SYSGRATION LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REVIEW REPORT MARCH 31, 2024 AND 2023

For the convenience of readers and for information purpose only, the auditors' report and the accompanying financial statements have been translated into English from the original Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. In the event of any discrepancy between the English version and the original Chinese version or any differences in the interpretation of the two versions, the Chinese-language auditors' report and financial statements shall prevail.

SYSGRATION LTD.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REVIEW REPORT

To the Board of Directors and Shareholders of Sysgration Ltd.

Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Sysgration Ltd. and subsidiaries (the "Group") as at March 31, 2024 and 2023, and the related consolidated statements of comprehensive income, of changes in equity and of cash flows for the three months then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of material accounting policies. Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and International Accounting Standard 34, "Interim Financial Reporting" that came into effect as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on these consolidated financial statements based on our reviews.

Scope of review

We conducted our reviews in accordance with the Standard on Review Engagements 2410, "Review of Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity" of the Republic of China. A review of consolidated financial statements consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Basis for qualified conclusion

As explained in Note 6(7), the financial statements of certain insignificant consolidated subsidiaries were not reviewed by independent auditors. Total assets of these subsidiaries



amounted to NT\$125,656 thousand, constituting 3% of the consolidated total assets as at March 31, 2024, and the total comprehensive income amounted to NT\$(1,838) thousand, constituting (0%) of the consolidated total comprehensive income for the three months then ended, respectively.

Conclusion

Based on our reviews, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying consolidated financial statements do not present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Group as at March 31, 2024 and 2023, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the three months then ended in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and International Accounting Standard 34, "Interim Financial Reporting" that came into effect as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission.

Chih, Ping-Chiun Chiu, Chao-Hsien For and on behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers, Taiwan May 10, 2024

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are not intended to present the financial position and results of operations and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. The standards, procedures and practices in the Republic of China governing the audit of such financial statements may differ from those generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. Accordingly, the accompanying consolidated financial statements and independent auditors' report are not intended for use by those who are not informed about the accounting principles or auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China, and their applications in practice.

SYSGRATION LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS MARCH 31, 2024, DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND MARCH 31, 2023 (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

			March 31, 2024				December 31, 2		March 31, 2023		
	Assets	Notes	_	AMOUNT		_	AMOUNT	<u>%</u>		AMOUNT	<u>%</u>
	Current assets										
1100	Cash and cash equivalents	6(1)	\$	2,125,470	43	\$	2,164,325	45	\$	1,503,556	37
1110	Financial assets at fair value	6(2)									
	through profit or loss - current			3,352	-		121	-		313	-
1136	Current financial assets at	6(1)(4) and 8									
	amortised cost			-	-		-	-		103,501	3
1150	Notes receivable, net	6(5) and 12(2)		2,909	-		4,447	-		7,101	-
1170	Accounts receivable, net	6(5) and 12(2)		1,107,156	23		970,522	20		1,059,874	26
1200	Other receivables			29,021	1		24,907	1		14,346	-
1220	Current income tax assets	6(30)		116	-		705	-		281	-
130X	Inventories	6(6)		359,674	7		370,126	8		474,265	12
1470	Other current assets			67,032	1		48,830	1		87,006	2
11XX	Current assets			3,694,730	75		3,583,983	75		3,250,243	80
	Non-current assets										
1510	Non-current financial assets at fair	6(2)									
	value through profit or loss			32,717	1		25,103	-		13,423	-
1517	Non-current financial assets at fair	6(3)									
	value through other comprehensive	e									
	income			260,804	5		231,456	5		155,678	4
1535	Non-current financial assets at	6(1)(4) and 8									
	amortised cost			16,700	-		16,700	-		17,700	-
1550	Investments accounted for using	6(7)									
	equity method			125,656	3		127,494	3		-	-
1600	Property, plant and equipment	6(8) and 8		572,689	12		554,777	12		466,388	11
1755	Right-of-use assets	6(9)		62,387	1		71,114	1		22,516	1
1760	Investment property - net	6(10)		3,854	-		3,888	-		3,991	-
1780	Intangible assets	6(11)		24,228	-		26,628	1		14,849	-
1840	Deferred income tax assets	6(30)		31,907	1		40,941	1		27,085	1
1900	Other non-current assets			86,225	2		90,482	2		103,324	3
15XX	Non-current assets			1,217,167	25		1,188,583	25		824,954	20
1XXX	Total assets		\$	4,911,897	100	\$	4,772,566	100	\$	4,075,197	100
			((Continued)		_					
			('	- cininaca j							

SYSGRATION LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS MARCH 31, 2024, DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND MARCH 31, 2023 (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

				March 31, 2024]	December 31, 2023			March 31, 2023		
	Liabilities and Equity	Notes		AMOUNT	%		AMOUNT	%	Α	AMOUNT	%	
	Current liabilities											
2120	Financial liabilities at fair value	6(12)										
	through profit or loss - current		\$	2,900	-	\$	3,250	-	\$	-	-	
2130	Current contract liabilities	6(23)		7,276	-		6,209	-		15,106	-	
2150	Notes payable			-	-		936	-		801	-	
2170	Accounts payable			702,905	14		638,169	14		592,824	15	
2200	Other payables	6(15)(32)		192,801	4		243,288	5		152,577	4	
2220	Other payables - related parties	7		-	-		195	-		-	-	
2250	Current provisions	6(18)		40,859	1		39,323	1		16,858	-	
2280	Current lease liabilities			32,517	1		35,601	1		15,470	-	
2320	Long-term liabilities, current	6(13)(14) and										
	portion	8		101,387	2		100,953	2		531,945	13	
2399	Other current liabilities, others			23,639			15,422			18,486	1	
21XX	Current liabilities			1,104,284	22		1,083,346	23		1,344,067	33	
	Non-current liabilities			_								
2530	Bonds payable	6(13)		472,295	9		469,333	10		-	-	
2540	Long-term borrowings	6(14) and 8		181,311	4		207,078	4		226,580	6	
2570	Deferred income tax liabilities	6(30)		2,661	-		1,000	-		-	-	
2580	Non-current lease liabilities			30,373	1		36,000	1		7,477	-	
2600	Other non-current liabilities			-	-		715	-		198	-	
25XX	Non-current liabilities			686,640	14		714,126	15		234,255	6	
2XXX	Total liabilities			1,790,924	36		1,797,472	38		1,578,322	39	
	Equity attributable to owners of the											
	parent											
	Share capital	6(19)										
3110	Ordinary shares			1,901,786	39		1,845,849	39		1,806,232	44	
3130	Certificate of entitlement to new											
	shares from convertible bonds			-	-		55,073	1		4,609	-	
3140	Advance receipts for share capital			1,505	-		2,264	-		953	-	
	Capital surplus	6(20)										
3200	Capital surplus			905,961	19		899,048	19		641,030	16	
	Retained earnings	6(21)										
3310	Legal reserve			4,497	-		4,497	-		-	-	
3320	Special reserve			1,563	-		1,563	-		-	-	
3350	Retained earnings			387,624	8		295,125	6		121,450	3	
	Other equity interest	6(22)										
3400	Other equity interest		(81,963)(2)	(128,325)	(3)	()	77,399)(<u>2</u>)	
31XX	Equity attributable to owners											
	of the parent			3,120,973	64		2,975,094	62		2,496,875	61	
3XXX	Total equity			3,120,973	64		2,975,094	62		2,496,875	61	
	Significant contingent liabilities and	9										
	unrecognised contract commitments											
	Significant events after the balance	11										
	sheet date											
3X2X	Total liabilities and equity		\$	4,911,897	100	\$	4,772,566	100	\$	4,075,197	100	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

SYSGRATION LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2024 AND 2023 (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except earnings per share amount)

					ee months e	nded M		
				2024			2023	
	Items	Notes		AMOUNT	%		AMOUNT	%
4000 5000	Operating revenue Operating costs	6(23) 6(6)(16)(17)(28)(29) and	\$	898,498	100	\$	886,173	100
	1 5	7	(687,909) (77)	(668,757) (76)
5900	Gross profit from operations		`	210,589	23	`	217,416	24
	Operating expenses	6(16)(17)(28)(29)	-			-	227, 124	
6100	Selling expenses	· (· / ()))))))))))))	(29,501) (3)	(33,992) (4)
6200	Administrative expenses		(61,903) (7)		44,108) (
6300	Research and development expenses		(75,655) (8)	(56,619) (
6450	Impairment gain and reversal of impairment loss determined in accordance with IFRS 9	12(2)		1,357	-	(4,959) (1)
6000	Total operating expenses		(165,702) (18)	(139,678) (16)
6900	Operating profit			44,887	5		77,738	8
	Non-operating income and expenses						,	
7100	Interest income	6(4)(24)		9,232	1		1,816	-
7010	Other income	6(25)		1,061	_		1,079	-
7020	Other gains and losses	6(2)(12)(26)		19,692	2	(1,779)	-
7050	Finance costs	6(9)(13)(14)(27)	(4,379) (1)	(2,372)	-
7060	Share of loss of associates and joint ventures	6(7)	`	.,	- /	•	-,2)	
	accounted for using equity method	-(-)	(1,838)	_		<u>-</u>	_
7000	Total non-operating income and expenses		`	23,768	2	(1,256)	
7900	Profit before income tax			68,655	7	`	76,482	8
7950	Income tax expense	6(30)	(1,394)	,		70,402	-
8200	Profit for the year	0(30)	(<u> </u>	67,261	7	•	76,482	8
8200	Other comprehensive income		φ	07,201		φ	70,462	
8316	Components of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss Unrealised gains (losses) from investments in	6(3)(22)(30)						
	equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income		\$	57,246	7	\$	6,726	1
8349	Income tax related to components of other comprehensive income that will not be							
	reclassified to profit or loss		(<u>6,697</u>) (_	1)	(1,345)	
8310	Total other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss, net of tax			50,549	6		5,381	1
	Components of other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to profit or loss	6(22)(30)						
8361 8399	Exchange differences on translation Income tax related to components of other comprehensive income that will be reclassified			26,314	3		12,106	1
8360	to profit or loss Total other comprehensive income that will		(5,263) (_	1)	(2,421)	
	be reclassified to profit or loss, net of tax Other comprehensive income for the period, net			21,051	2		9,685	1
8300	•		ď	71 600	0	ď	15 066	2
	of tax		\$	71,600	8	<u>\$</u>	15,066	2
8500	Total comprehensive income for the period		\$	138,861	15	\$	91,548	10
	Profit, attributable to:							
8610	Owners of the parent		\$	67,261	7	\$	76,482	8
			\$	67,261	7	\$	76,482	8
	Comprehensive income attributable to:							
8710	Owners of the parent		\$	138,861	15	\$	91,548	10
			\$	138,861	15	\$	91,548	10
07.50	Basic earnings per share	6(31)	Φ.		0.05	ф		0.45
9750	Basic earnings per share		\$		0.35	\$		0.45
00	Diluted earnings per share	6(31)						_
9850	Diluted earnings per share		\$		0.35	\$		0.42

SYSGRATION LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2024 AND 2023

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

		Equity attributable to owners of the parent															
			Sh	are capital			Capital surplus		Reta	ined earnings	3			Other equi			
	Notes	Ordinary shares	ent new	ertificate of titlement to shares from onvertible bond	re	Advance eceipts for aare capital	Additional paid- in capital	Legal reserve	: Spe	ecial reserve		tained rnings	st tra diff	inancial atements anslation erences of foreign perations	gair from asset at thro	nrealised ns (losses) n financial is measured fair value bugh other prehensive income	Total equity
<u>2023</u>																	
Balance at January 1, 2023		\$1,670,605	\$	1,360	\$	8,267	\$ 310,036	\$ -	\$	-	\$	44,968	(\$	51,526)	(\$	40,939)	\$1,942,771
Income for the period		-		-		_	-	-		-		76,482		-		-	76,482
Other comprehensive income for the period	6(22)	<u>-</u> _		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	<u></u> _	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		_		9,685		5,381	15,066
Total comprehensive income		-		-		-	_	-		-		76,482		9,685	-	5,381	91,548
Share-based compensation cost	6(17)(19)(20)	-		-		-	2,708	-		-		-		-	-	-	2,708
Convertible bonds	6(13)(19)(20)(32)	1,360		3,249		-	11,196	-		-		-		-		-	15,805
Exercise of employee stock options	6(17)(19)(20)	8,267		-	(7,314)	2,090	-		-		-		-		-	3,043
Cash capital increase	6(19)	126,000					315,000			_				_			441,000
Balance at March 31, 2023		\$1,806,232	\$	4,609	\$	953	\$ 641,030	\$ -	\$		\$ 1	21,450	(\$	41,841)	(\$	35,558)	\$2,496,875
<u>2024</u>																	<u> </u>
Balance at January 1, 2024		\$1,845,849	\$	55,073	\$	2,264	\$ 899,048	\$ 4,497	\$	1,563	\$ 2	95,125	(\$	73,333)	(\$	54,992)	\$2,975,094
Income for the period		-		-		-	-	-		-		67,261		-		-	67,261
Other comprehensive income for the period	6(22)	<u>-</u>												21,051		50,549	71,600
Total comprehensive income										_		67,261		21,051		50,549	138,861
Share-based compensation cost	6(17)(19)(20)	-		-		-	6,664	-		-		-		-		-	6,664
Convertible bonds	6(13)(19)(20)(32)	55,073	(55,073)		-	-	-		-		-		-		-	-
Exercise of employee stock options	6(17)(19)(20)	864		-	(759)	249	-		-		-		-		-	354
Disposal of fair value through other comprehensive income	6(3)(22)			<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>			<u> </u>		25,238		<u> </u>	(25,238)	<u>-</u>
Balance at March 31, 2024		\$1,901,786	\$	_	\$	1,505	\$ 905,961	\$ 4,497	\$	1,563	\$ 3	87,624	(\$	52,282)	(\$	29,681)	\$3,120,973

SYSGRATION LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2024 AND 2023 (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

			Three months ended March 31					
	Notes		2024		2023			
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Profit before tax Adjustments		\$	68,655	\$	76,482			
Adjustments to reconcile profit (loss)								
Net loss (profit) on financial assets (liabilities)	6(2)(12)(26)							
at fair value through profit or loss	0(2)(12)(20)		1,357	(1,137)			
Expected credit impairment loss	12(2)	(1,357	(4,959			
Depreciation Depreciation	6(8)(9)(10)(28)	(40,782		29,086			
Amortisation	6(11)(28)		6,959		5,084			
Share of profit of associates accounted for using	6(7)		0,757		3,001			
equity method	0(7)		1,838		-			
Gain on disposal of property, plant and	6(26)		1,030					
equipment	*(=*)		_	(8)			
Interest expense	6(9)(13)(14)(27)		4,379	`	2,372			
Interest income	6(24)	(9,232)	(1,816)			
Share-based payments	6(17)		6,664	(2,708			
Changes in operating assets and liabilities	-(-)		5,55.		- ,			
Changes in operating assets								
Notes receivable			1,560	(4,614)			
Accounts receivable		(135,353)		146,765)			
Other receivables		(4,183)		2,006)			
Inventories			10,452	(51,263)			
Other current assets		(18,202)	•	11,128)			
Changes in operating liabilities		`	, ,	`	, ,			
Contract liabilities			1,067		4,994			
Notes payable		(936)	(923)			
Accounts payable			64,736	·	3,507			
Other payables		(26,868)	(31,942)			
Other payables - related parties		(195)	·	-			
Current provisions			1,536	(4,388)			
Other current liabilities			8,217	·	3,036			
Cash inflow (outflow) generated from operations			21,876	(123,762)			
Interest received			9,301	·	1,793			
Interest paid		(1,192)	(1,210)			
Income tax paid		(751)	(96)			
Net cash flows from (used in) operating		,						
activities			29,234	(123,275)			

(Continued)

SYSGRATION LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2024 AND 2023 (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

			Three months e	nded M	Iarch 31
	Notes		2024	_	2023
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Acquisition of financial assets at fair value through					
other comprehensive income		(\$	2,210)	\$	-
Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at fair		(4	2,210)	*	
value through profit or loss			794		-
Acquisition of financial assets at fair value through					
profit or loss		(13,346)		-
Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at fair					
value through other comprehensive income			30,108		-
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	6(32)	(45,738)	(28,870)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and					
equipment			-		10
Acquisition of intangible assets	6(11)	(4,510)	(72)
Decrease (increase) in refundable deposits			663	(5)
Increase in prepayments for business facilities		(21,687)	(16,975)
Decrease in other non-current assets			1,574		1,629
Net cash flows used in investing activities		(54,352)	(44,283)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Decrease in short-term borrowings	6(33)		=	(8,862)
Proceeds from long-term borrowings	6(33)		-		25,459
Repayment of long-term borrowings	6(33)	(25,333)	(22,138)
Exercise of employee share options	6(19)		354		3,043
Payments of lease liabilities	6(33)	(9,175)	(7,669)
Decrease in guarantee deposits received		(715)		-
Cash capital increase	6(19)				441,000
Net cash flows (used in) from financing					
activities		(34,869)		430,833
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash					
equivalents			21,132		11,318
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents		(38,855)		274,593
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	6(1)		2,164,325		1,228,963
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	6(1)	\$	2,125,470	\$	1,503,556

SYSGRATION LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2024 AND 2023

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except as otherwise indicated)

1. HISTORY AND ORGANISATION

SYSGRATION LTD. (the 'Company') was incorporated as a company limited by shares under the provisions of the Company Act of the Republic of China (R.O.C.) on October 14, 1977, and the Company's shares have been approved by Securities and Futures Commission, Ministry of Finance to be officially traded on Taipei Exchange from December 1995. The Company and its subsidiaries (the 'Group') are primarily engaged in the manufacture and sale of automobile electronics products and power management products.

