(28)		3,873		3,546
Interest income	6(25)	(779)	(790)
Share-based payments	6(18)(21)(30)	`	6,885		7,499
Changes in operating assets and liabilities	()()()		,		,
Changes in operating assets					
Financial assets at fair value through profit or					
loss			=		8,618
Notes receivable		(8,463)	(990)
Accounts receivable		Ì	244,117)	Ì	112,026)
Other receivables		`	3,634	Ì	4,434)
Inventories			132,653	(68,288)
Other current assets		(38,295)	(51,311)
Changes in operating liabilities					
Contract liabilities			7,222	(645)
Notes payable		(118)	(158)
Accounts payable		(215,453)		194,252
Other payables			11,955		2,264
Other payables - related parties			-	(2,889)
Current provisions			6,534		3,507
Other current liabilities			5,703	(4,791)
Cash (outflow) inflow generated from operations		(117,073)		29,379
Interest received			779		790
Interest paid		(1,245)	(989)
Income tax paid		(10)	(17)
Net cash flows (used in) from operating					
activities		(117,549)		29,163

(Continued)

SYSGRATION LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 AND 2021 (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars) (REVIEWED, NOT AUDITED)

				ended June 30			
	Notes		2022		2021		
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES							
Acquisition of financial assets at fair value through	12(3)						
other comprehensive income	,	\$	-	(\$	7,353)		
Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at fair	12(3)				, ,		
value through other comprehensive income			13,500		-		
Increased in financial assets at amortised cost		(600)	(7,000)		
Increase in prepayments for investments		(62,000)		-		
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	6(33)	(59,855)	(30,557)		
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and							
equipment			37		1,558		
Acquisition of intangible assets	6(11)	(13,531)	(4,811)		
Increase in refundable deposits		(472)	(1,744)		
Increase in prepayments for business facilities		(22,655)	(18,563)		
Decrease (increase) in other non-current assets			991	(1,526)		
Net cash flows used in investing activities		(144,585)	(69,996)		
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES							
Proceeds from long-term borrowings	6(34)		174,000		100,900		
Repayment of long-term borrowings	6(34)	(29,818)	(15,181)		
Exercise of employee share options	6(20)		1,051		9,184		
Payments of lease liabilities	6(9)(34)	(13,066)	(11,791)		
Net cash flows from financing activities			132,167	·	83,112		
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash							
equivalents			15,303	(3,457)		
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents		(114,664)		38,822		
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period			840,787	_	904,217		
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period		\$	726,123	\$	943,039		

SYSGRATION LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 AND 2021

(REVIEWED, NOT AUDITED)

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except as otherwise indicated)

1. HISTORY AND ORGANISATION

SYSGRATION LTD. (the 'Company') was incorporated as a company limited by shares under the provisions of the Company Act of the Republic of China (R.O.C.) on October 14, 1977, and the Company's shares have been approved by Securities and Futures Commission, Ministry of Finance to be officially traded on Taipei Exchange from December 1995. The Company and its subsidiaries (the 'Group') are primarily engaged in the manufacture and sale of automobile electronics products and power management products.

2. THE DATE OF AUTHORISATION FOR ISSUANCE OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND PROCEDURES FOR AUTHORISATION

These consolidated financial statements were reported to the Board of Directors on August 9, 2022.

3. APPLICATION OF NEW STANDARDS, AMENDMENTS AND INTERPRETATIONS

(1) Effect of the adoption of new issuances of or amendments to International Financial Reporting

Standards ("IFRS") as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission ("FSC")

New standards, interpretations and amendments endorsed by the FSC effective from 2022 are as follows:

	Effective date by					
	International Accounting					
New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments	Standards Board					
Amendments to IFRS 3, 'Reference to the conceptual framework'	January 1, 2022					
Amendments to IAS 16, 'Property, plant and equipment: proceeds	January 1, 2022					
before intended use'						
Amendments to IAS 37, 'Onerous contracts - cost of fulfilling a contract'	January 1, 2022					
Annual improvements to IFRS Standards 2018-2020	January 1, 2022					
The above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the Group's financial condition						

The above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the Group's financial condition and financial performance based on the Group's assessment.

(2) Effect of new issuances of or amendments to IFRSs as endorsed by the FSC but not yet adopted by the Group

New standards, interpretations and amendments issued by FSC but not yet included in the IFRSs as endorsed by the Group are as follows:

	Effective date by
	International Accounting
New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments	Standards Board
Amendments to IAS 1, 'Disclosure of accounting policies'	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IAS 8, 'Definition of accounting estimates'	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IAS 12, 'Deferred tax related to assets and liabilities	January 1, 2023
arising from a single transaction'	

The above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the Group's financial condition and financial performance based on the Group's assessment.

(3) IFRSs issued by IASB but not yet endorsed by the FSC

New standards, interpretations and amendments issued by IASB but not yet included in the IFRSs as endorsed by the FSC are as follows:

	Effective date by
	International Accounting
New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments	Standards Board
Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28, 'Sale or contribution of assets	To be determined by
between an investor and its associate or joint venture'	International Accounting
	Standards Board
IFRS 17, 'Insurance contracts'	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IFRS 17, 'Insurance contracts'	January 1, 2023
Amendment to IFRS 17, 'Initial application of IFRS 17 and IFRS 9 –	January 1, 2023
comparative information'	
Amendments to IAS 1, 'Classification of liabilities as current or	January 1, 2023
non-current'	

The above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the Group's financial condition and financial performance based on the Group's assessment.

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the periods presented, unless otherwise stated.

(1) Compliance statement

The consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared in accordance with the "Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers" and the International Accounting Standard 34, 'Interim financial reporting' as endorsed by the FSC.

(2) Basis of preparation

- A. Except for the following items, the consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention:
 - (a) Financial assets (including derivative instruments) at fair value through profit or loss.
 - (b) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income.

B. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, IFRIC Interpretations, and SIC Interpretations as endorsed by the FSC (collectively referred herein as the "IFRSs") requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements are disclosed in Note 5.

(3) Basis of consolidation

- A. Basis for preparation of consolidated financial statements:
 - (a) All subsidiaries are included in the Group's consolidated financial statements. Subsidiaries are all entities (including structured entities) controlled by the Group. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. Consolidation of subsidiaries begins from the date the Group obtains control of the subsidiaries and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiaries.
 - (b) Inter-company transactions, balances and unrealised gains or losses on transactions between companies within the Group are eliminated. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been adjusted where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.
 - (c) Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the parent and to the non-controlling interests. Total comprehensive income is attributed to the owners of the parent and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.
 - (d) Changes in a parent's ownership interest in a subsidiary that do not result in the parent losing control of the subsidiary (transactions with non-controlling interests) are accounted for as equity transactions, i.e. transactions with owners in their capacity as owners. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognised directly in equity.

B. Subsidiaries included in the consolidated financial statements:

Name of	Name of	Main business	Owner	ship(%)	
investor	subsidiary	activities	June 30, 2022	December 31, 2021	Description
SYSGRATION LTD.	SYSGRATION USA INC.	Sale of electronic products	100	100	
SYSGRATION LTD.	SYSGRATION (SAMOA) LTD.	Investment holding of overseas	100	100	
SYSGRATION LTD.	SYSGRATION TECHNOLOGY (SAMOA) LTD.	Investment holding of overseas	100	100	
SYSGRATION TECHNOLOGY (SAMOA) LTD.	SYSGRATION ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGY (ZHENJIANG) CO., LTD.	Manufacturing and sale of energy storage productss	100	100	
SYSGRATION (SAMOA) LTD.	SYSGRATION ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGY (HUIZHOU) CO., LTD.	Manufacturing and sale of electronic products	100	100	
Name of	Name of	Main business	Ownership(%)		
Name of investor	Name of subsidiary	Main business activities	Ownership(%) June 30, 2021	Description	
				Description	
investor SYSGRATION	subsidiary SYSGRATION	<u>activities</u> Sale of electronic	June 30, 2021	Description	
investor SYSGRATION LTD. SYSGRATION	subsidiary SYSGRATION USA INC. SYSGRATION	activities Sale of electronic products Investment holding of	June 30, 2021 100	Description	
investor SYSGRATION LTD. SYSGRATION LTD. SYSGRATION	subsidiary SYSGRATION USA INC. SYSGRATION (SAMOA) LTD. SYSGRATION TECHNOLOGY	activities Sale of electronic products Investment holding of overseas Investment holding of	June 30, 2021 100 100	Description	

- C. Subsidiaries not included in the consolidated financial statements: None.
- D. Adjustments for subsidiaries with different balance sheet dates: None.
- E. Significant restrictions: None.
- F. Subsidiaries that have non-controlling interest that are material to the Group: None.

(4) Foreign currency translation

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the "functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in New Taiwan dollars, which is the Company's functional and the Group's presentation currency.

A. Foreign currency transactions and balances

- (a) Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions or valuation where items are remeasured. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.
- (b) Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the period end are retranslated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date. Exchange differences arising upon re-translation at the balance sheet date are recognised in profit or loss.
- (c) Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies held at fair value through other comprehensive income are re-translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date; their translation differences are recognised in other comprehensive income.
- (d) All foreign exchange gains and losses based on the nature of those transactions are presented in the statement of comprehensive income within 'other gains and losses'.

B. Translation of foreign operations

The operating results and financial position of all the group entities and associates that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:

- (a) Assets and liabilities for each balance sheet presented are translated at the closing exchange rate at the date of that balance sheet;
- (b) Income and expenses for each statement of comprehensive income are translated at average exchange rates of that period; and
- (c) All resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income.

(5) Classification of current and non-current items

- A. Assets that meet one of the following criteria are classified as current assets; otherwise they are classified as non-current assets:
 - (a) Assets arising from operating activities that are expected to be realised, or are intended to be sold or consumed within the normal operating cycle;
 - (b) Assets held mainly for trading purposes;
 - (c) Assets that are expected to be realised within twelve months from the balance sheet date;
 - (d) Cash and cash equivalents, excluding restricted cash and cash equivalents and those that are to be exchanged or used to settle liabilities more than twelve months after the balance sheet date.
- B. Liabilities that meet one of the following criteria are classified as current liabilities; otherwise they are classified as non-current liabilities:

- (a) Liabilities that are expected to be settled within the normal operating cycle;
- (b) Liabilities arising mainly from trading activities;
- (c) Liabilities that are to be settled within twelve months from the balance sheet date;
- (d) Liabilities for which the repayment date cannot be extended unconditionally to more than twelve months after the balance sheet date. Terms of a liability that could, at the option of the counterparty, result in its settlement by the issue of equity instruments do not affect its classification.

(6) Cash equivalents

Cash equivalents refer to short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. Time deposits that meet the definition above and are held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments in operations are classified as cash equivalents.

(7) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

- A. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are financial assets that are not measured at amortised cost or fair value through other comprehensive income.
- B. On a regular way purchase or sale basis, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are recognised and derecognised using trade date accounting.
- C. At initial recognition, the Group measures the financial assets at fair value and recognises the transaction costs in profit or loss. The Group subsequently measures the financial assets at fair value, and recognises the gain or loss in profit or loss.
- D. The Group recognises the dividend income when the right to receive payment is established, future economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the Group and the amount of the dividend can be measured reliably.

(8) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

- A. Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income comprise equity securities which are not held for trading, and for which the Group has made an irrevocable election at initial recognition to recognise changes in fair value in other comprehensive income.
- B. On a regular way purchase or sale basis, financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are recognised and derecognised using trade date accounting.
- C. At initial recognition, the Group measures the financial assets at fair value plus transaction costs. The Group subsequently measures the financial assets at fair value:
 - The changes in fair value of equity investments that were recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to retained earnings and are not reclassified to profit or loss following the derecognition of the investment. Dividends are recognised as revenue when the right to receive payment is established, future economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the Group and the amount of the dividend can be measured reliably.

(9) Financial assets at amortised cost

A. Financial assets at amortised cost are those that meet all of the following criteria:

- (a) The objective of the Group's business model is achieved by collecting contractual cash flows.
- (b) The assets' contractual cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest.
- B. On a regular way purchase or sale basis, financial assets at amortised cost are recognised and derecognised using trade date accounting.
- C. At initial recognition, the Group measures the financial assets at fair value plus transaction costs. Interest income from these financial assets is included in finance income using the effective interest method. A gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised or impaired.
- D. The Group's time deposits which do not fall under cash equivalents are those with a short maturity period and are measured at initial investment amount as the effect of discounting is immaterial.

(10) Accounts and notes receivable

- A. Accounts and notes receivable entitle the Group a legal right to receive consideration in exchange for transferred goods or rendered services.
- B. The short-term accounts and notes receivable without bearing interest are subsequently measured at initial invoice amount as the effect of discounting is immaterial.

(11) Impairment of financial assets

For debt instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income and financial assets at amortised cost, at each reporting date, the Group recognises the impairment provision for 12 months expected credit losses if there has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition or recognises the impairment provision for the lifetime expected credit losses (ECLs) if such credit risk has increased since initial recognition after taking into consideration all reasonable and verifiable information that includes forecasts. On the other hand, for accounts receivable or contract assets that do not contain a significant financing component, the Group recognises the impairment provision for lifetime ECLs.

(12) <u>Derecognition of financial assets</u>

The Group derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to receive the cash flows from the financial asset expire.

(13) <u>Leasing arrangements (lessor) — operating leases</u>

Lease income from an operating lease (net of any incentives given to the lessee) is recognised in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

(14) Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined using the weighted-average method. The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises raw materials, direct labour, other direct costs and related production overheads (allocated based on normal operating capacity). The item by item approach is used in applying the lower of cost and net realisable value. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated cost of completion and applicable variable selling expenses.

(15) Property, plant and equipment

- A. Property, plant and equipment are initially recorded at cost.
- B. Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to profit or loss during the financial period in which they are incurred.
- C. Land is not depreciated. Other property, plant and equipment apply cost model and are depreciated using the straight-line method to allocate their cost over their estimated useful lives. Each part of an item of property, plant, and equipment with a cost that is significant in relation to the total cost of the item must be depreciated separately.
- D. The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each financial year-end. If expectations for the assets' residual values and useful lives differ from previous estimates or the patterns of consumption of the assets' future economic benefits embodied in the assets have changed significantly, any change is accounted for as a change in estimate under IAS 8, 'Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors', from the date of the change. The estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment are as follows:

Buildings and structures $2 \sim 55$ years Machinery $2 \sim 20$ years Maintenance equipment and tools $2\sim5$ years Office equipment $2 \sim 30$ years Transportation equipment $4 \sim 5$ vears Leasehold improvements years or lease period (whichever is shorter) $3 \sim 5$ Others 2~3 years

(16) Leasing arrangements (lessee) — right-of-use assets/ lease liabilities

- A. Leases are recognised as a right-of-use asset and a corresponding lease liability at the date at which the leased asset is available for use by the Group. For short-term leases or leases of low-value assets, lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.
- B. Lease liabilities include the net present value of the remaining lease payments at the commencement date, discounted using the incremental borrowing interest rate.

Lease payments are comprised of the following:

- (a) Fixed payments, less any lease incentives receivable;
- (b) Payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the lessee exercising that option.

The Group subsequently measures the lease liability at amortised cost using the interest method and recognises interest expense over the lease term. The lease liability is remeasured and the

amount of remeasurement is recognised as an adjustment to the right-of-use asset when there are changes in the lease term or lease payments and such changes do not arise from contract modifications.

- C. At the commencement date, the right-of-use asset is stated at cost comprising the following:
 - (a) The amount of the initial measurement of lease liability;
 - (b) Any lease payments made at or before the commencement date;
 - (c) Any initial direct costs incurred by the lessee; and
 - (d) An estimate of costs to be incurred by the lessee in dismantling and removing the underlying asset, restoring the site on which it is located or restoring the underlying asset to the condition required by the terms and conditions of the lease.

The right-of-use asset is measured subsequently using the cost model and is depreciated from the commencement date to the earlier of the end of the asset's useful life or the end of the lease term. When the lease liability is remeasured, the amount of remeasurement is recognised as an adjustment to the right-of-use asset.

D. For lease modifications that decrease the scope of the lease, the lessee shall decrease the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset to reflect the partial or full termination of the lease, and recognise the difference between remeasured lease liability in profit or loss.

(17) Investment property

An investment property is stated initially at its cost and measured subsequently using the cost model. Except for land, investment property is depreciated on a straight-line basis over its estimated useful life of 50 years.

(18) <u>Intangible assets</u>

Intangible assets, mainly computer software and patent rights, are amortised on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives of $1 \sim 10$ years.

