SYSGRATION LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REVIEW REPORT JUNE 30, 2023 AND 2022

For the convenience of readers and for information purpose only, the auditors' report and the accompanying financial statements have been translated into English from the original Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. In the event of any discrepancy between the English version and the original Chinese version or any differences in the interpretation of the two versions, the Chinese-language auditors' report and financial statements shall prevail.

SYSGRATION LTD.

JUNE 30, 2023 AND 2022 CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REVIEW REPORT TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Contents	Page
1.	Cover Page	1
2.	Table of Contents	2 ~ 3
3.	Independent Auditors' Review Report	4 ~ 5
4.	Consolidated Balance Sheets	6 ~ 7
5.	Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income	8 ~ 9
6.	Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity	10
7.	Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows	11 ~ 12
8.	Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements	13 ~ 74
	(1) History and Organization	13
	(2) The Date of Authorization for Issuance of the Financial Stateme	ents 13
	and Procedures for Authorisation	
	(3) Application of New Standards, Amendments and Interpretations	13 ~ 14
	(4) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies	14 ~ 25
	(5) Critical Accounting Judgments, Estimates and Key Source of	25
	Assumptions Uncertainty	
	(6) Details of Significant Accounts	25 ~ 58

	Contents	Page
		-
(7)	Related Party Transactions	58
(8)	Pledged Assets	58 ~ 59
(9)	Significant Contingent Liabilities and Unrecognized Contract	59
	Commitments	
(10)	Significant Disaster Loss	59
(11)	Significant Events after the Balance Sheet Date	59
(12)	Others	60 ~ 71
(13)	Supplementary Disclosures	71 ~ 72
(14)	Segment Information	72 ~ 74

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REVIEW REPORT

To the Board of Directors and Shareholders of Sysgration Ltd.

Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Sysgration Ltd. and subsidiaries (the "Group") as at June 30, 2023 and 2022, and the related consolidated statements of comprehensive income for the three months and six months then ended, as well as the consolidated statements of changes in equity and of cash flows for the six months then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and International Accounting Standard 34, "Interim Financial Reporting" that came into effect as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on these consolidated financial statements based on our reviews.

Scope of review

We conducted our reviews in accordance with the Standard on Review Engagements 2410, "Review of Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity" of the Republic of China. A review of consolidated financial statements consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Conclusion

Based on our reviews, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the

accompanying consolidated financial statements do not present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Group as at June 30, 2023 and 2022, and of its consolidated financial performance for the three months and six months then ended and its consolidated cash flows for the six months then ended in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and International Accounting Standard 34, "Interim Financial Reporting" that came into effect as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission.

Chih, Ping-Chiun Chiu, Chao-Hsien For and on behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers, Taiwan August 8, 2023

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are not intended to present the financial position and results of operations and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. The standards, procedures and practices in the Republic of China governing the audit of such financial statements may differ from those generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. Accordingly, the accompanying consolidated financial statements and independent auditors' review report are not intended for use by those who are not informed about the accounting principles or auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China, and their applications in practice.

SYSGRATION LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS JUNE 30, 2023, DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND JUNE 30, 2022 (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

	Aggets		_	June 30, 202			December 31, 2		June 30, 2022 AMOUNT		
	Assets Current assets	Notes		AMOUNT	<u>%</u>		AMOUNT			AMOUNI	
1100	Current assets Cash and cash equivalents	6(1)	\$	1 701 006	4.4	\$	1 220 062	34	¢	726,123	24
1110	•		Ф	1,721,006	44	Ф	1,228,963	34	\$	720,123	24
1110	Financial assets at fair value	6(2)					120			004	
1126	through profit or loss - current	(4)(4)		-	-		139	-		984	-
1136	Current financial assets at	6(1)(4) and 8					100 501	2		105 101	
	amortised cost			90,000	2		100,501	3		105,101	4
1150	Notes receivable, net	6(5) and 12(2)		-	-		2,521	-		13,850	1
1170	Accounts receivable, net	6(5) and 12(2)		899,932	23		918,035	26		860,890	28
1200	Other receivables			5,549	-		12,317	-		10,197	-
1220	Current income tax assets	6(30)		709	-		185	-		94	-
130X	Inventories	6(6)		338,719	9		423,002	12		415,835	14
1470	Other current assets			49,285	1		75,878	2		134,793	4
11XX	Current assets			3,105,200	79		2,761,541	77		2,267,867	75
	Non-current assets										
1510	Non-current financial assets at fair	6(2)									
	value through profit or loss			13,780	-		12,460	-		-	-
1517	Non-current financial assets at fair	6(3)									
	value through other comprehensive	;									
	income			160,048	4		148,952	4		76,245	2
1535	Non-current financial assets at	6(1)(4) and 8									
	amortised cost			16,700	-		20,700	1		20,800	1
1600	Property, plant and equipment	6(7) and 8		452,527	12		453,061	13		444,989	15
1755	Right-of-use assets	6(8)		15,573	-		29,955	1		39,763	1
1760	Investment property - net	6(9)		3,956	-		4,025	-		4,094	-
1780	Intangible assets	6(10)		26,493	1		19,843	1		21,548	1
1840	Deferred income tax assets	6(30)		30,797	1		30,851	1		29,144	1
1900	Other non-current assets	6(11)		126,753	3		87,973	2		123,543	4
15XX	Non-current assets			846,627	21		807,820	23		760,126	25
1XXX	Total assets		\$	3,951,827	100	\$	3,569,361	100	\$	3,027,993	100
				-		_	·				

(Continued)

SYSGRATION LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS JUNE 30, 2023, DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND JUNE 30, 2022 (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

				June 30, 2023		December 31, 2			June 30, 2022	
	Liabilities and Equity	Notes	A	MOUNT	<u>%</u>	AMOUNT	<u>%</u>		AMOUNT	%
	Current liabilities									
2100	Short-term borrowings	6(12)	\$	-	-	\$ 8,816	-	\$	8,878	-
2130	Current contract liabilities	6(23)		8,328	-	10,112	-		28,420	1
2150	Notes payable			4,399	-	1,724	-		868	-
2170	Accounts payable			419,656	11	589,317	17		558,207	18
2200	Other payables	6(15)(32)		173,300	4	179,322	5		151,236	5
2250	Current provisions	6(18)		21,668	1	21,246	1		13,713	1
2280	Current lease liabilities			10,182	-	20,834	1		24,861	1
2320	Long-term liabilities, current	6(13)(14) and				-,,				
	portion	8		491,463	13	542,374	15		545,438	18
2399	Other current liabilities, others			14,262		15,450			27,586	<u> </u>
21XX	Current liabilities			1,143,258	29	1,389,195	39	_	1,359,207	45
	Non-current liabilities									
2530	Bonds payable	6(13)		<u>-</u>	-	-	-		-	-
2540	Long-term borrowings	6(14) and 8		204,468	5	227,589	7		248,511	8
2570	Deferred income tax liabilities	6(30)		1,366	-	-	-		-	-
2580	Non-current lease liabilities			5,736	-	9,608	-		15,424	1
2600	Other non-current liabilities			198		198			198	
25XX	Non-current liabilities		-	211,768	5	237,395	7	_	264,133	9
2XXX	Total liabilities			1,355,026	34	1,626,590	<u>46</u>	_	1,623,340	54
	Equity attributable to owners of									
	the parent									
	Share capital	6(19)								
3110	Ordinary shares			1,811,794	46	1,670,605	47		1,555,880	51
3140	Advance receipts for share capital	5 (3 0)		13,783	-	9,627	-		7,460	-
2200	Capital surplus	6(20)		(B) B(1		240.026			61.040	
3200	Capital surplus	((0.1)		672,761	17	310,036	8		61,248	2
2210	Retained earnings	6(21)		4 405						
3310	Legal reserve			4,497	-	-	-		-	-
3320	Special reserve			1,563	-	-	-		-	-
3350	Retained earnings (Accumulated			170 100	_	44.060	1	,	124 207) (45
	deficit)	((22)		179,183	5	44,968	1	(134,297)(4)
2400	Other equity interest	6(22)	,	06 700)	<i>(</i> 2)	(02 465)	(2)	,	05 (20) (2)
3400	Other equity interest		(86,780)((2)	(92,465)	(2)	(85,638)(<u>3</u>)
31XX	Equity attributable to owners			0.506.001		1 040 771	<i></i>		1 404 652	16
23/3/3/	of the parent			2,596,801	66	1,942,771	54		1,404,653	46
3XXX	Total equity	0		2,596,801	66	1,942,771	54		1,404,653	46
	Significant contingent liabilities and	9								
	unrecognised contract commitments									
	Significant events after the balance	11								
23/23/	sheet date		φ	2 051 027	100	ф 2 560 261	100	ф	2 027 002	100
3X2X	Total liabilities and equity		\$	3,951,827	100	\$ 3,569,361	100	\$	3,027,993	100

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

SYSGRATION LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
THREE MONTHS AND SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 AND 2022
(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except earnings per share amount)

					ed June 30		Six months ended June 30							
			_	2023		_	2022		2023		_	2022		
-	Items	Notes	A	MOUNT	%		MOUNT	%	AMOUNT		_	AMOUNT	<u>%</u>	
4000	Operating revenue	6(23)	\$	736,085	100	\$	834,913	100	\$ 1,622,258	100	\$	1,594,327	100	
5000	Operating costs	6(6)(16)(17)												
		(28)(29)	(552,593) (75) ((639,351) (77) (1,221,350) () (_	1,226,067) (<u>77</u>)	
5900	Gross profit from operations			183,492	25	_	195,562	23	400,908	25	_	368,260	23	
	Operating expenses	6(16)(17)(28)												
		(29)												
6100	Selling expenses		(32,104) (5) ((24,505) (3)(66,096) (4) (43,458) (3)	
6200	Administrative expenses		(61,184)(8)((47,003) (5)(105,292) (7) (90,590)(5)	
6300	Research and development													
	expenses		(58,355) (8)((50,994)(6)(114,974) (7) (92,365)(6)	
6450	Impairment gain and reversal	12(2)												
	of impairment loss determined													
	in accordance with IFRS 9			275		_	1,843	- (4,684)	(_	293)		
6000	Total operating expenses		(151,368) (21) ((120,659) (14) (291,046) (18) (_	226,706) (14)	
6900	Operating profit			32,124	4		74,903	9	109,862	7	_	141,554	9	
	Non-operating income and													
	expenses													
7100	Interest income	6(4)(24)		5,713	1		528	-	7,529	1		779	-	
7010	Other income	6(9)(25)		2,167	-		1,048	-	3,246	-		1,990	-	
7020	Other gains and losses	6(2)(26)		20,894	3		11,152	1	19,115	1		18,784	1	
7050	Finance costs	6(8)(12)(13)												
		(14)(27)	(2,193)	- ((2,074)	- (4,565) -	(3,873)	-	
7055	Impairment loss (impairment													
	gain and reversal of													
	impairment loss) determined in													
	accordance with IFRS 9			4,355			<u>-</u>	_	4,355		_	<u>-</u>		
7000	Total non-operating income													
	and expenses			30,936	4		10,654	1	29,680	2		17,680	1	
7900	Profit before income tax			63,060	8		85,557	10	139,542	9		159,234	10	
7950	Income tax expense	6(30)		-	-		213	-	-	-		-	-	
8200	Profit for the period		\$	63,060	8	\$	85,770	10	\$ 139,542	9	\$	159,234	10	
	-			<u> </u>		_			-		_	<u> </u>		

(Continued)

SYSGRATION LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
THREE MONTHS AND SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 AND 2022
(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except earnings per share amount)

			_	Three	months	ended	June 30		_	Six n	nonths e	<u>nde</u> d	June 30	
				2023			2022			2023			2022	
	Items	Notes	AN	MOUNT	%	Al	MOUNT	%	A	MOUNT	<u>%</u>	A	MOUNT	%
	Other comprehensive income Components of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss	6(3)(22)(30)												
8316 8349	Unrealised gains (losses) from investments in equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income Income tax related to		\$	958	-	(\$	5,623) (1)	\$	7,684	-	(\$	6,293) (1)
0349	components of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to		,	45)			1 124		,	1 200)			1 250	
8310	profit or loss Total other comprehensive income (loss) that will not be reclassified to profit or		(<u>45</u>)			1,124		(1,390)			1,258	
	loss, net of tax			913		(4,499) (<u>l</u>)		6,294		(5,03 <u>5</u>) (<u>l</u>)
8361	Components of other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to profit or loss Exchange differences on	6(22)(30)												
	translation		(11,950)	(1)	(2,903)	_		156	_		16,108	1
8399	Income tax related to components of other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to profit or loss			2,389			580	<u>-</u>	(32)		(3,222)	<u>-</u>
8360	Total other comprehensive income (loss) that will be reclassified to profit or loss, net of tax		(9,561)	(1)	(2,323)	_		124	-		12,886	1
8300	Other comprehensive income		`	,	`	`								
	(loss) for the period, net of tax		(\$	8,648)	(1)	(\$	6,822) (1)	\$	6,418		\$	7,851	
8500	Total comprehensive income for the period Profit, attributable to:		\$	54,412	7	\$	78,948	9	\$	145,960	9	\$	167,085	10
8610	Owners of the parent		\$	63,060	8	\$	85,770	10	\$	139,542	9	\$	159,234	10
8620	Non-controlling interest		\$	63,060	8	\$	85,770	10	\$	139,542	9	\$	159,234	10
8710	Comprehensive income attributable to: Owners of the parent		\$	54,412	7	\$	78,948	9	\$	145,960	9	\$	167,085	10
8720	Non-controlling interest		\$	54,412	<u>-</u> 7	\$	78,948	<u>-</u> 9	\$	145,960	<u>-</u> 9	\$	167,085	10
	Basic earnings per share	6(31)												
9750	Basic earnings per share Diluted earnings per share	6(31)	\$		0.36	\$		0.55	\$		0.79	\$		1.03
9850	Diluted earnings per share		\$		0.34	\$		0.51	\$		0.75	\$		0.95

SYSGRATION LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 AND 2022 (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

Equity attributable to owners of the parent

		Share (Capita	ıl	Capital surplus	arey wee			ned Earnings				Other equ	ity in	terest	
	Notes	Ordinary shares	rec	Advance ceipts for are capital	Capital surplus, additional paid- in capital	Leg	al reserve	Spec	cial reserve	Ac	cumulated deficit	diff trai	xchange erences on nslation of foreign inancial atements	gai from asse at thre	nrealised ns (losses) m financial ts measured fair value ough other aprehensive income	Total equity
2022																
Balance at January 1, 2022		\$1,545,534	\$	9,956	\$ 160,349	\$	-	\$	35,953	(\$	454,770)	(\$	64,048)	(\$	26,854)	\$1,206,120
Income for the period		-	<u> </u>		-	<u> </u>		<u> </u>		`-	159,234	`		`		159,234
Other comprehensive (loss) income for the period 6(22)	2)	_		_	_		_		_		-		12,886	(5,035)	7,851
Total comprehensive income (loss)	,							_		_	159,234	_	12,886	<u>`</u>	5,035)	167,085
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	(19)(20)				6,885						-		-	`—	- 3,033	6,885
)(20)(32)	_		6,799	16,713		_		_		_		_		_	23,512
)(20)	10,346	(9,295)	-		_		_		_		_		_	1,051
Disposal of fair value through other comprehensive income 6(3)		-	(-	_		_		_		2,587		_	(2,587)	
Capital surplus used to offset accumulated deficit	()	_		_	(122,699)		_		_		122,699		_	(-	_
Special reserve used to offset accumulated deficit		_		_	-		_	(35,953)		35,953		_		_	_
Balance at June 30, 2022		\$1,555,880	\$	7,460	\$ 61,248	\$	_	\$	-	(\$	134,297)	(\$	51,162)	(\$	34,476)	\$1,404,653
2023		41,000,000	-	7,100	+ 01,2.0	*		-		1	70 1,271	(+	, , , , ,	(+	.,,,,,,,,,,,	+1,,
Balance at January 1, 2023		\$1,670,605	\$	9,627	\$ 310,036	\$	_	\$	_	\$	44,968	(\$	51,526)	(\$	40,939)	\$1,942,771
Income for the period		φ1,070,005	Ψ	7,027	φ 310,030	Ψ		Ψ		Ψ	139,542	(Ψ	31,320	(Ψ	10,737	139,542
Other comprehensive income for the period 6(22)	2)	_		_	_		_		_		-		124		6,294	6,418
Total comprehensive income	,								_	_	139,542	_	124	_	6,294	145,960
•	7)(19)(20)				3,579			_		_	-	_		_		3,579
	0)(20)(32)	_		11,935	39,800		_		_		_		_		_	51,735
)(20)	15,189	(7,779)	4,346		_		_		_		_		_	11,756
Cash capital increase 6(19		126,000	`		315,000		_		_		_		_		_	441,000
Disposal of fair value through other comprehensive income 6(3)	/	-		_	-		_		_		733		_	(733)	-
Appropriations of net income for 2022 6(21														`	,	
Legal reserve appropriated	,	_		_	_		4,497		-	(4,497)		_			_
Special reserve appropriated		-		_	-		-		1,563	(1,563)		-		-	-
Balance at June 30, 2023		\$1,811,794	\$	13,783	\$ 672,761	\$	4,497	\$	1,563	\$	179,183	(\$	51,402)	(\$	35,378)	\$2,596,801

SYSGRATION LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 AND 2022 (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