2. THE DATE OF AUTHORISATION FOR ISSUANCE OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND PROCEDURES FOR AUTHORISATION

These consolidated financial statements were reported to the Board of Directors on May 10, 2024.

3. APPLICATION OF NEW STANDARDS, AMENDMENTS AND INTERPRETATIONS

(1) Effect of the adoption of new issuances of or amendments to International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS®") Accounting Standards that came into effect as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission ("FSC")

New standards, interpretations and amendments that came into effect as endorsed by the FSC effective from 2024 are as follows:

	Effective date by
	International Accounting
New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments	Standards Board
Amendments to IFRS 16, 'Lease liability in a sale and leaseback'	January 1, 2024
Amendments to IAS 1, 'Classification of liabilities as current or non-current'	January 1, 2024
Amendments to IAS 1, 'Non-current liabilities with covenants'	January 1, 2024
Amendments to IAS 7 and IFRS 7, 'Supplier finance arrangements'	January 1, 2024

The above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the Group's financial condition and financial performance based on the Group's assessment.

(2) Effect of new issuances of or amendments to IFRS Accounting Standards that came into effect as endorsed by the FSC but not yet adopted by the Group

None.

(3) IFRS Accounting Standards issued by IASB but not yet endorsed by the FSC

New standards, interpretations and amendments issued by IASB but not yet included in the IFRS Accounting Standards as endorsed by the FSC are as follows:

	Effective date by
	International Accounting
New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments	Standards Board
Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28, 'Sale or contribution of assets	To be determined by
between an investor and its associate or joint venture'	International Accounting
	Standards Board
IFRS 17, 'Insurance contracts'	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IFRS 17, 'Insurance contracts'	January 1, 2023
Amendment to IFRS 17, Initial application of IFRS 17 and IFRS 9 –	January 1, 2023
comparative information'	
IFRS 18, 'Presentation and disclosure in financial statements'	January 1, 2027
Amendments to IAS 21, 'Lack of exchangeability'	January 1, 2025

Except for the following, the above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the Group's financial condition and financial performance based on the Group's assessment. The quantitative impact will be disclosed when the assessment is complete.

IFRS 18, 'Presentation and disclosure in financial statements'

IFRS 18, 'Presentation and disclosure in financial statements' replaces IAS 1. The standard introduces a defined structure of the statement of profit or loss, disclosure requirements related to management-defined performance measures, and enhanced principles on aggregation and disaggregation which apply to the primary financial statements and notes.

4. SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the periods presented, unless otherwise stated.

(1) Compliance statement

The consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared in accordance with the "Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers" and the International Accounting Standard 34, 'Interim financial reporting' that came into effect as endorsed by the FSC.

(2) Basis of preparation

- A. Except for the following items, the consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention:
 - (a) Financial assets (including derivative instruments) at fair value through profit or loss.
 - (b) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income.
- B. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, IFRIC Interpretations, and SIC Interpretations that

came into effect as endorsed by the FSC (collectively referred herein as the "IFRSs") requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements are disclosed in Note 5.

(3) Basis of consolidation

- A. Basis for preparation of consolidated financial statements:
 - (a) All subsidiaries are included in the Group's consolidated financial statements. Subsidiaries are all entities (including structured entities) controlled by the Group. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. Consolidation of subsidiaries begins from the date the Group obtains control of the subsidiaries and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiaries.
 - (b) Inter-company transactions, balances and unrealised gains or losses on transactions between companies within the Group are eliminated. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been adjusted where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.
 - (c) Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the parent and to the non-controlling interests. Total comprehensive income is attributed to the owners of the parent and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.
 - (d) Changes in a parent's ownership interest in a subsidiary that do not result in the parent losing control of the subsidiary (transactions with non-controlling interests) are accounted for as equity transactions, i.e. transactions with owners in their capacity as owners. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognised directly in equity.

B. Subsidiaries included in the consolidated financial statements:

				Ownership(%)		
Name of	Name of	Main business				
investor	subsidiary	activities	March 31, 2024	December 31, 2023	March 31, 2023	Note
SYSGRATION LTD.	SYSGRATION USA INC.	Sale of electronic products	100	100	100	
		-				
SYSGRATION LTD.	SYSGRATION (SAMOA) LTD.	Investment holding of overseas	100	100	100	
SYSGRATION LTD.	POWER TANK ENERGY LTD.	Manufacturing and sale of energy storage products	100	100	-	Note 1
SYSGRATION LTD.	SYSGRATION INTERNATIONAL INC.	Investment holding of overseas companies	100	100	-	
SYSGRATION INTERNATIONAL INC.	SYSGRATION AMERICA CORPORATION	Manufacturing and sale of electronic	100	100	-	
POWER TANK ENERGY LTD. / SYSGRATION LTD.	SYSGRATION TECHNOLOGY (SAMOA) LTD.	Investment holding of overseas companies	100	100	100	Note 2
SYSGRATION TECHNOLOGY (SAMOA) LTD.	SYSGRATION ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGY (ZHENJIANG) CO., LTD.	Manufacturing and sale of energy storage products	100	100	100	
SYSGRATION (SAMOA) LTD.	SYSGRATION ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGY (HUIZHOU) CO., LTD.	Manufacturing and sale of electronic products	100	100	100	

- Note 1: On June 30, 2023, the effective date of the spin-off, the Company split its energy storage business segment to newly established POWER TANK ENERGY LTD. through a spin-off. The aforementioned spin-off transaction pertains to a reorganisation.
- Note 2: On June 19, 2023, POWER TANK ENERGY LTD. was approved by the Investment Commission of the Ministry of Economic Affairs (MOEA) to accept the equity interest of SYSGRATION (SAMOA) LTD. and SYSGRATION ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGY (ZHENJIANG) CO., LTD.
- C. Subsidiaries not included in the consolidated financial statements: None.
- D. Adjustments for subsidiaries with different balance sheet dates: None.
- E. Significant restrictions: None.
- F. Subsidiaries that have non-controlling interest that are material to the Group: None.

(4) Foreign currency translation

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the "functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in New Taiwan dollars, which is the Company's functional and the Group's presentation currency.

A. Foreign currency transactions and balances

- (a) Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions or valuation where items are remeasured. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.
- (b) Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the period end are retranslated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date. Exchange differences arising upon re-translation at the balance sheet date are recognised in profit or loss.
- (c) Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies held at fair value through profit or loss are re-translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date; their translation differences are recognised in profit or loss. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies held at fair value through other comprehensive income are re-translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date; their translation differences are recognised in other comprehensive income. However, non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies that are not measured at fair value are translated using the historical exchange rates at the dates of the initial transactions.
- (d) All foreign exchange gains and losses based on the nature of those transactions are presented in the statement of comprehensive income within 'other gains and losses'.

B. Translation of foreign operations

The operating results and financial position of all the group entities, associates and joint arrangements that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:

- (a) Assets and liabilities for each balance sheet presented are translated at the closing exchange rate at the date of that balance sheet;
- (b) Income and expenses for each statement of comprehensive income are translated at average exchange rates of that period; and
- (c) All resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income.

(5) Classification of current and non-current items

- A. Assets that meet one of the following criteria are classified as current assets; otherwise they are classified as non-current assets:
 - (a) Assets arising from operating activities that are expected to be realised, or are intended to be sold or consumed within the normal operating cycle;
 - (b) Assets held mainly for trading purposes;

- (c) Assets that are expected to be realised within twelve months from the balance sheet date;
- (d) Cash and cash equivalents, excluding restricted cash and cash equivalents and those that are to be exchanged or used to settle liabilities more than twelve months after the balance sheet date.
- B. Liabilities that meet one of the following criteria are classified as current liabilities; otherwise they are classified as non-current liabilities:
 - (a) Liabilities that are expected to be settled within the normal operating cycle;
 - (b) Liabilities arising mainly from trading activities;
 - (c) Liabilities that are to be settled within twelve months from the balance sheet date;
 - (d) Liabilities for which the repayment date cannot be extended unconditionally to more than twelve months after the balance sheet date. Terms of a liability that could, at the option of the counterparty, result in its settlement by the issue of equity instruments do not affect its classification.

(6) Cash equivalents

Cash equivalents refer to short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. Time deposits that meet the definition above and are held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments in operations are classified as cash equivalents.

(7) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

- A. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are financial assets that are not measured at amortised cost or fair value through other comprehensive income.
- B. On a regular way purchase or sale basis, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are recognised and derecognised using trade date accounting.
- C. At initial recognition, the Group measures the financial assets at fair value and recognises the transaction costs in profit or loss. The Group subsequently measures the financial assets at fair value, and recognises the gain or loss in profit or loss.
- D. The Group recognises the dividend income when the right to receive payment is established, future economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the Group and the amount of the dividend can be measured reliably.

(8) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

- A. Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income comprise equity securities which are not held for trading, and for which the Group has made an irrevocable election at initial recognition to recognise changes in fair value in other comprehensive income.
- B. On a regular way purchase or sale basis, financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are recognised and derecognised using trade date accounting.
- C. At initial recognition, the Group measures the financial assets at fair value plus transaction costs. The Group subsequently measures the financial assets at fair value:
 - The changes in fair value of equity investments that were recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to retained earnings and are not reclassified to profit or loss following the

derecognition of the investment. Dividends are recognised as revenue when the right to receive payment is established, future economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the Group and the amount of the dividend can be measured reliably.

(9) Financial assets at amortised cost

- A. Financial assets at amortised cost are those that meet all of the following criteria:
 - (a) The objective of the Group's business model is achieved by collecting contractual cash flows.
 - (b) The assets' contractual cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest.
- B. On a regular way purchase or sale basis, financial assets at amortised cost are recognised and derecognised using trade date accounting.
- C. At initial recognition, the Group measures the financial assets at fair value plus transaction costs. Interest income from these financial assets is included in finance income using the effective interest method. A gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised or impaired.
- D. The Group's time deposits which do not fall under cash equivalents are those with a short maturity period and are measured at initial investment amount as the effect of discounting is immaterial.

(10) Accounts and notes receivable

- A. Accounts and notes receivable entitle the Group a legal right to receive consideration in exchange for transferred goods or rendered services.
- B. The short-term accounts and notes receivable without bearing interest are subsequently measured at initial invoice amount as the effect of discounting is immaterial.

(11) Impairment of financial assets

For debt instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income and financial assets at amortised cost, at each reporting date, the Group recognises the impairment provision for 12 months expected credit losses if there has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition or recognises the impairment provision for the lifetime expected credit losses (ECLs) if such credit risk has increased since initial recognition after taking into consideration all reasonable and verifiable information that includes forecasts. On the other hand, for accounts receivable or contract assets that do not contain a significant financing component, the Group recognises the impairment provision for lifetime ECLs.

(12) Derecognition of financial assets

The Group derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to receive the cash flows from the financial asset expire.

(13) <u>Leasing arrangements (lessor) — operating leases</u>

Lease income from an operating lease (net of any incentives given to the lessee) is recognised in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

(14) Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined using the weighted-average method. The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises raw materials,

direct labour, other direct costs and related production overheads (allocated based on normal operating capacity). The item by item approach is used in applying the lower of cost and net realisable value. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated cost of completion and applicable variable selling expenses.

(15) Investments accounted for using equity method / associates

- A. Associates are all entities over which the Group has significant influence but not control. In general, it is presumed that the investor has significant influence, if an investor holds, directly or indirectly 20 percent or more of the voting power of the investee. Investments in associates are accounted for using the equity method and are initially recognised at cost.
- B. The Group's share of its associates' post-acquisition profits or losses is recognised in profit or loss, and its share of post-acquisition movements in other comprehensive income is recognised in other comprehensive income. When the Group's share of losses in an associate equals or exceeds its interest in the associate, including any other unsecured receivables, the Group does not recognise further losses, unless it has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate.
- C. When changes in an associate's equity do not arise from profit or loss or other comprehensive income of the associate and such changes do not affect the Group's ownership percentage of the associate, the Group recognises the Group's share of change in equity of the associate in 'capital surplus' in proportion to its ownership.
- D. Unrealised gains on transactions between the Group and its associates are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in the associates. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of associates have been adjusted where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.
- E. When the Group disposes its investment in an associate and loses significant influence over this associate, the amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to the associate, are reclassified to profit or loss, on the same basis as would be required if the relevant assets or liabilities were disposed of. If it retains significant influence over this associate, the amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to the associate are reclassified to profit or loss proportionately in accordance with the aforementioned approach.

(16) Property, plant and equipment

- A. Property, plant and equipment are initially recorded at cost.
- B. Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to profit or loss during the financial period in which they are incurred.
- C. Land is not depreciated. Other property, plant and equipment apply cost model and are

depreciated using the straight-line method to allocate their cost over their estimated useful lives. Each part of an item of property, plant, and equipment with a cost that is significant in relation to the total cost of the item must be depreciated separately.

D. The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each financial year-end. If expectations for the assets' residual values and useful lives differ from previous estimates or the patterns of consumption of the assets' future economic benefits embodied in the assets have changed significantly, any change is accounted for as a change in estimate under IAS 8, 'Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors', from the date of the change. The estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment are as follows:

Buildings and structures	$2 \sim 55$	years
Machinery	$2 \sim 20$	years
Maintenance equipment and tools	2~5	years
Office equipment	$2 \sim 30$	years
Transportation equipment	$4 \sim 5$	years
Leasehold improvements	3~5	years or lease period (whichever is shorter)
Others	2~3	years

(17) <u>Leasing arrangements (lessee) — right-of-use assets/ lease liabilities</u>

- A. Leases are recognised as a right-of-use asset and a corresponding lease liability at the date at which the leased asset is available for use by the Group. For short-term leases or leases of low-value assets, lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.
- B. Lease liabilities include the net present value of the remaining lease payments at the commencement date, discounted using the incremental borrowing interest rate.

Lease payments are comprised of the following:

- (a) Fixed payments, less any lease incentives receivable;
- (b) Payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the lessee exercising that option.

The Group subsequently measures the lease liability at amortised cost using the interest method and recognises interest expense over the lease term. The lease liability is remeasured and the amount of remeasurement is recognised as an adjustment to the right-of-use asset when there are changes in the lease term or lease payments and such changes do not arise from contract modifications.

- C. At the commencement date, the right-of-use asset is stated at cost comprising the following:
 - (a) The amount of the initial measurement of lease liability;
 - (b) Any lease payments made at or before the commencement date;
 - (c) Any initial direct costs incurred by the lessee; and
 - (d) An estimate of costs to be incurred by the lessee in dismantling and removing the underlying

asset, restoring the site on which it is located or restoring the underlying asset to the condition required by the terms and conditions of the lease.

The right-of-use asset is measured subsequently using the cost model and is depreciated from the commencement date to the earlier of the end of the asset's useful life or the end of the lease term. When the lease liability is remeasured, the amount of remeasurement is recognised as an adjustment to the right-of-use asset.

D. For lease modifications that decrease the scope of the lease, the lessee shall decrease the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset to reflect the partial or full termination of the lease, and recognise the difference between remeasured lease liability in profit or loss.

(18) Investment property

An investment property is stated initially at its cost and measured subsequently using the cost model. Except for land, investment property is depreciated on a straight-line basis over its estimated useful life of 50 years.

(19) <u>Intangible assets</u>

Intangible assets, mainly computer software and patent rights, are amortised on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives of $1 \sim 10$ years.

(20) Impairment of non-financial assets

The Group assesses at each balance sheet date the recoverable amounts of those assets where there is an indication that they are impaired. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell or value in use. When the circumstances or reasons for recognising impairment loss for an asset in prior years no longer exist or diminish the impairment loss is reversed. The increased carrying amount due to reversal should not be more than what the depreciated or amortised historical cost would have been if the impairment had not been recognised.

(21) Borrowings

Borrowings comprise long-term and short-term bank borrowings. Borrowings are recognised initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently stated at amortised cost; any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognised in profit or loss over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.

(22) Notes and accounts payable

- A. Accounts payable are liabilities for purchases of raw materials, goods or services and notes payable are those resulting from operating and non-operating activities.
- B. The short-term notes and accounts payable without bearing interest are subsequently measured at initial invoice amount as the effect of discounting is immaterial.

(23) Convertible bonds payable

Convertible bonds issued by the Group contain conversion options (that is, the bondholders have the right to convert the bonds into the Group's common shares by exchanging a fixed amount of cash for a fixed number of common shares), call options and put options. The Group classifies the bonds payable upon issuance as a financial asset, a financial liability or an equity instrument in accordance with the contract terms. They are accounted for as follows:

- A. The embedded call options and put options are recognised initially at net fair value as 'financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss'. They are subsequently remeasured and stated at fair value on each balance sheet date; the gain or loss is recognised as 'gain or loss on valuation of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss'.
- B. The host contracts of bonds are initially recognised at fair value. Any difference between the initial recognition and the redemption value is accounted for as the premium or discount on bonds payable and subsequently is amortised in profit or loss as an adjustment to 'finance costs' over the period of circulation using the effective interest method.
- C. The embedded conversion options which meet the definition of an equity instrument are initially recognised in 'capital surplus—share options' at the residual amount of total issue price less the amount of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss and bonds payable or as stated above. Conversion options are not subsequently remeasured.
- D. Any transaction costs directly attributable to the issuance are allocated to each liability or equity component in proportion to the initial carrying amount of each abovementioned item.
- E. When bondholders exercise conversion options, the liability component of the bonds (including 'bonds payable' and 'financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss') shall be remeasured on the conversion date. The issuance cost of converted common shares is the total book value of the abovementioned liability component and 'capital surplus—share options'.

(24) Derecognition of financial liabilities

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation specified in the contract is either discharged or cancelled or expires.