(19) <u>Impairment of non-financial assets</u>

The Group assesses at each balance sheet date the recoverable amounts of those assets where there is an indication that they are impaired. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell or value in use. When the circumstances or reasons for recognising impairment loss for an asset in prior years no longer exist or diminish the impairment loss is reversed. The increased carrying amount due to reversal should not be more than what the depreciated or amortised historical cost would have been if the impairment had not been recognised.

(20) Borrowings

Borrowings comprise long-term and short-term bank borrowings. Borrowings are recognised initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently stated at amortised cost; any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognised in profit or loss over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.

(21) Notes and accounts payable

- A. Accounts payable are liabilities for purchases of raw materials, goods or services and notes payable are those resulting from operating and non-operating activities.
- B. The short-term notes and accounts payable without bearing interest are subsequently measured at initial invoice amount as the effect of discounting is immaterial.

(22) Convertible bonds payable

Convertible bonds issued by the Group contain conversion options (that is, the bondholders have the right to convert the bonds into the Group's common shares by exchanging a fixed amount of cash for a fixed number of common shares), call options and put options. The Group classifies the bonds payable upon issuance as a financial asset, a financial liability or an equity instrument in accordance with the contract terms. They are accounted for as follows:

- A. The embedded call options and put options are recognised initially at net fair value as 'financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss'. They are subsequently remeasured and stated at fair value on each balance sheet date; the gain or loss is recognised as 'gain or loss on valuation of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss'.
- B. The host contracts of bonds are initially recognised at fair value. Any difference between the initial recognition and the redemption value is accounted for as the premium or discount on bonds payable and subsequently is amortised in profit or loss as an adjustment to 'finance costs' over the period of circulation using the effective interest method.
- C. The embedded conversion options which meet the definition of an equity instrument are initially recognised in 'capital surplus—share options' at the residual amount of total issue price less the amount of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss and bonds payable or as stated above. Conversion options are not subsequently remeasured.
- D. Any transaction costs directly attributable to the issuance are allocated to each liability or equity component in proportion to the initial carrying amount of each abovementioned item.
- E. When bondholders exercise conversion options, the liability component of the bonds (including bonds payable and 'financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss') shall be remeasured on the conversion date. The issuance cost of converted common shares is the total book value of the abovementioned liability component and 'capital surplus—share options'.

(23) Derecognition of financial liabilities

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation specified in the contract is either discharged or cancelled or expires.

(24) Non-hedging and embedded derivatives

Non-hedging derivatives are initially recognised at fair value on the date a derivative contract is entered into and recorded as financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss. They are subsequently remeasured at fair value and the gains or losses are recognised in profit or

loss.

(25) Provisions

Provisions (including warranties) are recognised when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, and it is probable that an outflow of economic resources will be required to settle the obligation and the amount of the obligation can be reliably estimated. Provisions are measured at the present value of the expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation on the balance sheet date, which is discounted using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects the current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the obligation. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to passage of time is recognised as interest expense. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses.

(26) Employee benefits

A. Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits are measured at the undiscounted amount of the benefits expected to be paid in respect of service rendered by employees in a period and should be recognised as expense in that period when the employees render service.

B. Pensions

Defined contribution plans

For defined contribution plans, the contributions are recognised as pension expense when they are due on an accrual basis. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent of a cash refund or a reduction in the future payments.

(27) Employee share-based payment

For the equity-settled share-based payment arrangements, the employee services received are measured at the fair value of the equity instruments granted at the grant date and are recognised as compensation cost over the vesting period, with a corresponding adjustment to equity. The fair value of the equity instruments granted shall reflect the impact of market vesting conditions and non-vesting conditions. Compensation cost is subject to adjustment based on the service conditions that are expected to be satisfied and the estimates of the number of equity instruments that are expected to vest under the non-market vesting conditions at each balance sheet date. Ultimately, the amount of compensation cost recognised is based on the number of equity instruments that eventually vest.

(28) Income tax

- A. The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or items recognised directly in equity, in which cases the tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or equity.
- B. The current income tax expense is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date in the countries where the Company and its subsidiaries operate and generate taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in accordance with applicable tax regulations. It establishes provisions

- where appropriate based on the amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities. An additional tax is levied on the unappropriated retained earnings and is recorded as income tax expense in the year the stockholders resolve to retain the earnings.
- C. Deferred tax is recognised, using the balance sheet liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated balance sheet. However, the deferred tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of goodwill or of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss. Deferred tax is provided on temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries, except where the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference is controlled by the Group and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date and are expected to apply when the related deferred tax asset is realised or the deferred tax liability is settled.
- D. Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised. At each balance sheet date, unrecognised and recognised deferred tax assets are reassessed.
- E. The interim period income tax expense is recognised based on the estimated average annual effective income tax rate expected for the full financial year applied to the pretax income of the interim period, and the related information is disclosed accordingly.
- F. If a change in tax rate is enacted or substantively enacted in an interim period, the Group recognises the effect of the change immediately in the interim period in which the change occurs. The effect of the change on items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised in other comprehensive income or equity while the effect of the change on items recognised in profit or loss is recognised in profit or loss.

(29) Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or stock options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

(30) Revenue recognition

Sales of goods

A. The Group manufactures and sells automobile electronics products and power management products. Sales are recognised when control of the products has transferred, being when the products are delivered to the customer, the customer has full discretion over the channel and price to sell the products, and there is no unfulfilled obligation that could affect the customer's acceptance of the products. Delivery occurs when the products have been shipped to the specific location, the risks of obsolescence and loss have been transferred to the customer, and either the customer has accepted the products in accordance with the sales contract, or the Group has objective evidence that all criteria for acceptance have been satisfied.

B. A receivable is recognised when the goods are delivered as this is the point in time that the consideration is unconditional because only the passage of time is required before the payment is due.

(31) Government grants

Government grants are recognised at their fair value only when there is reasonable assurance that the Group will comply with any conditions attached to the grants and the grants will be received. Government grants are recognised in profit or loss on a systematic basis over the periods in which the Group recognises expenses for the related costs for which the grants are intended to compensate.

(32) Operating segments

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision-maker. The Group's chief operating decision-maker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as the Board of Directors that makes strategic decisions.

5. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS, ESTIMATES AND KEY SOURCES OF

ASSUMPTION UNCERTAINTY

The preparation of these consolidated financial statements requires management to make critical judgements in applying the Group's accounting policies and make critical assumptions and estimates concerning future events. Assumptions and estimates may differ from the actual results and are continually evaluated and adjusted based on historical experience and other factors. Such assumptions and estimates have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year; and the related information is addressed below:

(1) <u>Critical judgements in applying the Group's accounting policies</u> None.

(2) Critical accounting estimates and assumptions

Evaluation of inventories

As inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value, the Group must determine the net realisable value of inventories on balance sheet date using judgements and estimates. Due to the rapid technology innovation, the Group evaluates the amounts of normal inventory consumption, obsolete inventories or inventories without market selling value on balance sheet date, and writes down the cost of inventories to the net realisable value. Such an evaluation of inventories is principally based on the demand for the products within the specified period in the future. Therefore, there might be material changes to the evaluation.

6. DETAILS OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTS

(1) Cash and cash equivalents

	_ June 30, 2022 I		December 31, 2021		June 30, 2021	
Cash on hand	\$	904	\$	721	\$	681
Checking accounts and demand						
deposits		465,219		790,066		630,498
Time deposits		260,000		50,000		311,860
	\$	726,123	\$	840,787	\$	943,039

- A. The Group transacts with a variety of financial institutions all with high credit quality to disperse credit risk, so it expects that the probability of counterparty default is remote.
- B. As of June 30, 2022, December 31, 2021 and June 30, 2021, cash and cash equivalents amounting to \$125,901, \$125,301 and \$126,501, respectively, were pledged to others as collateral on short-term and long-term borrowings and were classified as financial assets at amortised cost.

(2) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

June 30, 20	22_	December 3	1, 2021	June 30), 2021
\$	-	\$	-	\$	34,472
	984		1,477	-	1,387
\$	984	\$	1,477	\$	35,859
		984	\$ - \$	\$ - \$ - 984 1,477	\$ - \$ - \$ 984 1,477

A. Amounts recognised in profit or loss in relation to financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are listed below:

	Three months ended			
	June	30, 2022	J <u>u</u>	ine 30, 2021
Financial assets mandatorily measured at fair				
value through profit or loss				
Debt instruments	\$	_	\$	56
Derivatives	(493)	(112)
	(<u>\$</u>	493)	(<u>\$</u>	56)

		nths ended 30, 2022	-	onths ended 30, 2021
Financial assets mandatorily measured at fair				
value through profit or loss				
Debt instruments	\$	-	\$	299
Derivatives	(493)	(862)
	(\$	493)	(\$	563)

- B. Derivatives are call options of the convertible bonds issued by the Company.
- C. The Group had no financial assets at fair value through profit or loss pledged to others as collateral.
- D. Information relating to credit risk of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss is provided in Note 12(3).
- (3) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

Items	June	June 30, 2022		December 31, 2021		e 30, 2021
Non-current items:						
Equity instruments						
Listed stocks	\$	21,514	\$	21,514	\$	21,513
Unlisted stocks		99,673		113,173		83,173
		121,187		134,687		104,686
Valuation adjustment	(44,942)	(38,649)	(48,002)
	\$	76,245	\$	96,038	\$	56,684

- A. The Group has elected to classify equity investments that are considered to be strategic investments as financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income.
- B. For the six months ended June 30, 2022, the Company has disposed stock of the investee company. Realised gain has been transferred to retained earnings from other equity.
- C. Amounts recognised in profit or loss and other comprehensive income in relation to the financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are listed below:

		months ended e 30, 2022	Three months ended June 30, 2021	
Equity instruments at fair value through other				
comprehensive				
Fair value change recognised in other				
comprehensive income	(\$	5,623)	\$	474
Cumulative gains reclassified to retained earnings				
due to derecognition	\$	_	\$	_

	Six months ended June 30, 2022		 x months ended June 30, 2021
Equity instruments at fair value through other	<u> </u>	10 30, 2022	 June 30, 2021
<u>comprehensive</u>			
Fair value change recognised in other			
comprehensive income	(\$	6,293)	\$ 705
Cumulative gains reclassified to retained earnings			
due to derecognition	\$	2,587	\$

- D. Without taking into account any collateral held or other credit enhancements, the maximum exposure to credit risk in respect of the amount that best represents the financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income held by the Group.
- E. The Group had no financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income pledged to others as collateral.
- F. Information relating to credit risk of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income is provided in Note 12(3).

(4) Financial assets at amortised cost

Items	Jui	ne 30, 2022	Decer	mber 31, 2021	Ju	ne 30, 2021
Current items:						
Pledged time deposits	\$	105,101	\$	100,501	\$	
Non-current items: Pledged time deposits	<u>\$</u>	20,800	\$	24,800	\$	126,501

A. Amounts recognised in profit or loss in relation to financial assets at amortised cost are listed below:

	Three mo	Three months ended		
	June 30, 2022		June 30, 2021	
Interest income	\$	343	\$	73
	Six mon	ths ended	Six mo	nths ended
	June 3	0, 2022	June	30, 2021
Interest income	\$	497	\$	148

- B. As at June 30, 2022, December 31, 2021 and June 30 2021, without taking into account any collateral held or other credit enhancements, the maximum exposure to credit risk in respect of the amount that best represents the financial assets at amortised cost held by the Group were \$125,901, \$125,301 and \$126,501, respectively.
- C. Details of the Group's financial assets at amortised cost pledged to others as collateral are provided in Note 8.

(5) Notes and accounts receivable

	Jun	e 30, 2022	Decen	nber 31, 2021	Jun	e 30, 2021
Notes receivable Less: Allowance for uncollectible	\$	13,850	\$	5,418	\$	990
accounts		_	(31)	(10)
	\$	13,850	\$	5,387	\$	980
Accounts receivable Less: Allowance for uncollectible	\$	870,182	\$	641,197	\$	476,527
accounts	(9,292)	(24,512)	(20,913)
	\$	860,890	\$	616,685	\$	455,614

A. The ageing analysis of accounts receivable and notes receivable that were past due but not impaired is as follows:

	 June 3	0, 2	022	Decembe	r 31	, 2021
	 Accounts receivable		Notes receivable	Accounts receivable		Notes receivable
Not past due	\$ 665,499	\$	13,850	\$ 457,624	\$	5,387
Up to 30 days	133,956		-	70,257		-
31 to 120 days	50,959		-	79,509		-
121 to 180 days	10,382		-	3,125		-
Over 180 days	 144			 6,170		<u>-</u>
	\$ 860,940	\$	13,850	\$ 616,685	\$	5,387
				 June 3	0, 20	021
				Accounts		Notes
				receivable		receivable
Not past due				\$ 377,271	\$	980
Up to 30 days				67,486		-
31 to 120 days				8,599		-
121 to 180 days				134		-
Over 180 days				 2,124		
				\$ 455,614	\$	980

The above ageing analysis was based on past due date.

- B. As of June 30, 2022, December 31, 2021 and June 30, 2021, accounts receivable and notes receivable were all from contracts with customers. And as of January 1, 2021, the balance of receivables from contracts with customers amounted to \$336,064.
- C. As at June 30, 2022, December 31, 2021 and June 30, 2021, without taking into account any collateral held or other credit enhancements, the maximum exposure to credit risk in respect of the amount that best represents the Group's notes receivable were \$13,850, \$5,387 and \$980, respectively; the maximum exposure to credit risk in respect of the amount that best represents the Group's accounts receivable were \$860,890, \$616,685 and \$455,614, respectively.

D. Information relating to credit risk of accounts receivable and notes receivable is provided in Note 12(3).

(6) <u>Inventories</u>

				June 30, 2022	
				Allowance for	
	Cost			valuation loss	Book value
Raw materials	\$	346,362	(\$	13,274)	\$ 333,088
Work in progress		56,952		-	56,952
Finished goods		29,653	(3,858)	 25,795
	\$	432,967	(\$	17,132)	\$ 415,835
			D	ecember 31, 2021	
				Allowance for	
		Cost		valuation loss	Book value
Raw materials	\$	412,819	(\$	14,881)	\$ 397,938
Work in progress		44,531		-	44,531
Finished goods		107,385	(1,366)	106,019
	\$	564,735	(\$	16,247)	\$ 548,488
				June 30, 2021	
				Allowance for	
		Cost		valuation loss	Book value
Raw materials	\$	171,245	(\$	6,104)	\$ 165,141
Work in progress		38,482		-	38,482
Finished goods		7,197	(759)	6,438
Inventory in transit		956		<u>-</u>	 956
	\$	217,880	(\$	6,863)	\$ 211,017

	months ended ne 30, 2022	months ended as 30, 2021
Cost of goods sold	\$ 639,270	\$ 485,136
Loss on decline in market value	 81	 1,345
	\$ 639,351	\$ 486,481
	 months ended ne 30, 2022	 nonths ended ne 30, 2021
Cost of goods sold	\$ 1,225,283	\$ 886,593
Loss on decline in market value	 784	 2,861
	\$ 1,226,067	\$ 889,454

The Group had no inventories pledged to others as collateral.