Amortisation 6(10) Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment 6(26)	Notes	2022		ne 30
Profit before tax Adjustments Adjustments to reconcile profit (loss) Net loss on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Expected credit impairment loss Depreciation Amortisation Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment 6(2)(2) 6(2)(3) 6(2)(4) 6(2)(4) 6(2)(4) 6(2)(4) 6(3)(4) 6(3)(4) 6(4)(4)(4) 6(4)(4) 6(4)(4)(4) 6(4)(4)(4) 6(4)(4)(4) 6(4)(4)(4) 6(4)(4)(4)(4) 6(4)(4)(4)(4) 6(4)(4)(4)(4) 6(4)(4)(4)(4)(4) 6(4)(4)(4)(4)(4) 6(4)(4)(4)(4)(4) 6(4)(4)(4)(4)(4)(4) 6(4)(4)(4)(4)(4)(4)(4) 6(4)(4)(4)(4)(4)(4)(4)(4) 6(4)(4)(4)(4)(4)(4)(4)(4)(4)(4)(4)(4)(4)(2023		2022
Profit before tax Adjustments Adjustments to reconcile profit (loss) Net loss on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Expected credit impairment loss Depreciation Amortisation Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment 6(2)(2) 6(2)(3) 6(2)(4) 6(2)(4) 6(2)(4) 6(3)(4) 6(3)(4) 6(4)(6)				
Adjustments Adjustments to reconcile profit (loss) Net loss on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Expected credit impairment loss Depreciation Amortisation Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment 6(2)(2) 6(2)(3) 6(2)(3) 6(2)(4) 6(\$	139,542	\$	159,234
Adjustments to reconcile profit (loss) Net loss on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Expected credit impairment loss 12(2) Depreciation 6(7)(3) Amortisation 6(10) Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	Ψ	137,312	Ψ	137,231
Net loss on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Expected credit impairment loss 12(2) Depreciation 6(7)(3) Amortisation 6(10) Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment 6(26)				
profit or loss Expected credit impairment loss 12(2) Depreciation 6(7)(3) Amortisation 6(10) Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment 6(26)	26)			
Expected credit impairment loss 12(2) Depreciation 6(7)(3) Amortisation 6(10) Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment 6(26)	(1,181)		493
Depreciation 6(7)(4 Amortisation 6(10) Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment 6(26)	`	4,684		293
Amortisation 6(10) Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment 6(26)	8)(9)(28)	58,880		44,970
Gain on disposal of property, plant and 6(26) equipment		10,632		6,705
equipment		,		-,
* *	(13)	(2)
	12)(13)(14)	15 /		- /
(27)	/ // /	4,569		3,873
Interest income 6(24)	(7,529)	(779)
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(20)(29)	3,579	`	6,885
Changes in operating assets and liabilities		2,273		0,000
Changes in operating assets				
Notes receivable		2,546	(8,463)
Accounts receivable		13,589	(244,117)
Other receivables		6,904	`	3,634
Inventories		84,283		132,653
Other current assets		26,593	(38,295)
Changes in operating liabilities		,	`	, ,
Contract liabilities	(1,784)		7,222
Notes payable	·	2,675	(118)
Accounts payable	(169,661)	(215,453)
Other payables	(5,884)	`	11,955
Current provisions	•	422		6,534
Other current liabilities	(1,188)		5,703
Cash inflow (outflow) generated from operations	·	171,658	(117,073)
Interest received		7,393	`	779
Interest paid	(2,416)	(1,245)
Income tax paid	(525)	(10)
Net cash flows from (used in) operating	1	·′	-	
activities				

(Continued)

SYSGRATION LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 AND 2022 (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

			Six months en	nded Ju	ine 30
	Notes		2023		2022
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES					
Acquisition of financial assets at fair value through	12(3)				
other comprehensive income	,	(\$	10,057)	\$	-
Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at fair		•			
value through other comprehensive income			5,911		13,500
Decrease (increased) in financial assets at amortised					
cost			14,501	(600)
Increase in prepayments for investments		(9,000)	(62,000)
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	6(32)	(47,795)	(59,855)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and					
equipment			35		37
Acquisition of intangible assets	6(10)	(17,369)	(13,531)
Increase in refundable deposits		(1,717)	(472)
Increase in prepayments for business facilities		(27,223)	(22,655)
(Increase) decrease in other non-current assets		(840)		991
Net cash flows used in investing activities		(93,554)	(144,585)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Decrease in short-term borrowings	6(33)	(8,862)		-
Proceeds from long-term borrowings	6(33)		25,459		174,000
Repayment of long-term borrowings	6(33)	(45,110)	(29,818)
Exercise of employee share options	6(19)		11,756		1,051
Payments of lease liabilities	6(8)(33)	(14,754)	(13,066)
Cash capital increase	6(19)		441,000		
Net cash flows from financing activities			409,489		132,167
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash					
equivalents		(2)		15,303
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents			492,043	(114,664)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period			1,228,963		840,787
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period		\$	1,721,006	\$	726,123

SYSGRATION LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 AND 2022

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except as otherwise indicated)

1. HISTORY AND ORGANISATION

- (1) SYSGRATION LTD. (the 'Company') was incorporated as a company limited by shares under the provisions of the Company Act of the Republic of China (R.O.C.) on October 14, 1977, and the Company's shares have been approved by Securities and Futures Commission, Ministry of Finance to be officially traded on Taipei Exchange from December 1995. The Company and its subsidiaries (the 'Group') are primarily engaged in the manufacture and sale of automobile electronics products and power management products.
- (2) On April 27, 2023, the Company's shareholders during their meeting approved to split its energy storage business segment to newly established POWER TANK ENERGY LTD. through a spin-off, and the effective date of the spin-off was set on June 30, 2023. Refer to Note 6(34) for details.

2. THE DATE OF AUTHORISATION FOR ISSUANCE OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND PROCEDURES FOR AUTHORISATION

These consolidated financial statements were reported to the Board of Directors on August 8, 2023.

3. APPLICATION OF NEW STANDARDS, AMENDMENTS AND INTERPRETATIONS

(1) Effect of the adoption of new issuances of or amendments to International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") that came into effect as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission ("FSC")

New standards, interpretations and amendments that came into effect as endorsed by the FSC effective from 2023 are as follows:

	Effective date by
	International Accounting
New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments	Standards Board
Amendments to IAS 1, 'Disclosure of accounting policies'	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IAS 8, 'Definition of accounting estimates'	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IAS 12, 'Deferred tax related to assets and liabilities	January 1, 2023
arising from a single transaction'	

The above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the Group's financial condition and financial performance based on the Group's assessment.

(2) Effect of new issuances of or amendments to IFRSs that came into effect as endorsed by the FSC but not yet adopted by the Group

None.

(3) IFRSs issued by IASB but not yet endorsed by the FSC

New standards, interpretations and amendments issued by IASB but not yet included in the IFRSs as

endorsed by the FSC are as follows:

	Effective date by International Accounting
New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments	Standards Board
Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28, 'Sale or contribution of assets	To be determined by
between an investor and its associate or joint venture'	International Accounting
	Standards Board
Amendments to IFRS 16, 'Lease liability in a sale and leaseback'	January 1, 2024
IFRS 17, 'Insurance contracts'	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IFRS 17, 'Insurance contracts'	January 1, 2023
Amendment to IFRS 17, 'Initial application of IFRS 17 and IFRS 9 – comparative information'	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IAS 1, 'Classification of liabilities as current or non-current'	January 1, 2024
Amendments to IAS 1, 'Non-current liabilities with covenants'	January 1, 2024
Amendments to IAS 7 and IFRS 7, 'Supplier finance arrangements'	January 1, 2024
Amendments to IAS 12, 'International tax reform - pillar two model rules'	May 23, 2023

The above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the Group's financial condition and financial performance based on the Group's assessment.

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the periods presented, unless otherwise stated.

(1) Compliance statement

The consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared in accordance with the "Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers" and the International Accounting Standard 34, 'Interim financial reporting' that came into effect as endorsed by the FSC.

(2) Basis of preparation

- A. Except for the following items, the consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention:
 - (a) Financial assets (including derivative instruments) at fair value through profit or loss.
 - (b) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income.
- B. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, IFRIC Interpretations, and SIC Interpretations that came into effect as endorsed by the FSC (collectively referred herein as the "IFRSs") requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the

consolidated financial statements are disclosed in Note 5.

(3) Basis of consolidation

- A. Basis for preparation of consolidated financial statements:
 - (a) All subsidiaries are included in the Group's consolidated financial statements. Subsidiaries are all entities (including structured entities) controlled by the Group. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. Consolidation of subsidiaries begins from the date the Group obtains control of the subsidiaries and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiaries.
 - (b) Inter-company transactions, balances and unrealised gains or losses on transactions between companies within the Group are eliminated. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been adjusted where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.
 - (c) Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the parent and to the non-controlling interests. Total comprehensive income is attributed to the owners of the parent and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.
 - (d) Changes in a parent's ownership interest in a subsidiary that do not result in the parent losing control of the subsidiary (transactions with non-controlling interests) are accounted for as equity transactions, i.e. transactions with owners in their capacity as owners. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognised directly in equity.

B. Subsidiaries included in the consolidated financial statements:

Name of	Name of	Main business		Ownership(%)		
investor	subsidiary	activities	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022	June 30, 2022	Note
SYSGRATION LTD.	SYSGRATION USA INC.	Sale of electronic products	100	100	100	
SYSGRATION LTD.	SYSGRATION (SAMOA) LTD.	Investment holding of overseas	100	100	100	
SYSGRATION LTD.	POWER TANK ENERGY LTD.	Manufacturing and sale of energy storage	100	-	-	Note 1
POWER TANK ENERGY LTD. / SYSGRATION LTD.	SYSGRATION TECHNOLOGY (SAMOA) LTD.	Investment holding of overseas companies	100	100	100	Note 2
SYSGRATION TECHNOLOGY (SAMOA) LTD.	SYSGRATION ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGY (ZHENJIANG) CO., LTD.	Manufacturing and sale of energy storage productss	100	100	100	
SYSGRATION (SAMOA) LTD.	SYSGRATION ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGY (HUIZHOU) CO., LTD.	Manufacturing and sale of electronic products	100	100	100	

- Note 1: On June 30, 2023, the effective date of the spin-off, the Company split its energy storage business segment to newly established POWER TANK ENERGY LTD. through a spin-off. The aforementioned spin-off transaction pertains to a reorganization.
- Note 2: On June 19, 2023, POWER TANK ENERGY LTD. was approved by the Investment Commission of the Ministry of Economic Affairs (MOEA) to accept the equity interest of SYSGRATION (SAMOA) LTD. and SYSGRATION ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGY (ZHENJIANG) CO., LTD.
- C. Subsidiaries not included in the consolidated financial statements: None.
- D. Adjustments for subsidiaries with different balance sheet dates: None.
- E. Significant restrictions: None.
- F. Subsidiaries that have non-controlling interest that are material to the Group: None.

(4) Foreign currency translation

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the "functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in New Taiwan dollars, which is the Company's functional and the Group's presentation currency.

- A. Foreign currency transactions and balances
 - (a) Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange

rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions or valuation where items are remeasured. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

- (b) Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the period end are retranslated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date. Exchange differences arising upon re-translation at the balance sheet date are recognised in profit or loss.
- (c) Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies held at fair value through other comprehensive income are re-translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date; their translation differences are recognised in other comprehensive income.
- (d) All foreign exchange gains and losses based on the nature of those transactions are presented in the statement of comprehensive income within 'other gains and losses'.

B. Translation of foreign operations

The operating results and financial position of all the group entities and associates that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:

- (a) Assets and liabilities for each balance sheet presented are translated at the closing exchange rate at the date of that balance sheet;
- (b) Income and expenses for each statement of comprehensive income are translated at average exchange rates of that period; and
- (c) All resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income.

(5) Classification of current and non-current items

- A. Assets that meet one of the following criteria are classified as current assets; otherwise they are classified as non-current assets:
 - (a) Assets arising from operating activities that are expected to be realised, or are intended to be sold or consumed within the normal operating cycle;
 - (b) Assets held mainly for trading purposes;
 - (c) Assets that are expected to be realised within twelve months from the balance sheet date;
 - (d) Cash and cash equivalents, excluding restricted cash and cash equivalents and those that are to be exchanged or used to settle liabilities more than twelve months after the balance sheet date.
- B. Liabilities that meet one of the following criteria are classified as current liabilities; otherwise they are classified as non-current liabilities:
 - (a) Liabilities that are expected to be settled within the normal operating cycle;
 - (b) Liabilities arising mainly from trading activities;
 - (c) Liabilities that are to be settled within twelve months from the balance sheet date;
 - (d) Liabilities for which the repayment date cannot be extended unconditionally to more than twelve months after the balance sheet date. Terms of a liability that could, at the option of the counterparty, result in its settlement by the issue of equity instruments do not affect its classification.

(6) Cash equivalents

Cash equivalents refer to short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. Time deposits that meet the definition above and are held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments in operations are classified as cash equivalents.

(7) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

- A. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are financial assets that are not measured at amortised cost or fair value through other comprehensive income.
- B. On a regular way purchase or sale basis, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are recognised and derecognised using trade date accounting.
- C. At initial recognition, the Group measures the financial assets at fair value and recognises the transaction costs in profit or loss. The Group subsequently measures the financial assets at fair value, and recognises the gain or loss in profit or loss.
- D. The Group recognises the dividend income when the right to receive payment is established, future economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the Group and the amount of the dividend can be measured reliably.

(8) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

- A. Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income comprise equity securities which are not held for trading, and for which the Group has made an irrevocable election at initial recognition to recognise changes in fair value in other comprehensive income.
- B. On a regular way purchase or sale basis, financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are recognised and derecognised using trade date accounting.
- C. At initial recognition, the Group measures the financial assets at fair value plus transaction costs. The Group subsequently measures the financial assets at fair value:
 - The changes in fair value of equity investments that were recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to retained earnings and are not reclassified to profit or loss following the derecognition of the investment. Dividends are recognised as revenue when the right to receive payment is established, future economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the Group and the amount of the dividend can be measured reliably.

(9) Financial assets at amortised cost

- A. Financial assets at amortised cost are those that meet all of the following criteria:
 - (a) The objective of the Group's business model is achieved by collecting contractual cash flows.
 - (b) The assets' contractual cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest.
- B. On a regular way purchase or sale basis, financial assets at amortised cost are recognised and derecognised using trade date accounting.
- C. At initial recognition, the Group measures the financial assets at fair value plus transaction costs. Interest income from these financial assets is included in finance income using the effective interest method. A gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised or

impaired.

D. The Group's time deposits which do not fall under cash equivalents are those with a short maturity period and are measured at initial investment amount as the effect of discounting is immaterial.

(10) Accounts and notes receivable

- A. Accounts and notes receivable entitle the Group a legal right to receive consideration in exchange for transferred goods or rendered services.
- B. The short-term accounts and notes receivable without bearing interest are subsequently measured at initial invoice amount as the effect of discounting is immaterial.

(11) <u>Impairment of financial assets</u>

For debt instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income and financial assets at amortised cost, at each reporting date, the Group recognises the impairment provision for 12 months expected credit losses if there has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition or recognises the impairment provision for the lifetime expected credit losses (ECLs) if such credit risk has increased since initial recognition after taking into consideration all reasonable and verifiable information that includes forecasts. On the other hand, for accounts receivable or contract assets that do not contain a significant financing component, the Group recognises the impairment provision for lifetime ECLs.

(12) Derecognition of financial assets

The Group derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to receive the cash flows from the financial asset expire.

(13) Leasing arrangements (lessor) — operating leases

Lease income from an operating lease (net of any incentives given to the lessee) is recognised in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

(14) Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined using the weighted-average method. The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises raw materials, direct labour, other direct costs and related production overheads (allocated based on normal operating capacity). The item by item approach is used in applying the lower of cost and net realisable value. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated cost of completion and applicable variable selling expenses.

(15) Property, plant and equipment

- A. Property, plant and equipment are initially recorded at cost.
- B. Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to profit or loss during the financial period in which they are incurred.
- C. Land is not depreciated. Other property, plant and equipment apply cost model and are

depreciated using the straight-line method to allocate their cost over their estimated useful lives. Each part of an item of property, plant, and equipment with a cost that is significant in relation to the total cost of the item must be depreciated separately.

D. The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each financial year-end. If expectations for the assets' residual values and useful lives differ from previous estimates or the patterns of consumption of the assets' future economic benefits embodied in the assets have changed significantly, any change is accounted for as a change in estimate under IAS 8, 'Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors', from the date of the change. The estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment are as follows:

Buildings and structures	$2 \sim 55$	years
Machinery	$2 \sim 20$	years
Maintenance equipment and tools	$2 \sim 5$	years
Office equipment	$2 \sim 30$	years
Transportation equipment	$4 \sim 5$	years
Leasehold improvements	3~5	years or lease period (whichever is shorter)
Others	2~3	years

(16) <u>Leasing arrangements (lessee) – right-of-use assets/ lease liabilities</u>

- A. Leases are recognised as a right-of-use asset and a corresponding lease liability at the date at which the leased asset is available for use by the Group. For short-term leases or leases of low-value assets, lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.
- B. Lease liabilities include the net present value of the remaining lease payments at the commencement date, discounted using the incremental borrowing interest rate.

Lease payments are comprised of the following:

- (a) Fixed payments, less any lease incentives receivable;
- (b) Payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the lessee exercising that option.

The Group subsequently measures the lease liability at amortised cost using the interest method and recognises interest expense over the lease term. The lease liability is remeasured and the amount of remeasurement is recognised as an adjustment to the right-of-use asset when there are changes in the lease term or lease payments and such changes do not arise from contract modifications.

- C. At the commencement date, the right-of-use asset is stated at cost comprising the following:
 - (a) The amount of the initial measurement of lease liability;
 - (b) Any lease payments made at or before the commencement date;
 - (c) Any initial direct costs incurred by the lessee; and
 - (d) An estimate of costs to be incurred by the lessee in dismantling and removing the underlying

asset, restoring the site on which it is located or restoring the underlying asset to the condition required by the terms and conditions of the lease.

The right-of-use asset is measured subsequently using the cost model and is depreciated from the commencement date to the earlier of the end of the asset's useful life or the end of the lease term. When the lease liability is remeasured, the amount of remeasurement is recognised as an adjustment to the right-of-use asset.

D. For lease modifications that decrease the scope of the lease, the lessee shall decrease the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset to reflect the partial or full termination of the lease, and recognise the difference between remeasured lease liability in profit or loss.

(17) <u>Investment property</u>

An investment property is stated initially at its cost and measured subsequently using the cost model. Except for land, investment property is depreciated on a straight-line basis over its estimated useful life of 50 years.

(18) Intangible assets

Intangible assets, mainly computer software and patent rights, are amortised on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives of $1 \sim 10$ years.

(19) <u>Impairment of non-financial assets</u>

The Group assesses at each balance sheet date the recoverable amounts of those assets where there is an indication that they are impaired. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell or value in use. When the circumstances or reasons for recognising impairment loss for an asset in prior years no longer exist or diminish the impairment loss is reversed. The increased carrying amount due to reversal should not be more than what the depreciated or amortised historical cost would have been if the impairment had not been recognised.

(20) Borrowings

Borrowings comprise long-term and short-term bank borrowings. Borrowings are recognised initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently stated at amortised cost; any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognised in profit or loss over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.

(21) Notes and accounts payable

- A. Accounts payable are liabilities for purchases of raw materials, goods or services and notes payable are those resulting from operating and non-operating activities.
- B. The short-term notes and accounts payable without bearing interest are subsequently measured at initial invoice amount as the effect of discounting is immaterial.