(25) Non-hedging and embedded derivatives

Non-hedging derivatives are initially recognised at fair value on the date a derivative contract is entered into and recorded as financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss. They are subsequently remeasured at fair value and the gains or losses are recognised in profit or loss.

(26) Provisions

Provisions (including warranties) are recognised when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, and it is probable that an outflow of economic resources will be required to settle the obligation and the amount of the obligation can be reliably estimated. Provisions are measured at the present value of the expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation on the balance sheet date, which is discounted using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects the current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the obligation. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to passage of time is recognised as interest expense. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses.

(27) Employee benefits

A. Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits are measured at the undiscounted amount of the benefits expected to be paid in respect of service rendered by employees in a period and should be recognised as expense in that period when the employees render service.

B. Pensions

Defined contribution plans

For defined contribution plans, the contributions are recognised as pension expense when they are due on an accrual basis. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent of a cash refund or a reduction in the future payments.

C. Termination benefits

Termination benefits are employee benefits provided in exchange for the termination of employment as a result from either the Company's decision to terminate an employee's employment before the normal retirement date, or an employee's decision to accept an offer of redundancy benefits in exchange for the termination of employment. The Company recognises expense as it can no longer withdraw an offer of termination benefits or it recognises relating restructuring costs, whichever is earlier. Benefits that are expected to be due more than 12 months after balance sheet date shall be discounted to their present value.

D. Employees' compensation and directors' and supervisors' remuneration

Employees' compensation and directors' and supervisors' remuneration are recognised as expense and liability, provided that such recognition is required under legal or constructive obligation and those amounts can be reliably estimated. Any difference between the resolved amounts and the subsequently actual distributed amounts is accounted for as changes in estimates. If employee compensation is paid by shares, the Company calculates the number of shares based on the closing price at the previous day of the board meeting resolution.

(28) Employee share-based payment

For the equity-settled share-based payment arrangements, the employee services received are measured at the fair value of the equity instruments granted at the grant date and are recognised as compensation cost over the vesting period, with a corresponding adjustment to equity. The fair value of the equity instruments granted shall reflect the impact of market vesting conditions and non-vesting conditions. Compensation cost is subject to adjustment based on the service conditions that are expected to be satisfied and the estimates of the number of equity instruments that are expected to vest under the non-market vesting conditions at each balance sheet date. Ultimately, the amount of compensation cost recognised is based on the number of equity instruments that eventually vest.

(29) Income tax

- A. The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income, in which cases the tax is recognised in other comprehensive income.
- B. The current income tax expense is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date in the countries where the Company and its subsidiaries operate and generate taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in accordance with applicable tax regulations. It establishes provisions where appropriate based on the amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities. An additional tax is levied on the unappropriated retained earnings and is recorded as income tax expense in the year the stockholders resolve to retain the earnings.
- C. Deferred tax is recognised, using the balance sheet liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated balance sheet. However, the deferred tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of goodwill or of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss and does not give rise to equal taxable and deductible temporary differences. Deferred tax is provided on temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries and associates, except where the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference is controlled by the Group and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date and are expected to apply when the related deferred tax asset is realised or the deferred tax liability is settled.
- D. Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised. At each balance sheet date, unrecognised and recognised deferred tax assets are reassessed.
- E. The interim period income tax expense is recognised based on the estimated average annual effective income tax rate expected for the full financial year applied to the pretax income of the interim period, and the related information is disclosed accordingly.

F. If a change in tax rate is enacted or substantively enacted in an interim period, the Group recognises the effect of the change immediately in the interim period in which the change occurs. The effect of the change on items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised in other comprehensive income or equity while the effect of the change on items recognised in profit or loss is recognised in profit or loss.

(30) Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or stock options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

(31) Revenue recognition

Sales of goods

- A. The Group manufactures and sells automobile electronics products and power management products. Sales are recognised when control of the products has transferred, being when the products are delivered to the customer, the customer has full discretion over the channel and price to sell the products, and there is no unfulfilled obligation that could affect the customer's acceptance of the products. Delivery occurs when the products have been shipped to the specific location, the risks of obsolescence and loss have been transferred to the customer, and either the customer has accepted the products in accordance with the sales contract, or the Group has objective evidence that all criteria for acceptance have been satisfied.
- B. A receivable is recognised when the goods are delivered as this is the point in time that the consideration is unconditional because only the passage of time is required before the payment is due.

(32) Government grants

Government grants are recognised at their fair value only when there is reasonable assurance that the Group will comply with any conditions attached to the grants and the grants will be received. Government grants are recognised in profit or loss on a systematic basis over the periods in which the Group recognises expenses for the related costs for which the grants are intended to compensate.

(33) Operating segments

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision-maker. The Group's chief operating decision-maker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as the Board of Directors that makes strategic decisions.

5. <u>CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS</u>, <u>ESTIMATES AND KEY SOURCES OF ASSUMPTION UNCERTAINTY</u>

The preparation of these consolidated financial statements requires management to make critical judgements in applying the Group's accounting policies and make critical assumptions and estimates concerning future events. Assumptions and estimates may differ from the actual results and are continually evaluated and adjusted based on historical experience and other factors. Such assumptions and estimates have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets

and liabilities within the next financial year; and the related information is addressed below:

(1) <u>Critical judgements in applying the Group's accounting policies</u> None.

(2) Critical accounting estimates and assumptions

Evaluation of inventories

As inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value, the Group must determine the net realisable value of inventories on balance sheet date using judgements and estimates. Due to the rapid technology innovation, the Group evaluates the amounts of normal inventory consumption, obsolete inventories or inventories without market selling value on balance sheet date, and writes down the cost of inventories to the net realisable value. Such an evaluation of inventories is principally based on the demand for the products within the specified period in the future. Therefore, there might be material changes to the evaluation.

6. DETAILS OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTS

(1) Cash and cash equivalents

	March 31, 2024		December 31, 2023		March 31, 2023	
Cash on hand and revolving funds	\$	773	\$	802	\$	945
Checking accounts and demand						
deposits		1,448,697		820,128		980,811
Time deposits		676,000		1,343,395		521,800
	\$	2,125,470	\$	2,164,325	\$	1,503,556

- A. The Group transacts with a variety of financial institutions all with high credit quality to disperse credit risk, so it expects that the probability of counterparty default is remote.
- B. As of March 31, 2024, December 31, 2023 and March 31, 2023, cash and cash equivalents amounting to \$16,700, \$16,700 and \$121,201, respectively, were pledged to others as collateral on short-term and long-term borrowings and were classified as financial assets at amortised cost.

(2) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Items	Marc	ch 31, 2024	Decem	ber 31, 2023	Marc	h 31, 2023
Current items:						
Financial assets mandatorily						
measured at fair value						
through profit or loss						
Derivatives	\$	-	\$	121	\$	313
Listed stocks		3,571		_		-
Valuation adjustment	(219)		_		
	\$	3,352	\$	121	\$	313
Non-current items:						
Financial assets mandatorily						
measured at fair value						
through profit or loss						
Private equity fund	\$	30,000	\$	21,000	\$	12,000
Valuation adjustment		2,717		4,103		1,423
	\$	32,717	\$	25,103	\$	13,423

A. Amounts recognised in profit or loss in relation to financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are listed below:

	Three months ended March 31, 2024		nonths ended h 31, 2023
Financial assets mandatorily measured at fair value			
through profit or loss			
Debt instruments	(\$	1,386)	\$ 963
Equity instruments	(200)	-
Derivatives	(121)	 174
	(\$	1,707)	\$ 1,137

- B. As of December 31, 2023 and March 31, 2023, derivatives are forward foreign exchange contracts to sell USD to hedge exchange rate risk of export proceeds (buy RMB/sell USD) and call options of the convertible bonds issued by the Company, respectively,
- C. The Group had no financial assets at fair value through profit or loss pledged to others as collateral.
- D. Information relating to credit risk of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss is provided in Note 12(2).

(3) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

Items	Mar	March 31, 2024		mber 31, 2023	March 31, 2023	
Non-current items:						
Equity instruments						
Listed stocks	\$	5,693	\$	12,042	\$	21,514
Emerging stocks		60,786		60,786		-
Unlisted stocks		231,426		229,216		180,459
		297,905		302,044		201,973
Valuation adjustment	(37,101)	(70,588)	()	46,295)
	\$	260,804	\$	231,456	\$	155,678

- A. The Group has elected to classify equity investments that are considered to be strategic investments as financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income.
- B. For the three months ended March 31, 2024 and 2023, the Company has disposed stock of the investee company. Realised gain has been transferred to retained earnings from other equity.
- C. Amounts recognised in profit or loss and other comprehensive income in relation to the financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are listed below:

	nonths ended h 31, 2024	Three months ended March 31, 2023		
Equity instruments at fair value through other				
comprehensive income				
Fair value change recognised in other				
comprehensive income	\$ 57,246	\$	6,726	
Cumulative gains reclassified to retained earnings				
due to derecognition	\$ 25,238	\$		

- D. Without taking into account any collateral held or other credit enhancements, the maximum exposure to credit risk in respect of the amount that best represents the financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income held by the Group were \$260,804, \$231,456 and \$155,678 as at March 31, 2024, December 31, 2023 and March 31, 2023, respectively.
- E. The Group had no financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income pledged to others as collateral.
- F. Information relating to credit risk of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income is provided in Note 12(2).

(4) Financial assets at amortised cost

Items	Marc	ch 31, 2024	Decem	ber 31, 2023	Mar	ch 31, 2023
Current items: Pledged time deposits	\$		\$		\$	103,501
Non-current items: Pledged time deposits	\$	16,700	\$	16,700	\$	17,700

A. Amounts recognised in profit or loss in relation to financial assets at amortised cost are listed below:

	Three m	Three months ended			
	March	31, 2024	Marcl	h 31, 2023	
Interest income	\$	1,986	\$	1,780	

- B. As at March 31, 2024, December 31, 2023 and March 31, 2023, without taking into account any collateral held or other credit enhancements, the maximum exposure to credit risk in respect of the amount that best represents the financial assets at amortised cost held by the Group were \$16,700, \$16,700 and \$121,201, respectively.
- C. Details of the Group's financial assets at amortised cost pledged to others as collateral are provided in Note 8.

(5) Notes and accounts receivable

	Ma	rch 31, 2024	Decen	nber 31, 2023	Ma	rch 31, 2023
Notes receivable	\$	2,932	\$	4,492	\$	7,160
Less: Allowance for uncollectible	(22)	(45)	(50)
accounts	(23)	(45)	(59)
	\$	2,909	\$	4,447	\$	7,101
Accounts receivable	\$	1,116,940	\$	981,587	\$	1,071,614
Less: Allowance for uncollectible						
accounts	(9,784)	(11,065)	(11,740)
	\$	1,107,156	\$	970,522	\$	1,059,874

A. The ageing analysis of accounts receivable and notes receivable that were past due but not impaired is as follows:

	 March 31, 2024			December 31, 2023			
	 Accounts receivable		Notes receivable		Accounts receivable		Notes receivable
Not past due	\$ 857,262	\$	2,909	\$	706,447	\$	4,447
Up to 30 days	103,770		-		89,906		-
31 to 120 days	134,698		-		165,400		-
121 to 180 days	10,916		-		274		-
Over 180 days	 510				8,495		
	\$ 1,107,156	\$	2,909	\$	970,522	\$	4,447

	March 31, 2023				
		Accounts		Notes	
		receivable		receivable	
Not past due	\$	751,038	\$	7,101	
Up to 30 days		137,378		-	
31 to 120 days		120,811		-	
121 to 180 days		49,601		-	
Over 180 days		1,046			
	\$	1,059,874	\$	7,101	

The above ageing analysis was based on past due date.

- B. As of March 31, 2024, December 31, 2023 and March 31, 2023, accounts receivable and notes receivable were all from contracts with customers. And as of January 1, 2023, the balance of receivables from contracts with customers amounted to \$927,395.
- C. As at March 31, 2024, December 31, 2023 and March 31, 2023, without taking into account any collateral held or other credit enhancements, the maximum exposure to credit risk in respect of the amount that best represents the Group's notes receivable were \$2,909, \$4,447 and \$7,101, respectively; the maximum exposure to credit risk in respect of the amount that best represents the Group's accounts receivable were \$1,107,156, \$970,522 and \$1,059,874, respectively.
- D. Information relating to credit risk of accounts receivable and notes receivable is provided in Note 12(2).

(6) <u>Inventories</u>

	March 31, 2024							
	Allowance for							
		Cost	valı	uation loss		Book value		
Raw materials	\$	247,729	(\$	23,995)	\$	223,734		
Work in progress		63,627		-		63,627		
Finished goods		77,024	(4,711)		72,313		
	\$	388,380	(\$	28,706)	\$	359,674		
			Decen	nber 31, 2023				
			Alle	owance for				
		Cost	valı	uation loss		Book value		
Raw materials	\$	262,573	(\$	21,590)	\$	240,983		
Work in progress		80,484		-		80,484		
Finished goods		53,443	(4,784)		48,659		
	\$	396,500	(\$	26,374)	\$	370,126		

		Mar	ch 31, 2023					
	Allowance for							
	 Cost valua				Book value			
Raw materials	\$ 317,752	(\$	25,156)	\$	292,596			
Work in progress	51,876		-		51,876			
Finished goods	 141,634	(11,841)		129,793			
	\$ 511,262	(\$	36,997)	\$	474,265			

The cost of inventories recognised as expense for the period:

	Three i	Three months ended		
	Marc	ch 31, 2024	Mai	rch 31, 2023
Cost of goods sold	\$	685,294	\$	666,945
Loss on decline in market value		2,615		1,812
	\$	687,909	\$	668,757

The Group had no inventories pledged to others as collateral.

(7) Investments accounted for using equity method

	_	2024	2023		
At January 1	\$	127,494	\$ -		
Share of profit or loss of investments acc	counted				
for using equity method	(_	1,838)			
At March 31	<u>\$</u>	125,656	\$ -		
	March 31, 2024	December 31, 2023	March 31, 2023		
Associates:					
Leadray Energy CO., LTD	\$ 125,656	\$ 127,494	<u> </u>		

A. Associates

(a) The basic information of the associates that are material to the Group is as follows:

	Principal place			Nature of	Methods of
Company name	of business	Sharehol	ding ratio	relationship	measurement
		March 31, 2024	December 31, 2023		
Leadray Energy CO., LTD	R.O.C.	35%	35%	Strategic Investment	Equity method
			March 31, 2023		

(b) The carrying amount of the Group's interests in all individually immaterial associates and the Group's share of the operating results are summarised below:

As of March 31, 2024, and December 31, 2023, the carrying amount of the Group's individually immaterial associates were \$125,656 and \$0, respectively.

	Three months	ended	Three months ended		
	March 31,	2024	March 31, 2023		
Loss for the period from continuing operations	(\$	5,083)	\$ -		
Total comprehensive loss	(\$	5,083)	\$		

(c) The Group is the single largest shareholder of Leadray Energy CO., Ltd. Given that other shareholders hold more shares than the Group and considering the past records of the number of voting rights held by other shareholders on the major proposals in the shareholders' meeting, both of which indicate that the Group has no substantial ability to direct the operating and financial decisions, the Group has no control, but only has significant influence, over the investee.

(8) Property, plant and equipment

									2024							
		F	Buildings			Ma	intenance									_
			and			eg	luipment		Office	Tr	ransportation L	easehold				
	 Land	S	tructures	N	1achinery	a	nd tools	ec	quipment	_(equipment imp	provements	Othe	rs		Total
At January 1																
Cost	\$ 18,807	\$	312,056	\$	505,858	\$	20,336	\$	145,574	\$	20,780 \$	23,802	\$ 32	,947	\$ 1	,080,160
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	_	(138,689)	(224,656)	(14,769)	(94,165)	(10,700) (21,675)	(20	,729)	(525,383)
I	\$ 18,807	\$	173,367	\$	281,202	\$	5,567	\$	51,409	\$	10,080 \$	2,127	\$ 12	,218	\$	554,777
Opening net book amount																
as at January 1	\$ 18,807	\$	173,367	\$	281,202	\$	5,567	\$	51,409	\$	10,080 \$	2,127	\$ 12	,218	\$	554,777
Additions	-		-		20,597		37		1,218		-	-		289		22,141
Transfer	-		-		23,707		-		-		-	-		-		23,707
Depreciation charge	-	(2,412)	(21,134)	(597)	(4,716)	(915) (365)	(1	,670)	(31,809)
Net exchange differences	 				2,829		98		845		66	35				3,873
Closing net book amount as at March 31	\$ 18,807	\$	170,955	\$	307,201	\$	5,105	\$	48,756	\$	9,231 \$	1,797	\$ 10	,837	\$	572,689
At March 31																
Cost	\$ 18,807	\$	312,001	\$	552,010	\$	20,675	\$	149,004	\$	20,966 \$	21,652	\$ 33	,211	\$ 1	,128,326
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	 <u>-</u>	(141,046)	(244,809)	(15,570)	(100,248)	(11,735) (19,855)	(22	,374)	()	555,637)
•	\$ 18,807	\$	170,955	\$	307,201	\$	5,105	\$	48,756	\$	9,231 \$	1,797	\$ 10	,837	\$	572,689

20	2	
20	123	

										2023						
			F	Buildings			Ma	intenance								
				and			eq	uipment		Office	Tı	ransportation	Leasehold			
		Land	S	tructures	N	l achinery	aı	nd tools	e	quipment		equipment is	improvements		Others	Total
At January 1																
Cost	\$	18,807	\$	306,326	\$	355,523	\$	16,639	\$	151,184	\$	8 18,134	\$ 23,769	\$	23,081 \$	913,463
Accumulated depreciation																
and impairment			(133,870)	(188,672)	(12,311)	(81,622)	(_	7,431) ($(\underline{20,577})$	(15,919) (460,402)
•	\$	18,807	\$	172,456	\$	166,851	\$	4,328	\$	69,562	\$	10,703	\$ 3,192	\$	7,162 \$	453,061
Opening net book amount																
as at January 1	\$	18,807	\$	172,456	\$	166,851	\$	4,328	\$	69,562	\$	5 10,703	\$ 3,192	\$	7,162 \$	453,061
Additions		-		10,444		18,278		1,569		3,154		-	-		600	34,045
Disposals		-		-		-		- ((2))	-	-		- (2)
Depreciation charge		-	(2,075)	(10,542)	(740) ((5,799)	(785) ((536)	(1,058) (21,535)
Net exchange differences					_	409		20	_	345	_	27	18			819
Closing net book amount																
as at March 31	\$	18,807	\$	180,825	\$	174,996	\$	5,177	\$	67,260	\$	9,945	\$ 2,674	\$	6,704 \$	466,388
At March 31																
Cost	\$	18,807	\$	316,770	\$	374,207	\$	18,272	\$	148,598	\$	8 18,185	\$ 23,891	\$	23,681 \$	942,411
Accumulated depreciation	•	,	•	,		,	·	,	·	,	•	,	,	·	, .	,
and impairment			(135,945)	(199,211)	(13,095)	(81,338)	(_	8,240) ((21,217)	(16,977) (476,023)
•	\$	18,807	\$	180,825	\$	174,996	\$	5,177	\$	67,260	\$	9,945	\$ 2,674	\$	6,704 \$	466,388

A. The significant components of buildings and structures include main plants and structure improvements, which are depreciated over 55 and 2~45 years, respectively.