(7) Other current assets

	Jun	e 30, 2022	December 31, 2021			June 30, 2021	
Advance payment	\$	93,180	\$	41,041	\$	69,936	
Tax credit		26,459		44,625		26,985	
Other prepayments		12,054		8,159		8,707	
Others		3,100		2,673		336	
	\$	134,793	\$	96,498	\$	105,964	

(8) Property, plant and equipment

										2022					
			E	Buildings			Ma	intenance							_
				and			ec	uipment		Office	Trai	nsportation I	Leasehold		
]	Land	S	tructures	M	I achinery	a	nd tools	e	quipment	ec	quipment im	provements	Others	Total
At January 1															
Cost	\$	18,807	\$	307,249	\$	327,779	\$	25,421	\$	100,641	\$	11,944 \$	20,944	\$ 18,249 \$	831,034
Accumulated depreciation and impairment			()	129,295)	(157,950)	(20,010)	(69,379)	(4,758) (18,838) (12,771) (413,001)
1	\$	18,807	\$	177,954	\$	169,829	\$	5,411	\$	31,262	\$	7,186 \$	2,106	\$ 5,478 \$	418,033
Opening net book amount															
as at January 1	\$	18,807	\$	177,954	\$	169,829	\$	5,411	\$	31,262	\$	7,186 \$	2,106	\$ 5,478 \$	418,033
Additions		-		576		8,236		2,211		36,455		4,201	2,841	1,864	56,384
Disposals		-		-		-		-	(35)		-	=	- (35)
Depreciation charge		-	(3,224)	(17,105)	(1,581)	(6,742)	(1,135) (693) (1,648) (32,128)
Net exchange differences				1		1,997		86	_	563		46	42		2,735
Closing net book amount as at June 30	\$	18,807	\$	175,307	<u>\$</u>	162,957	\$	6,127	\$	61,503	\$	10,298 \$	4,296	\$ 5,694 \$	444,989
At June 30															
Cost	\$	18,807	\$	307,826	\$	339,469	\$	25,288	\$	138,258	\$	16,274 \$	23,962	\$ 20,095 \$	889,979
Accumulated depreciation															
and impairment		<u>-</u>	(132,519)	(176,512)	(19,161)	(76,755)	(5,976) (19,666) (14,401) (444,990)
	\$	18,807	\$	175,307	\$	162,957	\$	6,127	\$	61,503	\$	10,298 \$	4,296	\$ 5,694 \$	444,989

										2021								
			F	Buildings			Ma	intenance										
				and			eq	uipment		Office	Trai	nsportation	Le	easehold				
		Land	S	tructures	N	1achinery	aı	nd tools	eg	uipment	ec	quipment	impı	rovements	(Others	Total	
At January 1																		
Cost	\$	18,807	\$	307,249	\$	304,486	\$	25,350	\$	84,735	\$	7,874	\$	20,507	\$	14,748 \$	783,75	6
Accumulated depreciation													,					
and impairment			(122,659)	(127,253)	(17,587)	(66,035)	(4,733)	(17,286)	(9,739) (365,29	<u>2</u>)
	\$	18,807	\$	184,590	\$	177,233	\$	7,763	\$	18,700	\$	3,141	\$	3,221	\$	5,009 \$	418,46	4
Opening net book amount																		
as at January 1	\$	18,807	\$	184,590	\$	177,233	\$	7,763	\$	18,700	\$	3,141	\$	3,221	\$	5,009 \$	418,46	4
Additions		_		_		13,740		401		10,015		6,034		-		1,265	31,45	5
Disposals		-		-		-		-	(1)	(1,440)		-		- (1,44	.1)
Depreciation charge		-	(3,342)	(15,278)	(2,159)	(4,947)	(722)	(1,233)	(1,577) (29,25	8)
Net exchange differences				_	(1,520)	(79)	(221)	(23)	(36)		- (1,87	9)
Closing net book amount																		
as at June 30	\$	18,807	\$	181,248	\$	174,175	\$	5,926	\$	23,546	\$	6,990	\$	1,952	\$	4,697 \$	417,34	1
At June 30																		
Cost	\$	18,807	\$	307,250	\$	315,807	\$	25,471	\$	93,526	\$	10,870	\$	19,928	\$	16,012 \$	807,67	′1
Accumulated depreciation	Ψ	10,007	Ψ	207,220	Ψ	312,007	Ψ	20,171	Ψ	<i>></i> 5,520	Ψ	10,070	Ψ	17,720	Ψ	10,012 φ	007,07	•
and impairment		-	(126,002)	(141,632)	(19,545)	(69,980)	(3,880)	(17,976)	(11,315) (390,33	(0)
1	\$	18,807	\$	181,248	\$	174,175	\$	5,926	\$	23,546	\$	6,990	\$	1,952	\$	4,697 \$	417,34	·1

A. The significant components of buildings and structures include main plants and structure improvements, which are depreciated over 55 and 2~45 years, respectively.

B. Information about the property, plant and equipment that were pledged to others as collaterals is provided in Note 8.

C. The Group's property, plant and equipment were for self-use.

(9) <u>Leasing arrangements – lessee</u>

- A. The Group leases various assets including buildings and transportation equipment. Rental contracts are typically made for periods of 2 to 5 years. Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain a wide range of different terms and conditions. The lease agreements do not impose covenants, but leased assets may not be used as security for borrowing purposes and sublet without agreement.
- B. Short-term leases with a lease term of 12 months or less comprise offices. On June 30, 2022, December 31, 2021 and June 30, 2021, payments of lease commitments for short-term leases amounted to \$3,304, \$5,557 and \$3,432, respectively.
- C. The carrying amount of right-of-use assets and the depreciation charge are as follows:

	June	30, 2022	Decem	ber 31, 2021	June 30, 2021	
	Carry	ing amount	Carry	ring amount	Carrying amount	
Buildings	\$	33,318	\$	44,330	\$	52,744
Transportation						
equipment		6,445		5,647		6,878
	\$	39,763	\$	49,977	\$	59,622
				months ended e 30, 2022		months ended e 30, 2021
			Deprec	iation charge	Deprec	iation charge
Buildings			\$	5,763	\$	5,379
Transportation						
equipment				637		615
			\$	6,400	\$	5,994
			Six m	onths ended	Six m	onths ended
			June	200, 2022	June	20, 2021
			Deprec	iation charge	Deprec	iation charge
Buildings			\$	11,504	\$	10,322
Transportation						
equipment				1,270		1,230
			\$	12,774	\$	11,552

- D. For the three months and six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, the additions to right-of-use assets were \$818, \$16,563, \$2,067 and \$32,746, respectively.
- E. The information on profit and loss accounts relating to lease contracts is as follows:

	Three m	nonths ended	Three n	nonths ended	
	June	30, 2022	June 30, 2021		
Items affecting profit or loss					
Interest expense on lease liabilities	\$	157	\$	198	
Expense on short-term lease contracts		986		1,429	
	\$	1,143	\$	1,627	

	onths ended 30, 2022	Six months ended June 30, 2021		
Items affecting profit or loss				
Interest expense on lease liabilities	\$ 334	\$ 338		
Expense on short-term lease contracts	 3,304	 3,423		
-	\$ 3,638	\$ 3,761		

F. For the three months and six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, the Group's total cash outflow for leases were \$6,547, \$6,125, \$13,066 and \$11,791, respectively.

(10) <u>Investment property</u>

		2022			2021
	Bu	ildings		Bu	ıildings
At January 1			At January 1		
Cost	\$	7,000	Cost	\$	7,000
Accumulated			Accumulated		
depreciation	(2,838)	depreciation	(2,700)
	\$	4,162		\$	4,300
Opening net book amount as at January 1	\$	4,162	Opening net book amount as at January 1	\$	4,300
Depreciation charge	(68)	Depreciation charge	(69)
Closing net book			Closing net book		
amount as at			amount as at	Φ.	
June 30	\$	4,094	June 30	\$	4,231
At June 30			At June 30		
Cost	\$	7,000	Cost	\$	7,000
Accumulated			Accumulated		
depreciation and			depreciation and		
impairment	(2,906)	impairment	(2,769)
	\$	4,094		\$	4,231

A. Rental income from investment property and direct operating expenses arising from investment property are shown below:

	Three mo	onths ended	Three mo	onths ended
	June 3	30, 2022	June 3	30, 2021
Rental income from investment property	\$	72	\$	72
Direct operating expenses arising from the				
investment property that generated rental				
income during the period	\$	34	\$	35

	Six mo	nths ended	Six mo	nths ended
	June	30, 2022	June	30, 2021
Rental income from investment property	\$	144	\$	144
Direct operating expenses arising from the				
investment property that generated rental				
income during the period	\$	68	\$	69

- B. The fair value of the investment property held by the Group as at June 30, 2022, December 31, 2021 and June 30, 2021 were all \$7,000, which was based on the trading prices of similar prices in the neighboring areas.
- C. The Group had no investment property pledged to others as collateral.

(11) Intangible assets

	Pat	ent right	S	Software		Total
At January 1 Cost Accumulated amortisation and impairment		17,894 17,659) 235	\$ (\$	44,188 29,773) 14,415	\$ (62,082 47,432) 14,650
Opening net book amount as at January 1 Additions—acquired separately Amortisation charge Net exchange differences	\$ \$ (235 - 25) 5	\$	<u> </u>	\$	14,650 13,531 6,705) 72
Closing net book amount as at June 30 At June 30	<u>\$</u>	215	\$	21,333	\$	21,548
Cost	\$	17,904	\$	57,921	\$	75,825
Accumulated amortisation and impairment	(17,689)	(36,588)	(54,277)
	\$	215	\$	21,333	\$	21,548

	2021					
	Pat	tent right		Software		Total
At January 1						
Cost	\$	17,897	\$	31,381	\$	49,278
Accumulated amortisation and impairment	(13,427)	(23,153)	(36,580)
	\$	4,470	\$	8,228	<u>\$</u>	12,698
Opening net book amount as at January 1	\$	4,470	\$	8,228	\$	12,698
Additions – acquired separately		-		4,811		4,811
Amortisation charge	(2,117)	(2,505)	(4,622)
Net exchange differences	(4)	(48)	(52)
Closing net book amount as at June 30	\$	2,349	\$	10,486	\$	12,835
At June 30						
Cost	\$	17,890	\$	36,056	\$	53,946
Accumulated amortisation and impairment	(15,541)	(25,570)	(41,111)
	\$	2,349	\$	10,486	\$	12,835

Details of amortisation on intangible assets are as follows:

	T 	Three months ended June 30, 2022	 Three months ended June 30, 2021
Operating costs	\$	363	\$ 538
Selling expenses		406	58
Administrative expenses		1,288	1,436
Research and development expenses		1,599	 296
	\$	3,656	\$ 2,328
		Six months ended June 30, 2022	Six months ended June 30, 2021
Operating costs	\$		\$
Operating costs Selling expenses		June 30, 2022	\$ June 30, 2021
1 0		June 30, 2022 797	\$ June 30, 2021 1,026
Selling expenses		June 30, 2022 797 691	\$ June 30, 2021 1,026 111

(12) Other non-current assets

	June 30, 2022	Dec	ember 31, 2021	 June 30, 2021
Refundable deposits	\$ 8,600	\$	8,128	\$ 9,539
Prepayments for equipment	48,249		25,594	21,620
Prepayments for investment	62,000		-	-
Others	 4,694		5,685	6,203
	\$ 123,543	\$	39,407	\$ 37,362

On May 10, 2022, the Board of Directors resolved to participate in the subscription of FUYOU private equity, and the 2022 cash capital increase of ION ELECTRONIC MATERIALS CO., LTD. As of June 30, 2022, the total investment amount was NT \$62,000 thousand.

(13) Short-term borrowings

Type of borrowings	June 30, 2022		Interest rate range	Collateral
Bank unsecured borrowings	\$	8,878	3.85%	None
Type of borrowings	Decen	nber 31, 2021	Interest rate range	Collateral
Bank unsecured borrowings	\$	8,688	3.85%	None
Type of borrowings	June 30, 2021		Interest rate range	Collateral
Bank unsecured borrowings	\$	19,391	3.96%	None

- A. Aforementioned borrowings were from short-term financing contracts which the Company entered into with financial institutions. Each contract has different restrictions on the Company's capital maintenance and the purpose of capital in the borrowing period.
- B. Interest expense recognised in profit or loss amounted to \$0, \$181, \$91 and \$369 for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

(14) Bonds payable

_	June 30, 2	2022	December	31, 2021	J	une 30, 2021
Bonds payable	\$ 4	468,400	\$	492,200	\$	499,900
Less: Discount on bonds payable (5,288)	(7,763)	(10,118)
	4	463,112		484,437		489,782
Less: Current portion or						
exercise of put options (4	463,112)	(484,437)		
<u>.</u>	\$		\$		\$	489,782

A. The issuance of domestic convertible bonds by the Company:

- (a) The terms of the fourth domestic secured convertible bonds issued by the Company are as follows:
 - i. The Company issued \$500,000, 0% of coupon rate, fourth domestic secured convertible bonds, as approved by the regulatory authority. The bonds mature 3 years from the issue date (October 20, 2020 ~ October 20, 2023) and will be redeemed in cash at face value at the maturity date. The bonds were listed on the Taipei Exchange on October 20, 2020.
 - ii. The bondholders have the right to ask for conversion of the bonds into common shares of the Company during the period from the date after 3 month (January 21, 2021) of the bonds issue to the maturity date(October 20, 2023), except for the stop transfer period as specified in the terms of the bonds or the laws/regulations. The rights and obligations of the new shares converted from the bonds are the same as the issued and outstanding common shares.
 - iii. The conversion price of the bonds is set up based on the pricing model in the terms of the bonds and is subject to adjustments if the condition of the anti-dilution provisions occurs

- subsequently. The conversion price will be reset based on the pricing model in the terms of the bonds on each effective date regulated by the terms. If the reset conversion price is higher than the conversion price before the reset, the conversion price will not be adjusted; however, the conversion price of the convertible bonds was NT\$35 (in dollars) per share.
- iv. The bondholders have the right to require the Company to redeem any bonds at the price of the bonds' face value plus 0.5006% of the face value as interests upon two years from the issue date.
- v. The Company may repurchase all the bonds outstanding in cash at the bonds' face value at any time after the following events occur: (i) the closing price of the Company common shares is above the then conversion price by 30% for 30 consecutive trading days during the period from the date after three month of the bonds issue (January 21, 2021) to 40 days before the maturity date (September 11, 2023), or (ii) the outstanding balance of the bonds is less than 10% of total initial issue amount during the period from the date after three months of the bonds issue (January 21, 2021) to 40 days before the maturity date (September 11, 2023).
- vi. Under the terms of the bonds, all bonds redeemed (including bonds repurchased from the Taipei Exchange), matured and converted are retired and not to be re-issued; all rights and obligations attached to the bonds are also extinguished.
- (b) As of June 30, 2022, the bonds totaling NTD\$31,600 (face value) had been converted into 2,857 common shares, 219,998 common shares and 679,988 common shares. On May 11, 2021, January 18, 2022 and August 9, 2022, the Board of Directors resolved to set the effective date were May 11, 2021, January 18, 2022, and August 9, 2022, respectively. The registration of change for May 11, 2021 and January 18, 2022 has been completed.
- B. Regarding the issuance of convertible bonds, the non-equity conversion options, call options, put options and conversion price resetting options embedded in bonds payable were separated from their host contracts which was classified as 'capital surplus—share options' amount to \$11,131 and were recognised in 'financial assets or liabilities at fair value through profit or loss' in net amount in accordance with IFRS 9 because the economic characteristics and risks of the embedded derivatives were not closely related to those of the host contracts. The effective interest rates of the bonds payable after such separation was 0.9112%.