(22) Convertible bonds payable

Convertible bonds issued by the Group contain conversion options (that is, the bondholders have the right to convert the bonds into the Group's common shares by exchanging a fixed amount of cash for a fixed number of common shares), call options and put options. The Group classifies the bonds payable upon issuance as a financial asset, a financial liability or an equity instrument in accordance with the contract terms. They are accounted for as follows:

- A. The embedded call options and put options are recognised initially at net fair value as 'financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss'. They are subsequently remeasured and stated at fair value on each balance sheet date; the gain or loss is recognised as 'gain or loss on valuation of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss'.
- B. The host contracts of bonds are initially recognised at fair value. Any difference between the initial recognition and the redemption value is accounted for as the premium or discount on bonds payable and subsequently is amortised in profit or loss as an adjustment to 'finance costs' over the period of circulation using the effective interest method.
- C. The embedded conversion options which meet the definition of an equity instrument are initially recognised in 'capital surplus—share options' at the residual amount of total issue price less the amount of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss and bonds payable or as stated above. Conversion options are not subsequently remeasured.
- D. Any transaction costs directly attributable to the issuance are allocated to each liability or equity component in proportion to the initial carrying amount of each abovementioned item.
- E. When bondholders exercise conversion options, the liability component of the bonds (including 'bonds payable' and 'financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss') shall be remeasured on the conversion date. The issuance cost of converted common shares is the total book value of the abovementioned liability component and 'capital surplus—share options'.

(23) Derecognition of financial liabilities

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation specified in the contract is either discharged or cancelled or expires.

(24) Non-hedging and embedded derivatives

Non-hedging derivatives are initially recognised at fair value on the date a derivative contract is entered into and recorded as financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss. They are subsequently remeasured at fair value and the gains or losses are recognised in profit or loss.

(25) Provisions

Provisions (including warranties) are recognised when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, and it is probable that an outflow of economic resources will be required to settle the obligation and the amount of the obligation can be reliably estimated. Provisions are measured at the present value of the expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation on the balance sheet date, which is discounted using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects the current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the

obligation. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to passage of time is recognised as interest expense. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses.

(26) Employee benefits

A. Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits are measured at the undiscounted amount of the benefits expected to be paid in respect of service rendered by employees in a period and should be recognised as expense in that period when the employees render service.

B. Pensions

Defined contribution plans

For defined contribution plans, the contributions are recognised as pension expense when they are due on an accrual basis. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent of a cash refund or a reduction in the future payments.

(27) Employee share-based payment

For the equity-settled share-based payment arrangements, the employee services received are measured at the fair value of the equity instruments granted at the grant date and are recognised as compensation cost over the vesting period, with a corresponding adjustment to equity. The fair value of the equity instruments granted shall reflect the impact of market vesting conditions and non-vesting conditions. Compensation cost is subject to adjustment based on the service conditions that are expected to be satisfied and the estimates of the number of equity instruments that are expected to vest under the non-market vesting conditions at each balance sheet date. Ultimately, the amount of compensation cost recognised is based on the number of equity instruments that eventually vest.

(28) Income tax

- A. The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or items recognised directly in equity, in which cases the tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or equity.
- B. The current income tax expense is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date in the countries where the Company and its subsidiaries operate and generate taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in accordance with applicable tax regulations. It establishes provisions where appropriate based on the amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities. An additional tax is levied on the unappropriated retained earnings and is recorded as income tax expense in the year the stockholders resolve to retain the earnings.
- C. Deferred tax is recognised, using the balance sheet liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated balance sheet. However, the deferred tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of goodwill or of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or

loss. Deferred tax is provided on temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries and associates, except where the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference is controlled by the Group and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date and are expected to apply when the related deferred tax asset is realised or the deferred tax liability is settled.

- D. Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised. At each balance sheet date, unrecognised and recognised deferred tax assets are reassessed.
- E. The interim period income tax expense is recognised based on the estimated average annual effective income tax rate expected for the full financial year applied to the pretax income of the interim period, and the related information is disclosed accordingly.
- F. If a change in tax rate is enacted or substantively enacted in an interim period, the Group recognises the effect of the change immediately in the interim period in which the change occurs. The effect of the change on items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised in other comprehensive income or equity while the effect of the change on items recognised in profit or loss is recognised in profit or loss.

(29) Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or stock options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

(30) Revenue recognition

Sales of goods

- A. The Group manufactures and sells automobile electronics products and power management products. Sales are recognised when control of the products has transferred, being when the products are delivered to the customer, the customer has full discretion over the channel and price to sell the products, and there is no unfulfilled obligation that could affect the customer's acceptance of the products. Delivery occurs when the products have been shipped to the specific location, the risks of obsolescence and loss have been transferred to the customer, and either the customer has accepted the products in accordance with the sales contract, or the Group has objective evidence that all criteria for acceptance have been satisfied.
- B. A receivable is recognised when the goods are delivered as this is the point in time that the consideration is unconditional because only the passage of time is required before the payment is due.

(31) Government grants

Government grants are recognised at their fair value only when there is reasonable assurance that the Group will comply with any conditions attached to the grants and the grants will be received. Government grants are recognised in profit or loss on a systematic basis over the periods in which the Group recognises expenses for the related costs for which the grants are intended to compensate.

(32) Operating segments

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision-maker. The Group's chief operating decision-maker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as the Board of Directors that makes strategic decisions.

5. <u>CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS</u>, <u>ESTIMATES AND KEY SOURCES OF ASSUMPTION</u> UNCERTAINTY

The preparation of these consolidated financial statements requires management to make critical judgements in applying the Group's accounting policies and make critical assumptions and estimates concerning future events. Assumptions and estimates may differ from the actual results and are continually evaluated and adjusted based on historical experience and other factors. Such assumptions and estimates have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year; and the related information is addressed below:

(1) <u>Critical judgements in applying the Group's accounting policies</u> None.

(2) Critical accounting estimates and assumptions

Evaluation of inventories

As inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value, the Group must determine the net realisable value of inventories on balance sheet date using judgements and estimates. Due to the rapid technology innovation, the Group evaluates the amounts of normal inventory consumption, obsolete inventories or inventories without market selling value on balance sheet date, and writes down the cost of inventories to the net realisable value. Such an evaluation of inventories is principally based on the demand for the products within the specified period in the future. Therefore, there might be material changes to the evaluation.

6. DETAILS OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTS

(1) Cash and cash equivalents

	June 30, 2		December 31, 2022			June 30, 2022
Cash on hand	\$	508	\$	879	\$	904
Checking accounts and demand						
deposits		835,938		648,084		465,219
Time deposits		884,560		580,000		260,000
	\$	1,721,006	\$	1,228,963	\$	726,123

- A. The Group transacts with a variety of financial institutions all with high credit quality to disperse credit risk, so it expects that the probability of counterparty default is remote.
- B. As of June 30, 2023, December 31, 2022 and June 30, 2022, cash and cash equivalents amounting to \$106,700, \$121,201 and \$125,901, respectively, were pledged to others as collateral on short-term and long-term borrowings and were classified as financial assets at amortised cost.

(2) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

	June	30, 2023	Decem	ber 31, 2022	Jun	e 30, 2022
Current items: Financial assets mandatorily measured at fair value through profit or loss						
Derivatives	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	139	\$	984
	\$		\$	139	\$	984
Non-current items:						
Financial assets mandatorily measured at fair value through profit or loss						
Private equity fund	\$	12,000	\$	12,000	\$	-
Valuation adjustment		1,780		460		_
	\$	13,780	\$	12,460	\$	

A. Amounts recognised in profit or loss in relation to financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are listed below:

	Three months ended June 30, 2023			nonths ended 30, 2022
Financial assets mandatorily measured at fair value through profit or loss				
Debt instruments	\$	357	\$	-
Derivatives	(313)	(493)
	\$	44	(\$	493)
		onths ended e 30, 2023	-	onths ended 30, 2022
Financial assets mandatorily measured at fair value through profit or loss				
Debt instruments	\$	1,320	\$	-
Derivatives	(139)	(493)
	\$	1,181	(\$	493)

- B. Derivatives are call options of the convertible bonds issued by the Company.
- C. The Group had no financial assets at fair value through profit or loss pledged to others as collateral.
- D. Information relating to credit risk of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss is provided in Note 12(3).

(3) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

Items	Jun	June 30, 2023		December 31, 2022		ne 30, 2022
Non-current items:						
Equity instruments						
Listed stocks	\$	12,042	\$	21,514	\$	21,514
Unlisted stocks		194,077		180,459		99,673
		206,119		201,973		121,187
Valuation adjustment	(46,071)	(53,021)	(44,942)
	\$	160,048	\$	148,952	\$	76,245

- A. The Group has elected to classify equity investments that are considered to be strategic investments as financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income.
- B. Amounts recognised in profit or loss and other comprehensive income in relation to the financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are listed below:

	Three months ended June 30, 2023	Three months ended June 30, 2022
Equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income		
Fair value change recognised in other comprehensive income	<u>\$ 958</u>	(\$ 5,623)
Cumulative gains reclassified to retained earnings due to derecognition	\$ 733 Six months ended June 30, 2023	\$ - Six months ended June 30, 2022
Equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income		
Fair value change recognised in other comprehensive income	\$ 7,684	(\$ 6,293)
Cumulative gains reclassified to retained earnings due to derecognition	\$ 733	\$ 2,587

- C. Without taking into account any collateral held or other credit enhancements, the maximum exposure to credit risk in respect of the amount that best represents the financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income held by the Group were \$160,048, \$148,952 and \$76,245 as at June 30, 2023, December 31, 2022 and June 30, 2022, respectively.
- D. The Group had no financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income pledged to others as collateral.
- E. Information relating to credit risk of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income is provided in Note 12(3).

(4) Financial assets at amortised cost

Items	June	June 30, 2023		nber 31, 2022	June 30, 2022		
Current items: Pledged time deposits	<u>\$</u>	90,000	\$	100,501	\$	105,101	
Non-current items: Pledged time deposits	\$	16,700	\$	20,700	\$	20,800	

A. Amounts recognised in profit or loss in relation to financial assets at amortised cost are listed below:

	Three months ended					
	June 30, 2023			June 30, 2022		
Interest income	\$	3,054	\$	343		
	Six months ended			nths ended		
	June	30, 2023	June	30, 2022		
Interest income	\$	4,834	\$	497		

- B. As at June 30, 2023, December 31, 2022 and June 30, 2022, without taking into account any collateral held or other credit enhancements, the maximum exposure to credit risk in respect of the amount that best represents the financial assets at amortised cost held by the Group were \$106,700, \$121,201 and \$125,901, respectively.
- C. Details of the Group's financial assets at amortised cost pledged to others as collateral are provided in Note 8.

(5) Notes and accounts receivable

	June 30, 2023		Decen	December 31, 2022		ne 30, 2022
Notes receivable	\$	_	\$	2,546	\$	13,850
Less: Allowance for uncollectible						
accounts			(25)		
	\$	_	\$	2,521	\$	13,850
Accounts receivable	\$	911,285	\$	924,849	\$	870,182
Less: Allowance for uncollectible						
accounts	(11,353)	(6,814)	(9,292)
	\$	899,932	\$	918,035	\$	860,890

A. The ageing analysis of accounts receivable and notes receivable that were past due but not impaired is as follows:

	 June 3	0, 2	023			December	r 31	, 2022
	Accounts receivable		Notes receivable			Accounts receivable		Notes receivable
Not past due	\$ 588,678	\$		_	\$	707,880	\$	2,521
Up to 30 days	148,727			-		79,956		-
31 to 120 days	139,572			-		130,170		-
121 to 180 days	15,913			-		29		-
Over 180 days	 7,042			_				_
	\$ 899,932	\$			\$	918,035	\$	2,521
					June 30, 2022			022
						Accounts		Notes
						receivable		receivable
Not past due					\$	665,449	\$	13,850
Up to 30 days						133,956		-
31 to 120 days						50,959		-
121 to 180 days						10,382		-
Over 180 days						144		_
					\$	860,890	\$	13,850

The above ageing analysis was based on past due date.

- B. As of June 30, 2023, December 31, 2022 and June 30, 2022, accounts receivable and notes receivable were all from contracts with customers. And as of January 1, 2022, the balance of receivables from contracts with customers amounted to \$622,072.
- C. As at June 30, 2023, December 31, 2022 and June 30, 2022, without taking into account any collateral held or other credit enhancements, the maximum exposure to credit risk in respect of the amount that best represents the Group's notes receivable were \$0, \$2,521 and \$13,850, respectively; the maximum exposure to credit risk in respect of the amount that best represents the Group's accounts receivable were \$899,932, \$918,035 and \$860,890, respectively.
- D. Information relating to credit risk of accounts receivable and notes receivable is provided in Note 12(2).

(6) <u>Inventories</u>

			June 30, 2023	
			Allowance for	
	 Cost		valuation loss	 Book value
Raw materials	\$ 238,987	(\$	21,904)	\$ 217,083
Work in progress	51,304		-	51,304
Finished goods	 79,395	(9,063)	 70,332
	\$ 369,686	(\$	30,967)	\$ 338,719
		De	ecember 31, 2022	
			Allowance for	
	 Cost		valuation loss	 Book value
Raw materials	\$ 237,084	(\$	21,964)	\$ 215,120
Work in progress	114,183		-	114,183
Finished goods	 106,070	(12,371)	 93,699
	\$ 457,337	(\$	34,335)	\$ 423,002
			June 30, 2022	
			Allowance for	
	 Cost		valuation loss	 Book value
Raw materials	\$ 346,362	(\$	13,274)	\$ 333,088
Work in progress	56,952		-	56,952
Finished goods	 29,653	(3,858)	 25,795
	\$ 432,967	(<u>\$</u>	17,132)	\$ 415,835

The cost of inventories recognised as expense for the period:

	Three months ended June 30, 2023			ree months ended June 30, 2022
Cost of goods sold	\$	559,425	\$	639,270
(Gain on reversal) loss on decline in market value	(6,832)		81
	\$	552,593	\$	639,351
	S	ix months ended June 30, 2023		ix months ended June 30, 2022
Cost of goods sold	\$	1,226,370	\$	1,225,283
(Gain on reversal) loss on decline in market value	(5,020)		784
	\$	1,221,350	\$	1,226,067

- A. The Group had no inventories pledged to others as collateral.
- B. The Group reversed a previous inventory write-down and accounted for as reduction of cost of goods sold because of the continuous clearance of inventory.

(7) Property, plant and equipment

										2023						
	·		E	Buildings			Ma	intenance								
				and			eq	uipment		Office	Tra	ransportation L	easehold			
		Land	S1	tructures	N	lachinery	ar	nd tools	ec	quipment	_ (equipment imp	provements	C	Others	Total
At January 1																
Cost	\$	18,807	\$	306,326	\$	355,523	\$	16,639	\$	151,184	\$	18,134 \$	23,769	\$	23,081 \$	913,463
Accumulated depreciation			,	122.070)	,	100 (70)	,	10 211)	,	01 (22)	,	7.421\ (20.577)	,	15.010) (460 400)
and impairment			(133,870)	(188,672)	`	12,311)		81,622)	· ·	7,431) (20,577)	(15,919) (460,402)
	\$	18,807	\$	172,456	\$	166,851	\$	4,328	\$	69,562	\$	10,703 \$	3,192	\$	7,162 \$	453,061
Opening net book amount																
as at January 1	\$	18,807	\$	172,456	\$	166,851	\$	4,328	\$	69,562	\$	10,703 \$	3,192	\$	7,162 \$	453,061
Additions		-		10,479		27,000		2,008		3,842		-	492		3,812	47,633
Disposals		-		-	(3)		- ((19))	-	_		- (22)
Depreciation charge		-	(4,638)	(22,214)	(1,519) ((11,276)	(1,564) (946)	(2,196) (44,353)
Net exchange differences				_	(1,954)	(74) (<u></u>	1,577)	(_	123) (64)		- (_	3,792)
Closing net book amount																
as at June 30	\$	18,807	\$	178,297	\$	169,680	\$	4,743	\$	60,532	\$	9,016 \$	2,674	\$	8,778 \$	452,527
At June 30																
Cost	\$	18,807	\$	316,805	\$	366,972	\$	18,298	\$	144,368	\$	17,851 \$	23,338	\$	26,863 \$	933,302
Accumulated depreciation	т	,	т		7		T	,	т	,= 30	7	,	,	т	2,222 Y	,
and impairment		_	(138,508)	(197,292)	(13,555)	<u></u>	83,836)	(8,835) (20,664)	()	18,085) (480,775)
	\$	18,807	\$	178,297	\$	169,680	\$	4,743	\$	60,532	\$	9,016 \$	2,674	\$	8,778 \$	452,527

									2022						
		F	Buildings			Ma	intenance								
			and			ec	uipment		Office	Tr	ransportation	Leasehold			
	 Land	S	tructures	N	l achinery	a	nd tools	eq	uipment		equipment in	nprovements	Others		Total
At January 1															
Cost	\$ 18,807	\$	307,249	\$	327,779	\$	25,421	\$	100,641	\$	11,944 \$	\$ 20,944	\$ 18,249	\$	831,034
Accumulated depreciation															
and impairment	 	(129,295)	(157,950)	(20,010) (69,379)	(_	4,758) (18,838) ($(\underline{12,771})$	(413,001)
	\$ 18,807	\$	177,954	\$	169,829	\$	5,411	\$	31,262	\$	7,186 \$	\$ 2,106	\$ 5,478	\$	418,033
Opening net book amount															
as at January 1	\$ 18,807	\$	177,954	\$	169,829	\$	5,411	\$	31,262	\$	7,186 \$	\$ 2,106	\$ 5,478	\$	418,033
Additions	-		576		8,236		2,211		36,455		4,201	2,841	1,864		56,384
Disposals	-		-		-		- (35))	-	-	-	(35)
Depreciation charge	-	(3,224)	(17,105)	(1,581) (6,742)	(1,135) (693) ((1,648)	(32,128)
Net exchange differences	 		1		1,997		86		563	_	46	42			2,735
Closing net book amount															
as at June 30	\$ 18,807	\$	175,307	\$	162,957	\$	6,127	\$	61,503	\$	10,298 \$	\$ 4,296	\$ 5,694	\$	444,989
At June 30															
Cost	\$ 18,807	\$	307,826	\$	339,469	\$	25,288	\$	138,258	\$	16,274 \$	\$ 23,962	\$ 20,095	\$	889,979
Accumulated depreciation	-,	,	,		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	·	-,		,	Ċ	-, - ,				,
and impairment	 	(132,519)	(176,512)	(19,161) (76,755)	(_	5,976) (19,666) ((14,401)	(444,990)
	\$ 18,807	\$	175,307	\$	162,957	\$	6,127	\$	61,503	\$	10,298 \$	\$ 4,296	\$ 5,694	\$	444,989

A. The significant components of buildings and structures include main plants and structure improvements, which are depreciated over 55 and 2~45 years, respectively.