B. Information about the property, plant and equipment that were pledged to others as collaterals is provided in Note 8.

C. The Group's property, plant and equipment were for self-use.

(9) <u>Leasing arrangements—lessee</u>

- A. The Group leases various assets including buildings and transportation equipment. Rental contracts are typically made for periods of 2 to 5 years. Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain a wide range of different terms and conditions. The lease agreements do not impose covenants, but leased assets may not be used as security for borrowing purposes and sublet without agreement.
- B. Short-term leases with a lease term of 12 months or less comprise offices. On March 31, 2024, December 31, 2023 and March 31, 2023, payments of lease commitments for short-term leases amounted to \$1,638, \$1,731 and \$1,201, respectively.
- C. The carrying amount of right-of-use assets and the depreciation charge are as follows:

	March	n 31, 2024	Decem	ber 31, 2023	Mai	rch 31, 2023
	Carryi	ng amount	Carry	ing amount	Car	rying amount
Buildings	\$	57,237	\$	65,383	\$	18,046
Transportation equipment		5,150		5,731		4,470
	\$	62,387	\$	71,114	\$	22,516
		Th	ree mon	iths ended '		months ended
		<u>N</u>	March 3	1, 2024	Marc	ch 31, 2023
		De	preciati	on charge	Deprec	iation charge
Buildings		\$		8,359	\$	6,858
Transportation equipment				580		659
		\$		8,939	\$	7,517

- D. For the three months ended March 31, 2024 and 2023, there were no additions to right-of-use assets.
- E. The information on profit and loss accounts relating to lease contracts is as follows:

	Three m	onths ended	Three months ende March 31, 2023		
	March	31, 2024			
Items affecting profit or loss					
Interest expense on lease liabilities	\$	247	\$	95	
Expense on short-term lease contracts		213		1,201	
	\$	460	\$	1,296	

F. For the three months ended March 31, 2024 and 2023, the Group's total cash outflow for leases were \$9,157 and \$7,669, respectively.

(10) Investment property

		2023			
	Bı	uildings	Buildings		
At January 1					
Cost	\$	7,000	\$	7,000	
Accumulated depreciation	(3,112)	(2,975)	
	\$	3,888	\$	4,025	
Opening net book amount as at January 1	\$	3,888	\$	4,025	
Depreciation charge	(34)	(34)	
Closing net book amount as at March 31	\$	3,854	\$	3,991	
At March 31					
Cost	\$	7,000	\$	7,000	
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	(3,146)	(3,009)	
	\$	3,854	\$	3,991	

A. Rental income from investment property and direct operating expenses arising from investment property are shown below:

	Three mo	onths ended	Three months ended		
	March	31, 2024	March	31, 2023	
Rental income from investment property	\$	62	\$	65	
Direct operating expenses arising from the investment property that generated rental	\$	34	\$	34	
income during the period	Ψ	J 1	Ψ	J -1	

- B. The fair values of the investment property held by the Group as at March 31, 2024, December 31, 2023 and March 31, 2023 were all \$7,000, which was based on the trading prices of similar prices in the neighboring areas.
- C. The Group had no investment property pledged to others as collateral.

(11) <u>Intangible assets</u>

	2024					
	Pat	ent right	S	oftware		Total
At January 1						
Cost	\$	485	\$	95,914	\$	96,399
Accumulated amortisation and impairment	(348)	(69,423)	(69,771)
	\$	137	\$	26,491	\$	26,628
Opening net book amount as at January 1	\$	137	\$	26,491	\$	26,628
Additions—acquired separately		-		4,510		4,510
Amortisation charge	(12)	(6,947)	(6,959)
Net exchange differences		2		47		49
Closing net book amount as at March 31	\$	127	\$	24,101	\$	24,228
At March 31						
Cost	\$	494	\$	100,610	\$	101,104
Accumulated amortisation and impairment	(367)	(76,509)	(76,876)
	\$	127	\$	24,101	\$	24,228
				2023		
	——Pat	ent right	S	2023 oftware		 Total
At January 1	Pat	ent right	S			Total
At January 1 Cost	Pat	ent right	S		\$	Total 84,089
•			-	oftware	\$ (
Cost		17,901	-	66,188	\$ (84,089
Cost	\$ (17,901 17,712)	\$ (66,188 46,534)	(84,089 64,246)
Cost Accumulated amortisation and impairment	\$ (17,901 17,712) 189	\$ (<u>\$</u>	66,188 46,534) 19,654	<u>\$</u>	84,089 64,246) 19,843
Cost Accumulated amortisation and impairment Opening net book amount as at January 1	\$ (17,901 17,712) 189	\$ (\$ \$	66,188 46,534) 19,654 19,654	\$\$ \$	84,089 64,246) 19,843
Cost Accumulated amortisation and impairment Opening net book amount as at January 1 Additions—acquired separately	\$ (17,901 17,712) 189 189	\$ (\$ \$	66,188 46,534) 19,654 19,654 72	\$\$ \$	84,089 64,246) 19,843 19,843 72
Cost Accumulated amortisation and impairment Opening net book amount as at January 1 Additions—acquired separately Amortisation charge	\$ (17,901 17,712) 189 189	\$ (\$ \$	66,188 46,534) 19,654 19,654 72 5,072)	\$\$ \$	84,089 64,246) 19,843 19,843 72 5,084)
Cost Accumulated amortisation and impairment Opening net book amount as at January 1 Additions—acquired separately Amortisation charge Net exchange differences	\$ (17,901 17,712) 189 189 - 12)	\$ (<u>\$</u> \$	66,188 46,534) 19,654 19,654 72 5,072) 18	\$ \$ (84,089 64,246) 19,843 19,843 72 5,084) 18
Cost Accumulated amortisation and impairment Opening net book amount as at January 1 Additions—acquired separately Amortisation charge Net exchange differences Closing net book amount as at March 31	\$ (17,901 17,712) 189 189 - 12)	\$ (<u>\$</u> \$	66,188 46,534) 19,654 19,654 72 5,072) 18	\$ \$ (84,089 64,246) 19,843 19,843 72 5,084) 18
Cost Accumulated amortisation and impairment Opening net book amount as at January 1 Additions—acquired separately Amortisation charge Net exchange differences Closing net book amount as at March 31 At March 31	\$ (<u>\$</u> \$ (<u>\$</u>	17,901 17,712) 189 189 - 12) - 177	\$ (<u>\$</u> \$	66,188 46,534) 19,654 19,654 72 5,072) 18 14,672	\$ \$ (<u>\$</u>	84,089 64,246) 19,843 19,843 72 5,084) 18 14,849

Details of amortisation on intangible assets are as follows:

	Three m	Three months ended			
	Marcl	n 31, 2024	March 31, 2023		
Operating costs	\$	1,075	\$	230	
Selling expenses		346		489	
Administrative expenses		2,164		1,566	
Research and development expenses		3,374		2,799	
	\$	6,959	\$	5,084	

(12) Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

Items	March 31.	<u>ch 31, 2024</u> <u>Decemb</u>		er 31, 2023	March 31, 2024		
Current items:							
Financial liabilities designated as at							
fair value through profit or loss							
Derivative instruments	\$	2,900	\$	3,250	\$	_	

A. Amounts recognised in profit or loss in relation to financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are as follows:

	Three months ended	Three months ended
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Financial assets designated as at fair		
value through profit or loss		
Derivative instruments	\$ 350	\$ -

B. Derivatives are call options of the convertible bonds issued by the Company.

(13) Bonds payable

	March 31, 2024		Decen	nber 31, 2023	Mar	ch 31, 2023
Bonds payable	\$	500,000	\$	500,000	\$	446,200
Less: Discount on bonds payable	(27,705)	(30,667)	(1,995)
		472,295		469,333		444,205
Less: Current portion or exercise						
of put options				_	(444,205)
	\$	472,295	\$	469,333	\$	

A. The issuance of domestic convertible bonds by the Company:

The terms of the fifth domestic secured convertible bonds issued by the Company are as follows:

i. The Company issued \$500,000, 0% of coupon rate, fourth domestic secured convertible bonds, as approved by the regulatory authority. The bonds mature 3 years from the issue date (August 8, 2023 ~ August 8, 2026) and will be redeemed in cash at face value at the maturity date. The bonds were listed on the Taipei Exchange on August 8, 2023.

- ii. The bondholders have the right to ask for conversion of the bonds into common shares of the Company during the period from the date after 3 months (November 9, 2023) of the bonds issue to the maturity date(August 8, 2026), except for the stop transfer period as specified in the terms of the bonds or the laws/regulations. The rights and obligations of the new shares converted from the bonds are the same as the issued and outstanding common shares.
- iii. The conversion price of the bonds is set up based on the pricing model in the terms of the bonds and is subject to adjustments if the condition of the anti-dilution provisions occurs subsequently. The conversion price will be reset based on the pricing model in the terms of the bonds on each effective date regulated by the terms. If the reset conversion price is higher than the conversion price before the reset, the conversion price will not be adjusted; however, the conversion price of the convertible bonds was NT\$39.7 (in dollars) per share.
- iv. The bondholders have the right to require the Company to redeem any bonds at the price of the bonds' face value plus 0.5006% of the face value as interests upon two years from the issue date.
- v. The Company may repurchase all the bonds outstanding in cash at the bonds' face value at any time after the following events occur: (i) the closing price of the Company common shares is above the then conversion price by 30% for 30 consecutive trading days during the period from the date after three month of the bonds issue (November 9, 2023) to 40 days before the maturity date (June 29, 2026), or (ii) the outstanding balance of the bonds is less than 10% of total initial issue amount during the period from the date after three months of the bonds issue (November 9, 2023) to 40 days before the maturity date (June 29, 2026).
- vi. Under the terms of the bonds, all bonds redeemed (including bonds repurchased from the Taipei Exchange), matured and converted are retired and not to be re-issued; all rights and obligations attached to the bonds are also extinguished.
- B. Regarding the issuance of convertible bonds, the non-equity conversion options, call options, put options and conversion price resetting options embedded in bonds payable were separated from their host contracts which was classified as 'capital surplus—share options' amount to \$30,085 and were recognised in 'financial assets or liabilities at fair value through profit or loss' in net amount in accordance with IFRS 9 because the economic characteristics and risks of the embedded derivatives were not closely related to those of the host contracts. The effective interest rates of the bonds payable after such separation was 2.4894%.

(14) Long-term borrowings

Type of	Borrowing period	Interest			
borrowings	and repayment term	rate range	$\underline{Collatera}l$	March	31, 2024
Unsecured	Borrowing period is from December 1, 2020				
borrowings	to November 15, 2025; interest is repayable				
	monthly.	1.75%	None.	\$	20,000
	Borrowing period is from December 1, 2020				
Borrowing	to November 15, 2025; interest is repayable	1			10.150
G 1	monthly.	1.66%	None.		10,170
Secured	Borrowing period is from April 15, 2021 to				
borrowings	April 15, 2026; interest is repayable monthly.	1.5%	Note		27,875
Unsecured	Borrowing period is from May 17, 2021 to	1.570	Note		21,013
	May 17, 2026; interest is repayable monthly.				
oon ownigs	iviay 17, 2020, interest is repayable monthly.	1.5%	None.		8,798
Secured	Borrowing period is from December 29, 2021	-10/10			2,772
borrowings	to April 15, 2026; interest is repayable				
	monthly.	1.945%	Note		14,733
	Borrowing period is from March 30, 2022 to				
borrowings	March 30, 2027; interest is repayable				
	monthly.	1.695%	None.		27,600
Secured	Borrowing period is from April 15, 2022 to				
borrowings	April 15, 2027; interest is repayable monthly.	1 650/	NT 4		20.600
Caaymad	Domesting period is from May 16, 2022 to	1.65%	Note		29,600
Secured	Borrowing period is from May 16, 2022 to May 16, 2027; interest is repayable monthly.				
bollowings	way 10, 2027, interest is repayable monthly.	1.43%	Note		50,667
Secured	Borrowing period is from October 17, 2022	1.1570	11010		30,007
	to October 15, 2027; interest is repayable				
<i>8</i>	monthly.	1.5%	Note		16,420
Secured	Borrowing period is from March 10, 2023 to				
borrowings	October 15, 2027; interest is repayable				
	monthly.	1.5%	Note		19,904
Secured	Borrowing period is from September 12,				
borrowings	2023 to October 15, 2027; interest is				
a 1	repayable monthly.	1.5%	Note		27,785
Secured	Borrowing period is from December 26, 2023				
borrowings	to December 26, 2028; interest is repayable	1.35%	Note		29,146
	monthly.	1.5570	11010		282,698
Less: Curre	ent portion			(101,387)
2000. 00110	r			\$	181,311
				Ψ	101,511

Type of	Borrowing period	Interest			
borrowings	and repayment term	rate range	Collateral	December	r 31, 202
	Borrowing period is from December 1, 2020				
borrowings	to November 15, 2025; interest is repayable			_	
TT 1	monthly.	1.75%	None.	\$	23,000
	Borrowing period is from December 1, 2020				
Borrowing	to November 15, 2025; interest is repayable monthly.	1.66%	None.		11,695
Secured	Borrowing period is from April 15, 2021 to	1.00%	None.		11,093
	April 15, 2026; interest is repayable monthly.				
oon ownigs	Tipin 13, 2020, interest is repayable monthly.	2%	Note		31,220
Unsecured	Borrowing period is from May 17, 2021 to	_,,	1,000		01,220
	May 17, 2026; interest is repayable monthly.				
		2%	None.		9,854
Secured	Borrowing period is from December 29, 2021				
borrowings	to April 15, 2026; interest is repayable				
	monthly.	1.945%	Note		16,433
	Borrowing period is from March 30, 2022 to				
borrowings	March 30, 2027; interest is repayable				
a 1	monthly.	1.695%	None.		29,900
Secured	Borrowing period is from April 15, 2022 to				
borrowings	April 15, 2027; interest is repayable monthly.	1 650/	Note		22,000
Secured	Borrowing period is from May 16, 2022 to	1.65%	Note		32,000
	May 16, 2027; interest is repayable monthly.				
borro wings	10, 2027, interest is repayable monthly.	1.93%	Note		54,667
Secured	Borrowing period is from October 17, 2022	1.7570	11000		2 1,007
	to October 15, 2027; interest is repayable				
C	monthly.	1.5%	Note		17,566
Secured	Borrowing period is from March 10, 2023 to				
borrowings	October 15, 2027; interest is repayable				
	monthly.	1.5%	Note		21,293
Secured	Borrowing period is from September 12,				
borrowings	2023 to October 15, 2027; interest is				
	repayable monthly.	1.5%	Note		29,723
Secured	Borrowing period is from December 26, 2023				
borrowings	to December 26, 2028; interest is repayable	1.85%	Note		30,680
	monthly.	1.03/0	Note	-	
Less: Curre	ent portion			(308,031 100,953)
Less. Cull	one portion			•	
				\$	207,078

Type of	Borrowing period	Interest		
borrowings	and repayment term	rate range	$\underline{Collatera}l$	March 31, 2023
Unsecured	Borrowing period is from May 20, 2020 to			
borrowings	May 20, 2023; interest is repayable monthly.			
		1.77%	None.	\$ 1,111
	Borrowing period is from December 1, 2020			
borrowings	to November 15, 2025; interest is repayable			
	monthly.	1.5%	None.	32,000
	Borrowing period is from December 1, 2020			
Borrowing	to November 15, 2025; interest is repayable	1 410/	N.T.	1 < 0.771
G 1	monthly.	1.41%	None.	16,271
Secured	Borrowing period is from April 15, 2021 to			
borrowings	April 15, 2026; interest is repayable monthly.	1.875%	Note	41 255
Unsacurad	Borrowing period is from May 17, 2021 to	1.873%	Note	41,255
	May 17, 2026; interest is repayable monthly.			
bollowings	17, 2020, interest is repayable monthly.	1.82%	None.	21,533
Secured	Borrowing period is from December 29, 2021	1.0270	rvone.	21,555
	to April 15, 2026; interest is repayable			
0 0 1 1 0 1 1 1 1 2 2	monthly.	1.875%	Note	13,021
Unsecured	Borrowing period is from March 30, 2022 to			,
	March 30, 2027; interest is repayable			
_	monthly.	1.445%	None.	36,800
Secured	Borrowing period is from April 15, 2022 to			
borrowings	April 15, 2027; interest is repayable			
	monthly.	1.525%	Note	39,200
Secured	Borrowing period is from May 16, 2022 to			
borrowings	May 16, 2027; interest is repayable			
	monthly.	1.805%	Note	66,667
Secured	Borrowing period is from October 17, 2022			
borrowings	to October 15, 2027; interest is repayable	1.0550/	3.7	21.002
0 1	monthly.	1.375%	Note	21,003
Secured	Borrowing period is from March 10, 2023 to			
borrowings	October 15, 2027; interest is repayable monthly.	1.375%	Note	25,459
	monthly.	1.57570	11010	314,320
Less: Curre	ent portion			(87,740)
Loss. Carr	Formon			\$ 226,580
				Ψ 220,300

Note: Information about the assets that were pledged to long-term borrowings as collaterals is provided in Note 8.