(15) Long-term borrowings

Type of	Borrowing period	Interest			
borrowings	and repayment term	rate range	<u>Collateral</u>	June 3	30, 2022
Unsecured borrowings	Borrowing period is from May 20, 2020 to May 20, 2023; interest is repayable monthly.	1.395%	None.	\$	6,111
Unsecured borrowings	Borrowing period is from December 1, 2020 to November 15, 2025; interest is repayable monthly.	1.25%	None.		41,000
Unsecured Borrowing	Borrowing period is from December 1, 2020 to November 15, 2025; interest is repayable monthly.	1.16%	None.		20,847
Secured borrowings	Borrowing period is from April 15, 2021 to April 15, 2026; interest is repayable monthly.	1.1070	None.		20,047
		1%	Note		51,290
Unsecured borrowings	Borrowing period is from May 17, 2021 to May 17, 2026; interest is repayable monthly.	1.445%	None.		26,633
Secured borrowings	Borrowing period is from December 29, 2021 to April 15, 2026; interest is repayable monthly.	1%	Note		16,188
Unsecured borrowings	Borrowing period is from March 30, 2022 to March 30, 2027; interest is repayable monthly.	1.195%	None.		43,700
Secured borrowings	Borrowing period is from April 15, 2022 to April 15, 2027; interest is repayable monthly.	1.150%	Note		ŕ
Secured	Borrowing period is from May 16, 2022 to	1.130%	Note		46,401
borrowings	May 16, 2027; interest is repayable				
borrowings	monthly.	0.93%	Note		78,667
	·				330,837
Less: Current	portion			(82,326)
				\$	248,511

Type of borrowings	Borrowing period and repayment term	Interest rate range	Collateral	December 31, 2	2021
Unsecured	Borrowing period is from May 20, 2020 to	Tute runge	Conucciui	<u> </u>	.021
borrowings	May 20, 2023; interest is repayable monthly.	1.145%	None.	\$ 9,4	144
Unsecured	Borrowing period is from December 1, 2020				
borrowings	to November 15, 2025; interest is repayable				
TT 1	monthly.	1.00%	None.	47,0)00
Unsecured	Borrowing period is from December 1, 2020				
Borrowing	to November 15, 2025; interest is repayable monthly.	0.91%	None.	23,8	202
Secured	Borrowing period is from April 15, 2021 to	0.7170	None.	25,0))()
borrowings	April 15, 2026; interest is repayable monthly.				
C		0.75%	Note	57,9	980
Unsecured	Borrowing period is from May 17, 2021 to				
borrowings	May 17, 2026; interest is repayable monthly.	1.095%	None.	30,0	133
Secured	Borrowing period is from December 29, 2021	1.07570	Tione.	30,0	,55
borrowings	to April 15, 2026; interest is repayable				
C	monthly.	0.75%	Note	18,3	300
	•			186,6	
Less: Current	portion			(48,7	774)
				\$ 137,8	381
Type of	Borrowing period	Interest			
borrowings	and repayment term	rate range	Collateral	June 30, 202	1
Unsecured	Borrowing period is from May 20, 2020 to				
borrowings	May 20, 2023; interest is repayable monthly.	1 1 4 5 0 /	3.7		
Unsecured			Nono	¢ 12.7	770
	Borrowing period is from December 1, 2020	1.145%	None.	\$ 12,7	778
	Borrowing period is from December 1, 2020 to November 15, 2025; interest is repayable	1.145%	None.	\$ 12,7	778
borrowings	Borrowing period is from December 1, 2020 to November 15, 2025; interest is repayable monthly.	1.145%	None.	,	
	to November 15, 2025; interest is repayable			\$ 12,7 53,0	
borrowings	to November 15, 2025; interest is repayable monthly.			,	
Unsecured borrowings	to November 15, 2025; interest is repayable monthly. Borrowing period is from December 1, 2020 to November 15, 2025; interest is repayable monthly.			,	000
borrowings Unsecured borrowings Unsecured	to November 15, 2025; interest is repayable monthly. Borrowing period is from December 1, 2020 to November 15, 2025; interest is repayable monthly. Borrowing period is from May 17, 2021 to	1.00%	None.	53,0	000
Unsecured borrowings	to November 15, 2025; interest is repayable monthly. Borrowing period is from December 1, 2020 to November 15, 2025; interest is repayable monthly.	1.00% 0.91%	None.	53,0 26,9)000 949
Unsecured borrowings Unsecured borrowings	to November 15, 2025; interest is repayable monthly. Borrowing period is from December 1, 2020 to November 15, 2025; interest is repayable monthly. Borrowing period is from May 17, 2021 to May 17, 2026; interest is repayable monthly.	1.00%	None.	53,0)000 949
Unsecured borrowings Unsecured borrowings Secured	to November 15, 2025; interest is repayable monthly. Borrowing period is from December 1, 2020 to November 15, 2025; interest is repayable monthly. Borrowing period is from May 17, 2021 to May 17, 2026; interest is repayable monthly. Borrowing period is from April 15, 2021 to	1.00% 0.91% 1.095%	None. None.	53,0 26,9 33,4	000 949 433
Unsecured borrowings Unsecured borrowings	to November 15, 2025; interest is repayable monthly. Borrowing period is from December 1, 2020 to November 15, 2025; interest is repayable monthly. Borrowing period is from May 17, 2021 to May 17, 2026; interest is repayable monthly.	1.00% 0.91%	None.	53,0 26,9 33,4 64,6	000 949 433 <u>670</u>
borrowings Unsecured borrowings Unsecured borrowings Secured borrowings	to November 15, 2025; interest is repayable monthly. Borrowing period is from December 1, 2020 to November 15, 2025; interest is repayable monthly. Borrowing period is from May 17, 2021 to May 17, 2026; interest is repayable monthly. Borrowing period is from April 15, 2021 to April 15, 2026; interest is repayable monthly.	1.00% 0.91% 1.095%	None. None.	53,0 26,9 33,4 64,6 190,8	000 949 433 <u>670</u> 830
borrowings Unsecured borrowings Unsecured borrowings Secured	to November 15, 2025; interest is repayable monthly. Borrowing period is from December 1, 2020 to November 15, 2025; interest is repayable monthly. Borrowing period is from May 17, 2021 to May 17, 2026; interest is repayable monthly. Borrowing period is from April 15, 2021 to April 15, 2026; interest is repayable monthly.	1.00% 0.91% 1.095%	None. None.	53,0 26,9 33,4 64,6	000 949 433 <u>670</u> 330 381)

Note: Information about the assets that were pledged to long-term borrowings as collaterals is provided in Note 8.

- A. For the three months and six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, interest expense recognised in profit or loss amounted to \$831, \$353, \$1,259 and \$620, respectively.
- B. Aforementioned borrowings from financial institutions are guaranteed by related parties as joint guarantor, please refer to Note 7 for details.

(16) Other payables

	Jun	ne 30, 2022	Decen	nber 31, 2021	 June 30, 2021
Wages and salaries payable	\$	87,284	\$	76,068	\$ 52,498
Payables for machinery and equipment		2,697		6,168	5,881
Others		61,255		58,221	 37,893
	\$	151,236	\$	140,457	\$ 96,272

(17) Pensions

- A. Effective July 1, 2005, the Company and its domestic subsidiaries have established a defined contribution pension plan (the "New Plan") under the Labor Pension Act (the "Act"), covering all regular employees with R.O.C. nationality. Under the New Plan, the Company and its domestic subsidiaries contribute monthly an amount based on 6% of the employees' monthly salaries and wages to the employees' individual pension accounts at the Bureau of Labor Insurance. The benefits accrued are paid monthly or in lump sum upon termination of employment.
- B. The second-tier subsidiaries, SYSGRATION ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGY (ZHENJIANG) CO., LTD. and SYSGRATION ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGY (HUIZHOU) CO., LTD. have defined contribution pension plans under local regulations.
- C. The pension costs under defined contribution pension plans of the Group for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 were \$4,659, \$4,249, \$9,032 and \$8,679, respectively.

(18) Share-based payment

A. On November 12, 2019, December 27, 2016 and November 11, 2015, the Board of Directors of the Company resolved to issue employees' options of 5,000 units (every unit can purchase 1,000 shares of the Company's common share, the total number of common shares which can be purchased was 5,000,000 shares with the exercise price of \$33.80 (in dollars)), 4,500 units (every unit can purchase 1,000 shares of the Company's common share, the total number of common shares which can be purchased was 4,500,000 shares with the exercise price of \$10.00 (in dollars)) and 5,000 units (every unit can purchase 1,000 shares of the Company's common share, the total number of common shares which can be purchased was 5,000,000 shares with exercise price of \$21.80 (in dollars)), respectively, except for the 4,731 units were issued out of 5,000 units on August 20, 2020, others were issued 4,500 units and 5,000 units on October 15, 2018 and January 12, 2016, respectively. The exercise price under the aforementioned stock-based employee compensation plan is at least the closing price of the Company's common stock at the grant date.

There will be adjustment to the exercise price in accordance with specific formula if there is any change in the Company's ordinary shares or distribution of cash dividend after the issuance of stock options. The life of the options is 5 years. After 2 years from the date of grant, employees may exercise the options in accordance with certain schedules as prescribed in the option plan.

B. For the six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, the Group's share-based payment arrangements were as follows:

			Quantity	Contract	
_	Type of arrangement	Grant date	granted	period	Vesting conditions
	Employee stock options	2016.01.12	5,000	5 years	2 ~ 4 years' service
	Employee stock options	2018.10.15	4,500	5 years	2 ~ 4 years' service
	Employee stock options	2020.08.20	4,731	5 years	2 ~ 4 years' service

- C. Details of the share-based payment arrangements are as follows:
 - (a). Employees' options which were issued in 2020

		onths ended		onths ended
	June	30, 2022	June	30, 2021
	No. of	Weighted-averag	e No. of	Weighted-average
	options	exercise price	options	exercise price
	(in thousands)	(in dollars)	(in thousands)	(in dollars)
Options outstanding				
at January 1	3,493	\$ 33.80	4,469	\$ 33.80
Options granted	-			-
Options exercised	-		<u> </u>	-
Options forfeited				
(Note)	(437)		- (826)	-
Options outstanding at				
the end of the period	3,056	\$ 33.80	3,643	\$ 33.80
Options exercisable at				
the end of the period	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	-

Note: Due to employees' retirement or termination.

(b). Employees' options which were issued in 2018

	Six mo	onths ended	Six months ended			
	June	30, 2022	June	June 30, 2021		
	No. of	Weighted-average	No. of	Weighted-average		
	options	exercise price	options	exercise price		
	(in thousands)	(in dollars)	(in thousands)	(in dollars)		
Options outstanding						
at January 1	1,182	\$ 10.00	2,184	\$ 10.00		
Options granted	-	-	-	-		
Options exercised Options forfeited	(105)	10.00	(90)	10.00		
(Note)	(111)	-	(99)	-		
Options outstanding at						
the end of the period Options exercisable at	966	\$ 10.00	1,995	\$ 10.00		
the end of the period	191	-	168	-		

Note: Due to employees' retirement or termination.

(c). Employees' options which were issued in 2016

		onths ended 30, 2022	Six months ended June 30, 2021		
	No. of	Weighted-average	No. of	Weighted-average	
	options	exercise price	options	exercise price	
	(in thousands)	(in dollars)	(in thousands)	(in dollars)	
Options outstanding					
at January 1	-	\$ -	780	\$ 21.80	
Options granted	-	-	-	-	
Options exercised Options forfeited	-	-	(380)	21.80	
(Note)	-	-	(400)	-	
Options outstanding at the end of the period	<u> </u>	\$ -		\$ -	
Options exercisable at the end of the period		_		_	

Note: Due to employees' retirement or termination.

D. The expiry date and exercise price of stock options outstanding at balance sheet date are as follows:

		June 30), 2022	December	31, 2021
Issue date		No. of shares	Exercise price	No. of shares	Exercise price
approved	Expiry date	(in thousands)	(in dollars)	(in thousands)	(in dollars)
2016.01.12	2021.01.11	-	\$ -	-	\$ -
2018.10.15	2023.10.14	966	10.00	1,182	10.00
2020.08.20	2025.08.19	3,056	33.80	3,493	33.80
				June 30), 2021
Issue date				No. of shares	Exercise price
approved	Expiry date			(in thousands)	(in dollars)
2016.01.12	2021.01.11			-	\$ -
2018.10.15	2023.10.14			1,995	10.00
2020.08.20	2025.08.19			3,643	33.80

E. The fair value of stock options granted on grant date is measured using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model. Relevant information is as follows:

			Expected	Expected		Risk-free	
Type of		Exercise	price	option	Expected	interest	Fair value
arrangement	Grant date	price	volatility	life	dividends	rate	per unit
Employee	2016.01.12	\$21.80	44.16%	3.5~4.5	0%	0.56%	\$5.04
stock options			~44.51%	years		~0.66%	~5.74
Employee	2018.10.15	10.00	43.64%	3.5~4.5	0%	0.69%	1.90
stock options			~44.73%	years		~0.73%	~2.19
Employee	2020.08.20	33.80	49.75%	3.5~4.5	0%	0.28%	13.02
stock options			~53.32%	years		~0.31%	~13.74

F. Expenses incurred on share-based payment transactions are shown below:

	onths ended 30, 2022	nonths ended e 30, 2021
Equity-settled	\$ 3,331	\$ 4,909
	onths ended 30, 2022	onths ended e 30, 2021
Equity-settled	\$ 6,885	\$ 7,499

(19) Provisions

	_	Six months ended June 30, 2022		x months ended June 30, 2021
		Warranty		Warranty
At January 1	\$	7,179	\$	1,008
Additional provisions		8,433		4,121
Used during the period	(1,899)	(614)
At June 30	<u>\$</u>	13,713	\$	4,515

The Group gives warranties on automobile electronics products sold. Provision for warranty is estimated based on historical warranty data of the product. It is expected that provision will be used within the next year.

(20) Share capital

A. As of June 30, 2022, the Company's authorised capital was \$3,000,000, consisting of 300,000 thousand shares of ordinary stock (including 20,000 thousand shares reserved for employee stock options), and the paid-in capital was \$1,563,340 with a par value of \$10 (in dollars) per share. All proceeds from shares issued have been collected.

Movements in the number of the Company's ordinary shares outstanding are as follows:

	20	22 (Note)	2021 (Note)		
At January 1	\$	155,549	\$	154,081	
Employee stock options exercised		105		470	
Conversion of convertible bonds		680		3	
At June 30	\$	156,334	\$	154,554	

Note: Expressed in thousands of shares.

- B. On April 29, 2022, the Board of Directors resolved to conduct private placements of common shares with a par value at \$10 (in dollars) per share, and the total number of shares issued shall not exceed 25,000 thousand shares which would be issued over several installments within one year from the date of the shareholders' meeting resolution.
- C. As of June 30, 2022, the Company's employees' options which were issued in 2016 were applied for purchasing 380 thousand shares and were resolved by the Board of Directors to increase capital on May 11, 2021; the effective dates were set on May 11, 2021. Exercise price was \$21.8 (in dollars), the registration of changes had been completed.
- D. As of June 30, 2022, the Company's employees' options which were issued in 2018 were applied for purchasing 90 thousand shares, 776 thousand shares, 39 thousand shares and 66 thousand shares and were resolved by the Board of Directors to increase capital on May 11, 2021, January 18, 2022, May 10, 2022 and August 9, 2022; the effective date was set on May 11, 2021, January 18, 2022 and May 10, 2022 respectively. All purchase price was \$10.

(21) Capital surplus

- A. Pursuant to the R.O.C. Company Act, capital surplus arising from paid-in capital in excess of par value on issuance of common stocks and donations can be used to cover accumulated deficit or to issue new stocks or cash to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership, provided that the Company has no accumulated deficit. Further, the R.O.C. Securities and Exchange Act requires that the amount of capital surplus to be capitalised mentioned above should not exceed 10% of the paid-in capital each year. Capital surplus should not be used to offset accumulated deficit unless the legal reserve is insufficient.
- B. The Company's shareholders' meeting approved the deficit compensation on April 29, 2022. The capital surplus of \$122,699 was used to offset accumulated deficit which had been completed.
- C. Movements in the number of the Company's ordinary shares outstanding are as follows: (Share in thousands)

								2022	
									Difference between
									consideration and
							,	Treasury	carrying
		Share	Е	mployee		Share		share	amount of subsidiaries
	pı	remium	sto	ck options		options	tra	ansactions	acquired or disposed Total
At January 1	\$	74,352	\$	56,488	\$	17,162	\$	2,654	\$ 9,693 \$160,349
Employee stock options exercised		226	(226)		-		-	
Exercise of conversion right of convertible bonds		17,243		-	(530)		-	- 16,713
Capital surplus used to offset loss	(74,352)	(30,000)	(6,000)	(2,654)	(9,693) (122,699)
Share-based compensation									
cost				6,885			_		- 6,885
At June 30	\$	17,469	\$	33,147	\$	10,632	\$		\$ - \$ 61,248

2021

	pı	Share		nployee k options		Share options	Freasury share insactions	Difference betwee consideration an carrying amount of subsidia acquired or dispose	nd nries	Total
At January 1	\$	60,273	\$	45,941	\$	17,335	\$ 2,654	\$	9,693	\$135,896
Employee stock options exercised		7,167	(2,683)		-	-		-	4,484
Exercise of conversion right of convertible bonds		70		-	(2)	-		-	68
Share-based compensation				- 400						
cost				7,499	_		 			7,499
At June 30	\$	67,510	\$	50,757	\$	17,333	\$ 2,654	\$ 9	9,693	\$147,947

(22) Retained earnings

- A. Under the Company's Articles of Incorporation, the current year's earnings, if any, shall first be used to pay all taxes and offset prior year's operating losses, then 10% of the remaining amount shall be set aside as legal reserve until the legal reserve equals the total capital stock balance, and appropriate or reverse for special reserve as required by the operating needs of the Company or regulations when necessary. The remainder, if any, to be retained or to be appropriated shall be proposed by the Board of Directors and to be resolved by the stockholders at the stockholders' meeting.
- B. For the long-term business development of the Company, the needs of capital in the future and long-term business plan, the distributable earnings can be distributed no higher than 90% as shareholders' bonus every year. However, the distributable earnings may not to be distributed if the accumulated distributable earnings lower than 5% of paid-in capital. The cash dividend cannot lower than 10% of total dividends. However, when the cash dividend per share is lower than \$0.5, it can be distributed in stock dividend at full amount.
- C. The Company's shareholders' meeting resolved the profit and loss appropriation for the year of 2021 on April 29, 2022. The special reserve of \$35,953 and the capital surplus of \$122,699 were used to offset accumulated deficit. The shareholders' meeting resolved the deficit compensation for the year of 2020 on July 30, 2021. Details of the resolution of deficit compensation are provided in the "Market Observation Post System" at the website of the Taiwan Stock Exchange.
- D. Except for covering accumulated deficit or issuing new stocks or cash to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership, the legal reserve shall not be used for any other purpose. The use of legal reserve for the issuance of stocks or cash to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership is permitted, provided that the distribution of the reserve is limited to the portion in excess of 25% of the Company's paid-in capital.