B. Information about the property, plant and equipment that were pledged to others as collaterals is provided in Note 8.

C. The Group's property, plant and equipment were for self-use.

(8) <u>Leasing arrangements—lessee</u>

- A. The Group leases various assets including buildings and transportation equipment. Rental contracts are typically made for periods of 2 to 5 years. Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain a wide range of different terms and conditions. The lease agreements do not impose covenants, but leased assets may not be used as security for borrowing purposes and sublet without agreement.
- B. Short-term leases with a lease term of 12 months or less comprise offices. On June 30, 2023, December 31, 2022 and June 30, 2022, payments of lease commitments for short-term leases amounted to \$3,348, \$5,007 and \$3,304, respectively.
- C. The carrying amount of right-of-use assets and the depreciation charge are as follows:

		2 30, 2023		nber 31, 2022	June 30, 2022		
		ing amount		ying amount		ying amount	
Buildings	\$	11,334	\$	24,827	\$	33,318	
Transportation equipment		4,239		5,128		6,445	
	\$	15,573	\$	29,955	\$	39,763	
			Three n	nonths ended	Three	months ended	
			June	30, 2023	June 30, 2022		
		<u>]</u>		iation charge	Depred	ciation charge	
Buildings			\$	6,347	\$	5,763	
Transportation equipment				594		637	
			\$	6,941	\$	6,400	
			Six m	onths ended	Six months ended		
			June	30, 2023	June 30, 2022		
			Deprec	iation charge	Depred	ciation charge	
Buildings			\$	13,205	\$	11,504	
Transportation equipment				1,253		1,270	
			\$	14,458	\$	12,774	

- D. For the three months and six months ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, the additions to right-of-use assets were \$732, \$818, \$732 and \$2,067, respectively.
- E. The information on profit and loss accounts relating to lease contracts is as follows:

	Three n	nonths ended	Three n	nonths ended	
	June	30, 2023	June 30, 2022		
Items affecting profit or loss					
Interest expense on lease liabilities	\$	68	\$	157	
Expense on short-term lease contracts		2,147		986	
	\$	2,215	\$	1,143	

	onths ended 30, 2023	Six months ended June 30, 2022		
Items affecting profit or loss				
Interest expense on lease liabilities	\$ 163	\$	334	
Expense on short-term lease contracts	 3,348		3,304	
	\$ 3,511	\$	3,638	

F. For the three months and six months ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, the Group's total cash outflow for leases were \$7,085, \$6,547, \$14,754 and \$13,066, respectively.

(9) Investment property

		2023			2022	
	Bı	uildings		Buildings		
At January 1			At January 1			
Cost Accumulated	\$	7,000	Cost Accumulated	\$	7,000	
depreciation	(2,975)	depreciation	(2,838)	
	\$	4,025		\$	4,162	
Opening net book amount as at January 1	\$	4,025	Opening net book amount as at January 1	\$	4,162	
Depreciation charge	(69)	Depreciation charge	(68)	
Closing net book amount as at			Closing net book amount as at			
June 30	\$	3,956	June 30	\$	4,094	
At June 30			At June 30			
Cost	\$	7,000	Cost	\$	7,000	
Accumulated depreciation and			Accumulated depreciation and			
impairment	(3,044)	impairment	(2,906)	
-	\$	3,956	-	\$	4,094	

A. Rental income from investment property and direct operating expenses arising from investment property are shown below:

	Three mo	onths ended	Three months ende		
	June 3	30, 2023	June	30, 2022	
Rental income from investment property	\$	62	\$	72	
Direct operating expenses arising from the					
investment property that generated rental					
income during the period	\$	35	\$	34	

	Six mo	nths ended	Six mo	onths ended	
	June	30, 2023	June 30, 2022		
Rental income from investment property	\$	127	\$	144	
Direct operating expenses arising from the					
investment property that generated rental					
income during the period	\$	69	\$	68	

- B. The fair value of the investment property held by the Group as at June 30, 2023, December 31, 2022 and June 30, 2022 were all \$7,000, which was based on the trading prices of similar prices in the neighboring areas.
- C. The Group had no investment property pledged to others as collateral.

(10) Intangible assets

	2023					
	Pat	ent right	S	Software	Total	
At January 1						
Cost	\$	17,901	\$	66,188	\$	84,089
Accumulated amortisation and impairment	(17,712)	(46,534)	(64,246)
	\$	189	\$	19,654	\$	19,843
Opening net book amount as at January 1	\$	189	\$	19,654	\$	19,843
Additions – acquired separately		-		17,369		17,369
Amortisation charge	(25) ((10,607)	(10,632)
Net exchange differences	(5) ((82)	(87)
Closing net book amount as at June 30	\$	159	\$	26,334	\$	26,493
At June 30						
Cost	\$	17,887	\$	83,270	\$	101,157
Accumulated amortisation and impairment	(17,728)	(56,936)	(74,664)
	\$	159	\$	26,334	\$	26,493

	2022						
	_Pat	tent right		Software		Total	
At January 1							
Cost	\$	17,894	\$	44,188	\$	62,082	
Accumulated amortisation and impairment	(17,659)	(29,773)	(47,432)	
	\$	235	\$	14,415	\$	14,650	
Opening net book amount as at January 1	\$	235	\$	14,415	\$	14,650	
Additions – acquired separately		-		13,531		13,531	
Amortisation charge	(25)	(6,680)	(6,705)	
Net exchange differences		5		67		72	
Closing net book amount as at June 30	\$	215	\$	21,333	\$	21,548	
At June 30							
Cost	\$	17,904	\$	57,921	\$	75,825	
Accumulated amortisation and impairment	(17,689)	(36,588)	(54,277)	
	\$	215	\$	21,333	\$	21,548	

Details of amortisation on intangible assets are as follows:

	Three n June	Three months ended June 30, 2022			
Operating costs	\$	778	\$	363	
Selling expenses		392		406	
Administrative expenses		1,792		1,288	
Research and development expenses		2,586		1,599	
	\$	5,548	\$	3,656	
		onths ended 30, 2023	Six months ended June 30, 2022		
Operating costs	\$	1,008	\$	797	
Selling expenses		881		691	
Administrative expenses		3,358		2,294	
Research and development expenses	<u></u>	5,385		2,923	
	\$	10,632	\$	6,705	

(11) Other non-current assets

	June 30, 2023		December 31, 2022		June 30, 2022	
Refundable deposits	\$	11,196	\$	9,479	\$	8,600
Prepayments for equipment		98,431		71,207		48,249
Prepayments for investment		9,000		-		62,000
Others		8,126		7,287		4,694
	\$	126,753	\$	87,973	\$	123,543

The prepayments for investment arose from the participation of the second installment of FUYOU PRIVATE EQUITY. As of June 30, 2023, the total investment amounted to NTD 21 million.

(12) Short-term borrowings

Type of borrowings	_D	ecember 31, 2022	Interest rate range	Collateral
Bank unsecured borrowings	\$	8,816	3.65%	None
Type of borrowings		June 30, 2022	Interest rate range	Collateral
Bank unsecured borrowings	\$	8,878	3.85%	None

- A. Aforementioned borrowings were from short-term financing contracts which the Company entered into with financial institutions. Each contract has different restrictions on the Company's capital maintenance and the purpose of capital in the borrowing period.
- B. Interest expense recognised in profit or loss amounted to \$0, \$0, \$87 and \$91 for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

(13) Bonds payable

	Ju	ne 30, 2023	Dec	ember 31, 2022		June 30, 2022
Bonds payable	\$	405,500	\$	462,100	\$	468,400
Less: Discount on bonds payable	(917)	(3,136)	(_	5,288)
		404,583		458,964		463,112
Less: Current portion or exercise						
of put options	(404,583)	(458,964)	(_	463,112)
	\$	_	\$		\$	

- A. The issuance of domestic convertible bonds by the Company:
 - (a) The terms of the fourth domestic secured convertible bonds issued by the Company are as follows:
 - i. The Company issued \$500,000, 0% of coupon rate, fourth domestic secured convertible bonds, as approved by the regulatory authority. The bonds mature 3 years from the issue date (October 20, 2020 ~ October 20, 2023) and will be redeemed in cash at face value at the maturity date. The bonds were listed on the Taipei Exchange on October 20, 2020.
 - ii. The bondholders have the right to ask for conversion of the bonds into common shares of the Company during the period from the date after 3 month (January 21, 2021) of the bonds issue to the maturity date(October 20, 2023), except for the stop transfer period as specified in the terms of the bonds or the laws/regulations. The rights and obligations of the new shares converted from the bonds are the same as the issued and outstanding common shares.
 - iii. The conversion price of the bonds is set up based on the pricing model in the terms of the bonds and is subject to adjustments if the condition of the anti-dilution provisions occurs subsequently. The conversion price will be reset based on the pricing model in the terms of the bonds on each effective date regulated by the terms. If the reset conversion price is higher than the conversion price before the reset, the conversion price will not be adjusted; however, the conversion price of the convertible bonds was NT\$34.1 (in dollars) per share.

- iv. The bondholders have the right to require the Company to redeem any bonds at the price of the bonds' face value plus 0.5006% of the face value as interests upon two years from the issue date.
- v. The Company may repurchase all the bonds outstanding in cash at the bonds' face value at any time after the following events occur: (i) the closing price of the Company common shares is above the then conversion price by 30% for 30 consecutive trading days during the period from the date after three month of the bonds issue (January 21, 2021) to 40 days before the maturity date (September 11, 2023), or (ii) the outstanding balance of the bonds is less than 10% of total initial issue amount during the period from the date after three months of the bonds issue (January 21, 2021) to 40 days before the maturity date (September 11, 2023).
- vi. Under the terms of the bonds, all bonds redeemed (including bonds repurchased from the Taipei Exchange), matured and converted are retired and not to be re-issued; all rights and obligations attached to the bonds are also extinguished.
- (b) As of June 30, 2023, the convertible bonds totaling NTD\$94,500 (face value) had been converted into 2,738,966 common shares, of which 1,193,525 common shares were resolved by the Board of Directors on August 8, 2023 for the effective date on August 8, 2023, and the registration of changes of the remaining common shares had been completed.
- B. Regarding the issuance of convertible bonds, the non-equity conversion options, call options, put options and conversion price resetting options embedded in bonds payable were separated from their host contracts which was classified as 'capital surplus—share options' amount to \$11,131 and were recognised in 'financial assets or liabilities at fair value through profit or loss' in net amount in accordance with IFRS 9 because the economic characteristics and risks of the embedded derivatives were not closely related to those of the host contracts. The effective interest rates of the bonds payable after such separation was 0.9112%.

(14) Long-term borrowings

Type of	Borrowing period	Interest			
borrowings	and repayment term	rate range	Collateral	June 30, 2023	3
Unsecured	Borrowing period is from December 1, 2020				
borrowings	to November 15, 2025; interest is repayable				
	monthly.	1.75%	None.	\$ 29,00	00
Unsecured	Borrowing period is from December 1, 2020				
Borrowing	to November 15, 2025; interest is repayable monthly.	1.66%	None.	14,74	16
Secured	Borrowing period is from April 15, 2021 to	1.0070	Tione.	14,7	-10
borrowings	April 15, 2026; interest is repayable monthly.				
C		1.5%	Note	37,9	10
Unsecured	Borrowing period is from May 17, 2021 to				
borrowings	May 17, 2026; interest is repayable monthly.	1.945%	None.	19,8	33
Secured	Borrowing period is from December 29, 2021			,	
borrowings	to April 15, 2026; interest is repayable				
	monthly.	1.5%	Note	11,9	65
Unsecured	Borrowing period is from March 30, 2022 to				
borrowings	March 30, 2027; interest is repayable				
	monthly.	1.695%	None.	34,50	00
Secured	Borrowing period is from April 15, 2022 to				
borrowings	April 15, 2027; interest is repayable				
G 1	monthly.	1.65%	Note	36,80	00
Secured	Borrowing period is from May 16, 2022 to				
borrowings	May 16, 2027; interest is repayable monthly.	1 420/	NT - 4 -	(2.6	<i>(</i> 7
Secured	Borrowing period is from October 17, 2022	1.43%	Note	62,60	0/
borrowings	to October 15, 2027; interest is repayable				
00110 W mgs	monthly.	1.5%	Note	19,8	57
Secured	Borrowing period is from March 10, 2023 to	1.570	11010	17,0.	51
borrowings	October 15, 2027; interest is repayable				
	monthly.	1.5%	Note	24,0	70
				291,34	48
Less: Curren	t portion			(86,88	<u>80</u>)
				\$ 204,4	68

Type of	Borrowing period	Interest			
borrowings	and repayment term	rate range	Collatera	l Decemb	ber 31, 202 ₂
Unsecured borrowings	Borrowing period is from May 20, 2020 to May 20, 2023; interest is repayable monthly.	1.77%	None.	\$	2,777
Unsecured	Borrowing period is from December 1, 2020	11,7,70	T (OHC.	Ψ	2, , , ,
borrowings	to November 15, 2025; interest is repayable monthly.	1.5%	None.		35,000
Unsecured Borrowing	Borrowing period is from December 1, 2020 to November 15, 2025; interest is repayable				
Secured	monthly. Borrowing period is from April 15, 2021 to	1.41%	None.		17,797
borrowings	April 15, 2026; interest is repayable monthly.				
Unsecured	Borrowing period is from May 17, 2021 to	1.875%	Note		44,600
borrowings	May 17, 2026; interest is repayable monthly.	1.82%	None.		23,233
Secured borrowings	Borrowing period is from December 29, 2021 to April 15, 2026; interest is repayable				
Unsecured	monthly. Borrowing period is from March 30, 2022 to	1.875%	Note		14,077
borrowings	March 30, 2027; interest is repayable monthly.	1 4450/	None		20 100
Secured	Borrowing period is from April 15, 2022 to	1.445%	None.		39,100
borrowings	April 15, 2027; interest is repayable monthly.	1.525%	Note		41,600
Secured borrowings	Borrowing period is from May 16, 2022 to May 16, 2027; interest is repayable	1.32370	Tiote		41,000
	monthly.	1.805%	Note		70,667
Secured borrowings	Borrowing period is from October 17, 2022 to October 15, 2027; interest is repayable				
	monthly.	1.375%	Note	-	22,148
					310,999
Less: Current	t portion			(83,410)
				\$	227,589

Type of	Borrowing period	Interest		
borrowings	and repayment term	rate range	Collateral	June 30, 2022
Unsecured borrowings	Borrowing period is from May 20, 2020 to May 20, 2023; interest is repayable monthly.	1.395%	None	\$ 6,111
Unsecured borrowings	Borrowing period is from December 1, 2020 to November 15, 2025; interest is repayable			ŕ
	monthly.	1.25%	None	41,000
Unsecured	Borrowing period is from December 1, 2020			
Borrowing	to November 15, 2025; interest is repayable monthly.	1.16%	None	20,847
Secured	Borrowing period is from April 15, 2021 to			
borrowings	April 15, 2026; interest is repayable monthly.	1%	Note	51,290
Unsecured	Borrowing period is from May 17, 2021 to			
borrowings	May 17, 2026; interest is repayable monthly.	1 4450/	NI	26.622
Secured	Borrowing period is from December 29, 2021	1.445%	None	26,633
borrowings	to April 15, 2026; interest is repayable			
borro wings	monthly.	1%	Note	16,188
Unsecured	Borrowing period is from March 30, 2022 to			-,
borrowings	March 30, 2027; interest is repayable			
	monthly.	1.195%	None	43,700
Secured	Borrowing period is from April 15, 2022 to			
borrowings	April 15, 2027; interest is repayable monthly.	4.470		4.5.404
C 1	Demonite maintin from Man 16, 2022 to	1.150%	Note	46,401
Secured borrowings	Borrowing period is from May 16, 2022 to May 16, 2027; interest is repayable monthly.			
bollowings	Way 10, 2027, interest is repayable monthly.	0.93%	Note	78,667
				330,837
Less: Current	portion			(82,326)
				\$ 248,511

Note: Information about the assets that were pledged to long-term borrowings as collaterals is provided in Note 8.

- A. For the three months and six months ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, interest expense recognised in profit or loss amounted to \$1,208, \$831, \$2,353 and \$1,259, respectively.
- B. Aforementioned borrowings from financial institutions are guaranteed by related parties as joint guarantor, please refer to Note 7 for details.

(15) Other payables

	Jun	June 30, 2023		December 31, 2022		ne 30, 2022
Wages and salaries payable	\$	100,797	\$	120,707	\$	87,284
Payables for machinery and equipment		4,979		5,141		2,697
Others		67,524		53,474		61,255
	\$	173,300	\$	179,322	\$	151,236

(16) Pensions

- A. Effective July 1, 2005, the Company and its domestic subsidiaries have established a defined contribution pension plan (the "New Plan") under the Labor Pension Act (the "Act"), covering all regular employees with R.O.C. nationality. Under the New Plan, the Company and its domestic subsidiaries contribute monthly an amount based on 6% of the employees' monthly salaries and wages to the employees' individual pension accounts at the Bureau of Labor Insurance. The benefits accrued are paid monthly or in lump sum upon termination of employment.
- B. The second-tier subsidiary, SYSGRATION ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGY (HUIZHOU) CO., LTD. and the second-tier subsidiary, SYSGRATION ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGY (ZHENJIANG) CO., LTD. have defined contribution pension plans under local regulations.
- C. The pension costs under defined contribution pension plans of the Group for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2023 and 2022 were \$6,007, \$4,659, \$11,622 and \$9,032, respectively.

(17) Share-based payment

A. On November 12, 2019 and December 27, 2016, the Board of Directors of the Company resolved to issue employees' options of 5,000 units (every unit can purchase 1,000 shares of the Company's common share, the total number of common shares which can be purchased was 5,000,000 shares with the exercise price of \$33.80 (in dollars)) and 4,500 units (every unit can purchase 1,000 shares of the Company's common share, the total number of common shares which can be purchased was 4,500,000 shares with the exercise price of \$10.00 (in dollars)), except for the 4,731 units were issued out of 5,000 units on August 20, 2020, others were issued 5,000 units on October 15, 2018. The exercise price under the aforementioned stock-based employee compensation plan is at least the closing price of the Company's common stock at the grant date. There will be adjustment to the exercise price in accordance with specific formula if there is any change in the Company's ordinary shares or distribution of cash dividend after the issuance of stock options. The life of the options is 5 years. After 2 years from the date of grant, employees may exercise the options in accordance with certain schedules as prescribed in the option plan.