A. For the three months ended March 31, 2024 and 2023, interest expense recognised in profit or loss amounted to \$1,168 and \$1,145, respectively.

B. Aforementioned borrowings from financial institutions are guaranteed by related parties as joint guarantor, please refer to Note 7 for details.

(15) Other payables

	_Mar	ch 31, 2024	Decen	nber 31, 2023	March 31, 2023		
Wages and salaries payable	\$	111,077	\$	129,886	\$	84,160	
Payables for machinery and equipment		6,616		30,067		10,316	
Others		75,108		83,335		58,101	
	\$	192,801	\$	243,288	\$	152,577	

(16) Pensions

- A. Effective July 1, 2005, the Company and its domestic subsidiaries have established a defined contribution pension plan (the "New Plan") under the Labor Pension Act (the "Act"), covering all regular employees with R.O.C. nationality. Under the New Plan, the Company and its domestic subsidiaries contribute monthly an amount based on 6% of the employees' monthly salaries and wages to the employees' individual pension accounts at the Bureau of Labor Insurance. The benefits accrued are paid monthly or in lump sum upon termination of employment.
- B. The second-tier subsidiary, SYSGRATION ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGY (HUIZHOU) CO., LTD. and the third-tier subsidiary, SYSGRATION ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGY (ZHENJIANG) CO., LTD. have defined contribution pension plans under local regulations.
- C. The pension costs under defined contribution pension plans of the Group for the three months ended March 31, 2024 and 2023 were \$6,226 and \$5,615, respectively.

(17) Share-based payment

A. On November 12, 2019 and December 27, 2016, the Board of Directors of the Company resolved to issue employees' options of 5,000 units (every unit can purchase 1,000 shares of the Company's common share, the total number of common shares which can be purchased was 5,000,000 shares with the exercise price of \$33.80 (in dollars)) and 4,500 units (every unit can purchase 1,000 shares of the Company's common share, the total number of common shares which can be purchased was 4,500,000 shares with the exercise price of \$10.00 (in dollars)), except for the 4,731 units were issued out of 5,000 units on August 20, 2020, others were issued 5,000 units on October 15, 2018. The exercise price under the aforementioned stock-based employee compensation plan is at least the closing price of the Company's common stock at the grant date. There will be adjustment to the exercise price in accordance with specific formula if there is any change in the Company's ordinary shares or distribution of cash dividend after the issuance of stock options. The life of the option is 5 years. After 2 years from the date of grant, employees may exercise the options in accordance with certain schedules as prescribed in the option plan.

- B. To attract and retain talents, encourage employees and strengthen coherence of the Company, the Board of Directors at their meeting on October 18, 2022 resolved to issue employees' stock options of 10,000 units. The issuance had been approved by the competent authority and could be issued over several installments within two years. The first issuance of 7,000 units was on July 7, 2023 (every unit can purchase 1,000 shares of the Company's common share, the total number of common shares which can be purchased was 7,000,000 shares with exercise price of \$38.55 (in dollars)).
- C. As of March 31, 2024, the Group's share-based payment arrangements were as follows:

		Quantity	Contract	
Type of arrangement	Grant date	granted	period	Vesting conditions
Employee stock options	2020.08.20	4,731	5 years	2 ~ 4 years' service
Employee stock options	2023.07.07	7,000	5 years	2 ~ 4 years' service

- D. Details of the share-based payment arrangements are as follows:
 - (a). Employees' options which were issued in 2023

	2024					
		Weighted-				
	No. of	average				
	options	exercise price				
	(in thousands)	(in dollars)				
Options outstanding at						
January 1	6,246	\$ 38.55				
Options granted	-	-				
Options exercised	-	-				
Options forfeited (Note)	(-				
Options outstanding at						
March 31	6,226	\$ 38.55				
Options exercisable at						
March 31						

Note: Due to employees' retirement or termination.

(b). Employees' options which were issued in 2020

		2024				2023			
	No. of			Weighted- average		NIC		Weighted- average	
		options	exercise price		No. of options		exercise price		
	(in	thousands)	(in dollars)		(in thousands)		(in dollars)		
Options outstanding									
at January 1		1,927	\$	33.80		2,424	\$	33.80	
Options granted		-		-		-		-	
Options exercised	(11)		33.80	(88)		33.80	
Options forfeited (Note)	_	<u>-</u>		-	(_	34)		-	
Options outstanding at									
March 31	_	1,916	\$	33.80	_	2,302	\$	33.80	
Options exercisable at March 31	_	1,040			_	516			

Note: Due to employees' retirement or termination.

(c). Employees' options which were issued in 2018

	2	024	2023			
	No. of options (in thousands)	Weighted- average exercise price (in dollars)	No. of options (in thousands)	Weighted- average exercise price (in dollars)		
Options outstanding at January 1 Options granted	-	\$ -	336	\$ 10.00		
Options exercised	-	-	(7)	10.00		
Options forfeited (Note)		-	(38)	-		
Options outstanding at March 31		\$ -	291	\$ 10.00		
Options exercisable at March 31			291			

Note: Due to employees' retirement or termination.

E. The expiry date and exercise price of stock options outstanding at balance sheet date are as follows:

		March 3		December	31, 20)23	
Issue date		No. of shares Exercise price		No. of shares	Exerc	ise price	
approved	_Expiry date	(in thousands)	(in do	llars)	(in thousands)	(in (dollars)
2018.10.15	2023.10.14	-	\$	10.00	-	\$	10.00
2020.08.20	2025.08.19	1,916		33.80	1,927		33.80
2023.07.07	2028.07.06	6,226		38.55	6,246		38.55
					March 3	1, 202	3
Issue date					No. of shares	Exerc	ise price
approved	Expiry date				(in thousands)	(in	dollars)
2018.10.15	2023.10.14				291	\$	10.00
2020.08.20	2025.08.19				2,302		33.80

F. The fair value of stock options granted on grant date is measured using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model. Relevant information is as follows:

			Expected	Expected		Risk-free	
Type of		Exercise	price	option	Expected	interest	Fair value
arrangement	Grant date	price	volatility	life	dividends	rate	per unit
Employee stock options	2018.10.15	\$10.00	43.64% ~44.73%	3.5~4.5 years	0%	0.69% ~0.73%	\$ 1.90 ~2.19
Employee stock options	2020.08.20	33.80	49.75% ~53.32%	3.5~4.5 years	0%	0.28% ~0.31%	13.02 ~13.74
Employee stock options	2023.07.07	38.55	46.02%	3.5~4.5 years	0%	1.07% ~1.10%	13.33 ~15.04

G. Expenses incurred on share-based payment transactions are shown below:

(1

Used during the period

At March 31

	Three n	Three months ended			
	March	March 31, 2024			
Equity-settled	<u>\$</u>	6,664	\$	2,708	
18) <u>Provisions</u>					
		2024 Warranty			
	$\underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ W				
At January 1	\$	39,323	\$	21,246	
Additional provisions		13,720		6,222	

The Group gives warranties on automobile electronics products sold. Provision for warranty is estimated based on historical warranty data of the product. It is expected that provision will be used within the next year.

10,610)

16,858

40,859 \$

(19) Share capital

A. As of March 31, 2024, the Company's authorised capital was \$3,000,000, consisting of 300,000 thousand shares of ordinary stock (including 20,000 thousand shares reserved for employee stock options), and the paid-in capital was \$1,901,786 with a par value of \$10 (in dollars) per share. All proceeds from shares issued have been collected.

Movements in the number of the Company's ordinary shares outstanding are as follows:

	2024 (Note)	2023 (Note)
At January 1	184,585	167,061
Employee stock options exercised	87	826
Conversion of convertible bonds	5,507	136
Cash capital increase-private placement	<u>-</u>	12,600
At March 31	190,179	180,623

Note: Expressed in thousands of shares.

- B. To increase the Company's working capital, the shareholders at their meeting on April 29, 2022 resolved to conduct private placements of common shares with a par value at \$10 (in dollars) per share, and the total number of shares issued shall not exceed 25,000 thousand shares which would be issued over several installments within one year from the date of the shareholders' meeting resolution. On October 18, 2022, the Board of Directors resolved the first effective date of capital increase through private placement was set on November 1, 2022 and total number of private ordinary shares amounted to 10,250 thousand with an issuance price of NT\$32 (in dollars) per share. The total amount of private placement was NTD 328,000 thousand and the registration of changes had been completed. On March 9, 2023, the Board of Directors resolved the second effective date of capital increase through private placement was set on March 23, 2023 and total number of private ordinary shares amounted to 12,600 thousand with an issuance price of NT\$35 (in dollars) per share. The total amount of private placement was NTD 441,000 thousand and the registration of changes had been completed. Pursuant to the Securities and Exchange Act, the ordinary shares raised through the private placement are subject to certain transfer restrictions and cannot be listed on the stock exchange until three years after they have been issued and have been offered publicly. Other than these restrictions, the rights and obligations of the ordinary shares raised through the private placement are the same as other issued ordinary shares.
- C. On January 9, 2023, the Company's board of directors resolved to issue 826.7 thousand shares of which 631.1 thousand shares with a subscription price of NT\$10 and 195.6 thousand shares with a subscription price of NT\$33.8. The subscription base date was determined by the board of directors to be January 9, 2023, the registration of changes had been completed.
- D. On May 9, 2023, the Company's board of directors resolved to issue 95.3 thousand shares of which 7.5 thousand shares with a subscription price of NT\$10 and 87.8 thousand shares with a subscription price of NT\$33.8. The subscription base date was determined by the board of directors to be May 9, 2023, the registration of changes had been completed.

- E. On August 8, 2023, the Company's board of directors resolved to issue 184.8 thousand shares of which 90 thousand shares with a subscription price of NT\$10 and 94.8 thousand shares with a subscription price of NT\$33.8. The subscription base date was determined by the board of directors to be August 8, 2023.
- F. On November 8, 2023, the Company's board of directors resolved to issue 185.6 thousand shares of which 86.1 thousand shares with a subscription price of NT\$10 and 99.5 thousand shares with a subscription price of NT\$33.8. The subscription base date was determined by the board of directors to be November 8, 2023.
- G. On January 17, 2024, the Company's board of directors resolved to issue 86.4 thousand shares of which 79 thousand shares with a subscription price of NT\$10 and 7.4 thousand shares with a subscription price of NT\$33.8. The subscription base date was determined by the board of directors to be January 17, 2024.
- H. On May 10, 2024, the Company's board of directors resolved to issue 150.5 thousand shares with a subscription price of NT\$33.8. The subscription base date was determined by the board of directors to be May 10, 2024.

(20) Capital surplus

- A. Pursuant to the R.O.C. Company Act, capital surplus arising from paid-in capital in excess of par value on issuance of common stocks and donations can be used to cover accumulated deficit or to issue new stocks or cash to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership, provided that the Company has no accumulated deficit. Further, the R.O.C. Securities and Exchange Act requires that the amount of capital surplus to be capitalised mentioned above should not exceed 10% of the paid-in capital each year. Capital surplus should not be used to offset accumulated deficit unless the legal reserve is insufficient.
- B. The movements of the Company's capital surplus are as follows:

		Share		Employee		Share			
]	premium		stock options		options		Total	
At January 1	\$	812,286	\$	56,472	\$	30,290	\$	899,048	
Employee stock options exercised		-		249		-		249	
Share-based compensation cost		_		6,664		_		6,664	
At March 31	\$	812,286	\$	63,385	\$	30,290	\$	905,961	

	2023							
		Share		Employee		Share		
		premium		stock options		options		Total
At January 1	\$	257,567	\$	41,977	\$	10,492	\$	310,036
Employee stock options exercised		4,655	(2,565)		-		2,090
Exercise of conversion right of convertible bonds		11,550		-	(354)		11,196
Share-based compensation cost		-		2,708		-		2,708
Cash capital increase-private placement		315,000	_	_				315,000
At March 31	\$	588,772	\$	42,120	\$	10,138	\$	641,030

2023

(21) Retained earnings

- A. Under the Company's Articles of Incorporation, the current year's earnings, if any, shall first be used to pay all taxes and offset prior year's operating losses, then 10% of the remaining amount shall be set aside as legal reserve until the legal reserve equals the total capital stock balance, and appropriate or reverse for special reserve as required by the operating needs of the Company or regulations when necessary. The remainder, if any, to be retained or to be appropriated shall be proposed by the Board of Directors and to be resolved by the stockholders at the stockholders' meeting.
- B. For the long-term business development of the Company, the needs of capital in the future and long-term business plan, the distributable earnings can be distributed no higher than 90% as shareholders' bonus every year. However, the distributable earnings may not to be distributed if the accumulated distributable earnings lower than 5% of paid-in capital. The cash dividend cannot be lower than 10% of total dividends. However, when the cash dividend per share is lower than \$0.5, it can be distributed in stock dividend at full amount.
- C. The Board of Directors of the Company resolved the profit appropriation for the year of 2023 on February 26, 2024 and the shareholders' meeting resolved the deficit compensation for the year of 2022 on April 27, 2023. Details of the resolution of deficit compensation are provided in the "Market Observation Post System" at the website of the Taiwan Stock Exchange.
- D. Except for covering accumulated deficit or issuing new stocks or cash to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership, the legal reserve shall not be used for any other purpose. The use of legal reserve for the issuance of stocks or cash to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership is permitted, provided that the distribution of the reserve is limited to the portion in excess of 25% of the Company's paid-in capital.
- E. In accordance with the regulations, the Company shall set aside special reserve from the debit balance on other equity items at the balance sheet date before distributing earnings. When debit balance on other equity items is reversed subsequently, the reversed amount could be included in the distributable earnings.

(22) Other equity items

				2024		
	Unrealis	ed gains		Currency		
	(losses) on valuation			translation	Total	
At January 1	(\$	54,992)	(\$	73,333)	(\$	128,325)
Revaluation – gain		50,549		-		50,549
Disposal of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	(25,238)		-	(25,238)
Currency translation differences				21,051		21,051
At March 31	(<u>\$</u>	29,681)	(<u>\$</u>	52,282)	(<u>\$</u>	81,963)
				2023		
	Unrealis	ed gains		Currency		
	(losses) on	valuation		translation		Total
At January 1	(\$	40,939)	(\$	51,526)	(\$	92,465)
Revaluation – gain		5,381		-		5,381
Currency translation differences				9,685		9,685
At March 31	(\$	35,558)	(\$_	41,841)	(<u>\$</u>	77,399)

(23) Operating revenue

	Three	months ended	Three months end		
	Marc	ch 31, 2024	Marc	ch 31, 2023	
Revenue from contracts with customers	\$	898,498	\$	886,173	

A. Disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers.

The Group derives revenue from the transfer of goods at a point in time in the following major product lines:

	Automobile		Power				
Three months ended	Electronics		management		All other		
March 31, 2024	Products		products		segments		Total
Total segment revenue	\$ 1,182,595	\$	71,541	\$	400	\$	1,254,536
Inter-segment revenue	(329,778)	(25,860)	(400)	(356,038)
Revenue from external							
customer contracts	\$ 852,817	\$	45,681	\$	_	\$	898,498
	Automobile		Power				
Three months ended	Electronics		management		All other		
March 31, 2023	Products		products		segments		Total
Total segment revenue	\$ 1,164,033	\$	95,592	\$	272	\$	1,259,897
Inter-segment revenue	(324,606)	(48,846)	(272)	(373,724)
Revenue from external customer contracts	\$ 839,427	\$	46,746	\$	_	\$	886,173

B. Contract assets and liabilities

The Group has not recognised the revenue-related contract assets as of March 31, 2024, December 31, 2023 and March 31, 2023, and the Group has recognised the following contract liabilities:

	March	n 31, 2024	Decem	ber 31, 2023	Mar	ch 31, 2023	Janu	ary 1, 2023
Contract liabilities –								
Advance sales	\$	7,276	\$	6,209	\$	15,106	\$	10,112

- (a) Significant changes in contract assets and liabilities: None.
- (b) Revenue recognised that was included in the contract liability balance at the beginning of the period

period				
	Three months ended March 31, 2024		Three months ended March 31, 2023	
Revenue recognised that was included in the contract liability				
balance at the beginning of the period				
Advance sales receipts	\$	1,769	\$	4,295
(24) <u>Interest income</u>				
		nonths ended n 31, 2024		onths ended a 31, 2023
Interest income from bank deposits	\$	7,244	\$	36
Interest income from financial assets				
measured at amortised cost		1,986		1,780
Other interest income		2		<u>-</u>
			_	1.016
	\$	9,232	\$	1,816
(25) Other income	\$	9,232	\$	1,816

(25) Other

	I nree m	I nree months ended		
	March	31, 2024	March	n 31, 2023
Government grant revenues	\$	278	\$	120
Rent income		360		325
Other income, others		423		634
	\$	1,061	\$	1,079

(26) Other gains and losses

	Three months ended March 31, 2024	Three months ended March 31, 2023
Foreign exchange gains (losses)	\$ 21,066	(\$ 2,834)
(Losses) gains on financial (liabilities) assets at fair		
value through profit or loss	(1,357)	1,137
Gains on disposals of property, plant and equipment	-	8
Other losses	(17)	90)
	\$ 19,692	(\$ 1,779)
(27) <u>Finance costs</u>		
	Three months ended	Three months ended
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Interest expense	\$ 1,170	\$ 1,232
Interest expense on lease liabilities	247	95
Interest expense on convertible bonds	2,962	1,045
	\$ 4,379	\$ 2,372
(28) Expenses by nature		
	Three months ended	Three months ended
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Employee benefit expense	\$ 153,906	
Depreciation charges on property, plant and equipment		21,535
Depreciation charges on right-of-use assets	8,939	7,517
Depreciation charges on investment property	34	34
Amortisation charges on intangible assets	6,959	5,084
	\$ 201,647	\$ 162,729
(29) Employee benefit expense		
	Three months ended	Three months ended
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Wages and salaries	\$ 124,660	\$ 104,103
Employee stock options	6,664	2,708
Labour and health insurance fees	9,647	9,063
Pension costs	6,226	5,615
Other personnel expenses	6,709	7,070
	\$ 153,906	\$ 128,559

- A. In accordance with the Articles of Incorporation of the Company, a ratio of distributable profit of the current year, after covering accumulated losses, shall be distributed as employees' compensation and directors' and supervisors' remuneration. The ratio shall be between 10%~15% for employees' compensation and shall not be higher than 3% for directors' and supervisors' remuneration.
- B. For the three months ended March 31, 2024 and 2023, employees' compensation was accrued at \$8,000 and \$9,000, respectively; while directors' remuneration was accrued at \$2,000 and \$2,500, respectively.
- C. The employees' compensation and directors' remuneration were estimated and accrued based on 10.35% and 2.59% of distributable profit of current year for the three months ended March 31, 2024.
- D. Employees' compensation and directors' remuneration of 2023 as resolved by the Board of Directors were in agreement with those amounts recognised in the 2023 financial statements. Information about employees' compensation and directors' and supervisors' remuneration of the Company as resolved at the meeting of Board of Directors will be posted in the "Market Observation Post System" at the website of the Taiwan Stock Exchange.