E. In accordance with the regulations, the Company shall set aside special reserve from the debit balance on other equity items at the balance sheet date before distributing earnings. When debit balance on other equity items is reversed subsequently, the reversed amount could be included in the distributable earnings.

(23) Other equity items

				2022		
	U	Inrealised gains				
		(losses) on		Currency		
		valuation		translation		Total
At January 1	(\$	26,854)	(\$	64,048)	(\$	90,902)
Revaluation – gross	(5,035)		-	(5,035)
Disposal of financial assets at fair value	(2,587)		-	(2,587)
through other comprehensive income						
Currency translation differences		<u> </u>		12,886		12,886
At June 30	(<u>\$</u>	34,476)	(<u>\$</u>	51,162)	(<u>\$</u>	85,638)
				2021		
	U	Inrealised gains				
		(losses) on		Currency		
		valuation		translation		Total
At January 1	(\$	34,900)	(\$	61,025)	(\$	95,925)
Revaluation – gross		564		-		564
Currency translation differences			(4,596)	(4,596)
At June 30	(<u>\$</u>	34,336)	(<u>\$</u>	65,621)	(<u>\$</u>	99,957)

(24) Operating revenue

	Th	ree months ended	Three months ended
		June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021
Revenue from contracts with customers	\$	834,913	\$ 590,482
	S	ix months ended	Six months ended
		June 30, 2022	 June 30, 2021
Revenue from contracts with customers	\$	1,594,327	\$ 1,080,939

A. Disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers

The Group derives revenue from the transfer of goods at a point in time in the following major product lines:

	Aut	omobile		Power				
Three months ended	Electronics		management		All other			
June 30, 2022	Products			products		segments	Total	
Total segment revenue	\$	860,011	\$	338,682	\$	306	\$	1,198,999
Inter-segment revenue	(236,561)	(127,219)	(306)	(364,086)
Revenue from external								
customer contracts	\$	623,450	\$	211,463	\$		\$	834,913
	Aut	omobile		Power				
Three months ended	Ele	ctronics		management		All other		
June 30, 2021	Pr	oducts		products		segments		Total
Total segment revenue	\$	380,801	\$	398,166	\$	1,250	\$	780,217
Inter-segment revenue	(926)	(187,699)	(1,110)	(189,735)
Revenue from external								
customer contracts	\$	379,875	\$	210,467	\$	140	\$	590,482
	Aut	omobile		Power				
Six months ended		omobile etronics		Power management		All other		
Six months ended June 30, 2022	Ele					All other segments		Total
	Elec Pr	ctronics	\$	management	\$		\$	Total 2,208,424
June 30, 2022	Elec Pr	etronics oducts	\$ (_	management products	\$ (segments	\$ (
June 30, 2022 Total segment revenue	Elec Pr \$	oducts 1,505,800 406,140)	(management products 702,138 207,471)	(segments 486	\$ (2,208,424 614,097)
June 30, 2022 Total segment revenue Inter-segment revenue	Elec Pr \$	oducts 1,505,800	\$ (management products 702,138	\$ (segments 486	\$ (<u></u>	2,208,424
June 30, 2022 Total segment revenue Inter-segment revenue Revenue from external	Elec Pr \$ (oducts 1,505,800 406,140)	(management products 702,138 207,471)	(segments 486	(2,208,424 614,097)
June 30, 2022 Total segment revenue Inter-segment revenue Revenue from external	Elec Pr \$ (oducts 1,505,800 406,140) 1,099,660	(management products 702,138 207,471) 494,667	(segments 486	(2,208,424 614,097)
June 30, 2022 Total segment revenue Inter-segment revenue Revenue from external customer contracts	Elec Pr \$ (\$ Aut Elec	ctronics oducts 1,505,800 406,140) 1,099,660 omobile	(management products 702,138 207,471) 494,667 Power	(segments	(2,208,424 614,097)
June 30, 2022 Total segment revenue Inter-segment revenue Revenue from external customer contracts Six months ended	Elec Pr \$ (\$ Aut Elec	oducts 1,505,800 406,140) 1,099,660 omobile etronics	(management products 702,138 207,471) 494,667 Power management	(segments 486 486) - All other	(2,208,424 614,097) 1,594,327
June 30, 2022 Total segment revenue Inter-segment revenue Revenue from external customer contracts Six months ended June 30, 2021	Elec Pr \$ (ctronics oducts 1,505,800 406,140) 1,099,660 omobile ctronics oducts	<u>\$</u>	management products 702,138 207,471) 494,667 Power management products	<u>\$</u>	segments 486 486) - All other segments	<u>\$</u>	2,208,424 614,097) 1,594,327
June 30, 2022 Total segment revenue Inter-segment revenue Revenue from external customer contracts Six months ended June 30, 2021 Total segment revenue	Elec Pr \$ (ctronics oducts 1,505,800 406,140) 1,099,660 omobile ctronics oducts 846,049	<u>\$</u>	management products 702,138 207,471) 494,667 Power management products 654,456	<u>\$</u>	segments 486 486) - All other segments 2,290	<u>\$</u>	2,208,424 614,097) 1,594,327 Total 1,502,795

B. Contract assets and liabilities

The Group has not recognised the revenue-related contract assets as of June 30, 2022, December 31, 2021, June 30, 2021 and January 1, 2021, and the Group has recognised the following contract liabilities:

	June	30, 2022	Decen	nber 31, 2021	June	20, 2021	Janua	ry 1, 2021
Contract liabilities –								
Advance sales receips	\$	28,420	\$	21,198	\$	3,166	\$	3,811

- (a) Significant changes in contract assets and liabilities: None.
- (b) Revenue recognised that was included in the contract liability balance at the beginning of the period

Revenue recognised that was included in the contract liability balance at the beginning of the period Advance sales receipts Size words and described and	
Advance sales receipts \$ 1 \$	
Six months ended Six months ended June 30, 2022 June 30, 202	
Revenue recognised that was included in the contract liability balance at the beginning of the period	
Advance sales receipts \$ 19,791 \$	1,634
(25) <u>Interest income</u>	
Three months ended June 30, 2022 June 30, 2021	led
Interest income from bank deposits \$ 185 \$ Interest income from financial assets	362
measured at amortised cost 343	73
\$ 528 \$	435
Six months ended June 30, 2022 Six months end June 30, 2022 June 30, 2021	ed ed
Interest income from bank deposits \$ 282 \$	642
Interest income from financial assets measured at amortised cost 497	148
\$ 779 \$	790

(26) Other income

		months ended e 30, 2022	Three months ended June 30, 2021		
Rent income	\$	350	\$	72	
Government grant revenues		224		186	
Design fees revenue		-		1,913	
Other income, others		474		3,053	
	\$	1,048	\$	5,224	
	Six n	nonths ended	Six 1	months ended	
	Jun	e 30, 2022	Ju	ne 30, 2021	
Rent income	\$	722	\$	144	
Government grant revenues		259		436	
Design fees revenue		-		10,153	
Other income, others		1,009		3,947	
	\$	1,990	\$	14,680	
(27) Other gains and losses					
		months ended e 30, 2022		months ended ne 30, 2021	
Gains on disposals of property, plant and equipment	\$	-	\$	117	
Foreign exchange gains (losses)		11,645	(5,602)	
Losses on financial assets	(493)	(56)	
at fair value through profit or loss					
Other losses			(7)	
	\$	11,152	(\$	5,548)	
	Six n	onths ended	Six 1	nonths ended	
	Jun	e 30, 2022	Ju	ne 30, 2021	
Gains on disposals of property, plant and equipment	\$	2	\$	117	
Foreign exchange gains (losses)		19,363	(3,344)	
Losses on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	(493)	(563)	
Other losses	(88)	(13)	
	\$	18,784	(\$	3,803)	

(28) Finance costs

		Three months ended June 30, 2022	Three months ended June 30, 2021		
Interest expense	\$	831	\$	534	
Interest expense on lease liabilities	Ψ	157	Ψ	198	
Interest expense on convertible bonds		1,086		1,109	
•	\$	2,074	\$	1,841	
	_	Six months ended		Six months ended	
		June 30, 2022		June 30, 2021	
Interest expense	\$	1,350	\$	989	
Interest expense on lease liabilities		334		338	
Interest expense on convertible bonds		2,189		2,219	
	\$	3,873	\$	3,546	
(29) Expenses by nature					
		Three months ended June 30, 2022	-	Three months ended June 30, 2021	
Employee benefit expense	\$	131,226	\$	102,165	
Depreciation charges on property, plant and equipment		16,851		14,902	
Depreciation charges on right-of-use assets		6,400		5,994	
Depreciation charges on investment property		34		35	
Amortisation charges on intangible assets		3,656		2,328	
	\$	158,167	\$	125,424	
		Six months ended		Six months ended	
	_	June 30, 2022		June 30, 2021	
Employee benefit expense	\$	246,038	\$	199,425	
Depreciation charges on property, plant and equipment		32,128		29,258	
Depreciation charges on right-of-use assets		12,774		11,552	
Depreciation charges on investment property		68		69	
Amortisation charges on intangible assets	_	6,705		4,622	
	\$	297,713	\$	244,926	

(30) Employee benefit expense

	 Three months ended June 30, 2022	Three months ende June 30, 2021		
Wages and salaries	\$ 110,958	\$	82,108	
Employee stock options	3,331		4,909	
Labour and health insurance fees	6,872		6,160	
Pension costs	4,659		4,249	
Other personnel expenses	 5,406		4,739	
	\$ 131,226	\$	102,165	
	Six months ended June 30, 2022		Six months ended June 30, 2021	
Wages and salaries	\$ 204,289	\$	161,177	
Employee stock options	6,885		7,499	
Labour and health insurance fees	14,784		12,643	
Pension costs	9,032		8,679	
Other personnel expenses	 11,048		9,427	
	\$ 246,038	\$	199,425	

- A. In accordance with the Articles of Incorporation of the Company, a ratio of distributable profit of the current year, after covering accumulated losses, shall be distributed as employees' compensation and directors' and supervisors' remuneration. The ratio shall be between 10%~15% for employees' compensation and shall not be higher than 3% for directors' and supervisors' remuneration.
- B. The Company has an accumulated deficit as of June 30, 2022, December 31, 2021 and June 30, 2021, and therefore, no employees' compensation and directors' remuneration were recognised. Information about employees' compensation and directors' and supervisors' remuneration of the Company as resolved at the meeting of Board of Directors will be posted in the "Market Observation Post System" at the website of the Taiwan Stock Exchange.

(31) Income tax

A. Income tax (benefit) expense

(a) Components of income tax (benefit) expense:

		onths ended 30, 2022	Three months ended June 30, 2021		
Current tax:					
Current tax on profits for the period	\$	-	\$	-	
Prior year income tax (over)					
underestimation		(213)		_	
Total current tax		(213)			
Deferred tax:					
Origination and reversal of temporary		-		-	
Impact of change in foreign exchange				∠ - \	
rate			-	(5)	
Total deferred tax				(5)	
Income tax benefit	(\$	213)	(\$	5)	
		nths ended 30, 2022		ths ended 0, 2021	
Current tax:					
Current tax: Current tax on profits for the period					
Current tax on profits for the period Prior year income tax (over)	June 3		June 3	0, 2021	
Current tax on profits for the period Prior year income tax (over) underestimation	June 3		June 3	0, 2021 887	
Current tax on profits for the period Prior year income tax (over)	June 3		June 3	0, 2021	
Current tax on profits for the period Prior year income tax (over) underestimation	June 3		June 3	0, 2021 887	
Current tax on profits for the period Prior year income tax (over) underestimation Total current tax	June 3		June 3	0, 2021 887	
Current tax on profits for the period Prior year income tax (over) underestimation Total current tax Deferred tax: Origination and reversal of temporary Impact of change in foreign exchange	June 3		June 3	0, 2021 887 - 887	
Current tax on profits for the period Prior year income tax (over) underestimation Total current tax Deferred tax: Origination and reversal of temporary Impact of change in foreign exchange rate	June 3		June 3	0, 2021 887 - 887 - (5)	
Current tax on profits for the period Prior year income tax (over) underestimation Total current tax Deferred tax: Origination and reversal of temporary Impact of change in foreign exchange	June 3		June 3	0, 2021 887 - 887	

(b) The income tax (charge)/credit relating to components of other comprehensive income is as follows:

		nonths ended 30, 2022	Three months ended June 30, 2021		
Changes in fair value of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	(\$	1,124)	\$	95	
Currency translation differences	(580)	(777)	
	(\$	1,704)	(\$	682)	
		onths ended 30, 2022		onths ended 30, 2021	
Changes in fair value of financial assets					
at fair value through other comprehensive income	(\$	1,258)	\$	141	
Currency translation differences		3,222	(1,149)	
	\$	1,964	(\$	1,008)	

B. The Company's income tax returns through 2019 have been assessed and approved by the Tax Authority.

(32) Earnings per share

	Three months ended June 30, 2022					
			Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding	Earning sha		
	Amount	t after tax	(share in thousands)	(in do	llars)	
Basic earnings per share						
Earnings attributable to ordinary						
shareholders of the parent	\$	85,770	154,635	\$	0.55	
Diluted earnings per share						
Earnings attributable to ordinary						
shareholders of the parent		85,770	154,635			
Assumed conversion of all dilutive						
potential ordinary shares						
Convertible bonds		868	14,194			
Employee stock options		<u>-</u>	681			
Earnings attributable to ordinary						
shareholders of the parent plus						
assumed conversion of all dilutive						
potential ordinary shares	\$	86,638	169,510	\$	0.51	

	Three months ended June 30, 2021					
			Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding		arnings per share	
	<u>Amo</u>	unt after tax	(share in thousands)	(i	in dollars)	
Basic earnings per share Earnings attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent	\$	6,679	154,546	\$	0.04	
Diluted earnings per share						
Earnings attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent Assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares		6,679	154,546			
Convertible bonds		887	14,283			
Employee stock options			1,390			
Earnings attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent plus assumed conversion of all dilutive						
potential ordinary shares	\$	7,566	170,219	\$	0.04	
		Six m	nonths ended June 30,	2022		
	A		Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding		arnings per share	
Docio comingo non choro	Amo	unt after tax	(share in thousands)	(1	in dollars)	
Basic earnings per share Earnings attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent Diluted earnings per share	<u>\$</u>	159,234	154,635	\$	1.03	
Earnings attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent Assumed conversion of all dilutive		159,234	154,635			
potential ordinary shares Convertible bonds Employee stock options		1,751	14,194 681			
Earnings attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent plus assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares	\$	160,985	169,510	\$	0.95	
•						

		Si	x m	onths ended June	e 30,	2021	
				Weighted aver number of ordin shares outstand	nary		nings per share
	Amour	nt after t	ax	(share in thousa	nds)	(in	dollars)
Basic earnings per share							
Earnings attributable to ordinary							
shareholders of the parent	\$	16,3	<u>96</u>	154,	546	\$	0.10
Diluted earnings per share							
Earnings attributable to ordinary							
shareholders of the parent		16,3	96	154,	546		
Assumed conversion of all dilutive							
potential ordinary shares Convertible bonds		1,7	75	1.4	283		
Employee stock options		1,7	-	·	390		
Earnings attributable to ordinary	-				,370		
shareholders of the parent plus							
assumed conversion of all dilutive							
	¢	10 1	71	170	219	\$	0.10
potential ordinary shares	\$	18,1	/ 1	170,	,219	Ф	0.10
(33) Supplemental cash flow information							
A. Investing activities with partial cash	payment	S					
			Six	months ended	S	ix mont	ths ended
		_	Ju	ine 30, 2022		June 3	0, 2021
Purchase of property, plant and equip	oment	\$		56,384	\$		31,455
Add: Opening balance of payable on				6,168			4,983
Less: Ending balance of payable on e	quipmen	t (_		2,697)	(5,881)
Cash paid during the period		<u>\$</u>		59,855	\$		30,557
B. Financing activities with no cash flow	w effects						
			Six	months ended	S	ix mon	ths ended
		_	Ju	ine 30, 2022		June 30	0, 2021
Convertible bonds being converted							
to capital stocks		\$		23,512	\$		97

(34) Changes in liabilities from financing activities

						2022				
		ort-term		ong-term	li	Lease abilities		Bonds payable		iabilities from financing tivities-gross
At January 1	\$	8,688	\$	186,655	\$	50,451	\$	484,437	\$	730,231
Changes in cash flow from financing activities		-		144,182	(13,066)		-		131,116
Changes in other non-cash items						2.069	(21 225)	(10 257)
Interest expense on		-		-		2,068	(21,325)	(19,257)
lease liabilities		_		_		334		_		334
Impact of changes in										
foreign exchange rate		190		_	_	498	_			688
At June 30	\$	8,878	\$	330,837	\$	40,285	\$	463,112	\$	843,112
						2021				
									L	iabilities from
	Sl	ort-term	I	ong-term	1	Lease		Bonds		financing
	bo	rrowings	bo	orrowings	1	iabilities		payable	a	ctivities-gross
At January 1	\$	19,697	\$	105,111	\$	39,054	\$	487,660	\$	651,522
Changes in cash flow from										
financing activities		-		85,719	(11,791))	-		73,928
Changes in other non-cash						22 746		2 122		24.000
items Interest expense on		-		-		32,746		2,122		34,868
lease liabilities		_		_		338		_		338
Impact of changes in						230				230
foreign exchange rate	(306)	_	_	(374)) _		(_	680)
At June 30	\$	19,391	\$	190,830	\$	59,973	\$	489,782	\$	759,976

7. <u>RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS</u>

(1) Parent and ultimate controlling party

The Company has no parent company nor ultimate controlling party.