- B. To attract and retain talents, encourage employees and strengthen coherence of the Company, the Board of Directors at their meeting on October 18, 2022 resolved to issue employees' stock options of 10,000 units. The issuance had been approved by the competent authority and could be issued over several installments within two years. The first issuance of 7,000 units was on July 7, 2023 (every unit can purchase 1,000 shares of the Company's common share, the total number of common shares which can be purchased was 7,000,000 shares with exercise price of \$38.55 (in dollars)).
- C. For the six months ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, the Group's share-based payment arrangements were as follows:

		Quantity	Contract	
Type of arrangement	Grant date	granted	period	Vesting conditions
Employee stock options	2018.10.15	4,500	5 years	2 ~ 4 years' service
Employee stock options	2020.08.20	4,731	5 years	2 ~ 4 years' service

- D. Details of the share-based payment arrangements are as follows:
 - (a). Employees' options which were issued in 2020

	Six months en	nded June 30, 2023	Six months ended June 30, 2022			
	No. of	Weighted-average	No. of	Weighted-average		
	options	exercise price	options	exercise price		
	(in thousands)	(in dollars)	(in thousands)	(in dollars)		
Options outstanding						
at January 1	2,424	\$ 33.80	3,493	\$ 33.80		
Options granted	-	-	-	-		
Options exercised	(183)	33.80	-	-		
Options forfeited						
(Note)	(34)	-	(437)	-		
Options outstanding at	İ					
the end of the period	2,207	\$ 33.80	3,056	\$ 33.80		
Options exercisable at						
the end of the period	421					

Note: Due to employees' retirement or termination.

(b). Employees' options which were issued in 2018

	Six months en	nded June 30, 2023	Six months ended June 30, 2022			
	No. of	Weighted-average	No. of	Weighted-average		
	options	exercise price	options	exercise price		
	(in thousands)	(in dollars)	(in thousands)	(in dollars)		
Options outstanding						
at January 1	336	\$ 10.00	1,182	\$ 10.00		
Options granted	-	-	-	-		
Options exercised	(98)	10.00	(105)	10.00		
Options forfeited						
(Note)	(38)	-	(111)	-		
Options outstanding a	t					
the end of the period	1 200	\$ 10.00	966	\$ 10.00		
Options exercisable at						
the end of the period	1 200		<u> </u>			

Note: Due to employees' retirement or termination.

E. The expiry date and exercise price of stock options outstanding at balance sheet date are as follows:

		June 30, 2023			December	31,	2022
Issue date		No. of shares	Exe	ercise price	No. of shares	Exe	ercise price
approved	Expiry date	(in thousands)	(i	in dollars)	(in thousands)	(i	n dollars)
2018.10.1:	5 2023.10.14	2,207	\$	10.00	2,424	\$	10.00
2020.08.20	2025.08.19	200		33.80	336		33.80
					June 30, 2022		22
Issue date					No. of shares	Exe	ercise price
approved	Expiry date				(in thousands)	(i	n dollars)
2018.10.13	5 2023.10.14				966	\$	10.00
2020.08.20	2025.08.19				3,056		33.80

F. The fair value of stock options granted on grant date is measured using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model. Relevant information is as follows:

			Expected	Expected		Risk-free	
Type of		Exercise	price	option	Expected	interest	Fair value
arrangement	Grant date	price	volatility	life	dividends	rate	per unit
Employee	2018.10.15	\$10.00	43.64%	3.5~4.5	0%	0.69%	\$ 1.90
stock options			~44.73%	years		~0.73%	~2.19
Employee	2020.08.20	33.80	49.75%	3.5~4.5	0%	0.28%	13.02
stock options			~53.32%	years		~0.31%	~13.74

G. Expenses incurred on share-based payment transactions are shown below:

	Three mo	onths ended	Three months ende	
	June 3	June 30, 2023		30, 2022
Equity-settled	\$	871	\$	3,331
	Six months ended		Six months ended	
	June 3	30, 2023	June	30, 2022
Equity-settled	\$	3,579	\$	6,885

(18) Provisions

		2023	2022		
		Warranty	Warranty		
At January 1	\$	21,246 \$	7,179		
Additional provisions		11,032	8,433		
Used during the period	(10,610) (1,899)		
At June 30	\$	21,668 \$	13,713		

The Group gives warranties on automobile electronics products sold. Provision for warranty is estimated based on historical warranty data of the product. It is expected that provision will be used within the next year.

(19) Share capital

A. As of June 30, 2023, the Company's authorised capital was \$3,000,000, consisting of 300,000 thousand shares of ordinary stock (including 20,000 thousand shares reserved for employee stock options), and the paid-in capital was \$1,811,794 with a par value of \$10 (in dollars) per share. All proceeds from shares issued have been collected.

Movements in the number of the Company's ordinary shares outstanding are as follows:

	2023 (Note)	2022 (Note)
At January 1	168,023	155,549
Employee stock options exercised	741	105
Conversion of convertible bonds	1,194	680
Cash capital increase-private placement	12,600	
At June 30	182,558	156,334

Note: Expressed in thousands of shares.

- B. To increase the Company's working capital, the shareholders at their meeting on April 29, 2022 resolved to conduct private placements of common shares with a par value at \$10 (in dollars) per share, and the total number of shares issued shall not exceed 25,000 thousand shares which would be issued over several installments within one year from the date of the shareholders' meeting resolution. On October 18, 2022, the Board of Directors resolved the first effective date of capital increase through private placement was set on November 1, 2022 and total number of private ordinary shares amounted to 10,250 thousand with an issuance price of NT\$32 (in dollars) per share. The total amount of private placement was NTD 328,000 thousand and the registration of changes had been completed. Pursuant to the Securities and Exchange Act, the ordinary shares raised through the private placement are subject to certain transfer restrictions and cannot be listed on the stock exchange until three years after they have been issued and have been offered publicly. Other than these restrictions, the rights and obligations of the ordinary shares raised through the private placement are the same as other issued ordinary shares.
- C. On May 11, 2021, the Company's board of directors resolved to issue 470 thousand shares with a subscription price of NT\$10. The subscription base date was determined by the board of directors to be May 11, 2021, the registration of changes had been completed.
- D. On January 18, 2022, the Company's board of directors resolved to issue 775.6 thousand shares with a subscription price of NT\$10. The subscription base date was determined by the board of directors to be January 18, 2022, the registration of changes had been completed.
- E. On May 10, 2022, the Company's board of directors resolved to issue 39 thousand shares with a subscription price of NT\$10. The subscription base date was determined by the board of directors to be May 10, 2022, the registration of changes had been completed.
- F. On August 9, 2022, the Company's board of directors resolved to issue 66 thousand shares with a subscription price of NT\$10. The subscription base date was determined by the board of directors to be August 9, 2022, the registration of changes had been completed.
- G. On October 18, 2022, the Company's board of directors resolved to issue 430.8 thousand shares with a subscription price of NT\$33.8. The subscription base date was determined by the board of directors to be October 18, 2022, the registration of changes had been completed.
- H. On January 9, 2023, the Company's board of directors resolved to issue 826.7 thousand shares of which 631.1 thousand shares with a subscription price of NT\$10 and 195.6 thousand shares with a subscription price of NT\$33.8. The subscription base date was determined by the board of directors to be January 9, 2023, the registration of changes had been completed.
- I. On May 9, 2023, the Company's board of directors resolved to issue 95.3 thousand shares of which 7.5 thousand shares with a subscription price of NT\$10 and 87.8 thousand shares with a subscription price of NT\$33.8. The subscription base date was determined by the board of directors to be May 9, 2023, the registration of changes had been completed.
- J. On August 8, 2023, the Company's board of directors resolved to issue 184.8 thousand shares of which 90 thousand shares with a subscription price of NT\$10 and 94.8 thousand shares with a

subscription price of NT\$33.8. The subscription base date was determined by the board of directors to be August 8, 2023.

(20) Capital surplus

- A. Pursuant to the R.O.C. Company Act, capital surplus arising from paid-in capital in excess of par value on issuance of common stocks and donations can be used to cover accumulated deficit or to issue new stocks or cash to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership, provided that the Company has no accumulated deficit. Further, the R.O.C. Securities and Exchange Act requires that the amount of capital surplus to be capitalised mentioned above should not exceed 10% of the paid-in capital each year. Capital surplus should not be used to offset accumulated deficit unless the legal reserve is insufficient.
- B. Movements of the Company's capital surplus are as follows:

	2023									
	Share			Employee		Share				
		premium	S	tock options	options			Total		
At January 1	\$	257,567	\$	41,977	\$	10,492	\$	310,036		
Employee stock options exercised		4,655	(309)		-		4,346		
Exercise of conversion right of convertible bonds		41,060		-	(1,260)		39,800		
Share-based compensation cost		-		3,579		-		3,579		
Cash capital increase-private placement		315,000					_	315,000		
At June 30	\$	618,282	\$	45,247	\$	9,232	\$	672,761		

								2022			
									Difference between	ı	
									consideration and		
							Τ	reasury	carrying		
		Share	Е	mployee		Share		share	amount of subsidiarie	es	
	pı	remium	stoc	ck options		options	tra	nsactions	acquired or disposed	<u>d</u>	Total
At January 1	\$	74,352	\$	56,488	\$	17,162	\$	2,654	\$ 9,6	93	\$160,349
Employee stock options exercised		226	(226)		_		_		_	-
Exercise of conversion right of convertible			`	ŕ							
bonds		17,243		-	(530)		-		-	16,713
Capital surplus used to offset loss Share-based	(74,352)	(30,000)	(6,000)	(2,654)	(9,6	93)	(122,699)
compensation cost				6,885							6,885
At June 30	\$	17,469	\$	33,147	\$	10,632	\$	_	\$		\$ 61,248

(21) Retained earnings

- A. Under the Company's Articles of Incorporation, the current year's earnings, if any, shall first be used to pay all taxes and offset prior year's operating losses, then 10% of the remaining amount shall be set aside as legal reserve until the legal reserve equals the total capital stock balance, and appropriate or reverse for special reserve as required by the operating needs of the Company or regulations when necessary. The remainder, if any, to be retained or to be appropriated shall be proposed by the Board of Directors and to be resolved by the stockholders at the stockholders' meeting.
- B. For the long-term business development of the Company, the needs of capital in the future and long-term business plan, the distributable earnings can be distributed no higher than 90% as shareholders' bonus every year. However, the distributable earnings may not to be distributed if the accumulated distributable earnings lower than 5% of paid-in capital. The cash dividend cannot be lower than 10% of total dividends. However, when the cash dividend per share is lower than \$0.5, it can be distributed in stock dividend at full amount.
- C. The Company's shareholders' meeting resolved the profit and loss appropriation for the year of 2022 on April 27, 2023. After offsetting losses from previous years, setting aside a legal reserve of 10% of the remaining profits of \$4,497 and a special reserve of \$1,563. The shareholders' meeting resolved the deficit compensation for the year of 2021 on April 29, 2022. Details of the resolution of deficit compensation are provided in the "Market Observation Post System" at the website of the Taiwan Stock Exchange.
- D. Except for covering accumulated deficit or issuing new stocks or cash to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership, the legal reserve shall not be used for any other purpose. The use of legal reserve for the issuance of stocks or cash to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership is permitted, provided that the distribution of the reserve is limited to the portion in excess of 25% of the Company's paid-in capital.
- E. In accordance with the regulations, the Company shall set aside special reserve from the debit balance on other equity items at the balance sheet date before distributing earnings. When debit balance on other equity items is reversed subsequently, the reversed amount could be included in the distributable earnings.

(22) Other equity items

				2023			
	Unre	alised gains		Currency			
	(losses)	on valuation		translation		Total	
At January 1	(\$	40,939)	(\$	51,526)	(\$	92,465)	
Revaluation – gain		6,294		-		6,294	
Disposal of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	(733)		-	(733)	
Currency translation differences		<u>-</u>		124		124	
At June 30	(<u>\$</u>	35,378)	(<u>\$</u>	51,402)	(<u>\$</u>	86,780)	
				2022			
	Unre	Unrealised gains		Currency			
	(losses)	on valuation		translation		Total	
At January 1	(\$	26,854)	(\$	64,048)	(\$	90,902)	
Revaluation – loss	(5,035)		-	(5,035)	
Disposal of financial assets at fair value							
through other comprehensive income	(2,587)		-	(2,587)	
Currency translation differences			_	12,886		12,886	
At June 30	(\$	34,476)	(\$	51,162)	(\$	85,638)	

(23) Operating revenue

	Three	Three months ended			
	Jur	ne 30, 2023	June 30, 2022		
Revenue from contracts with customers	\$	736,085	\$	834,913	
	Six n	nonths ended	Six months ended		
	Jun	ne 30, 2023	June 30, 2022		
Revenue from contracts with customers	\$	1,622,258	\$	1,594,327	

A. Disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers.

The Group derives revenue from the transfer of goods at a point in time in the following major product lines:

	Αu	ıtomobile		Power				
Three months ended	El	ectronics		management		All other		
June 30, 2023	P	roducts		products		segments		Total
Total segment revenue	\$	926,071	\$	83,899	\$	302	\$	1,010,272
Inter-segment revenue	(267,670)	(6,215)	(_	302)	(274,187)
Revenue from external								
customer contracts	\$	658,401	\$	77,684	\$	_	\$	736,085

	Au	tomobile		Power				
Three months ended	Ele	ectronics		management		All other		
June 30, 2022	P	roducts		products		segments		Total
Total segment revenue	\$	860,011	\$	338,682	\$	306	\$	1,198,999
Inter-segment revenue	(236,561)	(127,219)	(306)	(364,086)
Revenue from external								
customer contracts	\$	623,450	\$	211,463	\$		\$	834,913
	Au	tomobile		Power				
Six months ended	Ele	ectronics		management		All other		
June 30, 2023	P	roducts		products		segments		Total
Total segment revenue	\$	2,090,104	\$	179,491	\$	574	\$	2,270,169
Inter-segment revenue	(592,276)	(_	55,061)	(574)	(647,911)
Revenue from external								
customer contracts	\$	1,497,828	\$	124,430	\$	_	\$	1,622,258
	Au	tomobile		Power				
Six months ended	Ele	ectronics		management		All other		
June 30, 2022	P	roducts		products		segments		Total
Total segment revenue	\$	1,505,800	\$	702,138	\$	486	\$	2,208,424
Inter-segment revenue	(406,140)	(207,471)	(486)	(614,097)
Revenue from external								
customer contracts	\$	1,099,660	\$	494,667	\$		\$	1,594,327

B. Contract assets and liabilities

The Group has not recognised the revenue-related contract assets as of June 30, 2023, December 31, 2022, June 30, 2022 and January 1, 2022, and the Group has recognised the following contract liabilities:

	June 30,	2023	Decembe	er 31, 2022	June	30, 2022	Janua	ry 1, 2022
Contract liabilities –								
Advance sales receips	\$	8,328	\$	10,112	\$	28,420	\$	21,198

- (a) Significant changes in contract assets and liabilities: None.
- (b) Revenue recognised that was included in the contract liability balance at the beginning of the period

	Three month	ns ended	Three	e months ended
	June 30,	2023	Ju	ne 30, 2022
Revenue recognised that was included in the				
contract liability balance at the beginning of				
the period				
Advance sales receipts	\$	3,655	\$	1

		nths ended 30, 2023		onths ended 230, 2022	
Revenue recognised that was included in the contract liability balance at the beginning of the period					
Advance sales receipts	\$	7,950	\$	19,791	
(24) <u>Interest income</u>					
		onths ended 30, 2023		nonths ended e 30, 2022	
Interest income from bank deposits	\$	2,659	\$	185	
Interest income from financial assets measured at amortised cost		3,054		343	
amortised cost	\$	5,713	\$	528	
	Six mo	nths ended		onths ended	
	June	30, 2023	June	30, 2022	
Interest income from bank deposits	\$	2,695	\$	282	
Interest income from financial assets measured at amortised cost		4,834		497	
	\$	7,529	\$	779	
(25) Other income		_			
	Three m	onths ended	Three months ended		
	June	30, 2023	June	30, 2022	
Rent income	\$	332	\$	350	
Government grant revenues		1,649		224	
Other income, others		186		474	
	\$	2,167	\$	1,048	
	Six mo	nths ended	Six m	onths ended	
	June	30, 2023	June	30, 2022	
Rent income	\$	657	\$	722	
Government grant revenues		1,769		259	
Other income, others		820	-	1,009	
	\$	3,246	\$	1,990	

(26) Other gains and losses

Gains on disposals of property, plant and equipment Foreign exchange gains	Three mor June 30			months ended e 30, 2022 - 11,645
Losses on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		44	(493)
Gains arising from lease modifications		2		-
Other losses	(31)) <u> </u>	_
	\$	20,894	\$	11,152
	Six mont	hs ended	Six n	nonths ended
	June 30), 2023	Jun	e 30, 2022
Gains on disposals of property, plant and equipment	\$	13	\$	2
Foreign exchange gains		18,040		19,363
Losses on financial assets at fair value through profit				
or loss		*	(493)
Gains arising from lease modifications	,	2	,	-
Other losses	(121)	`	88)
	\$	19,115	\$	18,784
(27) <u>Finance costs</u>				
	Three mor			months ended
	June 30			e 30, 2022
Interest expense	\$	1,208	\$	831
Interest expense on lease liabilities		68		157
Interest expense on convertible bonds		917		1,086
	\$	2,193	\$	2,074
	Six mont			nonths ended
	June 30			e 30, 2022
Interest expense	\$	2,440	\$	1,350
Interest expense on lease liabilities		163		334
Interest expense on convertible bonds		1,962		2,189
	\$	4,565	\$	3,873

(28) Expenses by nature

Pension costs

Other personnel expenses

	Th	June 30, 2023		ree months ended June 30, 2022
Employee benefit expense	\$	135,672	\$	131,226
Depreciation charges on property, plant and equipment		22,818		16,851
Depreciation charges on right-of-use assets		6,941		6,400
Depreciation charges on investment property		35		34
Amortisation charges on intangible assets		5,548		3,656
	\$	171,014	\$	158,167
	S	ix months ended	S	ix months ended
		June 30, 2023		June 30, 2022
Employee benefit expense	\$	264,231	\$	246,038
Depreciation charges on property, plant and equipment		44,353		32,128
Depreciation charges on right-of-use assets		14,458		12,774
Depreciation charges on investment property		69		68
Amortisation charges on intangible assets		10,632		6,705
	\$	333,743	\$	297,713
(29) Employee benefit expense				
	Th	ree months ended	Th	ree months ended
		June 30, 2023		June 30, 2022
Wages and salaries	\$	112,992	\$	110,958
Employee stock options		871		3,331
Labour and health insurance fees		8,855		6,872
Pension costs		6,007		4,659
Other personnel expenses		6,947		5,406
	\$	135,672	\$	131,226
	S	ix months ended	S	ix months ended
		June 30, 2023		June 30, 2022
Wages and salaries	\$	217,095	\$	204,289
Employee stock options		3,579		6,885
Labour and health insurance fees		17,918		14,784

A. In accordance with the Articles of Incorporation of the Company, a ratio of distributable profit of the current year, after covering accumulated losses, shall be distributed as employees' compensation and directors' and supervisors' remuneration. The ratio shall be between 10%~15% for employees' compensation and shall not be higher than 3% for directors' and supervisors' remuneration.