(30) Income tax

A. Income tax expense

(a) Components of income tax expense:

	Three months ended		
	March	31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Current tax:			
Current tax on profits for the period	\$	1,446	\$ -
Total current tax	\$	1,446	\$ -
Deferred tax:			
Origination and reversal of			
temporary differences	(52)	
Total deferred tax	(52)	
Income tax expense	\$	1,394	\$ -

(b) The income tax (charge)/credit relating to components of other comprehensive income is as follows:

		h 31, 2024 Marc	months ended ch 31, 2023
Changes in fair value of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	(\$	6,697) (\$	1,345)
Currency translation differences	(5,263) (2,421)
	(<u>\$</u>	11,960) (\$	3,766)

B. The Company's income tax returns through 2021 have been assessed and approved by the Tax Authority.

(31) Earnings per share

	Three months ended March 31, 2024					
			Weighted average number of ordinary	Earnings per		
			shares outstanding	share		
	Amou	nt after tax	(share in thousands)	(in dollars)		
Basic earnings per share						
Earnings attributable to ordinary	\$	67,261	190,326	\$ 0.35		
shareholders of the parent Diluted earnings per share	ψ	07,201	190,320	φ <u>0.55</u>		
Earnings attributable to ordinary						
shareholders of the parent		67,261	190,326			
Assumed conversion of all dilutive		07,201	170,320			
potential ordinary shares						
Employees' compensation		-	769			
Earnings attributable to ordinary						
shareholders of the parent plus						
assumed conversion of all dilutive						
potential ordinary shares	\$	67,261	191,095	\$ 0.35		
		Three n	nonths ended March 3	1, 2023		
			Weighted average			
			number of ordinary	Earnings per		
			shares outstanding	share		
	Amou	nt after tax	(share in thousands)	(in dollars)		
Basic earnings per share						
Earnings attributable to ordinary		-	1=0.000			
shareholders of the parent	\$	76,482	170,330	\$ 0.45		
Diluted earnings per share						
Earnings attributable to ordinary		76 400	170 220			
shareholders of the parent Assumed conversion of all dilutive		76,482	170,330			
potential ordinary shares						
Convertible bonds		836	12,749			
Employee stock options		-	207			
Earnings attributable to ordinary						
shareholders of the parent plus						
assumed conversion of all dilutive						
potential ordinary shares	\$	77,318	183,286	\$ 0.42		

(32) Supplemental cash flow information

A. Investing activities with partial cash payments

		months ended ch 31, 2024		nonths ended h 31, 2023
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	\$	22,141	\$	34,045
Add: Opening balance of payable on equipment Less: Ending balance of payable on		30,213		5,141
equipment	(6,616)	(10,316)
Cash paid during the period	\$	45,738	\$	28,870
B. Financing activities with no cash flow effects				
		months ended ch 31, 2024		nonths ended h 31, 2023
Convertible bonds being converted to capital stocks	\$		\$	15,805
33) Changes in liabilities from financing activities				

(33)

Liabilities from Long-term Lease Bonds financing borrowings liabilities payable activities-gross At January 1 \$ 308,031 \$ 71,601 \$ 469,333 \$ 848,965 Changes in cash flow from financing activities (25,333) (9,175) - (34,508) Changes in other non-cash 2,962 items 2,962 Interest expense on lease liabilities 247 247 Impact of changes in foreign 217 217 exchange rate \$ \$ \$ 817,883 At March 31 \$ 282,698 472,295 62,890

2024

							Lia	abilities from
	Sh	ort-term	Ι	Long-term		Lease		financing
	boi	rrowings	b	orrowings		liabilities	act	ivities-gross
At January 1	\$	8,816	\$	310,999	\$	30,442	\$	350,257
Changes in cash flow from								
financing activities	(8,862)		3,321		-	(5,541)
Changes in other non-cash								
items		-		-	(7,669)	(7,669)
Interest expense on								
lease liabilities		-		-		95		95
Impact of changes in								
foreign exchange rate		46			_	79		125
At March 31	\$		\$	314,320	\$	22,947	\$	337,267

7. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

(1) Parent and ultimate controlling party

The Company has no parent company nor ultimate controlling party.

(2) Names of related parties and relationship

Names of related parties	Relationship with the Company
Lee, Yi-Ren	The Company's Chairman
(3) Key management compensation	

	Three r	Three months ended		
	March 31, 2024		March 31, 2023	
Short-term employee benefits	\$	25,082	\$	13,763
Post-employment benefits		162		162
Share-based payments		586		153
	\$	25,830	\$	14,078

(4) Endorsements and guarantees provided by related parties

As of March 31, 2024, December 31, 2023 and March 31, 2023, the Company borrowed from financial institutions. Lee, Yi-Ren is the guarantor, and the aforementioned financing facilities which were provided by related parties were \$305,800, \$2,594,200 and \$2,136,840, respectively.

8. PLEDGED ASSETS

The Group's assets pledged as collateral are as follows:

	Book value						
Pledged asset	_ Mar	ch 31, 2024	Decer	mber 31, 2023	Mar	ch 31, 2023	Purpose
Time deposit (classified as financial assets at	\$	16,700	\$	16,700	\$	121,201	Cl. 44 I
amortised cost)							Short-term, long-
Land		18,807		18,807		18,807	term borrowings
Buildings and structures		152,227		153,491		157,284	
Machinery		4,717		5,304		7,067	
	\$	192,451	\$	194,302	\$	304,359	

9. <u>SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND UNRECOGNISED CONTRACT</u>

COMMITMENTS

(1) Contingencies

On August 6, 2018, the Company received a notification of civil court from the Taiwan Taipei District Court as Tsuzuki Denki Co., Ltd. (Tsuzuki Denki) filed a civil litigation with the Taiwan Taipei District Court. Tsuzuki Denki claimed that the quality problem of tablet computers which were purchased from the Company caused damage to Tsuzuki Denki Co., Ltd. It claimed for a return of the full price of inventories and compensation amounting to US\$5,306 thousand and JPY\$1,225 thousand, respectively. The Company has appointed lawyers to handle the case to protect the rights of the Company and its shareholders. The Company's appointed lawyer's comments are as follows: 'The counterparty complained that there were flaws in the inventory and deferred payment, but refused to return the inventory which should have been repaired by the Company, therefore, the counterparty's claim is not reasonable. In addition, it is reasonable that the Company took counteraction to claim the payment for inventory and rework expenses in the total amount of US\$996 thousand, because the Company had completed the work and delivered the said inventories.' As of March 31, 2024, the case is still under trial with the Taiwan Taipei District Court. The Company has accounts receivable from Tsuzuki Denki Co., Ltd. in the amount of \$19,370 which was provisioned for impairment at full amount.

(2) Commitments

Capital expenditure contracted for at the balance sheet date but not yet incurred is as follows:

	March 31, 2024			March 31, 2023		
Property, plant and equipment	\$	512,000	\$	491,280		

10. <u>SIGNIFICANT DISASTER LOSS</u>

None.

11. SIGNIFICANT EVENTS AFTER THE BALANCE SHEET DATE

Please refer to Note 6(19) for the related information.

12. OTHERS

(1) Capital management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital in order to provide returns for shareholders. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may issue new shares, issue convertible bonds or sell assets to reduce debt.

	_Ma	rch 31, 2024	Dece	mber 31, 2023	_Ma	rch 31, 2023
Total liabilities	\$	1,790,924	\$	1,797,472	\$	1,578,322
Total equity		3,120,973		2,975,094		2,496,875
Total capital	\$	4,911,897	\$	4,772,566	\$	4,075,197
Gearing ratio		36%		38%		39%

(2) Financial instruments

A. Financial instruments by category

	Ma	arch 31, 2024	Dec	ember 31, 2023	Ma	arch 31, 2023
<u>Financial assets</u>						
Financial assets mandatorily	\$	36,069	\$	25,224	\$	13,736
measured at fair value						
through profit or loss						
Financial assets at fair value through						
other comprehensive income						
Designation of equity instrument		260,804		231,456		155,678
Financial assets at amortised cost						
Cash and cash equivalents		2,125,470		2,164,325		1,503,556
Financial assets at amortised cost		16,700		16,700		121,201
Notes receivable		2,909		4,447		7,101
Accounts receivable		1,107,156		970,522		1,059,874
Other receivables		29,021		24,907		14,346
Refundable deposits		14,960		15,623		9,484
	\$	3,593,089	\$	3,453,204	\$	2,884,976

	Ma	rch 31, 2024	Dece	ember 31, 2023	Ma	rch 31, 2023
Financial liabilities						
Financial liabilities mandatorily	\$	2,900	\$	3,250	\$	-
measured at fair value						
through profit or loss						
Notes payable		-		936		801
Accounts payable		702,905		638,169		592,824
Other payables		192,801		243,288		152,577
Other payables - related parties		-		195		-
Bonds payable						
(including current portion)		472,295		469,333		444,205
Long-term borrowings						
(including current portion)		282,698		308,031		314,320
Guarantee deposits received		-		715		198
	\$	1,653,599	\$	1,663,917	\$	1,504,925
Lease liabilities	\$	62,890	\$	71,601	\$	22,947

B. Financial risk management policies

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk and price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. To minimise any adverse effects on the financial performance of the Group, derivative financial instruments, such as foreign exchange forward contracts is used to hedge certain exchange rate risk. Group treasury identifies, evaluates and hedges financial risks in close co-operation with the Group's operating units.

C. Significant financial risks and degrees of financial risks

(a) Market risk

Foreign exchange risk

- i. The Group operates internationally and is exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from the transactions of the Company and its subsidiaries used in various functional currency, primarily with respect to the USD and RMB. Foreign exchange risk arises from future commercial transactions and recognised assets and liabilities.
- ii. Management has set up a policy to require group companies to manage their foreign exchange risk against their functional currency. The companies are required to hedge their entire foreign exchange risk exposure with the Group treasury. Exchange rate risk is measured through a forecast of highly probable USD and RMB expenditures. Group treasury identifies, evaluates and hedges financial risks in close co-operation with the Group's operating units.
- iii. The Group hedges foreign exchange rate by using forward exchange contracts. However, the Group does not adopt hedging accounting. Details of financial assets or liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are provided in Notes 6(2) and 6(12).

iv. The Group's businesses involve some non-functional currency operations (the Company's functional currency: NTD and other certain subsidiaries' functional currency: USD and RMB). The information on assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies whose values would be materially affected by the exchange rate fluctuations is as follows:

			M	[arc]	h 31, 2024			
	F	Foreign				Sensitiv	ity ar	nalysis
	С	urrency						
(Foreign currency:		amount	Exchange	В	ook value	Degree of	E	Effect on
functional currency)	(in t	housands)	rate		(NTD)	variation	pro	fit or loss
Financial assets	<u> </u>							
Monetary items								
USD:NTD	\$	37,585	32.00	\$	1,202,731	1%	\$	12,027
HKD:NTD		1,525	4.09		6,234	1%		62
USD:RMB		268	7.26		8,573	1%		86
Financial liabilities								
Monetary items								
USD:NTD	\$	8,042	32.00	\$	257,341	1%	\$	2,573
USD:RMB		9,866	7.26		315,701	1%		3,157
HKD:RMB		3,276	0.93		13,395	1%		134
			Dec	ceml	per 31, 2023	3		
	F	Foreign				Sensitiv	ity ar	nalysis
	c	urrency						
(Foreign currency:	;	amount	Exchange	В	ook value	Degree of	E	Effect on
functional currency)	(in t	housands)	rate		(NTD)	variation	pro	fit or loss
Financial assets								
Monetary items								
USD:NTD	\$	30,878	30.71	\$	948,102	1%	\$	9,481
HKD:NTD		1,295	3.93		5,090	1%		51
USD:RMB		884	7.10		27,154	1%		272
Financial liabilities								
Monetary items								
USD:NTD	\$	6,792	30.71	\$	208,551	1%	\$	2,086
USD:RMB		9,758	7.10		299,618	1%		2,996
HKD:RMB		3,321	0.91		13,049	1%		130

			14.	iaic.	11 51, 2025			
	I	Foreign				Sensitiv	ity a	nalysis
	C	currency						
(Foreign currency:		amount	Exchange	В	ook value	Degree of	E	Effect on
functional currency)	(in 1	thousands)	rate		(NTD)	variation	pro	ofit or loss
Financial assets								
Monetary items								
USD:NTD	\$	40,581	30.45	\$	1,235,691	1%	\$	12,357
HKD:NTD		1,567	3.88		6,080	1%		61
USD:RMB		1,877	6.87		57,169	1%		572
Financial liabilities								
Monetary items								
USD:NTD	\$	5,972	30.45	\$	181,862	1%	\$	1,819

March 31, 2023

234,571

12,083

1%

1%

2,346

121

vi. The total exchange gain (loss), including realised and unrealised, arising from significant foreign exchange variation on the monetary items held by the Group for the three months ended March 31, 2024 and 2023, amounted to \$21,066 and (\$2,834), respectively.

6.87

0.88

7,703

3,115

Price risk

USD:RMB

HKD:RMB

- i. The Group's equity securities, which are exposed to price risk, are the held financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income. To manage its price risk arising from investments in equity securities, the Group diversifies its portfolio. Diversification of the portfolio is done in accordance with the limits set by the Group.
- ii. The Group's investments in equity securities comprise shares issued by the domestic companies. The prices of equity securities would change due to the change of the future value of investee companies. If the prices of these equity securities had increased/decreased by 1% with all other variables held constant, post-tax (loss) profit for the three months ended March 31, 2024 and 2023 would have increased/decreased by \$290 and \$110, respectively, as a result of gains/losses on equity securities classified as at fair value through profit or loss. Other components of equity would have increased/decreased by \$2,608 and \$1,557, respectively, as a result of other comprehensive income classified as equity investment at fair value through other comprehensive income.

Cash flow and fair value interest rate risk

i. The Group's main interest rate risk arises from long-term and short-term borrowings with variable rates, which expose the Group to cash flow interest rate risk. For the three months ended March 31, 2024 and 2023, the Group's borrowings at variable rate were mainly denominated in New Taiwan dollars and RMB Dollars.

ii. If the borrowing interest rate had increased/decreased by 1% with all other variables held constant, (loss) profit, net of tax for the three months ended March 31, 2024 and 2023 would have increased/decreased by \$565 and \$629, respectively. The main factor is that changes in interest expense result in floating-rate borrowings.