(2) Names of related parties and relationship

Names of related parties	Relationship with the Company					
Oro Technology Co., Ltd.	Other related party (Note)					
Lee, Yi-Ren	The Company's Chairman					

Note: Starting from June 1, 2021, the Company resigned as a director of Oro Technology Co., Ltd. Accordingly, Oro Technology Co., Ltd. is no longer a related party to the Company.

(3) Significant related party transactions

Royalty for software (shown as 'operating cost')

	Three months ended	Three months ended
	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021
Other related party	\$	\$ 3,425
	Six months ended	Six months ended
	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021
Other related party	\$ -	\$ 7,117

Expenses for software royalties are based on the mutual agreement since no similar transaction can be compared with.

(4) Key management compensation

	months ended e 30, 2022	Three months ended June 30, 2021		
Salaries and other short-term employee benefits	\$ 6,294	\$	5,792	
Post-employment benefits	189		162	
Share-based payments	 35	-	768	
1 0	\$ 6,518	\$	6,722	
	e 30, 2022		onths ended e 30, 2021	
Salaries and other short-term employee benefits	\$ 16,504	\$	17,538	
Post-employment benefits	351		385	
Share-based payments	 71	-	1,150	
	\$ 16,926	\$	19,073	

(5) Endorsements and guarantees provided by related parties

As of June 30, 2022, December 31, 2021 and June 30, 2021, the Company borrowed from financial institutions. Lee, Yi-Ren is the guarantor, and the aforementioned financing facilities which were provided by related parties were \$1,480,000, \$875,000 and \$845,000, respectively.

8. PLEDGED ASSETS

The Group's assets pledged as collateral are as follows:

	Book value								
Pledged asset	June 30, 2022		December 31, 2021		June 30, 2021		Purpose		
Time deposit (classified as financial assets at amortised cost)	\$	125,901	\$	125,301	\$	126,501	Short-term, long-		
Land Buildings and structures		18,807 161,077		18,807 163,605		18,807 166,134	term borrowings and issuance of convertible bonds		
Machinery		8,830		10,005			convertible bonds		
	\$	314,615	\$	317,718	\$	311,442			

9. <u>SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND UNRECOGNISED CONTRACT COMMITMENTS</u>

On August 6, 2018, the Company received a notification of civil court from the Taiwan Taipei District Court as Tsuzuki Denki Co., Ltd. (Tsuzuki Denki) filed a civil litigation with the Taiwan Taipei District Court. Tsuzuki Denki claimed that the quality problem of tablet computers which were purchased from the Company caused damage to Tsuzuki Denki Co., Ltd. It claimed for a return of the full price of inventories and compensation amounting to US\$5,306 thousand and JPY\$1,225 thousand, respectively. The Company has appointed lawyers to handle the case to protect the rights of the Company and its shareholders. The Company's appointed lawyer's comments are as follows: 'The counterparty complained that there were flaws in the inventory and deferred payment, but refused to return the inventory which should have been repaired by the Company, therefore, the counterparty's claim is not reasonable. In addition, it is reasonable that the Company took counter-action to claim the payment for inventory and rework expenses in the total amount of US\$996 thousand, because the Company had completed the work and delivered the said inventories. As of August 9, 2022, the case is still under trial with the Taiwan Taipei District Court. The Company has accounts receivable from Tsuzuki Denki Co., Ltd. in the amount of \$19,370 which was provisioned for impairment at full amount.

10. <u>SIGNIFICANT DISASTER LOSS</u>

None.

11. SIGNIFICANT EVENTS AFTER THE BALANCE SHEET DATE

Please refer to Notes 6(14) and 6(20) for the related information.

12. OTHERS

(1) Capital management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital in order to provide returns for shareholders. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may issue new shares, issue convertible bonds or sell assets to reduce debt.

	Jui	June 30, 2022		mber 31, 2021	June 30, 2021			
Total liabilities	\$	1,623,340	\$	1,695,792	\$	1,414,554		
Total equity		1,404,653		1,206,120		1,095,756		
Total capital	\$	3,027,993	\$	2,901,912	\$	2,510,310		
Gearing ratio		54%		58%		56%		

(2) Financial instruments

A. Financial instruments by category

	June 30, 2022		December 31, 2021		June 30, 2021	
<u>Financial assets</u>						
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss						
Financial assets mandatorily measured at	\$	984	\$	1,477	\$	35,859
fair value through profit or loss						
Financial assets at fair value through other						
comprehensive income						
Designation of equity instrument		76,245		96,038		56,684
Financial assets at amortised cost						
Cash and cash equivalents		726,123		840,787		943,039
Financial assets at amortised cost		125,901		125,301		126,501
Notes receivable		13,850		5,387		980
Accounts receivable		860,890		616,685		455,614
Other receivables		10,197		13,831		9,409
Refundable deposits		8,600		8,128		9,539
	\$	1,822,790	\$	1,707,634	\$	1,637,625
Financial liabilities						
Financial liabilities at amortised cost						
Short-term borrowings	\$	8,878	\$	8,688	\$	19,391
Notes payable		868		986		557
Accounts payable		558,207		773,660		524,328
Other accounts payable		151,236		140,457		96,272
Bonds payable		463,112		484,437		489,782
(including current portion)		103,112		101,127		.05,702
Long-term borrowings						
(including current portion)		330,837		186,655		190,830
Guarantee deposits received		198		198		
	\$	1,513,336	\$	1,595,081	\$	1,321,160
Lease liabilities	\$	40,285	\$	50,451	\$	59,973

B. Financial risk management policies

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk and price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. To minimise any adverse effects on the financial performance of the Group, derivative financial instruments, such as foreign exchange forward contracts is used to hedge certain exchange rate risk. Group treasury identifies, evaluates and hedges financial risks in close co-operation with the Group's operating units.

C. Significant financial risks and degrees of financial risks

(a) Market risk

Foreign exchange risk

- i. The Group operates internationally and is exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from the transactions of the Company and its subsidiaries used in various functional currency, primarily with respect to the USD and RMB. Foreign exchange risk arises from future commercial transactions and recognised assets and liabilities.
- ii. Management has set up a policy to require group companies to manage their foreign exchange risk against their functional currency. The companies are required to hedge their entire foreign exchange risk exposure with the Group treasury. Exchange rate risk is measured through a forecast of highly probable USD and RMB expenditures. Group treasury identifies, evaluates and hedges financial risks in close co-operation with the Group's operating units.
- iii. The Group hedges foreign exchange rate by using forward exchange contracts. However, the Group does not adopt hedging accounting. Details of financial assets or liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are provided in Note 6(2).
- iv. The Group's businesses involve some non-functional currency operations (the Company's functional currency: NTD and other certain subsidiaries' functional currency: USD and RMB). The information on assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies whose values would be materially affected by the exchange rate fluctuations is as follows:

		June 30, 2022									
	F	Foreign				Sensitivity analysis					
	C	urrency				E	ffect on				
(Foreign currency:		amount	Exchange	В	ook value	Degree of	p	rofit or			
functional currency)	(in t	housands)	rate		(NTD)	variation		loss			
Financial assets											
Monetary items											
USD:NTD	\$	25,544	29.72	\$	759,168	1%	\$	7,592			
HKD:NTD		1,429	3.79		5,412	1%		54			
USD:RMB		11	6.70		332	1%		3			
Financial liabilities											
Monetary items											
USD:NTD	\$	7,565	29.72	\$	224,828	1%	\$	2,248			
USD:RMB		5,032	6.70		149,538	1%		1,495			
HKD:RMB		2,855	0.85		10,815	1%		108			
HKD:NTD		1,559	3.79		5,907	1%		59			

			Dece	mbe	r 31, 2021			
	F	oreign				Sensitivit	y analysis	
	c	urrency					E	ffect on
(Foreign currency:	ä	amount	Exchange	Book value (NTD)		Degree of	profit or	
functional currency)	(in t	housands)	rate			variation		loss
Financial assets								
Monetary items								
USD:NTD	\$	21,153	27.68	\$	585,516	1%	\$	5,855
HKD:NTD		1,942	3.55		6,892	1%		69
USD:RMB		2,237	6.37		61,919	1%		619
Financial liabilities								
Monetary items								
USD:NTD	\$	7,094	27.68	\$	196,367	1%	\$	1,964
USD:RMB		7,023	6.37		194,388	1%		1,944
HKD:RMB		3,459	0.82		12,275	1%		123
HKD:NTD		2,364	3.55		8,391	1%		84
			Ju	ne 3	0, 2021			
	F	oreign				Sensitivity analysis		
	c	urrency					Effect on	
(Foreign currency:	á	amount	Exchange	Book value		Degree of	profit or	
functional currency)	(in t	housands)	rate		(NTD)	variation		loss
Financial assets								
Monetary items								
USD:NTD	\$	21,681	27.86	\$	604,037	1%	\$	6,040
HKD:NTD		655	3.59		2,350	1%		24
USD:RMB		103	6.47		2,856	1%		29
Financial liabilities								
Monetary items								
USD:NTD	\$	3,733	27.86	\$	103,992	1%	\$	1,040
USD:RMB		4,676	6.47		130,286	1%		1,303
HKD:RMB		3,339	0.83		11,978	1%		120
Monetary items USD:NTD HKD:NTD USD:RMB Financial liabilities Monetary items USD:NTD USD:RMB	·	655 103 3,733 4,676	3.59 6.47 27.86 6.47		2,350 2,856 103,992 130,286	1% 1% 1% 1%		24 29 1,040 1,303

vi. The total exchange gain(losses), including realised and unrealised, arising from significant foreign exchange variation on the monetary items held by the Group for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, amounted to \$11,645, (\$5,602), \$19,363 and (\$3,344) respectively.

3.59

5,822

1%

58

Price risk

HKD:NTD

i. The Group's equity securities, which are exposed to price risk, are the held financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income. To manage its price risk arising from investments in equity securities, the Group diversifies its portfolio. Diversification of the portfolio is done in accordance with the limits set by the Group.

1,623

ii. The Group's investments in equity securities comprise shares issued by the domestic companies. The prices of equity securities would change due to the change of the future value of investee companies. If the prices of these equity securities had increased/decreased by 1% with all other variables held constant, post-tax profit (loss) for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 would have increased/decreased by \$10 and \$287, respectively, as a result of gains/losses on equity securities classified as at fair value through profit or loss. Other components of equity would have increased/decreased by \$762 and \$567, respectively, as a result of other comprehensive income classified as equity investment at fair value through other comprehensive income.

Cash flow and fair value interest rate risk

- i. The Group's main interest rate risk arises from long-term and short-term borrowings with variable rates, which expose the Group to cash flow interest rate risk. For the six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, the Group's borrowings at variable rate were mainly denominated in New Taiwan dollars and RMB Dollars.
- ii. If the borrowing interest rate had increased/decreased by 1% with all other variables held constant, profit (loss), net of tax for the six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 would have increased/decreased by \$1,359 and \$841, respectively. The main factor is that changes in interest expense result in floating-rate borrowings.

(b) Credit risk

- i. Credit risk refers to the risk of financial loss to the Group arising from default by the clients or counterparties of financial instruments on the contract obligations. The main factor is that counterparties could not repay in full the accounts receivable based on the agreed terms, and the contract cash flows of debt instruments stated at amortised cost, at fair value through profit or loss and at fair value through other comprehensive income.
- ii. The Group manages their credit risk taking into consideration the entire group's concern. For banks and financial institutions with no recent major defaults are accepted. According to the Group's credit policy, each local entity in the Group is responsible for managing and analysing the credit risk for each of their new clients before standard payment and delivery terms and conditions are offered. Internal risk control assesses the credit quality of the customers, taking into account their financial position, past experience and other factors. Individual risk limits are set based on internal or external ratings in accordance with limits set by the Board of Directors. The utilisation of credit limits is regularly monitored.
- iii. The Group adopts the assumptions under IFRS 9, the default occurs when the contract payments are past due over 90 days.
- iv. The Group classifies customers' accounts receivable in accordance with credit rating of customer. The Group applies the modified approach using a provision matrix based on the loss rate methodology to estimate expected credit loss under the provision matrix basis.

- v. The following indicators are used to determine whether the credit impairment of debt instruments have occurred:
 - (i) It becomes probable that the issuer will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation due to their financial difficulties;
 - (ii) The disappearance of an active market for that financial asset because of financial difficulties;
 - (iii) Default or delinquency in interest or principal repayments;
 - (iv) Adverse changes in national or regional economic conditions that are expected to cause a default.
- vi. The Group used the forecast ability to adjust historical and timely information to assess the default possibility of accounts receivable, contract assets and lease payments receivable. On June 30, 2022, December 31, 2021 and June 30, 2021, the provision matrix, loss rate methodology is as follows:

At June 30, 2022	Expected loss rate	Total book value	Loss allowance
Not past due	0.3%	\$ 681,264	(\$ 1,965)
Up to 30 days	1%	135,290	(1,334)
31 to 120 days	1%~5%	51,468	(509)
121 to 180 days	10%	11,536	(1,154)
Over 180 days	40%~100%	4,474	((
		\$ 884,032	(\$ 9,292)
At December 31, 2021	Expected loss rate	Total book value	Loss allowance
Not past due	0.3%	\$ 464,418	(\$ 1,407)
Up to 30 days	1%	70,969	(712)
31 to 120 days	1%~5%	80,470	(961)
121 to 180 days	10%	3,472	(347)
Over 180 days	40%~100%	27,286	((
		\$ 646,615	(\$ 24,543)
At June 30, 2021	Expected loss rate	Total book value	Loss allowance
Not past due	0.3%	\$ 378,397	(\$ 1,126)
Up to 30 days	1%	68,169	(683)
31 to 120 days	1%~5%	8,971	(372)
121 to 180 days	10%	149	(15)
Over 180 days	40%~100%	20,841	(18,717)
-		\$ 476,527	(\$ 20,913)

vii. Movements in relation to the Group applying the modified approach to provide loss allowance for accounts receivable, contract assets and lease payments receivable are as follows:

2022

	2022						
	Accoun	nts receivable	Notes	receivable			
At January 1	\$	24,512	\$	31			
Provision for (reversal of) impaiment loss		324	(31)			
Write-offs	(15,925)		-			
Effect of foreign exchange		381					
At June 30	\$	9,292	\$				
	2021						
	Accoun	nts receivable	Notes	receivable			
At January 1	\$	28,438	\$	_			
(Reversal of) provision for impaiment loss	(7,220)		10			
Effect of foreign exchange	(305)					
At June 30	\$	20,913	\$	10			

(c) Liquidity risk

- i. Cash flow forecasting is performed in the operating entities of the Group and aggregated by Group treasury. Group treasury monitors rolling forecasts of the Group's liquidity requirements to ensure it has sufficient cash to meet operational needs.
- ii. Surplus cash held by the operating entities over and above balance required for working capital management are transferred to the Group treasury. Group treasury invests surplus cash in interest bearing current accounts, time deposits, Capital-guaranteed income-based wealth management products, forward foreign exchange contracts, and convertible bonds(classified as current financial assets at fair value through profit or loss), choosing instruments with appropriate maturities or sufficient liquidity to provide sufficient headroom as determined by the above-mentioned forecasts. As at June 30, 2022, December 31, 2021 and June 30, 2021, the Group held money market position of \$725,219, \$840,066 and \$942,358, respectively, and Capital-guaranteed income-based wealth management products and derivatives from convertible bonds (classified as current financial assets at fair value through profit or loss) of \$984, \$1,477 and \$35,859, respectively, that are expected to readily generate cash inflows for managing liquidity risk.
- iii. As at June 30, 2022, December 31, 2021 and June 30, 2021, the Group has the undrawn borrowing of \$202,794, \$213,297 and \$231,597, respectively.
- iv. The table below analyses the Group's non-derivative financial liabilities and net-settled or gross-settled derivative financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the balance sheet date to the contractual maturity date for nonderivative financial liabilities. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual

undiscounted cash flows.