11,622

14,017

264,231

9,032

11,048

246,038

B. For the three months and six months ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, employees' compensation

- was accrued at \$8,000, \$0, \$17,000 and \$0, respectively; while directors' remuneration was accrued at \$2,300, \$0, \$4,800 and \$0, respectively.
- C. The employees' compensation and directors' remuneration were estimated and accrued based on 10.54% and 2.98% of distributable profit of current year for the six months ended June 30, 2023.
- D. Employees' compensation and directors' remuneration of 2022 as resolved by the Board of Directors were in agreement with those amounts recognised in the 2022 financial statements. Information about employees' compensation and directors' and supervisors' remuneration of the Company as resolved at the meeting of Board of Directors will be posted in the "Market Observation Post System" at the website of the Taiwan Stock Exchange.

(30) Income tax

A. Income tax expense

(a) Components of income tax expense:

	Three months ended June 30, 2023	Three months ended June 30, 2022		
Current tax:				
Prior year income tax (over) underestimation	\$ -	(\$ 213)		
Total current tax	_	(
Income tax benefit	\$ -	(\$ 213)		
	Six months ended June 30, 2023	Six months ended June 30, 2022		
Current tax:				
Prior year income tax (over) underestimation	\$ -	\$ -		
Total current tax				
Income tax expense	\$ -	\$ -		

(b) The income tax (charge)/credit relating to components of other comprehensive income is as follows:

	Tl	hree months ended	Three months ended		
		June 30, 2023	June 30, 2022		
Changes in fair value of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	\$	45	(\$	1,124)	
Currency translation differences	(2,389)	(_	580)	
	<u>(\$</u>	2,344)	<u>(\$</u>	1,704)	
	5	Six months ended June 30, 2023	,	Six months ended June 30, 2022	
Changes in fair value of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	\$	1,390	(\$	1,258)	
Currency translation differences		32		3,222	
	\$	1,422	\$	1,964	

B. The Company's income tax returns through 2020 have been assessed and approved by the Tax Authority.

(31) Earnings per share

<u>Lamings per share</u>		Three	months ended June 30.	, 2023	
			Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding	Earni	ings per
	Amou	nt after tax	(share in thousands)	(in d	ollars)
Basic earnings per share			<u> </u>		
Earnings attributable to ordinary					
shareholders of the parent	\$	63,060	176,466	\$	0.36
Diluted earnings per share					
Earnings attributable to ordinary					
shareholders of the parent		63,060	176,466		
Assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares					
Convertible bonds		733	11,891		
Employee stock options		-	143		
Earnings attributable to ordinary					
shareholders of the parent plus					
assumed conversion of all dilutive					
potential ordinary shares	\$	63,793	188,500	\$	0.34
1					
		Three	months ended June 30	, 2022	
		Three	months ended June 30. Weighted average	, 2022	
		Three	Weighted average number of ordinary	Earni	ings per
			Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding	Earni sh	nare
	Amou	Three in the after tax	Weighted average number of ordinary	Earni sh	
Basic earnings per share	Amou		Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding	Earni sh	nare
Earnings attributable to ordinary		nt after tax	Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding (share in thousands)	Earni sh (in d	ollars)
Earnings attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent	Amou		Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding	Earni sh	nare
Earnings attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent Diluted earnings per share		nt after tax	Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding (share in thousands)	Earni sh (in d	ollars)
Earnings attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent Diluted earnings per share Earnings attributable to ordinary		nt after tax 85,770	Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding (share in thousands)	Earni sh (in d	ollars)
Earnings attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent Diluted earnings per share		nt after tax	Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding (share in thousands)	Earni sh (in d	ollars)
Earnings attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent Diluted earnings per share Earnings attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent Assumed conversion of all dilutive		nt after tax 85,770	Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding (share in thousands)	Earni sh (in d	ollars)
Earnings attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent Diluted earnings per share Earnings attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent		nt after tax 85,770	Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding (share in thousands)	Earni sh (in d	ollars)
Earnings attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent Diluted earnings per share Earnings attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent Assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares		85,770 85,770	Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding (share in thousands) 154,635	Earni sh (in d	ollars)
Earnings attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent Diluted earnings per share Earnings attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent Assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares Convertible bonds		85,770 85,770	Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding (share in thousands) 154,635 154,635	Earni sh (in d	ollars)
Earnings attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent Diluted earnings per share Earnings attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent Assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares Convertible bonds Employee stock options		85,770 85,770	Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding (share in thousands) 154,635 154,635	Earni sh (in d	ollars)
Earnings attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent Diluted earnings per share Earnings attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent Assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares Convertible bonds Employee stock options Earnings attributable to ordinary		85,770 85,770	Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding (share in thousands) 154,635 154,635	Earni sh (in d	ollars)

		Six m	onths ended June 30,	2023	
			Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding	5	nings per
	Amo	unt after tax	(share in thousands)	<u>(in</u>	dollars)
Basic earnings per share Earnings attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent	\$	139,542	176,466	\$	0.79
Diluted earnings per share Earnings attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent		139,542	176,466		
Assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares Convertible bonds		1,569	11,891		
Employee stock options Earnings attributable to ordinary		-	143		
shareholders of the parent plus assumed conversion of all dilutive					
potential ordinary shares	\$	141,111	188,500	\$	0.75
		Six m	onths ended June 30,	2022	
			Weighted average		
			number of ordinary shares outstanding		nings per share
	Amo	unt after tax	(share in thousands)	(in	dollars)
Basic earnings per share Earnings attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent	\$	159,234	154,635	\$	1.03
Diluted earnings per share					
Earnings attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent Assumed conversion of all dilutive		159,234	154,635		
potential ordinary shares Convertible bonds		1 751	14 104		
Employee stock options		1,751	14,194 681		
Earnings attributable to ordinary					
shareholders of the parent plus					
assumed conversion of all dilutive					

(32) Supplemental cash flow information

A. Investing activities with partial cash payments

The same and the same productions are productions and productions are same productions.		Politica		Six mo					ns ended
				June 3			-	ine 30,	
Purchase of property, plant and equipment					4	,	\$		56,384
Add: Opening balance of payable Less: Ending balance of payable				(5,141 4,979) (<i>(</i>		6,168 2,697)
Cash paid during the period	OII	equipmen	ι	\$			\$		59,855
Cash paid during the period				Φ		+1,193	D		39,633
B. Financing activities with no cas	h flo	w effects							
				Six mo					is ended
				June :	30, 2			ine 30,	, 2022
Convertible bonds being conver	ted to	o capital	stocks	\$	•	51,735	\$		23,512
(33) Changes in liabilities from financia	ng ac	tivities							
					2023	}			
								Liabili	ties from
	Sh	ort-term	Lo	ng-term		Lease		fina	incing
	bor	rowings	born	rowings]	iabilities		activiti	ies-gross
At January 1	\$	8,816	\$	310,999	\$	30,4	42	\$	350,257
Changes in cash flow from									
financing activities	(8,862)	(19,651)	(54) (43,267)
Changes in other non-cash items		-		-			63		363
Interest expense on lease liabilities Impact of changes in foreign		-		-		10	63		163
exchange rate		46		_	(29	96) (250)
At June 30	\$	_	\$	291,348	\$	15,9		\$	307,266
				-			-		<u> </u>
					2022	<u>. </u>			
	61								ties from
		ort-term ·		ng-term ·	1	Lease			incing
A. 7		rowings	-	rowings	. —	iabilities			ies-gross
At January 1 Changes in cash flow from	\$	8,688	\$	186,655	\$	50,43	51 3	\$:	245,794
financing activities		_		144,182	(13,00	66)		131,116
Changes in other non-cash				1,102	`	10,0	00)		101,110
items		-		-		2,00	68		2,068
Interest expense on									
lease liabilities		-		-		33	34		334
Impact of changes in foreign exchange rate		190		_		49	98		688
At June 30	\$	8,878	\$	330,837	\$	40,23		\$:	380,000
	<u>+</u>	-,5,5		,		, = .	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	

(34) Reorganization

On April 27, 2023, the Company's shareholders during their meeting approved to split its energy storage business segment to newly established POWER TANK ENERGY LTD. through a spin-off, and the effective date of the spin-off was set on June 30, 2023. The assets and liabilities for POWER TANK ENERGY LTD. are as follows:

		Amount
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	10,000
Other receivables due from related parties		178,164
Inventories		4,328
Current assets		128
Investments accounted for using equity method		218,624
Property, plant and equipment		3,067
Other non-current assets		1,704
Liabilities	(2,131)
Net Assets	\$	413,884

7. <u>RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS</u>

(1) Parent and ultimate controlling party

The Company has no parent company nor ultimate controlling party.

(2) Names of related parties and relationship

Names of related parties	Relationship with the Company
Lee, Yi-Ren	The Company's Chairman

(3) Key management compensation

		nonths ended 30, 2023	Three months ended June 30, 2022		
Salaries and other short-term employee benefits	\$	7,485	\$	6,294	
Post-employment benefits		162		189	
Share-based payments		75		35	
	\$	7,722	\$	6,518	
		onths ended 30, 2023		onths ended e 30, 2022	
Salaries and other short-term employee benefits					
Salaries and other short-term employee benefits Post-employment benefits	June	30, 2023	June	2 30, 2022	
1 0	June	21,248	June	230, 2022	

(4) Endorsements and guarantees provided by related parties

As of June 30, 2023, December 31, 2022 and June 30, 2022, the Company borrowed from financial institutions. Lee, Yi-Ren is the guarantor, and the aforementioned financing facilities which were provided by related parties were \$2,136,840, \$2,136,840 and \$1,480,000, respectively.

8. PLEDGED ASSETS

The Group's assets pledged as collateral are as follows:

	Book value							
Pledged asset	Jun	e 30, 2023	Dec	ember 31, 2022	Jun	ne 30, 2022	Purpose	
Time deposit (classified as	\$	106,700	\$	121,201	\$	125,901		
financial assets at amortised cost)							Short-term, long-term borrowings	
Land		18,807		18,807		18,807	and issuance of	
Buildings and structures		156,019		158,548		161,077	convertible bonds	
Machinery		6,480		7,655		8,830		
	\$	288,006	\$	306,211	\$	314,615		

9. <u>SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND UNRECOGNISED CONTRACT</u> COMMITMENTS

On August 6, 2018, the Company received a notification of civil court from the Taiwan Taipei District Court as Tsuzuki Denki Co., Ltd. (Tsuzuki Denki) filed a civil litigation with the Taiwan Taipei District Court. Tsuzuki Denki claimed that the quality problem of tablet computers which were purchased from the Company caused damage to Tsuzuki Denki Co., Ltd. It claimed for a return of the full price of inventories and compensation amounting to US\$5,306 thousand and JPY\$1,225 thousand, respectively. The Company has appointed lawyers to handle the case to protect the rights of the Company and its shareholders. The Company's appointed lawyer's comments are as follows: 'The counterparty complained that there were flaws in the inventory and deferred payment, but refused to return the inventory which should have been repaired by the Company, therefore, the counterparty's claim is not reasonable. In addition, it is reasonable that the Company took counter-action to claim the payment for inventory and rework expenses in the total amount of US\$996 thousand, because the Company had completed the work and delivered the said inventories.' As of June 30, 2023, the case is still under trial with the Taiwan Taipei District Court. The Company has accounts receivable from Tsuzuki Denki Co., Ltd. in the amount of \$19.370 which was provisioned for impairment at full amount.

10. SIGNIFICANT DISASTER LOSS

None.

11. SIGNIFICANT EVENTS AFTER THE BALANCE SHEET DATE

- A. Please refer to Notes 6(13), 6(17) and 6(19) for the related information.
- B. On June 20, 2023, the Company's Board of Directors approved to invest a total expected amount of US\$30 million (NTD 922,500 thousand) to establish a wholly owned subsidiary, Sysgration America Incorporation, in the United States of America. To satisfy the need of operation and production management of US subsidiary, on July 21, 2023, the Company's Board of Directors approved to acquire land and buildings, and the total transaction amount was expected to be US\$16 million.
- C. On June 20, 2023, the Company's Board of Directors approved to issue the fifth domestic unsecured convertible bonds for the total issuance amount of NTD 500 million, and the issuance was effective from August 8, 2023.

12. OTHERS

(1) Capital management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital in order to provide returns for shareholders. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may issue new shares, issue convertible bonds or sell assets to reduce debt.

	Jui	June 30, 2023De		mber 31, 2022	Ju	ne 30, 2022	
Total liabilities	\$	1,355,026	\$	1,626,590	\$	1,623,340	
Total equity		2,596,801		1,942,771		1,404,653	
Total capital	\$	3,951,827	\$	3,569,361	\$	3,027,993	
Gearing ratio		34%		46%	54%		

(2) Financial instruments

A. Financial instruments by category

	Jur	ne 30, 2023	Dec	ember 31, 2022	Ju	ne 30, 2022
Financial assets						
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss						
Financial assets mandatorily measured at	\$	13,780	\$	12,599	\$	984
fair value through profit or loss						
Financial assets at fair value through other						
comprehensive income						
Designation of equity instrument		160,048		148,952		76,245
Financial assets at amortised cost						
Cash and cash equivalents		1,721,006		1,228,963		726,123
Financial assets at amortised cost		106,700		121,201		125,901
Notes receivable		-		2,521		13,850
Accounts receivable		899,932		918,035		860,890
Other receivables		5,549		12,317		10,197
Refundable deposits		11,196		9,479		8,600
	\$	2,918,211	\$	2,454,067	\$	1,822,790
Financial liabilities		_	'		,	
Short-term borrowings	\$	-	\$	8,816	\$	8,878
Notes payable		4,399		1,724		868
Accounts payable		419,656		589,317		558,207
Other accounts payable		173,300		179,322		151,236
Bonds payable						
(including current portion)		404,583		458,964		463,112
Long-term borrowings						
(including current portion)		291,348		310,999		330,837
Guarantee deposits received		_		198		198
	\$	1,293,286	\$	1,549,340	\$	1,513,336
Lease liabilities	\$	15,918	\$	30,442	\$	40,285

B. Financial risk management policies

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk and price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. To minimise any adverse effects on the financial performance of the Group, derivative financial instruments, such as foreign exchange forward contracts is used to hedge certain exchange rate risk. Group treasury identifies, evaluates and hedges financial risks in close co-operation with the Group's operating units.

C. Significant financial risks and degrees of financial risks

(a) Market risk

Foreign exchange risk

- i. The Group operates internationally and is exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from the transactions of the Company and its subsidiaries used in various functional currency, primarily with respect to the USD and RMB. Foreign exchange risk arises from future commercial transactions and recognised assets and liabilities.
- ii. Management has set up a policy to require group companies to manage their foreign exchange risk against their functional currency. The companies are required to hedge their entire foreign exchange risk exposure with the Group treasury. Exchange rate risk is measured through a forecast of highly probable USD and RMB expenditures. Group treasury identifies, evaluates and hedges financial risks in close co-operation with the Group's operating units.
- iii. The Group hedges foreign exchange rate by using forward exchange contracts. However, the Group does not adopt hedging accounting. Details of financial assets or liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are provided in Note 6(2).
- iv. The Group's businesses involve some non-functional currency operations (the Company's functional currency: NTD and other certain subsidiaries' functional currency: USD and RMB). The information on assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies whose values would be materially affected by the exchange rate fluctuations is as follows:

June 30, 2023

			Ju	ine s	50, 2023				
	J	Foreign		Sensitivity analysis					
	(currency						Effect on	
(Foreign currency:		amount	Exchange	I	Book value	Degree of	1	orofit or	
functional currency)		thousands)	rate		(NTD) variat		•	loss	
Financial assets									
Monetary items									
USD:NTD	\$	42,630	31.14	\$	1,327,528	1%	\$	13,275	
HKD:NTD	Ψ	2,016	3.97	Ψ	8,013	1%	Ψ	80	
USD:RMB		711	7.27		22,149	1%		221	
Financial liabilities		711	,,		22,117	170		221	
Monetary items									
USD:NTD	\$	4,729	31.14	\$	147,246	1%	\$	1,472	
USD:RMB	Ψ	5,746	7.27	φ	178,940	1%	φ	1,789	
HKD:RMB		2,591	0.93		10,296	1%		103	
HKD.KMD		2,391		mhe	er 31, 2022	1 70		103	
	1	Foreign	Dece	11100	31, 2022	Consitivit	T/ O*	nolygig	
		_				Sensitivit	-		
		currency	г 1	,		D (ffect on	
(Foreign currency:		amount	Exchange	ŀ	Book value	Degree of	I	orofit or	
functional currency)	(in	thousands)	rate		(NTD)	variation		loss	
Financial assets									
Monetary items									
USD:NTD	\$	34,859	30.71	\$	1,070,518	1%	\$	10,705	
HKD:NTD		786	3.94		3,094	1%		31	
USD:RMB		1,218	6.97		37,401	1%		374	
Financial liabilities									
Monetary items									
USD:NTD	\$	6,339	30.71	\$	194,676	1%	\$	1,947	
USD:RMB		7,375	6.97		226,486	1%		2,265	
HKD:RMB		3,649	0.89		14,370	1%		144	
			Ju	ine 3	30, 2022				
	J	Foreign				Sensitivit	y ar	nalysis	
	(currency					Е	ffect on	
(Foreign currency:		amount	Exchange	I	Book value	Degree of	ī	orofit or	
functional currency)	(in	thousands)	rate		(NTD)	variation	•	loss	
Financial assets									
Monetary items									
USD:NTD	\$	25,544	29.72	\$	759,168	1%	\$	7,592	
HKD:NTD	Ψ	1,429	3.79	Ψ	5,412	1%	Ψ	54	
USD:RMB		11	6.70		332	1%		3	
Financial liabilities		11	0.70		332	170		J	
Monetary items									
	ф	7565	20.72	Φ	224 929	10/	Φ	2 240	
USD:NTD	\$	7,565 5,032	29.72	\$	224,828	1%	\$	2,248	
USD:RMB		5,032	6.70		149,538	1%		1,495	
HKD:RMB		2,855	0.85		10,815	1%		108	
HKD:NTD		1,559	3.79		5,907	1%		59	

vi. The total exchange gain, including realised and unrealised, arising from significant foreign exchange variation on the monetary items held by the Group for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, amounted to \$20,874, \$11,645, \$18,040 and \$19,363, respectively.