(b) Credit risk

- i. Credit risk refers to the risk of financial loss to the Group arising from default by the clients or counterparties of financial instruments on the contract obligations. The main factor is that counterparties could not repay in full the accounts receivable based on the agreed terms, and the contract cash flows of debt instruments stated at fair value through other comprehensive income.
- ii. The Group manages their credit risk taking into consideration the entire group's concern. For banks and financial institutions with no recent major defaults are accepted. According to the Group's credit policy, each local entity in the Group is responsible for managing and analysing the credit risk for each of their new clients before standard payment and delivery terms and conditions are offered. Internal risk control assesses the credit quality of the customers, taking into account their financial position, past experience and other factors. Individual risk limits are set based on internal or external ratings in accordance with limits set by the Board of Directors. The utilisation of credit limits is regularly monitored.
- iii. The Company assumes that if the contract payments were past due over 90 days based on the terms, there has been a significant increase in credit risk on that instrument since initial recognition; if past due over 360 days, a default has been occurred.
- iv. The Group classifies customers' accounts receivable in accordance with credit rating of customer. The Group applies the modified approach using a provision matrix based on the loss rate methodology to estimate expected credit loss.
- v. The following indicators are used to determine whether the credit impairment of debt instruments have occurred:
 - (i) It becomes probable that the issuer will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation due to their financial difficulties;
 - (ii) The disappearance of an active market for that financial asset because of financial difficulties;
 - (iii) Default or delinquency in interest or principal repayments;
 - (iv) Adverse changes in national or regional economic conditions that are expected to cause a default.

vi. The Group used the forecast ability to adjust historical and timely information to assess the default possibility of accounts receivable, contract assets and lease payments receivable. On March 31, 2024, December 31, 2023 and March 31, 2023, the provision matrix and loss rate methodology is as follows:

At March 31, 2024	Expected loss rate	Total book value	Loss allowance
Not past due	0.3%	\$ 862,728	(\$ 2,557)
Up to 30 days	1%	104,799	(1,029)
31 to 120 days	1%~5%	139,387	(4,689)
121 to 180 days	10%	12,107	(1,191)
Over 180 days	40%~100%	851	(341)
		\$ 1,119,872	(\$ 9,807)
At December 31, 2023	Expected loss rate	Total book value	Loss allowance
Not past due	0.3%	\$ 713,134	(\$ 2,240)
Up to 30 days	1%	90,840	(934)
31 to 120 days	1%~5%	167,615	(2,215)
121 to 180 days	10%	305	(31)
Over 180 days	40%~100%	14,185	(5,690)
		\$ 986,079	(\$ 11,110)
At March 31, 2023	Expected loss rate	Total book value	Loss allowance
Not past due	0.3%	\$ 760,460	(\$ 2,321)
Up to 30 days	1%	138,767	(1,389)
31 to 120 days	1%~5%	122,688	(1,877)
121 to 180 days	10%	55,116	(5,515)
Over 180 days	40%~100%	1,743	(697)
-		\$ 1,078,774	(\$ 11,799)

vii. Movements in relation to the Group applying the modified approach to provide loss allowance for accounts receivable, contract assets and lease payments receivable are as follows:

	2024						
	Accoun	nts receivable	Notes r	eceivable			
At January 1	\$	11,065	\$	45			
Reversal of impaiment loss	(1,335)	(22)			
Effect of foreign exchange		54		_			
At March 31	\$	9,784	\$	23			
		20	23				
	Accoun	nts receivable	Notes r	eceivable			
At January 1	\$	6,814	\$	25			
Provision for impaiment loss		4,925		34			
Effect of foreign exchange		1		_			
At March 31	\$	11,740	\$	59			

(c) Liquidity risk

- i. Cash flow forecasting is performed in the operating entities of the Group and aggregated by Group treasury. Group treasury monitors rolling forecasts of the Group's liquidity requirements to ensure it has sufficient cash to meet operational needs.
- ii. Surplus cash held by the operating entities over and above balance required for working capital management are transferred to the Group treasury. Group treasury invests surplus cash in interest bearing current accounts, time deposits, capital-guaranteed income-based wealth management products, forward foreign exchange contracts, and convertible bonds (classified as current financial assets at fair value through profit or loss), choosing instruments with appropriate maturities or sufficient liquidity to provide sufficient headroom as determined by the above-mentioned forecasts. As at March 31, 2024, December 31, 2023 and March 31, 2023, the Group held money market position of \$2,124,697, \$2,163,253 and \$1,502,611, respectively, listed stocks (classified as current financial assets at fair value through profit or loss) of \$3,352, \$0 and \$0, respectively, capital-guaranteed income-based wealth management products and derivatives from convertible bonds (classified as current financial assets at fair value through profit or loss) of \$0, \$0 and \$313, respectively, derivative instrument (classified as current financial assets at fair value through profit or loss) of \$0, \$121 and \$0, respectively, and private equity fund (classified as non-current financial assets at fair value through profit or loss) of \$32,717, \$25,103 and \$13,423, respectively, that are expected to readily generate cash inflows for managing liquidity risk.
- iii. As at March 31, 2024, December 31, 2023 and March 31, 2023, the Group has the undrawn borrowing of \$948,269, \$1,430,309 and \$1,319,148, respectively.
- iv. The table below analyses the Group's non-derivative financial liabilities and net-settled or gross-settled derivative financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the balance sheet date to the contractual maturity date for non-derivative financial liabilities. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows.

	Less than 1	Between 1	Between 2	Over 5
March 31, 2024	year	and 2 years	and 5 years	years
Non-derivative financial liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$ 702,905	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Other payables	192,801	-	-	-
Lease liabilities	32,517	21,908	8,465	-
Bonds payable	-	-	472,295	-
Long-term borrowings	101,387	96,274	85,037	-

	Less than 1	Between 1	Between 2	Over 5
December 31, 2023	year	and 2 years	and 5 years	years
Non-derivative financial liabilities				
Notes payable	\$ 936	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Accounts payable	638,169	-	-	_
Other payables	243,288	-	-	-
Other payables - related parties	195	-	-	-
Lease liabilities	35,601	22,160	13,840	-
Bonds payable	-	-	469,333	-
Long-term borrowings	100,953	100,718	106,360	-
	Less than 1	Between 1	Between 2	Over 5
March 31, 2023	Less than 1 year	Between 1 and 2 years		Over 5 years
March 31, 2023 Non-derivative financial liabilities				
·				
Non-derivative financial liabilities	year	and 2 years	and 5 years	years
Non-derivative financial liabilities Short-term borrowings	year s	and 2 years	and 5 years	years
Non-derivative financial liabilities Short-term borrowings Notes payable	year \$ - 801	and 2 years	and 5 years	years
Non-derivative financial liabilities Short-term borrowings Notes payable Accounts payable	year \$ - 801 592,824	and 2 years	and 5 years	years
Non-derivative financial liabilities Short-term borrowings Notes payable Accounts payable Other payables	year \$ - 801 592,824 152,577	and 2 years \$	and 5 years	years

(3) Fair value information

- A. The different levels that the inputs to valuation techniques are used to measure fair value of financial and non-financial instruments have been defined as follows:
 - Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date. A market is regarded as active where a market in which transactions for the asset or liability take place with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis. The fair value of the Group's investment in listed stocks is included in Level 1.
 - Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. The fair value of the Group's investment in convertible bonds and forward foreign exchange contracts is included in Level 2.
 - Level 3: Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability. The fair value of the Group's investment in equity investment without active market and financial assets mandatorily measured at fair value through profit or loss are included in Level 3.
- B. Fair value information of investment property at cost is provided in Note 6(10).
- C. The carrying amounts of the Group's financial instruments, including cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, other receivables, short-term borrowings, notes payable, accounts payable, and other payables (including related parties) which not measured at fair value are approximate to their fair values.

- D. The related information of financial and non-financial instruments measured at fair value by level on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the assets and liabilities at December 31, 2023 and 2022 is as follows:
 - (a) The related information of natures of the assets and liabilities is as follows:

March 31, 2024	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Recurring fair value measurements				
Assets				
Financial assets at fair value through				
profit or loss-current				
Equity instruments	\$ 3,352	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,352
Financial assets at fair value through				
profit or loss-non-current				
Private equity fund	-	-	32,717	32,717
Financial assets at fair value through				
other comprehensive				
income-non-current				
Equity instruments	31,453	162,273	67,078	260,804
Liabilities				
Financial assets at fair value through				
profit or loss-current				
Derivative instruments	-	2,900	-	2,900
	\$ 34,805	\$ 165,173	\$ 99,795	\$ 299,773
December 31, 2023	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Recurring fair value measurements				
Assets				
Financial assets at fair value through				
profit or loss-current				
Derivative instruments	\$ -	\$ 121	\$ -	\$ 121
Financial assets at fair value through				
profit or loss-non-current				
Private equity fund	-	-	25,103	25,103
Financial assets at fair value through				
other comprehensive				
income-non-current				
Equity instruments	34,586	131,847	65,023	231,456
Liabilities				
Financial assets at fair value through				
profit or loss-current				
Derivative instruments		3,250		3,250
	\$ 34,586	\$ 135,218	\$ 90,126	\$ 259,930

March 31, 2023	I	Level 1	_L	evel 2	Level 3	 Total
Recurring fair value measurements						
Assets						
Financial assets at fair value through						
profit or loss-current						
Derivative instruments	\$	-	\$	313	\$ -	\$ 313
Private equity fund		-		-	13,423	13,423
Financial assets at fair value through						
other comprehensive						
income-non-current						
Equity instruments		39,535		_	116,143	155,678
	\$	39,535	\$	313	\$ 129,566	\$ 169,414

⁽b) The methods and assumptions the Group used to measure fair value are as follows:

i. The instruments the Group used market quoted prices as their fair values (that is, Level 1) are listed below by characteristics:

	Listed shares	Open-end fund		
Market quoted price	Closing price	Net asset value		

- ii. For high-complexity financial instruments, the fair value is measured by using self-developed valuation model based on the valuation method and technique widely used within the same industry. The valuation model is normally applied to derivative financial instruments, debt instruments with embedded derivatives or securitised instruments. Certain inputs used in the valuation model are not observable at market, and the Group must make reasonable estimates based on its assumptions.
- iii. The valuation of derivative financial instruments is based on valuation model widely accepted by market participants, such as present value techniques and option pricing models. Forward exchange contracts are usually valued based on the current forward exchange rate.
- E. For the three months ended March 31, 2024 and 2023, there was no transfer between Level 1 and Level 2.

F. The following chart is the movement of Level 3 for the three months ended March 31, 2024 and 2023:

		20	24	
		Equity instrument		Debt instrument
At January 1	\$	65,023	\$	25,103
Gains recognised in profit or loss		-	(1,386)
Losses recognised in other comprehensive income	(155)		-
Acquired in the period		2,210		9,000
At March 31	\$	67,078	\$	32,717
		20	23	
		Equity instrument		Debt instrument
At January 1	\$	116,143	\$	12,460
Gains recognised in profit or loss		_		963
At March 31	\$	116,143	\$	13,423

- G. The valuation procedures for fair value measurements being categorised within Level 3, which is to verify independent fair value of external financial instruments entrusted by finance segment.
- H. The following is the qualitative information of significant unobservable inputs and sensitivity analysis of changes in significant unobservable inputs to valuation model used in Level 3 fair value measurement:

			Significant	Range	
	Fair value at	Valuation	unobservable	(weighted	Relationship of
	March 31, 2024	technique	input	average)	inputs to fair value
Non-derivative	equity instrumen	t:			
Unlisted shares	\$ 67,078	Market comparable companies	No open market saleability discount	25%	The higher the discount for lack of marketability, the lower the fair value
Private equity fund	32,717	Net asset value method	Net asset value	Not applicable	The higher the net asset value, the higher the fair value

	Fair value At		Significant	Range	
	December 31,	Valuation	unobservable	(weighted	Relationship of
	2023	technique	input	average)	inputs to fair value
Non-derivative	equity instrumen	t:			
Unlisted shares	\$ 65,023	Market comparable companies	No open market saleability discount	25%	The higher the discount for lack of marketability, the lower the fair value
Private equity	25,103	Net asset	Net asset value	Not	The higher the net
fund		value method		applicable	asset value, the
			Cionificant	Donas	higher the fair value
			Significant	Range	
	Fair value at	Valuation	unobservable	(weighted	Relationship of
	March 31, 2023	technique	input	average)	inputs to fair value
Non-derivative	equity instrumen	t:			
Unlisted shares	\$ 116,143	Market comparable companies	No open market saleability discount	25%	The higher the discount for lack of marketability, the lower the fair value
Private equity fund	13,423	Net asset value method	Net asset value	Not applicable	The higher the net asset value, the higher the fair value

I. External financial instruments entrusted by finance segment assessed the valuation models and assumptions used to measure fair value. However, use of different valuation models or assumptions may result in different measurement. The following is the effect of profit or loss or of other comprehensive income from financial assets and liabilities categorised within Level 3 if the inputs used to valuation models have changed:

				March 3	31, 2024	
			Recog	nised in	Recognis	ed in other
			profit	or loss	comprehen	sive income
			Favourable	Unfavourable	Favourable	Unfavourable
	Input	Change	change	change	change	change
Financial assets						
Equity instrument	No open market saleability discount	±1%	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 671	(\$ 671)
Debt instrument	Net asset value method	±1%	\$ 327	(\$ 327)	\$ -	\$ -

			December 31, 2023							
			Recog	nised in	Recognis	ed in other				
			profit	or loss	comprehen	sive income				
			Favourable	Unfavourable	Favourable	Unfavourable				
	Input	Change	change	change	change	change				
Financial assets										
Equity instrument	No open market saleability discount	±1%	<u> </u>	\$ -	\$ 650	(<u>\$ 650</u>)				
Debt instrument	Net asset value method	±1%	\$ 251	(\$ 251)	\$ -	\$ -				
				March 3	31, 2023					
			Recog	nised in	Recognis	ed in other				
			profit	or loss	comprehen	sive income				
			Favourable	Unfavourable	Favourable	Unfavourable				
	Input	Change	change	change	change	change				
Financial assets										
Equity instrument	No open market saleability discount	±1%	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ -	<u>\$ 1,161</u>	(\$ 1,161)				
Debt instrument	Net asset value method	±1%	\$ 134	(\$ 134)	\$ -	\$ -				

13. <u>SUPPLEMENTARY DISCLOSURES</u>

(1) Significant transactions information

- A. Loans to others: Please refer to table 1.
- B. Provision of endorsements and guarantees to others: Please refer to table 2.
- C. Holding of marketable securities at the end of the period (not including subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures): Please refer to table 3.
- D. Acquisition or sale of the same security with the accumulated cost exceeding \$300 million or 20% of the Company's paid-in capital: None.
- E. Acquisition of real estate reaching \$300 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: None.
- F. Disposal of real estate reaching \$300 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: None.
- G. Purchases or sales of goods from or to related parties reaching \$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: Please refer to table 4.
- H. Receivables from related parties reaching \$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: Please refer to table 5.
- I. Trading in derivative instruments undertaken during the reporting periods: Please refer to Note 6(2).
- J. Significant inter-company transactions during the reporting periods: Please refer to table 6.

(2) Information on investees

Names, locations and other information of investee companies (not including investees in Mainland China): Please refer to table 7.

(3) Information on investments in Mainland China

A. Basic information: Please refer to table 8.

B. Significant transactions, either directly or indirectly through a third area, with investee companies in the Mainland Area: Please refer to table 9.

(4) Major shareholders information

Major shareholders information: Please refer to table 10.

14. <u>SEGMENT INFORMATION</u>

(1) General information

The Group is engaged in the manufacturing and sale of automobile electronic products and power management products from a product type perspective. On the manufacturing and sale of products, the Group divided them into two main segments which include automobile electronics business and power management business.

As the nature, production and sales mode of the 2 segments differ from each other, also the Group's management performs the financial management and assesses operating performances separately, these 2 main segments are summarised as the reportable segments in the operating segment information.

(2) <u>Information about segment profit or loss, assets and liabilities</u>

The segment information provided to the Chief Operating Decision-Maker for the reportable segments is as follows:

	F	Automobile		Power						
		electronic	n	nanagement		Other	Eli	iminated by		
Three months ended March 31, 2024		products		products	p	roducts	CO	nsolidation	_	Total
Revenue from external customers	\$	852,817	\$	45,681	\$	-	\$	-	\$	898,498
Inter-segment revenue		329,778		25,860		400	(356,038)		
Total segment revenue	\$	1,182,595	\$	71,541	\$	400	(\$	356,038)	\$	898,498
Segment income (loss)	\$	125,068	(\$	18,153)	\$	400	(\$	1,882)	\$	105,433
Company general income				_						11,649
Company general expense									(44,048)
Interest expense									(4,379)
Profit from continuing operations before tax									\$	68,655
	P	Automobile		Power						
		Automobile electronic	n	Power nanagement		Other	Eli	iminated by		
Three months ended March 31, 2023			n		p	Other roducts		iminated by		Total
Three months ended March 31, 2023 Revenue from external customers		electronic	\$	nanagement				•	\$	Total 886,173
		electronic products		nanagement products			CO	•	\$	
Revenue from external customers		products 839,427		products 46,746		roducts -	CO	nsolidation -	\$	
Revenue from external customers Inter-segment revenue	\$	electronic products 839,427 324,606	\$	products 46,746 48,846	\$	roducts - 272	\$ (nsolidation - - 373,724)	_	886,173
Revenue from external customers Inter-segment revenue Total segment revenue	\$	electronic products 839,427 324,606 1,164,033	\$	nanagement products 46,746 48,846 95,592	\$	272 272	\$ (373,724) 373,724)	\$	886,173 - 886,173
Revenue from external customers Inter-segment revenue Total segment revenue Segment income (loss)	\$	electronic products 839,427 324,606 1,164,033	\$	nanagement products 46,746 48,846 95,592	\$	272 272	\$ (373,724) 373,724)	\$	886,173 - 886,173 126,805
Revenue from external customers Inter-segment revenue Total segment revenue Segment income (loss) Company general income	\$	electronic products 839,427 324,606 1,164,033	\$	nanagement products 46,746 48,846 95,592	\$	272 272	\$ (373,724) 373,724)	\$	886,173 886,173 126,805 4,040

(3) Reconciliation for segment income (loss)

- A. Sales between segments are carried out at arm's length. The revenue from external customers reported to the Chief Operating Decision-Maker is measured in a manner consistent with that in the statement of comprehensive income.
- B. Details of the adjusted consolidated total profit (loss) and reconciliation for profit before tax of reportable segment for the current period are provided in Note 14(2).