June 20, 2022	Less than 1		Between 1	Between 2		Over 5
June 30, 2022		year	and 2 years	and 5 years		years
Non-derivative financial liabilities	_		_		_	
Short-term borrowings	\$	8,878	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-
Notes payable		868	-	-		-
Accounts payable		558,207	-	-		-
Other payables		151,236	-	-		-
Lease liabilities		24,861	10,088	5,336		-
Bonds payable		468,400	-	-		-
Long-term borrowings		82,326	77,072	171,439		-
	Le	ess than 1	Between 1	Between 2		Over 5
December 31, 2021		year	and 2 years	and 5 years		years
Non-derivative financial liabilities						
Short-term borrowings	\$	8,688	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-
Notes payable		986	-	_		_
Accounts payable		773,660	-	_		_
Other payables						
(including related parties)		140,457	-	_		_
Lease liabilities		24,749	16,779	8,923		_
Bonds payable		492,200	, -	, -		_
Long-term borrowings		48,774	45,175	92,706		-
	Le	ess than 1	Between 1	Between 2		Over 5
June 30, 2021		year	and 2 years			years
Non-derivative financial liabilities		<u> </u>				<i>y</i> • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Short-term borrowings	\$	19,391	\$ -	\$ -	\$	_
Notes payable	Ψ	557	Ψ -	Ψ -	Ψ	_
Accounts payable		524,328	_	_		_
Other payables		96,272	_	_		_
(including related parties)		70,272				
Lease liabilities		23,552	21,542	14,879		_
Bonds payable		20,002	-1,5 12	499,900		_
Long-term borrowings		44,381	44,159	102,290		_
Long-term borrowings		77,501		102,270		_

(3) Fair value information

A. The different levels that the inputs to valuation techniques are used to measure fair value of financial and non-financial instruments have been defined as follows:

Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date. A market is regarded as active where a market in which transactions for the asset or liability take place with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis. The fair value of the Group's investment in listed stocks is included in Level 1.

- Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. The fair value of the Group's investment in convertible bonds and forward foreign exchange contracts is included in Level 2.
- Level 3: Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability. The fair value of the Group's investment in equity investment without active market and financial assets mandatorily measured at fair value through profit or loss are included in Level 3.
- B. Fair value information of investment property at cost is provided in Note 6(10).
- C. The carrying amounts of the Group's financial instruments, including cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, other receivables, short-term borrowings, notes payable, accounts payable, other payables which not measured at fair value are approximate to their fair values.
- D. The related information of financial and non-financial instruments measured at fair value by level on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the assets and liabilities at June 30, 2022, December 31, 2021 and June 30, 2021 is as follows:
 - (a) The related information of natures of the assets and liabilities is as follows:

June 30, 2022	_I	Level 1	Level 2		_I	Level 3		Total	
Assets									
Recurring fair value measurements									
Financial assets at fair value through									
profit or loss-current									
Derivative instruments	\$	-	\$	984	\$	-	\$	984	
Financial assets at fair value through									
other comprehensive income-non-current									
Equity instruments		30,877				45,368		76,245	
	\$	30,877	\$	984	\$	45,368	\$	77,229	
December 31, 2021	I	Level 1	L	evel 2		Level 3		Total	
Assets									
Recurring fair value measurements									
Financial assets at fair value through									
profit or loss-current									
Derivative instruments	\$	-	\$	1,477	\$	-	\$	1,477	
Financial assets at fair value through									
other comprehensive income-non-current									
Equity instruments		35,445				60,593		96,038	
	\$	35,445	\$	1,477	\$	60,593	\$	97,515	

June 30, 2021	_I	Level 1	I	Level 2	I	Level 3		Total	
Assets									
Recurring fair value measurements									
Financial assets at fair value through									
profit or loss-current									
Debt instruments	\$	-	\$	-	\$	34,472	\$	34,472	
Derivative instruments		-		1,387		-		1,387	
Financial assets at fair value through									
other comprehensive income-non-current									
Equity instruments		26,694				29,990		56,684	
	\$	26,694	\$	1,387	\$	64,462	\$	92,543	

(b) The methods and assumptions the Group used to measure fair value are as follows:

i. The instruments the Group used market quoted prices as their fair values (that is, Level 1) are listed below by characteristics:

	Listed shares	Open-end fund
Market quoted price	Closing price	Net asset value

- ii. For high-complexity financial instruments, the fair value is measured by using self-developed valuation model based on the valuation method and technique widely used within the same industry. The valuation model is normally applied to derivative financial instruments, debt instruments with embedded derivatives or securitised instruments. Certain inputs used in the valuation model are not observable at market, and the Group must make reasonable estimates based on its assumptions.
- iii. The valuation of derivative financial instruments is based on valuation model widely accepted by market participants, such as present value techniques and option pricing models. Forward exchange contracts are usually valued based on the current forward exchange rate.
- E. For the six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, there was no transfer between Level 1 and Level 2.
- F. The following chart is the movement of Level 3 for the six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021:

	2022							
	Equit	y instrument	Debt instrument					
At January 1	\$	60,593	\$	_				
Gains recognised in other comprehensive income		862		-				
Sold in the period	(16,087)		_				
At June 30	\$	45,368	\$	_				
	2021							
	Equit	ot instrument						
At January 1	\$	29,990	\$	43,770				
Gains recognised in profit or loss		_		299				
Acquired in the period		_		60,326				
Sold in the period		-	(68,944)				
Effect of exchange rate changes		_	()	979)				
At June 30	\$	29,990	\$	34,472				

- G. The valuation procedures for fair value measurements being categorised within Level 3, which is to verify independent fair value of external financial instruments entrusted by finance segment.
- H. The following is the qualitative information of significant unobservable inputs and sensitivity analysis of changes in significant unobservable inputs to valuation model used in Level 3 fair value measurement:

			Significant	Range			
	Fair value at	Valuation	unobservable	(weighted	Relationship of		
	June 30, 2022	technique	input	average)	inputs to fair value		
Non-derivative equity instrument:							
Unlisted shares \$ 45,368		Market comparable companies	No open 25% market saleability discount		The higher the discount for lack of marketability, the lower the fair value		
	Fair value at		Significant	Range			
	Fair value at December 31,	Valuation	Significant unobservable	Range (weighted	Relationship of		
		Valuation technique	C	C	Relationship of inputs to fair value		
Non-derivative	December 31,	technique	unobservable	(weighted	1		

	Fair v	value at	Valuation	Significant unobservable	Range (weighted	Relationship of
	June 3	0, 2021	technique	input	average)	inputs to fair value
Non-derivative equity instrument:						
Unlisted shares	\$	29,990	Market comparable companies	No open market saleability discount	23%~45%	The higher the discount for lack of marketability, the lower the fair value
Non-derivative debt instrument:						
Capital- guaranteed income-based wealth management products	\$	34,472	Discounted cash flow method	Discount rate	0%~4%	The higher the return on investment, the higher the fair value

I. External financial instruments entrusted by finance segment assessed the valuation models and assumptions used to measure fair value. However, use of different valuation models or assumptions may result in different measurement. The following is the effect of profit or loss or of other comprehensive income from financial assets and liabilities categorised within Level 3 if the inputs used to valuation models have changed:

			June 30, 2022				
			Recognised in		Recognised in other		
			profit or loss		comprehensive income		
			Favourable	Unfavourable	Favourable	Unfavourable	
	Input	Change	change	change	change	change	
Financial assets							
Equity instrument	No open market saleability discount	±1%	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 454</u>	(\$ 454)	
			December 31, 2021				
			Recognised in		Recognised in other		
			profit or loss		comprehensive income		
			Favourable	Unfavourable	Favourable	Unfavourable	
	Input	Change	change	change	change	change	
Financial assets							
Equity instrument	No open market saleability discount	±1%	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 606	(\$ 606)	

				0, 2021		
			_	nised in or loss	Ü	ed in other sive income
			Favourable		Unfavourable	
	Input	Change	change	Unfavourable change	change	change
Financial assets						
Equity instrument	No open market saleability discount	±1%	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 300	(\$ 300)
Debt instrument	Return on investment	±1%	\$ 345	(\$ 345)	\$ -	\$ -

(4) Other matter

Due to Covid-19 outbreak and the various government epidemic prevention measures, the Group assessed that there was no significant impact on the operation, no doubt about the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, no assets impaired and no financing risks increased. The Group's epidemic management had complied with the measures related to the declaration of Level 3 epidemic alert issued by the Central Epidemic Command Centre and the epidemic prevention requirements under the Prevention and Control of Infectious Diseases Act.

13. SUPPLEMENTARY DISCLOSURES

(1) Significant transactions information

- A. Loans to others: Please refer to table 1.
- B. Provision of endorsements and guarantees to others: Please refer to table 2.
- C. Holding of marketable securities at the end of the period (not including subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures): Please refer to table 3.
- D. Acquisition or sale of the same security with the accumulated cost exceeding \$300 million or 20% of the Company's paid-in capital: None.
- E. Acquisition of real estate reaching \$300 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: None.
- F. Disposal of real estate reaching \$300 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: None.
- G. Purchases or sales of goods from or to related parties reaching \$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: Please refer to table 4.
- H. Receivables from related parties reaching \$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: Please refer to table 5.
- I. Trading in derivative instruments undertaken during the reporting periods: Please refer to Note 6(2).
- J. Significant inter-company transactions during the reporting periods: Please refer to table 6.

(2) <u>Information on investees</u>

Names, locations and other information of investee companies (not including investees in Mainland China): Please refer to table 7.

(3) Information on investments in Mainland China

- A. Basic information: Please refer to table 8.
- B. Significant transactions, either directly or indirectly through a third area, with investee companies

in the Mainland Area: Please refer to table 9.

(4) Major shareholders information

Major shareholders information: Please refer to table 10.

14. SEGMENT INFORMATION

(1) General information

The Group is engaged in the manufacturing and sale of automobile electronic products and power management products from a product type perspective. On the manufacturing and sale of products, the Group divided them into two main segments which include automobile electronics business and power management business.

As the nature, production and sales mode of the 2 segments differ from each other, also the Group's management performs the financial management and assesses operating performances separately, these 2 main segments are summarised as the reportable segments in the operating segment information.

(2) <u>Information about segment profit or loss, assets and liabilities</u>

The segment information provided to the Chief Operating Decision-Maker for the reportable segments is as follows:

	A	utomobile		Power						
	6	electronic	ma	anagement		Other	Eli	minated by		
Three months ended June 30, 2022		products	1	products	p	roducts	cor	solidation	_	Total
Revenue from external customers	\$	623,450	\$	211,463	\$	-	\$	-	\$	834,913
Inter-segment revenue		236,561		127,219		306	(364,086)		
Total segment revenue	\$	860,011	\$	338,682	\$	306	(\$	364,086)	\$	834,913
Segment income	\$	116,411	\$	1,892	\$	306	\$	28,434	\$	147,043
Company general income										1,576
Company general expense									(60,988)
Interest expense									(2,074)
Profit from continuing operations before tax									\$	85,557
	A	utomobile		Power						
		automobile electronic	ma	Power anagement		Other	Eli	minated by		
Six months ended June 30, 2022	6				p	Other		minated by		Total
Revenue from	6	electronic		anagement	p 			•	\$	Total 1,594,327
		electronic products	1	anagement products			cor	•	\$	
Revenue from external customers		electronic products 1,099,660	1	products 494,667		oroducts -	cor	nsolidation -	_	
Revenue from external customers Inter-segment revenue	\$	electronic products 1,099,660 406,140	\$	nnagement products 494,667 207,471	\$	eroducts - 486	\$ (614,097)	_	1,594,327
Revenue from external customers Inter-segment revenue Total segment revenue	\$	electronic products 1,099,660 406,140 1,505,800	\$	anagement products 494,667 207,471 702,138	\$	486 486	\$ (614,097)	\$	1,594,327 - 1,594,327
Revenue from external customers Inter-segment revenue Total segment revenue Segment income	\$	electronic products 1,099,660 406,140 1,505,800	\$	anagement products 494,667 207,471 702,138	\$	486 486	\$ (614,097)	\$	1,594,327 - 1,594,327 259,417
Revenue from external customers Inter-segment revenue Total segment revenue Segment income Company general income	\$	electronic products 1,099,660 406,140 1,505,800	\$	anagement products 494,667 207,471 702,138	\$	486 486	\$ (614,097)	\$	1,594,327 - 1,594,327 259,417 2,771

	A	utomobile		Power						
	e	lectronic	ma	nagement		Other	Eli	iminated by		
Three months ended June 30, 2021	I	products	I	products	p	roducts	COI	nsolidation		Total
Revenue from external customers	\$	379,875	\$	210,467	\$	140	\$	-	\$	590,482
Inter-segment revenue		926		187,699		1,110	(189,735)		_
Total segment revenue	\$	380,801	\$	398,166	\$	1,250	(\$	189,735)	\$	590,482
Segment income	\$	44,255	\$	2,435	\$	717	(\$	1,089)	\$	46,318
Company general income										7,109
Company general expense									(44,912)
Interest expense									(1,841)
Profit from continuing operations before tax									\$	6,674
	A	utomobile		Power						
		utomobile lectronic	ma	Power anagement		Other	Eli	minated by		
Six months ended June 30, 2021	e				p	Other products		iminated by		Total
Revenue from	e	lectronic		nagement				•	\$	Total 1,080,939
<u> </u>	e <u> </u>	lectronic products	I	nagement		roducts	COI	nsolidation	\$	
Revenue from external customers	e <u> </u>	lectronic broducts 685,000	I	anagement products 395,622		oroducts 317	COI	nsolidation -		
Revenue from external customers Inter-segment revenue	\$	685,000 161,049	\$	anagement products 395,622 258,834	\$	317 1,973	\$ (421,856)		1,080,939
Revenue from external customers Inter-segment revenue Total segment revenue	\$ \$	lectronic broducts 685,000 161,049 846,049	\$ \$	258,834 654,456	\$	317 1,973 2,290	\$ (421,856) 421,856)	\$	1,080,939 - 1,080,939
Revenue from external customers Inter-segment revenue Total segment revenue Segment income	\$ \$	lectronic broducts 685,000 161,049 846,049	\$ \$	258,834 654,456	\$	317 1,973 2,290	\$ (421,856) 421,856)	\$	1,080,939 - 1,080,939 80,840
Revenue from external customers Inter-segment revenue Total segment revenue Segment income Company general income	\$ \$	lectronic broducts 685,000 161,049 846,049	\$ \$	258,834 654,456	\$	317 1,973 2,290	\$ (421,856) 421,856)	\$	1,080,939 1,080,939 80,840 22,796

(3) Reconciliation for segment income (loss)

- A. Sales between segments are carried out at arm's length. The revenue from external customers reported to the Chief Operating Decision-Maker is measured in a manner consistent with that in the statement of comprehensive income.
- B. Details of the adjusted consolidated total profit (loss) and reconciliation for (loss) profit before tax of reportable segment for the current period are provided in Note 14(2).

Loans to others

Six months ended June 30, 2022

Table 1

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

					Maximum												
					outstanding					Amount of		Allowance			Limit on loans	Ceiling on	
			General	Is a	balance during the					transactions	Reason	for			granted to	total loans	
No.			ledger	related	six months ended	Balance at	Actual amount	Interest	Nature of	with the	for short-term	uncollectible	Col	llateral	a single party	granted	
(Note 1)	Creditor	Borrower	account	party	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2022	drawn down	rate	loan	borrower	financing	accounts	Item	Value	(Note 2)	(Note 2)	Footnote
0	SYSGRATION	SYSGRATION	Other	Y	\$ 70,337	\$ 69,163	\$ 69,163	-	Having business	\$ 737,053	-	\$ -	None	\$	- \$ 737,053	\$ 561,861	
	LTD.	ELECTRONICS	receivables						relationship								
		TECHNOLOGY															
		(HUIZHOU)															

Note 1: The numbers filled in for the loans provided by the Company or subsidiaries are as follows:

- (1) The Company is '0'.
- (2) The subsidiaries are numbered in order starting from '1'.

CO., LTD.

Note 2: In accordance with the Company's amended "Procedures for Provision of Loans" approved by the shareholders' meeting on April 30, 2020, the ceiling on total loans granted and to individuals of the Company's were as follows:

- (1) The ceiling on total loans granted to others is 40% of the Company's net assets.
- (2) Loans granted to a single party for business transactions: Limit on loans granted to a single party for business transactions in 1 year or 12 months. The value of business transactions refers to the higher of purchase or sales.