Price risk

- i. The Group's equity securities, which are exposed to price risk, are the held financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income. To manage its price risk arising from investments in equity securities, the Group diversifies its portfolio. Diversification of the portfolio is done in accordance with the limits set by the Group.
- ii. The Group's investments in equity securities comprise shares issued by the domestic companies. The prices of equity securities would change due to the change of the future value of investee companies. If the prices of these equity securities had increased/decreased by 1% with all other variables held constant, post-tax (loss) profit for the six months ended June 30, 2023 and 2022 would have increased/decreased by \$80 and \$0, respectively, as a result of gains/losses on equity securities classified as at fair value through profit or loss. Other components of equity would have increased/decreased by \$1,500 and \$762, respectively, as a result of other comprehensive income classified as equity investment at fair value through other comprehensive income.

Cash flow and fair value interest rate risk

- i. The Group's main interest rate risk arises from long-term and short-term borrowings with variable rates, which expose the Group to cash flow interest rate risk. For the six months ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, the Group's borrowings at variable rate were mainly denominated in New Taiwan dollars and RMB Dollars.
- ii. If the borrowing interest rate had increased/decreased by 1% with all other variables held constant, (loss) profit, net of tax for the six months ended June 30, 2023 and 2022 would have increased/decreased by \$2,331 and \$2,718, respectively. The main factor is that changes in interest expense result in floating-rate borrowings.

(b) Credit risk

- i. Credit risk refers to the risk of financial loss to the Group arising from default by the clients or counterparties of financial instruments on the contract obligations. The main factor is that counterparties could not repay in full the accounts receivable based on the agreed terms, and the contract cash flows of debt instruments stated at amortised cost, at fair value through profit or loss and at fair value through other comprehensive income.
- ii. The Group manages their credit risk taking into consideration the entire group's concern. For banks and financial institutions with no recent major defaults are accepted. According to the Group's credit policy, each local entity in the Group is responsible for managing and analysing the credit risk for each of their new clients before standard payment and delivery

- terms and conditions are offered. Internal risk control assesses the credit quality of the customers, taking into account their financial position, past experience and other factors. Individual risk limits are set based on internal or external ratings in accordance with limits set by the Board of Directors. The utilisation of credit limits is regularly monitored.
- iii. The Company assumes that if the contract payments were past due over 90 days based on the terms, there has been a significant increase in credit risk on that instrument since initial recognition; if past due over 360 days, a default has been occurred.
- iv. The Group classifies customers' accounts receivable in accordance with credit rating of customer. The Group applies the modified approach using a provision matrix based on the loss rate methodology to estimate expected credit loss under the provision matrix basis.
- v. The following indicators are used to determine whether the credit impairment of debt instruments have occurred:
 - (i) It becomes probable that the issuer will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation due to their financial difficulties;
 - (ii) The disappearance of an active market for that financial asset because of financial difficulties;
 - (iii) Default or delinquency in interest or principal repayments;
 - (iv) Adverse changes in national or regional economic conditions that are expected to cause a default.
- vi. The Group used the forecast ability to adjust historical and timely information to assess the default possibility of accounts receivable, contract assets and lease payments receivable. On June 30, 2023, December 31, 2022 and June 30, 2022, the provision matrix and loss rate methodology is as follows:

At June 30, 2023	Expected loss rate Total book value		Total book value		allowance
Not past due	0.3%	\$	590,419	(\$	1,741)
Up to 30 days	1%		150,203	(1,476)
31 to 120 days	1%~5%		141,263	(1,691)
121 to 180 days	10%		17,680	(1,767)
Over 180 days	40%~100%		11,720	(4,678)
		\$	911,285	(<u>\$</u>	11,353)
At December 31, 2022	Expected loss rate	Total	l book value	Loss	allowance
Not past due	0.3%	\$	712,573	(\$	2,172)
Up to 30 days	1%		80,770	(814)
31 to 120 days	1%~5%		134,020	(3,850)
121 to 180 days	10%		32	(3)
Over 180 days	40%~100%				_
		\$	927,395	(\$	6,839)

At June 30, 2022	Expected loss rate	Total book value		te Total book value		Loss allowance	
Not past due	0.3%	\$	681,264	(\$	1,965)		
Up to 30 days	1%		135,290	(1,334)		
31 to 120 days	1%~5%		51,468	(509)		
121 to 180 days	10%		11,536	(1,154)		
Over 180 days	40%~100%		4,474	(4,330)		
		\$	884,032	(\$	9,292)		

vii. Movements in relation to the Group applying the modified approach to provide loss allowance for accounts receivable, contract assets and lease payments receivable are as follows:

	Accou	ints receivable	Notes	receivable
At January 1	\$	6,814	\$	25
Provision for (reversal of) impaiment loss		4,709	(25)
Effect of foreign exchange	(170)		
At June 30	\$	11,353	\$	-
		20	22	
	Accou	ints receivable	Notes	receivable
At January 1	\$	24,512	\$	31
Provision for (reversal of) impaiment loss		324	(31)
Write-offs	(15,925)		-
Effect of foreign exchange		381		
At June 30	\$	9,292	\$	

(c) Liquidity risk

- i. Cash flow forecasting is performed in the operating entities of the Group and aggregated by Group treasury. Group treasury monitors rolling forecasts of the Group's liquidity requirements to ensure it has sufficient cash to meet operational needs.
- ii. Surplus cash held by the operating entities over and above balance required for working capital management are transferred to the Group treasury. Group treasury invests surplus cash in interest bearing current accounts, time deposits, capital-guaranteed income-based wealth management products, forward foreign exchange contracts, and convertible bonds (classified as current financial assets at fair value through profit or loss), choosing instruments with appropriate maturities or sufficient liquidity to provide sufficient headroom as determined by the above-mentioned forecasts. As at June 30, 2023, December 31, 2022 and June 30, 2022, the Group held money market position of \$1,720,498, \$1,228,084 and \$725,219, respectively, and capital-guaranteed income-based wealth management products and derivatives from convertible bonds (classified as current financial assets at fair value through profit or loss) of \$0, \$139 and \$984, respectively, and private equity fund

- (classified as non-current financial assets at fair value through profit or loss) of \$13,780, \$12,460 and \$0, respectively, that are expected to readily generate cash inflows for managing liquidity risk.
- iii. As at June 30, 2023, December 31, 2022 and June 30, 2022, the Group has the undrawn borrowing of \$1,339,651, \$1,344,607 and \$202,794 respectively.
- iv. The table below analyses the Group's non-derivative financial liabilities and net-settled or gross-settled derivative financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the balance sheet date to the contractual maturity date for non-derivative financial liabilities. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows.

	Les	ss than 1	Between 1	Between 2	Over 5
June 30, 2023		year	and 2 years	and 5 years	years
Non-derivative financial liabilities					
Notes payable	\$	4,399	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Accounts payable	4	419,656	-	-	-
Other payables		173,300	-	-	-
Lease liabilities		10,182	5,012	724	-
Bonds payable	2	404,583	-	-	-
Long-term borrowings		86,880	88,285	116,183	-
	Les	ss than 1	Between 1	Between 2	Over 5
December 31, 2022		year	and 2 years	and 5 years	years
Non-derivative financial liabilities					
Short-term borrowings	\$	8,816	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Notes payable		1,724	-	-	-
Accounts payable	:	589,317	-	-	-
Other payables		179,322	-	-	-
Lease liabilities		20,834	8,438	1,170	-
Bonds payable	4	458,964	-	-	-
Long-term borrowings		83,410	81,972	145,617	-
	Les	ss than 1	Between 1	Between 2	Over 5
June 30, 2022		year	and 2 years	and 5 years	years
Non-derivative financial liabilities					
Short-term borrowings	\$	8,878	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Notes payable		868	-	-	-
Accounts payable	:	558,207	-	-	-
Other payables		151,236	-	-	-
Lease liabilities		24,861	10,088	5,336	-
Bonds payable	4	463,112	-	-	-
Long-term borrowings		82,326	77,072	171,439	-

(3) Fair value information

- A. The different levels that the inputs to valuation techniques are used to measure fair value of financial and non-financial instruments have been defined as follows:
 - Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date. A market is regarded as active where a market in which transactions for the asset or liability take place with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis. The fair value of the Group's investment in listed stocks is included in Level 1.
 - Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. The fair value of the Group's investment in convertible bonds and forward foreign exchange contracts is included in Level 2.
 - Level 3: Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability. The fair value of the Group's investment in equity investment without active market and financial assets mandatorily measured at fair value through profit or loss are included in Level 3.
- B. Fair value information of investment property at cost is provided in Note 6(10).
- C. The carrying amounts of the Group's financial instruments, including cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, other receivables, short-term borrowings, notes payable, accounts payable, other payables which not measured at fair value are approximate to their fair values.
- D. The related information of financial and non-financial instruments measured at fair value by level on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the assets and liabilities at June 30, 2023, December 31, 2022 and June 30, 2022 is as follows:
 - (a) The related information of natures of the assets and liabilities is as follows:

June 30, 2023		Level 1	Level 2		Level 3		Total	
Assets Recurring fair value measurements Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss-current Private against fund	\$		\$	_	\$	13,780	\$	13,780
Private equity fund Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income-non-current	Þ	-	Ф	-	Ф	13,760	Ф	13,780
Equity instruments	\$	33,692 33,692	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	126,356 140,136	\$	160,048 173,828

December 31, 2022	Level 1		Level 2		Level 3		Total	
Assets								
Recurring fair value measurements								
Financial assets at fair value through								
profit or loss-current								
Derivative instruments	\$	-	\$	139	\$	-	\$	139
Private equity fund		-		-		12,460		12,460
Financial assets at fair value through								
other comprehensive								
income-non-current								
Equity instruments		32,809				116,143		148,952
	\$	32,809	\$	139	\$	128,603	\$	161,551
June 30, 2022	I	Level 1	Le	vel 2	I	Level 3		Total
Assets								
Recurring fair value measurements								
Financial assets at fair value through								
profit or loss-current								
Derivative instruments	\$	-	\$	984	\$	-	\$	984
Financial assets at fair value through								
other comprehensive								
income-non-current								
Equity instruments		30,877				45,368		76,245
	\$	30,877	\$	984	\$	45,368	\$	77,229

- (b)The methods and assumptions the Group used to measure fair value are as follows:
 - i. The instruments the Group used market quoted prices as their fair values (that is, Level 1) are listed below by characteristics:

	Listed shares	Open-end fund
Market quoted price	Closing price	Net asset value

- ii. For high-complexity financial instruments, the fair value is measured by using self-developed valuation model based on the valuation method and technique widely used within the same industry. The valuation model is normally applied to derivative financial instruments, debt instruments with embedded derivatives or securitised instruments. Certain inputs used in the valuation model are not observable at market, and the Group must make reasonable estimates based on its assumptions.
- iii. The valuation of derivative financial instruments is based on valuation model widely accepted by market participants, such as present value techniques and option pricing models. Forward exchange contracts are usually valued based on the current forward exchange rate.
- E. For the six months ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, there was no transfer between Level 1 and Level 2.

F. The following chart is the movement of Level 3 for the six months ended June 30, 2023 and 2022:

	2023							
	Equit	y instrument	Debt instrument					
At January 1	\$	116,143	\$	12,460				
Gains recognised in profit or loss		-		1,320				
Gains recognised in other comprehensive income		3,560		-				
Acquired in the period		10,057		-				
Transfers into level 3	(3,404)						
At June 30	\$	126,356	\$	13,780				
		2022						
	Equit	y instrument						
At January 1	\$	60,593						
Gains recognised in profit or loss		862						
Sold in the period	(16,087)						
At June 30	\$	45,368						

- G. The valuation procedures for fair value measurements being categorised within Level 3, which is to verify independent fair value of external financial instruments entrusted by finance segment.
- H. The following is the qualitative information of significant unobservable inputs and sensitivity analysis of changes in significant unobservable inputs to valuation model used in Level 3 fair value measurement:

			Significant	Range	
	Fair value at	Valuation	unobservable	(weighted	Relationship of
	June 30, 2023	technique	input	average)	inputs to fair value
Non-derivative	equity instrumen	t:			
Unlisted shares	\$ 126,356	Market comparable companies	No open market saleability discount	25%	The higher the discount for lack of marketability, the lower the fair value
Private equity fund	13,780	Net asset value method	Net asset value	Not applicable	The higher the net asset value, the higher the fair value

	Fair value at		Significant	Range	
	December 31,	Valuation	unobservable	(weighted	Relationship of
	2022	technique	<u>input</u>	average)	inputs to fair value
Non-derivative	equity instrumen	t:			
Unlisted shares	\$ 116,143	Market comparable companies	No open market saleability discount	25%	The higher the discount for lack of marketability, the lower the fair value
Private equity fund	12,460	Net asset value method	Net asset value	Not applicable	The higher the net asset value, the higher the fair value
			Significant	Range	
	Fair value at	Valuation	unobservable	(weighted	Relationship of
	June 30, 2022	technique	input	average)	inputs to fair value
Non-derivative	equity instrumen	t:			
Unlisted shares	\$ 45,368	Market comparable companies	No open market saleability discount	25%	The higher the discount for lack of marketability, the lower the fair value

I. External financial instruments entrusted by finance segment assessed the valuation models and assumptions used to measure fair value. However, use of different valuation models or assumptions may result in different measurement. The following is the effect of profit or loss or of other comprehensive income from financial assets and liabilities categorised within Level 3 if the inputs used to valuation models have changed:

			June 30, 2023					
			Recog	nised in	Recognis	ed in other		
			profit	or loss	comprehen	sive income		
			Favourable	Unfavourable	Favourable	Unfavourable		
	Input	Change	change	change	change	change		
Financial assets								
Equity instrument	No open market saleability discount	±1%	\$ -	<u>\$</u>	\$ 1,264	(\$ 1,264)		
Debt instrument	Net asset value method	±1%	<u>\$ 138</u>	(\$ 138)	\$ -	\$ -		
				December	r 31, 2022			
			Recog	nised in	Recognis	ed in other		
			profit	or loss	comprehensive income			
			Favourable	Unfavourable	Favourable	Unfavourable		
	Input	Change	change	change	change	change		
Financial assets								
Equity instrument	No open market saleability discount	±1%	\$ -	<u>\$</u>	\$ 1,161	(\$ 1,161)		
Debt instrument	Net asset value method	±1%	<u>\$ 125</u>	(\$ 125)	<u>\$</u> _	\$ -		
				June 30	0, 2022			
				nised in or loss	U	ed in other sive income		
			Favourable	Unfavourable	Favourable	Unfavourable		
	Input	Change	change	change	change	change		
Financial assets								
Equity instrument	No open market saleability discount	±1%	\$ -	<u>\$</u>	\$ 454	(\$ 454)		

(4) Other matter

Due to Covid-19 outbreak and the various government epidemic prevention measures, the Group assessed that there was no significant impact on the operation, no doubt about the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, no assets impaired and no financing risks increased. The Group's epidemic management had complied with the measures related to the declaration of Level 3 epidemic alert issued by the Central Epidemic Command Centre and the epidemic prevention requirements under the Prevention and Control of Infectious Diseases Act.

13. SUPPLEMENTARY DISCLOSURES

(1) Significant transactions information

- A. Loans to others: Please refer to table 1.
- B. Provision of endorsements and guarantees to others: Please refer to table 2.
- C. Holding of marketable securities at the end of the period (not including subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures): Please refer to table 3.
- D. Acquisition or sale of the same security with the accumulated cost exceeding \$300 million or 20% of the Company's paid-in capital: None.

- E. Acquisition of real estate reaching \$300 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: None.
- F. Disposal of real estate reaching \$300 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: None.
- G. Purchases or sales of goods from or to related parties reaching \$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: Please refer to table 4.
- H. Receivables from related parties reaching \$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: Please refer to table 5.
- I. Trading in derivative instruments undertaken during the reporting periods: Please refer to Note 6(2).
- J. Significant inter-company transactions during the reporting periods: Please refer to table 6.

(2) <u>Information on investees</u>

Names, locations and other information of investee companies (not including investees in Mainland China): Please refer to table 7.

(3) <u>Information on investments in Mainland China</u>

- A. Basic information: Please refer to table 8.
- B. Significant transactions, either directly or indirectly through a third area, with investee companies in the Mainland Area: Please refer to table 9.

(4) Major shareholders information

Major shareholders information: Please refer to table 10.

14. <u>SEGMENT INFORMATION</u>

(1) General information

The Group is engaged in the manufacturing and sale of automobile electronic products and power management products from a product type perspective. On the manufacturing and sale of products, the Group divided them into two main segments which include automobile electronics business and power management business.

As the nature, production and sales mode of the 2 segments differ from each other, also the Group's management performs the financial management and assesses operating performances separately, these 2 main segments are summarised as the reportable segments in the operating segment information.

(2) <u>Information about segment profit or loss, assets and liabilities</u>

The segment information provided to the Chief Operating Decision-Maker for the reportable segments is as follows:

				Power anagement		Other	Eli	minated by		
Three months ended June 30, 2023		products		products		products	coı	nsolidation		Total
Revenue from external customers	\$	658,401	\$	77,684	\$	-	\$	-	\$	736,085
Inter-segment revenue		267,670		6,215		302	(274,187)		
Total segment revenue	\$	926,071	\$	83,899	\$	302	(\$	274,187)	\$	736,085
Segment income (loss)	\$	100,174	(\$	11,496)	\$	302	\$	3,867	\$	92,847
Company general income										12,287
Company general expense									(39,881)
Interest expense									(2,193)
Profit from continuing operations before tax									\$	63,060
	A	utomobile		Power						
	6	electronic	ma	anagement		Other	Eli	minated by		
Six months ended June 30, 2023		products		products	I	products	COI	nsolidation		Total
Revenue from external customers	\$	1,497,828	\$	124,430	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 1	1,622,258
Inter-segment revenue		592,276		55,061		574	(647,911)	_	
Total segment revenue	\$	2,090,104	\$	179,491	\$	574	(\$	647,911)	\$ 1	1,622,258
Segment income (loss)	\$	241,900	(\$	27,459)	\$	574	\$	4,637	\$	219,652
Company general income										16,327
Company general expense									(91,872)
Interest expense									(4,565)
Profit from continuing operations before tax									\$	139,542

TI	Automobile electronic	Power management	Other	Eliminated by	T I
Three months ended June 30, 2022	products	products	products	consolidation	Total
Revenue from external customers	\$ 623,450	\$ 211,463	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 834,913
Inter-segment revenue	236,561	127,219	306	(364,086)	
Total segment revenue	\$ 860,011	\$ 338,682	\$ 306	(\$ 364,086)	\$ 834,913
Segment income	\$ 116,411	\$ 1,892	\$ 306	\$ 28,434	\$ 147,043
Company general income					1,576
Company general expense					(60,988)
Interest expense					(2,074)
Profit from continuing operations before tax					\$ 85,557
	Automobile	Power			
	electronic	management	Other	Eliminated by	
Six months ended June 30, 2022	products	products	products	consolidation	Total
Revenue from external customers	\$ 1,099,660	\$ 494,667	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,594,327
Inter-segment revenue	406,140	207,471	486	(614,097)	
Total segment revenue	\$ 1,505,800	\$ 702,138	\$ 486	(\$ 614,097)	\$ 1,594,327
Segment income	\$ 205,471	\$ 23,852	\$ 486	\$ 29,608	\$ 259,417
Company general income					2,771
Company general expense					(99,081)
Interest expense					(0.050)
interest expense					(3,873)

(3) Reconciliation for segment income (loss)

- A. Sales between segments are carried out at arm's length. The revenue from external customers reported to the Chief Operating Decision-Maker is measured in a manner consistent with that in the statement of comprehensive income.
- B. Details of the adjusted consolidated total profit (loss) and reconciliation for profit before tax of reportable segment for the current period are provided in Note 14(2).

Loans to others

Six months ended June 30, 2023

Table 1

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

					M	I aximum												
					ou	ıtstanding					Amount of		Allowance			Limit on loans	Ceiling on	
			General	Is a	bala	ance during					transactions	Reason	for			granted to	total loans	
No.			ledger	related	the six	months ended	Balance at	Actual amount	Interest	Nature of	with the	for short-term	uncollectible	Col	llateral	a single party	granted	
(Note 1)	Creditor	Borrower	account	party	Jun	ne 30, 2023	June 30, 2023	drawn down	rate	loan	borrower	financing	accounts	Item	Value	(Note 2)	(Note 2)	Footnote
0	SYSGRATION	SYSGRATION	Other	Y	\$	68,993	\$ 66,066	\$ 66,066	-	Having business	\$ 1,112,574	-	\$ -	None	\$	- \$ 1,112,574	\$ 1,038,720	
	LTD.	ELECTRONICS	receivables							relationship								
		TECHNOLOGY	-															
		(HUIZHOU)																
		CO., LTD.																

Note 1: The numbers filled in for the loans provided by the Company or subsidiaries are as follows:

- (1) The Company is '0'.
- (2) The subsidiaries are numbered in order starting from '1'.

Note 2: In accordance with the Company's amended "Procedures for Provision of Loans" as approved by the shareholders on April 30, 2020, the ceiling on total loans granted and to individuals of the Company's were as follows:

- (1) The ceiling on total loans granted to others is 40% of the Company's net assets.
- (2) Loans granted to a single party for business transactions: Limit on loans granted to a single party for business transactions is the total value of business transactions in 1 year or 12 months. The value of business transactions refers to the higher of purchase or sales.

Provision of endorsements and guarantees to others

Six months ended June 30, 2023

Table 2

Expressed in thousands of NTD

(Except as otherwise indicated)

		Party l endorsed/g	•	_	Limit on	Maximum outstanding endorsement/	Outstanding endorsement/				ac en	Ratio of ecumulated dorsement/guarantee		Ceiling on	Provision of endorsements/	Provision of endorsements/	Provision of endorsements/	
Number	Endorser/	Commence	Relationship with the endorser/ guarantor	p	guarantees rovided for a single party	guarantee amount as of June 30, 2023	guarantee amount at June 30, 2023	dı	ctual amount	Amount of endorsements, guarantees secured with	s/ ass th	nount to net set value of ne endorser/ guarantor	eı	tal amount of ndorsements/ guarantees provided	guarantees by parent company to subsidiary	guarantees by subsidiary to parent company	guarantees to the party in Mainland China	Estado
(Note 1) 0	guarantor SYSGRATION LTD.	Company name SYSGRATION LTD.	(Note 2)	\$	(Note 3) 779,040	(Note 4) \$ 3,000	\$ (Note 5) 3,000		(Note 6) 204	\$ -		0.12%	\$	(Note 3) 1,168,560	(Note 7) N	(Note 7) N	(Note 7) N	Footnote
0	SYSGRATION LTD.	SYSGRATION ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGY (ZHENJIANG) CO., LTD.	2		779,040	88,900	-		-	-	-	-		1,168,560	Y	N	Y	

- Note 1: The numbers filled in for the loans provided by the Company or subsidiaries are as follows:
 - (1) The Company is '0'.
 - (2) The subsidiaries are numbered in order starting from '1'.
- Note 2: Relationship between the endorser/guarantor and the party being endorsed/guaranteed is classified into the following seven categories; fill in the number of category each case belongs to:
 - (1) Having business relationship.
 - (2) The endorser/guarantor parent company owns directly more than 50% voting shares of the endorsed/guaranteed subsidiary.
 - (3) The endorsed/guaranteed company owns directly and indirectly more than 50% voting shares of the endorser/guarantor parent company.
 - (4) The endorser/guarantor parent company owns directly and indirectly more than 90% voting shares of the endorsed/guaranteed company.
 - (5)Mutual guarantee of the trade made by the endorsed/guaranteed company or joint contractor as required under the construction contract
 - (6)Due to joint venture, all shareholders provide endorsements/guarantees to the endorsed/guaranteed company in proportion to its ownership.
 - (7) The performance guarantees for the sale of pre-sales contracts under the Consumer Protection Law are jointly guaranteed.
- Note 3: In accordance with the Company's amended "Procedures for Provision of Loans" as approved by the shareholders on June 14, 2019, the limit on endorsements/guarantees provided for subsidiaries whose 50% of the shares are directly and indirectly held is 30% of the Company's net assets and the ceiling on total amount of endorsements/guarantees provided is 45% of the Company's latest financial statements.
- Note 4: Fill in the year-to-date maximum outstanding balance of endorsements/guarantees provided as of the reporting period.
- Note 5: Fill in the amount approved by the Board of Directors or the chairman if the chairman has been authorised by the Board of Directors based on subparagraph 8, Article 12 of the Regulations Governing Loaning of Funds and Making of Endorsements/Guarantees by Public Companies.
- Note 6: Fill in the actual amount of endorsements/guarantees used by the endorsed/guaranteed company.
- Note 7: Fill in 'Y' for those cases of provision of endorsements/guarantees by listed parent company to subsidiary and provision by subsidiary to listed parent company, and provision to the party in Mainland China.

Holding of marketable securities at the end of the period (not including subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures)

June 30, 2023

Table 3

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

		Relationship with the			As of June 30	0, 2023		
	Marketable securities	securities issuer	General		Book value			Footnote
Securities held by	(Note 1)	(Note 2)	ledger account	Number of shares	(Note 3)	Ownership	Fair value	(Note 4)
SYSGRATION LTD.	SINTRONIC TECHNOLOGY INC.	None	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current	53,399 \$	156	0%	\$ 156	
SYSGRATION LTD.	ARCHERS INC.	None	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current	1,000,000	-	3%	-	
SYSGRATION LTD.	NEXTRONICS ENGINEERING CORP.	None	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current	447,100	32,012	1%	32,012	
SYSGRATION LTD.	ORO TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.	None	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current	256,000	-	9%	-	
SYSGRATION LTD.	GOMORE INC.	None	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current	25,216,865	774	5%	774	
SYSGRATION LTD.	EXCELLENCE OPTOELECTRONICS INC.	None	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current	255,000	1,680	0%	1,680	
SYSGRATION LTD.	IMEIER GREEN TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD	None	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current	2,000,000	15,100	12%	15,100	
SYSGRATION LTD.	ION ELECTRONIC MATERIALS CO., LTD	None	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current	1,126,894	80,269	3%	80,269	
SYSGRATION LTD.	ADAT TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD	None	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current	800,000	20,000	4%	20,000	
SYSGRATION LTD.	BIOMEDICA CORPORATION	None	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current	156,225	10,057	3%	10,057	
SYSGRATION LTD.	FUYOU PRIVATE EQUITY	None	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - non-current	1,200,000	13,780	3%	13,780	

Note 1: Marketable securities in the table refer to stocks, bonds, beneficiary certificates and other related derivative securities.

Note 2: Leave the column blank if the issuer of marketable securities is non-related party.

Note 3: Fill in the amount after adjusted at fair value and deducted by accumulated impairment for the marketable securities measured at fair value; fill in the acquisition cost or amortised cost deducted by accumulated impairment for the marketable securities not measured at fair value.

Note 4: The number of shares of securities and their amounts pledged as security or pledged for loans and their restrictions on use under some agreements should be stated in the footnote if the securities presented herein have such conditions.

Purchases or sales of goods from or to related parties reaching NT\$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more

Six months ended June 30, 2023

Table 4

Expressed in thousands of NTD

(Except as otherwise indicated)

Differences in transaction terms compared to third party

							compared to	umu party				
		<u>-</u>		Transac	ction		transaci	tions	No	tes/accounts i	eceivable (payable)	
					Percentage of						Percentage of	
		Relationship with the	Purchases		total purchases						total notes/accounts	
Purchaser/seller	Counterparty	counterparty	(sales)	 Amount	(sales)	Credit term	Unit price	Credit term		Balance	receivable (payable)	Footnote
SYSGRATION LTD.	SYSGRATION	Subsidiary	Purchases	\$ 590,843	58%	120 days	Note	Note	(\$	278,036)	40%	
	ELECTRONICS											
	TECHNOLOGY (HUIZHOU)											
	CO., LTD.											

Note: Based on the mutual agreement since no similar transaction can be compared with.

Receivables from related parties reaching NT\$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more

June 30, 2023

278,036

Table 5

CO., LTD.

Creditor

SYSGRATION ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGY (HUIZHOU) Counterparty

Subsidiary

\$

SYSGRATION LTD.

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

- \$

\$

						Amount collected	
	Relationship			Overdue re	ceivables	subsequent to the	Allowance for
у	with the counterparty	Balance as at June 30, 2023	Turnover rate	Amount	Action taken	balance sheet date	doubtful accounts

1.85 \$

Significant inter-company transactions during the reporting periods

Six months ended June 30, 2023

Table 6

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

							Transaction	
Number	•		Relationship					Percentage of consolidated total operating
(Note 1)	Company name	Counterparty	(Note 2)	General ledger account	_	Amount	Transaction terms	revenues or total assets (Note 4)
1	SYSGRATION ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGY (HUIZHOU) CO., LTD.	SYSGRATION LTD.	2	Accounts receivable	\$	278,036	Note 6	7%
1	SYSGRATION ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGY (HUIZHOU) CO., LTD.	SYSGRATION LTD.	2	Sales of goods		590,843	Note 6	36%

Note 1: The numbers filled in for the transaction company in respect of inter-company transactions are as follows:

- (1) Parent company is '0'.
- (2) The subsidiaries are numbered in order starting from '1'.

Note 2: Relationship between transaction company and counterparty is classified into the following three categories; fill in the number of category each case belongs to (If transactions between parent company and subsidiaries or between subsidiaries refer to the same transaction, it is not required to disclose twice. For example, if the parent company has already disclosed its transaction with a subsidiary, then the subsidiary is not required to disclose the transaction; for transactions between two subsidiaries, if one of the subsidiaries has disclosed the transaction, then the other is not required to disclose the transaction.):

- (1) Parent company to subsidiary.
- (2) Subsidiary to parent company.
- (3) Subsidiary to subsidiary.

Note 3: Transaction amount that did not reach NT\$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more will not be disclosed. Additionally, the counter related parties' of the transaction will also not be disclosed.

- Note 4: Ratios of asset/liability are divided by consolidated total assets, and ratios of profit/loss accounts are divided by consolidated sales revenue.
- Note 5: The loans granted and endorsement and guarantees between the Company and subsidiaries, please refer to table 1 and 2.
- Note 6: There are no comparable transaction to non-related parties. The conditions of transactions are agreed upon by both parties.

Information on investees

Six months ended June 30, 2023

Table 7

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

Investment income(loss)

Net profit (loss)

					Initial invest	ment amount	Shares h	neld as at June 3	0, 2023		of the investee for the six months ended		cognised by the Company the six months ended	
	Investee		Main business	Ва	lance as at	Balance as at					June 30, 2023		June 30, 2023	
Investor	(Note 1, 2)	Location	activities	Jur	ne 30, 2023	December 31, 2022	Number of shares	Ownership	В	ook value	(Note 2(2))		(Note 2(3))	Footnote
SYSGRATION LTD.	POWER TANK ENERGY LTD.	TAIWAN	Manufacturing and sale of energy storage products	\$	413,884	\$ -	1,000,000	100%	\$	413,884 \$	3	- \$	-	
SYSGRATION LTD.	SYSGRATION TECHNOLOGY (SAMOA)	SAMOA	Investment holding of overseas companies		671,762	671,762	21,800,000	100%		218,624 (24,0	059) (24,059)	
SYSGRATION LTD.	SYSGRATION (SAMOA) LTD.	SAMOA	Investment holding of overseas companies		505,131	505,131	15,938,000	100%		228,698	6,9	991	6,991	
SYSGRATION LTD.	SYSGRATION USA INC.	U.S.A.	Sale of electronic products		10,062	10,062	300,000	100%		4,361		28	28	

Note 1: If a public company is equipped with an overseas holding company and takes consolidated financial report according to the local law rules, it can only disclose the information of the overseas holding company about the disclosure of related overseas investee information. Note 2: If situation does not belong to Note 1, fill in the columns according to the following regulations:

⁽¹⁾The columns of 'Investee', 'Location', 'Main business activities', Initial investment amount' and 'Shares held as at June 30, 2023' should fill orderly in the Company's (public company's) information on investees and every directly or indirectly controlled investee's investment information, and note the relationship between the Company (public company) and its investee each (ex. direct subsidiary) in the 'footnote' column.

⁽²⁾ The 'Net profit (loss) of the investee for the six months ended June 30, 2023' column should fill in amount of net profit (loss) of the investee for this period.

⁽³⁾The 'Investment income (loss) recognised by the Company for the six months ended June 30, 2023' column should fill in the Company (public company) recognised investment income (loss) of its direct subsidiary and recognised investment income (loss) of its investment income (loss) of its direct subsidiary, the Company (public company) should confirm that direct subsidiary's net profit (loss) for this period has included its investment income (loss) which shall be recognised by regulations.

Information on investments in Mainland China

Six months ended June 30, 2023

Table 8

Expressed in thousands of NTD

(Except as otherwise indicated)

						Amount remitted	from Taiwan to	Accumulated						
					Accumulated	Mainland	l China/	amount					Accumulated	
					amount of	Amount ren	nitted back	of remittance		Ownership	Investment income		amount	
					remittance from	to Taiwan for t	he six months	from Taiwan to		held by	(loss) recognised	Book value of	of investment	
					Taiwan to	ended June 30,	2023 (Note5)	Mainland China		the	by the Company	investments in	income	
					Mainland China			as of June 30,	Net income of	Company	for the six months	Mainland China	remitted back to)
		Pa	id-in capital	Investment method	as of January 1,	Remitted to	Remitted back	2023	investee as of	(direct or	ended June 30, 2023	as of June 30,	Taiwan as of	
Investee in Mainland China	Main business activities		(Note 5)	(Note 1)	2023 (Note 5)	Mainland China	to Taiwan	(Note 5)	June 30, 2023	indirect)	(Note 2(2)B)	2023	June 30, 2023	Footnote
SYSGRATION ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGY (ZHENJIANG) CO., LTD.	Manufacturing and sale of energy storage products	\$	672,624	2	\$ 672,624	-	-	\$ 672,624	(\$ 24,056)	100%	(\$ 24,056)	\$ 213,512	-	Note 6
SYSGRATION ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGY (HUIZHOU)	Manufacturing and sale of electronic products		115,218	2	115,218	-	-	115,218	9,510	100%	9,510	167,920	-	Note 7

		Investment amount		
		approved by the	Ceiling on investments	
		Investment	in Mainland China	
		Commission of the	imposed by the	
		Ministry of Economic	Investment	
	Accumulated amount of remittance from Taiwan to Mainland China	Affairs (MOEA)	Commission of	
Company name	as of June 30, 2023 (Note 3, and Note 5)	(Note 5)	MOEA (Note 4)	Footnote
SYSGRATION LTD.	\$ 108,682	\$ 149,039	\$ 1,558,080	

Note 1: Investment methods are classified into the following three categories; fill in the number of category each case belongs to:

- (1)Directly invest in a company in Mainland China.
- (2)Through investing in an existing company in the third area, which then invested in the investee in Mainland China.
- (3)Other

CO., LTD.

Note 2: In the 'Investment income (loss) recognised by the Company for the six months ended June 30, 2023' column:

- (1)It should be indicated if the investee was still in the incorporation arrangements and had not yet any profit during this period.
- (2)Indicate the basis for investment income (loss) recognition in the number of one of the following three categories:
- A. The financial statements that are reviewed and attested by international accounting firm which has cooperative relationship with accounting firm in R.O.C.
- B. The financial statements that are reviewed and attested by R.O.C. parent company's CPA.
- C. Other
- Note 3: The Company reinvested in 'SYSGRATION ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGY (ZHENJIANG) CO., LTD..' through 'SYSGRATION TECHNOLOGY (SAMOA) LTD.' which was invested by the Company under the approval of Jing-Shen-II-Zi No.10100477000, No.10200372350, No.10300319430, No.1040023080, No.10500055360 and No.10500105990. Additionally, the Company reinvested in 'SYSGRATION ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGY (HUIZHOU) CO., LTD.' through 'SYSGRATION (SAMOA) LTD.' which was invested by the Company under the approval of Jing-Shen-II-Zi No.104000023090, No.10400163350, No.104000251280 and No.10500072680.
- Note 4: The ceiling is NT\$80 million and 60% of the net assets or consolidated net assets, whichever is higher.
- Note 5: It was translated to NTD at the exchange rate on June 30, 2023.
- Note 6: Through SYSGRATION TECHNOLOGY (SAMOA) LTD..
- Note 7: Through SYSGRATION (SAMOA) LTD...

Significant transactions, either directly or indirectly through a third area, with investee companies in the Mainland Area

Six months ended June 30, 2023

Table 9 Expressed in thousands of NTD

(Except as otherwise indicated)

		0.1.7.1		D	,.		Accounts receival	ole		Other accounts receiva	ble	Provision endorsements/gu	uarantees		F			
		Sale (purchase	:)	Property tr	ansactio	<u> </u>	(payable)			(payable)		or collater	als		Financing	5		
Investee in Mainland							Balance at June 30,		Bala	ance at June 30,		Balance at June 30,		imum balance during ix months ended June	ce at June 30,		Interest for the six months ended June 30,	
China	Α	mount	%	Amount	9	6	2023	%		2023	%	2023	Purpose	30, 2023	 2023	Interest rate	2023	Others
SYSGRATION ELECTRONICS	(\$	590,843)	58%	\$	-	- (\$ 278,036)	61%	\$	66,066	93%	Note	Note	\$ 68,993	\$ 66,066	-	\$ -	

Note: Please refer to table 2.

TECHNOLOGY (HUIZHOU) CO., LTD.

Major shareholders information

June 30, 2023

Table 10

		Shares			
	Name of major shareholders		Number of shares held	Ownership	
LEE, YI-REN			12,880,210		7.05%