Provision of endorsements and guarantees to others

Six months ended June 30, 2022

Expressed in thousands of NTD

(Except as otherwise indicated)

									Ratio of					
					Maximum				accumulated					
		Party	being		outstanding	Outstanding			endorsement/		Provision of	Provision of	Provision of	
		endorsed/g	uaranteed	Limit on	endorsement/	endorsement/			guarantee	Ceiling on	endorsements/	endorsements/	endorsements/	
			Relationship	endorsements/	guarantee	guarantee		Amount of	amount to net	total amount of	guarantees by	guarantees by	guarantees to	
			with the	guarantees	amount as of	amount at		endorsements/	asset value of	endorsements/	parent	subsidiary to	the party in	
			endorser/	provided for a	June 30,	June 30,	Actual amount	guarantees	the endorser/	guarantees	company to	parent	Mainland	
Number	Endorser/	_	guarantor	single party	2022	2022	drawn down	secured with	guarantor	provided	subsidiary	company	China	_
(Note 1)	guarantor	Company name	(Note 2)	(Note 3)	(Note 4)	(Note 5)	(Note 6)	collateral	company	(Note 3)	(Note 7)	(Note 7)	(Note 7)	Footnote
0	SYSGRATION LTD.	SYSGRATION LTD.	1	\$ 421,396	\$ 3,000	\$ 3,000	\$ 299	\$ -	0.21%	\$ 632,094	N	N	N	
0	SYSGRATION LTD.	SYSGRATION ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGY (ZHENJIANG) CO., LTD.	2	421,396	90,120	88,780	44,390	-	6.32%	632,094	Y	N	Y	
0	SYSGRATION LTD.	SYSGRATION ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGY (HUIZHOU) CO., LTD.	2	421,396	10,000	10,000	-	-	0.71%	632,094	Y	N	Y	

- Note 1: The numbers filled in for the loans provided by the Company or subsidiaries are as follows:
 - (1) The Company is '0'.
 - (2) The subsidiaries are numbered in order starting from '1'.
- Note 2: Relationship between the endorser/guarantor and the party being endorsed/guaranteed is classified into the following seven categories; fill in the number of category each case belongs to:
 - (1)Having business relationship.
 - (2) The endorser/guarantor parent company owns directly more than 50% voting shares of the endorsed/ guaranteed subsidiary.
 - (3) The endorsed/guaranteed company owns directly and indirectly more than 50% voting shares of the endorser/guarantor parent company.
 - (4) The endorser/guarantor parent company owns directly and indirectly more than 90% voting shares of the endorsed/guaranteed company.
 - (5)Mutual guarantee of the trade made by the endorsed/guaranteed company or joint contractor as required under the construction contract
 - (6)Due to joint venture, all shareholders provide endorsements/guarantees to the endorsed/guaranteed company in proportion to its ownership.
 - (7) The performance guarantees for the sale of pre-sales contracts under the Consumer Protection Law are jointly guaranteed.
- Note 3: In accordance with the Company's amended "Procedures for Provision of Loans" as approved by the shareholders' meeting on June 14, 2019, the limit on endorsements/guarantees provided for subsidiaries whose 50% of the shares are directly and indirectly held is 30% of the Company's net assets and the ceiling on total amount of endorsements/guarantees provided is 45% of the Company's latest financial statements.
- Note 4: Fill in the year-to-date maximum outstanding balance of endorsements/guarantees provided as of the reporting period.
- Note 5: Fill in the amount approved by the Board of Directors or the chairman has been authorised by the Board of Directors based on subparagraph 8, Article 12 of the Regulations Governing Loaning of Funds and Making of Endorsements/Guarantees by Public Companies.
- Note 6: Fill in the actual amount of endorsements/guarantees used by the endorsed/guaranteed company.
- Note 7: Fill in 'Y' for those cases of provision of endorsements/guarantees by listed parent company to subsidiary and provision by subsidiary to listed parent company, and provision to the party in Mainland China.

Holding of marketable securities at the end of the period (not including subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures)

June 30, 2022

Table 3

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

		Relationship with the			As of June 30), 2022		
	Marketable securities	securities issuer	General		Book value			Footnote
Securities held by	(Note 1)	(Note 2)	ledger account	Number of shares	(Note 3)	Ownership	Fair value	(Note 4)
SYSGRATION LTD.	SINTRONIC TECHNOLOGY INC.	None	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current	53,399	281	0%	\$ 281	
SYSGRATION LTD.	COREMATE TECHNICAL CO., LTD.	None	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current	265,200	-	3%	-	
SYSGRATION LTD.	ARCHERS INC.	None	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current	1,000,000	-	3%	-	
SYSGRATION LTD.	NEXTRONICS ENGINEERING CORP.	None	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current	447,100	24,680	1%	24,680	
SYSGRATION LTD.	ORO TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.	None	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current	256,000	12,800	9%	12,800	
SYSGRATION LTD.	GOMORE INC.	None	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current	25,216,865	628	5%	628	
SYSGRATION LTD.	EXCELLENCE OPTOELECTRONICS INC.	None	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current	255,000	5,916	0%	5,916	
SYSGRATION LTD.	IMEIER GREEN TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD	None	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current	2,000,000	31,940	15%	31,940	

Note 1: Marketable securities in the table refer to stocks, bonds, beneficiary certificates and other related derivative securities.

Note 2: Leave the column blank if the issuer of marketable securities is non-related party.

Note 3: Fill in the amount after adjusted at fair value and deducted by accumulated impairment for the marketable securities measured at fair value; fill in the acquisition cost or amortised cost deducted by accumulated impairment for the marketable securities not measured at fair value.

Note 4: The number of shares of securities and their amounts pledged as security or pledged for loans and their restrictions on use under some agreements should be stated in the footnote if the securities presented herein have such conditions.

Purchases or sales of goods from or to related parties reaching NT\$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more

Six months ended June 30, 2022

Table 4

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

Differences in transaction terms compared to third party

		<u>-</u>	Transaction				transactions			Notes/accounts receivable (payable)			
						Percentage of						Percentage of	
		Relationship with the	Purchases			total purchases						total notes/accounts	
Purchaser/seller	Counterparty	counterparty	(sales)		Amount	(sales)	Credit term	Unit price	Credit term		Balance	receivable (payable)	Footnote
SYSGRATION LTD.	SYSGRATION ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGY (HUIZHOU) CO., LTD.	Subsidiary	Purchases	\$	432,933	43%	120 days	Note	Note	(\$	234,370)	87%	
SYSGRATION LTD.	SYSGRATION ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGY (ZHENJIANG) CO., LTD.	Subsidiary	Purchases		184,428	18%	120 days	Note	Note		-	-	

Note: Based on the mutual agreement since no similar transaction can be compared with.

Receivables from related parties reaching NT\$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more

June 30, 2022

Table 5

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

								Amount collected	
		Relationship				 Overdue rece	eivables	subsequent to the	Allowance for
Creditor	Counterparty	with the counterparty	Balance as a	June 30, 2022	Turnover rate	Amount	Action taken	balance sheet date	doubtful accounts
SYSGRATION ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGY (HUIZHOU)	SYSGRATION LTD.	Subsidiary	\$	234,370	1.80	\$ -	-	\$ -	\$ -

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Significant inter-company transactions during the reporting periods

Six months ended June 30, 2022

Table 6

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

						Transaction	
Number			Relationship				Percentage of consolidated total operating
(Note 1)	Company name	Counterparty	(Note 2)	General ledger account	 Amount	Transaction terms	revenues or total assets (Note 4)
1	SYSGRATION ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGY (HUIZHOU) CO., LTD.	SYSGRATION LTD.	2	Accounts receivable	\$ 234,370	Note 6	8%
1	SYSGRATION ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGY (HUIZHOU) CO., LTD.	SYSGRATION LTD.	2	Sales of goods	432,933	Note 6	27%
2	SYSGRATION ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGY (ZHENJIANG) CO., LTD.	SYSGRATION LTD.	2	Sales of goods	184,428	Note 6	12%

Note 1: The numbers filled in for the transaction company in respect of inter-company transactions are as follows:

- (1) Parent company is '0'.
- (2) The subsidiaries are numbered in order starting from '1'.
- Note 2: Relationship between transaction company and counterparty is classified into the following three categories; fill in the number of category each case belongs to (If transactions between parent company and subsidiaries or between subsidiaries refer to the same transaction, it is not required to disclose twice. For example, if the parent company has already disclosed its transaction with a subsidiary, then the subsidiary is not required to disclose the transaction; for transactions between two subsidiaries, if one of the subsidiaries has disclosed the transaction, then the other is not required to disclose the transaction.):
 - (1) Parent company to subsidiary.
 - (2) Subsidiary to parent company.
 - (3) Subsidiary to subsidiary.
- Note 3: Transaction amount that did not reach NT\$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more will not be disclosed. Additionally, the counter related parties' of the transaction will also not be disclosed.
- Note 4: Ratios of asset/liability are divided by consolidated total assets, and ratios of profit/loss accounts are divided by consolidated sales revenue.
- Note 5: For details of the loans granted and endorsement and guarantees between the Company and subsidiaries, please refer to tables 1 and 2.
- Note 6: There are no comparable transaction to non-related parties. The conditions of transactions are agreed upon by both parties.

Information on investees

Six months ended June 30, 2022

Table 7

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

Investment income(loss)

Net profit (loss)

				Initial invest	ment amount	Shares I	neld as at June 3	0, 2022		of the investee for the six months ended		ognised by the Company r the six months ended	
	Investee		Main business	Balance as at	Balance as at					June 30, 2022		June 30, 2022	
Investor	(Note 1, 2)	Location	activities	June 30, 2022	December 31, 2021	Number of shares	Ownership	В	ook value	(Note 2(2))		(Note 2(3))	Footnote
SYSGRATION LTD.	SYSGRATION TECHNOLOGY (SAMOA) LTD.	SAMOA	Investment holding of overseas companies	\$ 671,762	\$ 671,762	21,800,000	100%	\$	252,496	\$ 40,84	5 \$	40,845	
SYSGRATION LTD.	SYSGRATION (SAMOA) LTD.	SAMOA	Investment holding of overseas companies	505,131	505,131	15,938,000	100%		201,536	18,19	0	18,190	
SYSGRATION LTD.	SYSGRATION USA INC.	U.S.A.	Sale of electronic products	10,062	10,062	300,000	100%		4,114	2	4	24	

Note 1: If a public company is equipped with an overseas holding company and takes consolidated financial report according to the local law rules, it can only disclose the information of the overseas holding company about the disclosure of related overseas investee information. Note 2: If situation does not belong to Note 1, fill in the columns according to the following regulations:

⁽¹⁾The columns of 'Investee', 'Location', 'Main business activities', Initial investment amount' and 'Shares held as at June 30, 2022' should fill orderly in the Company's (public company's) information on investees and every directly or indirectly controlled investee's investment information, and note the relationship between the Company (public company) and its investee each (ex. direct subsidiary) in the 'footnote' column.

⁽²⁾The 'Net profit (loss) of the investee for the six months ended June 30, 2022' column should fill in amount of net profit (loss) of the investee for this period.

⁽³⁾The 'Investment income (loss) recognised by the Company for the six months ended June 30, 2022' column should fill in the Company (public company) recognised investment income (loss) of its direct subsidiary and recognised investment income (loss) of its investment income (loss) of its direct subsidiary, the Company (public company) should confirm that direct subsidiary's net profit (loss) for this period has included its investment income (loss) which shall be recognised by regulations.

Information on investments in Mainland China

Six months ended June 30, 2022

Table 8

Expressed in thousands of NTD

(Except as otherwise indicated)

					Amount ren	nitted from							
					Taiwan to Ma	inland China/	Accumulated						
				Accumulated	Amount ren	nitted back	amount					Accumulated	
				amount of	to Taiwan	for the six	of remittance		Ownership			amount	
				remittance from	months ended.	June 30, 2022	from Taiwan to		held by	Investment income	Book value of	of investment	
				Taiwan to	(Not		Mainland China		the	(loss) recognised	investments in	income	
				Mainland China	(110)		as of June 30,	Net income of	Company	by the Company	Mainland China	remitted back to	
		Paid-in capital	Investment method	as of January 1,	Remitted to	Remitted back	2022	investee as of	(direct or	for the six months	as of June 30,	Taiwan as of	
Investee in Mainland China	Main business activities	 (Note 5)	(Note 1)	2022 (Note 5)	Mainland China	to Taiwan	(Note 5)	June 30, 2022	indirect)	ended June 30, 2022	2022	June 30, 2022 Fo	ootnote
SYSGRATION ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGY (ZHENJIANG) CO., LTD.	Manufacturing and sale of energy storage products	\$ 641,952	2	\$ 641,952	-	-	\$ 641,952	\$ 40,845	100%	\$ 40,845	\$ 248,371	- 1	Note 6
SYSGRATION ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGY (HUIZHOU)	Manufacturing and sale of electronic products	109,964	2	109,964	-	-	109,964	21,170	100%	21,170	139,719	- 1	Note 7

		Investment amount		
		approved by the	Ceiling on investments	
		Investment	in Mainland China	
		Commission of the	imposed by the	
		Ministry of Economic	Investment	
	Accumulated amount of remittance from Taiwan to Mainland China	Affairs (MOEA)	Commission of	
Company name	as of June 30,2022 (Notes 3 and 5)	(Note 5)	MOEA (Note 4)	Footnote
SYSGRATION LTD.	\$ 103,726	\$ 142,243	\$ 842,791	

Note 1: Investment methods are classified into the following three categories; fill in the number of category each case belongs to:

- (1)Directly invest in a company in Mainland China.
- (2) Through investing in an existing company in the third area, which then invested in the investee in Mainland China.
- (3)Other

CO., LTD.

Note 2: In the 'Investment income (loss) recognised by the Company for the six months ended June 30, 2022' column:

- (1)It should be indicated if the investee was still in the incorporation arrangements and had not yet any profit during this period.
- (2)Indicate the basis for investment income (loss) recognition in the number of one of the following three categories:
- A. The financial statements that are reviewed and attested by international accounting firm which has cooperative relationship with accounting firm in R.O.C.
- B. The financial statements that are reviewed and attested by R.O.C. parent company's CPA.
- C. Others
- Note 3: The Company reinvested in 'SYSGRATION ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGY (ZHENJIANG) CO., LTD..' through 'SYSGRATION TECHNOLOGY (SAMOA) LTD.' which was invested by the Company under the approval of Jing-Shen-II-Zi No.10100477000, No.10200372350, No.10300319430, No.1040023080, No.10500055360 and No.10500105990. Additionally, the Company reinvested in 'SYSGRATION ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGY (HUIZHOU) CO., LTD.' through 'SYSGRATION (SAMOA) LTD.' which was invested by the Company under the approval of Jing-Shen-II-Zi No.104000023090, No.10400163350, No.104000251280 and No.10500072680.
- Note 4: The ceiling is NT\$80 million and 60% of the net assets or consolidated net assets, whichever is higher.
- Note 5: It was translated to NTD at the exchange rate on June 30, 2022.
- Note 6: Through SYSGRATION TECHNOLOGY (SAMOA) LTD..
- Note 7: Through SYSGRATION (SAMOA) LTD...

Significant transactions, either directly or indirectly through a third area, with investee companies in the Mainland Area

Six months ended June 30, 2022

Table 9 Expressed in thousands of NTD

(Except as otherwise indicated)

					Accounts receiva (payable)	Other vable accounts receivable (payable)		ole	Provision of endorsements/guarantees or collaterals		Financing										
Investee in Mainland China	A	Amount	%	Amount	%	Bal	ance at June 30, 2022	%	Bal	lance at June 30, 2022	%	Balance at June 30, 2022	Purpose		ximum balance during six months ended June 30, 2022	Balar	nce at June 30, 2022	Interest rate	mor	nterest for the six on this ended June 30, 2022	Others
SYSGRATION ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGY (HUIZHOU) CO., LTD.	(\$	432,933)	43%	\$		(\$	234,370)	87%	\$	69,163	88%	Note	Note	\$	70,337	\$	69,163	-	\$	-	
SYSGRATION ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGY	(184,428)	18%				-		-	-	-	Note	Note		-		-	-	-	-	

Note: Please refer to table 2.

(ZHENJIANG) CO.,

LTD.

Major shareholders information

Six months ended June 30, 2022

Table 10

			Shares		
	Name of major shareholders	Number of shares h	neld	Ownership	
Lee, Yi-Ren			12,961,210		8.29%