Loans to others

Three months ended March 31, 2024

Table 1

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

					Maximum												
					outstanding					Amount of		Allowance			Limit on loans	Ceiling on	
			General	Is a	balance during					transactions	Reason	for			granted to	total loans	
No.			ledger	related	the three months ended	Balance at	Actual amount	Interest	Nature of	with the	for short-term	uncollectible	Col	lateral	a single party	granted	
(Note 1)	Creditor	Borrower	account	party	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2024	drawn down	rate	loan	borrower	financing	accounts	Item	Value	(Note 2)	(Note 2)	Footnote
						, .		1410	10411		Imaneing	accounts	Item	v arac	(11010 2)	(-:	
0	SYSGRATION	SYSGRATION	Other	Y	\$ 65,157	•	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-	Having business	\$ 1,324,229	-	\$ -	None		- \$ 1,324,229		
0	SYSGRATION LTD.	ELECTRONICS	receivables	Y			**					\$ -					
0			receivables	Y			**		Having business			\$ -					

Note 1: The numbers filled in for the loans provided by the Company or subsidiaries are as follows:

- (1) The Company is '0'.
- (2) The subsidiaries are numbered in order starting from '1'.

CO., LTD.

Note 2: In accordance with the Company's amended "Procedures for Provision of Loans" as approved by the shareholders on April 30, 2020, the ceiling on total loans granted and to individuals of the Company's were as follows:

- (1) The ceiling on total loans granted to others is 40% of the Company's net assets.
- (2) Loans granted to a single party for business transactions: Limit on loans granted to a single party for business transactions is the total value of business transactions in 1 year or 12 months. The value of business transactions refers to the higher of purchase or sales.

Provision of endorsements and guarantees to others

Three months ended March 31, 2024

Table 2 Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

									Ratio of					
					Maximum				accumulated					
		Party	being		outstanding	Outstanding			endorsement/		Provision of	Provision of	Provision of	
		endorsed/g	uaranteed	Limit on	endorsement/	endorsement/			guarantee	Ceiling on	endorsements/	endorsements/	endorsements/	
			Relationship	endorsements/	guarantee	guarantee		Amount of	amount to net	total amount of	guarantees by	guarantees by	guarantees to	
			with the	guarantees	amount as of	amount at		endorsements/	asset value of	endorsements/	parent	subsidiary to	the party in	
			endorser/	provided for a	March 31,	March 31,	Actual amount	guarantees	the endorser/	guarantees	company to	parent	Mainland	
Number	Endorser/		guarantor	single party	2024	2024	drawn down	secured with	guarantor	provided	subsidiary	company	China	
(Note 1)	guarantor	Company name	(Note 2)	(Note 3)	(Note 4)	(Note 5)	(Note 6)	collateral	company	(Note 3)	(Note 7)	(Note 7)	(Note 7)	Footnote
0	SYSGRATION	SYSGRATION	1	\$ 936,292	\$ 3,000	\$ 3,000	\$ 1,613	\$ -	0.10%	\$ 1,404,438	N	N	N	
	LTD.	LTD.												
0	SYSGRATION	POWER TANK	2	936,292	372,800	372,800	-	-	11.94%	1,404,438	Y	N	N	
	LTD.	ENERGY LTD.												

- Note 1: The numbers filled in for the loans provided by the Company or subsidiaries are as follows:
 - (1) The Company is '0'.
 - (2) The subsidiaries are numbered in order starting from '1'.
- Note 2: Relationship between the endorser/guarantor and the party being endorsed/guaranteed is classified into the following seven categories; fill in the number of category each case belongs to:
 - (1) Having business relationship.
 - (2) The endorser/guarantor parent company owns directly more than 50% voting shares of the endorsed/ guaranteed subsidiary.
 - (3) The endorsed/guaranteed company owns directly and indirectly more than 50% voting shares of the endorser/guarantor parent company.
 - (4) The endorser/guarantor parent company owns directly and indirectly more than 90% voting shares of the endorsed/guaranteed company.
 - (5)Mutual guarantee of the trade made by the endorsed/guaranteed company or joint contractor as required under the construction contract
 - (6)Due to joint venture, all shareholders provide endorsements/guarantees to the endorsed/guaranteed company in proportion to its ownership.
 - (7) The performance guarantees for the sale of pre-sales contracts under the Consumer Protection Law are jointly guaranteed.
- Note 3: In accordance with the Company's amended "Procedures for Provision of Loans" as approved by the shareholders on June 14, 2019, the limit on endorsements/guarantees provided for subsidiaries whose 50% of the shares are directly and indirectly held is 30% of the Company's net assets and the ceiling on total amount of endorsements/guarantees provided is 45% of the Company's latest financial statements.
- Note 4: Fill in the year-to-date maximum outstanding balance of endorsements/guarantees provided as of the reporting period.
- Note 5: Fill in the amount approved by the Board of Directors or the chairman if the chairman has been authorised by the Board of Directors based on subparagraph 8, Article 12 of the Regulations Governing Loaning of Funds and Making of Endorsements/Guarantees by Public Companies.
- Note 6: Fill in the actual amount of endorsements/guarantees used by the endorsed/guaranteed company.
- Note 7: Fill in 'Y' for those cases of provision of endorsements/guarantees by listed parent company to subsidiary and provision by subsidiary to listed parent company, and provision to the party in Mainland China.

Holding of marketable securities at the end of the period (not including subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures)

March 31, 2024

Table 3

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

		Daladianakin midhadha			As of March 3	1, 2024		
	Marketable securities	Relationship with the securities issuer	General		Book value			Footnote
Securities held by	(Note 1)	(Note 2)	ledger account	Number of shares	(Note 3)	Ownership	Fair value	(Note 4)
SYSGRATION LTD.	SINTRONIC TECHNOLOGY INC.	None	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current	16,019 \$	-	0%	\$ -	
SYSGRATION LTD.	ARCHERS INC.	None	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current	1,000,000	-	3%	-	
SYSGRATION LTD.	NEXTRONICS ENGINEERING CORP.	None	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current	240,100	31,453	1%	31,453	
SYSGRATION LTD.	ORO TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.	None	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current	256,000	-	9%	-	
SYSGRATION LTD.	GOMORE INC.	None	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current	25,216,865	774	5%	774	
SYSGRATION LTD.	IMEIER GREEN TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD	None	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current	2,000,000	19,260	8.8%	19,260	
SYSGRATION LTD.	ION ELECTRONIC MATERIALS CO., LTD	None	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current	1,126,894	162,273	3%	162,273	
SYSGRATION LTD.	ADAT TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD	None	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current	873,685	8,323	4%	8,323	
SYSGRATION LTD.	BIOMEDICA CORPORATION	None	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current	156,225	9,738	3%	9,738	
SYSGRATION LTD.	REALWEAR INC.	None	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current	1,545,955	28,983	1%	28,983	
SYSGRATION LTD.	FUYOU PRIVATE EQUITY	None	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - non-current	2,100,000	32,717	3%	32,717	
SYSGRATION LTD.	COMPUCASE ENTERPRISE CO., LTD.	None	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	10,000	810	0%	810	
SYSGRATION LTD.	ASROCK INC.	None	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	10,000	2,542	0%	2,542	

Note 1: Marketable securities in the table refer to stocks, bonds, beneficiary certificates and other related derivative securities.

Note 2: Leave the column blank if the issuer of marketable securities is non-related party.

Note 3: Fill in the amount after adjusted at fair value and deducted by accumulated impairment for the marketable securities measured at fair value; fill in the acquisition cost or amortised cost deducted by accumulated impairment for the marketable securities not measured at fair value.

Note 4: The number of shares of securities and their amounts pledged as security or pledged for loans and their restrictions on use under some agreements should be stated in the footnote if the securities presented herein have such conditions.

Purchases or sales of goods from or to related parties reaching NT\$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more

Three months ended March 31, 2024

Table 4

Expressed in thousands of NTD

(Except as otherwise indicated)

Differences in transaction terms compared to third party

							voinpureu t	o uma purij				
		<u>-</u>		Transac	ction		transa	actions	No	otes/accounts r	receivable (payable)	
					Percentage of						Percentage of	
		Relationship with the	Purchases		total purchases						total notes/accounts	
Purchaser/seller	Counterparty	counterparty	(sales)	 Amount	(sales)	Credit term	Unit price	Credit term		Balance	receivable (payable)	Footnote
SYSGRATION LTD.	SYSGRATION	Subsidiary	Purchases	\$ 327,276	55%	120 days	Note	Note	(\$	422,825)	56%	
	ELECTRONICS											
	TECHNOLOGY (HUIZHOU)											

Note: Based on the mutual agreement since no similar transaction can be compared with.

CO., LTD.

Receivables from related parties reaching NT\$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more

March 31, 2024

Table 5

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

								Amount collected		
		Relationship			_	Overdue	e receivables	subsequent to the	Allowance for	
Creditor	Counterparty	with the counterparty	Balance as a	t March 31, 2024	Turnover rate	Amount	Action taken	balance sheet date	doubtful accounts	<u>i</u>
SYSGRATION ELECTRON	NICS SYSGRATION LTD.	Subsidiary								
TECHNOLOGY (HUIZHOU	J)		\$	422,825	0.81	\$	-	- \$ -	. \$	-
CO., LTD.										

Significant inter-company transactions during the reporting periods

Three months ended March 31, 2024

Table 6

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

							Transaction	
Number			Relationship					Percentage of consolidated total operating
(Note 1)	Company name	Counterparty	(Note 2)	General ledger account	_	Amount	Transaction terms	revenues or total assets (Note 4)
1	SYSGRATION ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGY (HUIZHOU) CO., LTD.	SYSGRATION LTD.	2	Accounts receivable	\$	422,825	Note 6	9%
1	SYSGRATION ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGY (HUIZHOU) CO., LTD.	SYSGRATION LTD.	2	Sales of goods		327,276	Note 6	36%

Note 1: The numbers filled in for the transaction company in respect of inter-company transactions are as follows:

- (1) Parent company is '0'.
- (2) The subsidiaries are numbered in order starting from '1'.

Note 2: Relationship between transaction company and counterparty is classified into the following three categories; fill in the number of category each case belongs to (If transactions between parent company and subsidiaries or between subsidiaries refer to the same transaction, it is not required to disclose twice. For example, if the parent company has already disclosed its transaction with a subsidiary, then the subsidiary is not required to disclose the transaction; for transactions between two subsidiaries, if one of the subsidiaries has disclosed the transaction, then the other is not required to disclose the transaction.):

- (1) Parent company to subsidiary.
- (2) Subsidiary to parent company.
- (3) Subsidiary to subsidiary.

Note 3: Transaction amount that did not reach NT\$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more will not be disclosed. Additionally, the counter related parties' of the transaction will also not be disclosed.

- Note 4: Ratios of asset/liability are divided by consolidated total assets, and ratios of profit/loss accounts are divided by consolidated sales revenue.
- Note 5: The loans granted and endorsement and guarantees between the Company and subsidiaries, please refer to table 1 and 2.
- Note 6: There are no comparable transaction to non-related parties. The conditions of transactions are agreed upon by both parties.

Information on investees

Three months ended March 31, 2024

Table 7

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

Investment income(loss)

Net profit (loss)

			Initial in	vestme	ent amount	Shares h	eld as at March 3	31, 202	4	of the investee for the three months ended	recognised by the Company the three months ended		
	Investee		Main business	Balance as at		Balance as at	-				March 31, 2024	March 31, 2024	
Investor	(Note 1, 2)	Location	activities	March 31, 2024	4 <u>E</u>	December 31, 2023	Number of shares	Ownership	В	ook value	(Note 2(2))	(Note 2(3))	Footnote
SYSGRATION LTD.	POWER TANK ENERGY LTD.	TAIWAN	Manufacturing and sale of energy storage products	\$ 413,8	84 \$	\$ 413,884	41,388,434	100%	\$	345,379 (\$ 21,856)	(\$ 21,856)	Note 3
POWER TANK ENERGY LTD.	SYSGRATION TECHNOLOGY (SAMOA)	SAMOA	Investment holding of overseas companies	218,6	59	218,659	21,800,000	100%		185,750 (8,320)	(8,320)	Note 4
SYSGRATION LTD.	SYSGRATION (SAMOA) LTD.	SAMOA	Investment holding of overseas companies	505,1	31	505,131	15,938,000	100%		295,821	13,981	13,981	
SYSGRATION LTD.	SYSGRATION USA INC.	U.S.A.	Sale of electronic products	10,0	62	10,062	300,000	100%		4,533	20	20	
SYSGRATION LTD.	SYSGRATION INTERNATIONAL INC.	U.S.A.	Investment holding of overseas companies	643,7	46	643,746	15,000,000	100%		647,874	5,358	5,358	
SYSGRATION INTERNATIONAL INC	SYSGRATION AMERICA C. CORPORATION	U.S.A.	Manufacturing and sale of electronic products	593,8	10	97,650	19,000,000	100%		613,578	4,944	4,944	
SYSGRATION LTD.	LEADRAY ENERGY CO., LTD.	TAIWAN	Manufacturing and sale of lighting equipments	127,7	96	127,796	11,617,791	35%		125,656 (5,083)	1,838)	

Note 1: If a public company is equipped with an overseas holding company and takes consolidated financial report as the main financial law rules, it can only disclose the information of the overseas holding company about the disclosure of related overseas investee information. Note 2: If situation does not belong to Note 1, fill in the columns according to the following regulations:

⁽¹⁾The columns of 'Investee', 'Location', 'Main business activities', Initial investment amount' and 'Shares held as at March 31, 2024' should fill orderly in the Company's (public company's) information on investees and every directly or indirectly controlled investee's investment information, and note the relationship between the Company (public company) and its investee each (ex. direct subsidiary) in the 'footnote' column.

⁽²⁾ The 'Net profit (loss) of the investee for the three months ended March 31, 2024' column should fill in amount of net profit (loss) of the investee for this period.

⁽³⁾The 'Investment income (loss) recognised by the Company for the three months ended March 31, 2024' column should fill in the Company) recognised investment income (loss) of its direct subsidiary and recognised investment income (loss) of its investee accounted for under the equity method for this period. When filling in recognised investment income (loss) of its direct subsidiary, the Company) should confirm that direct subsidiary's net profit (loss) for this period has included its investment income (loss) which shall be recognised by regulations.

Note 3: On June 30, 2023, the Company split its energy storage business segment to newly established POWER TANK ENERGY LTD. through a spin-off.

Note 4: SYSGRATION TECHNOLOGY (SAMOA) LTD was owned by the Company at the end of last year and was transferred to POWER TANK ENERGY LTD. on June 19, 2023, with the permission of the Department of Investment Review, MOEA.

Information on investments in Mainland China

Three months ended March 31, 2024

Table 8

Expressed in thousands of NTD

(Except as otherwise indicated)

			Amount remitted from Taiwan to											
					Accumulated	Mainlan	d China/	Accumulated						
					amount of	Amount remitted back		amount			Investment income		Accumulated	
					remittance from	to Taiwan for th	he three months	of remittance		Ownership (loss) recognise			amount	
					Taiwan to			from Taiwan to		held by	by the Company	Book value of	of investment	
					Mainland China			Mainland China		the for the three		investments in income		
					as of January 1,	und 11	010 0)	as of March 31,	Net income of	Company	months ended	Mainland China	remitted back to	
		F	aid-in capital	Investment method	2024 (Note 5,	Remitted to	Remitted back	2024	investee as of	(direct or	March 31, 2024	as of March 31,	Taiwan as of	
Investee in Mainland China	Main business activities		(Note 5)	(Note 1)	and Note 8)	Mainland China	to Taiwan	(Note 5)	March 31, 2024	indirect)	(Note2(2)B.)	2024	March 31, 2024	Footnote
SYSGRATION ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGY (ZHENJIANG) CO., LTD.	Manufacturing and sale of energy storage products	\$	691,200	2	\$ 224,697	-	-	\$ 224,697	(\$ 8,320)	100%	(\$ 8,320)	\$ 186,502	-	Note 6
SYSGRATION ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGY (HUIZHOU)	Manufacturing and sale of electronic products		118,400	2	118,400	-	-	118,400	15,324	100%	15,324	234,170	-	Note 7

		Investment amount		
		approved by the	Ceiling on investments	
		Investment	in Mainland China	
		Commission of the	imposed by the	
		Ministry of Economic	Investment	
	Accumulated amount of remittance from Taiwan to Mainland China	Affairs (MOEA)	Commission of	
Company name	as of March 31, 2024 (Note 3, Note 5, and Note 8)	(Note 5)	MOEA (Note 4)	Footnote
POWER TANK ENERGY LTD.	\$ 224,697	\$ 224,697	\$ 208,130	
SYSGRATION LTD.	118,400	118,400	1,872,584	

Note 1: Investment methods are classified into the following three categories; fill in the number of category each case belongs to:

- (1)Directly invest in a company in Mainland China.
- (2) Through investing in an existing company in the third area, which then invested in the investee in Mainland China.

(3)Others

CO., LTD.

- Note 2: In the 'Investment income (loss) recognised by the Company for the three months ended March 31, 2024' column:
 - (1)It should be indicated if the investee was still in the incorporation arrangements and had not yet any profit during this period.
 - (2)Indicate the basis for investment income (loss) recognition in the number of one of the following three categories:
 - A. The financial statements that are reviewed and attested by international accounting firm which has cooperative relationship with accounting firm in R.O.C.
 - B. The financial statements that are reviewed and attested by R.O.C. parent company's CPA.
 - C. Others.

Note 3: The Company reinvested in 'SYSGRATION ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGY (ZHENJIANG) CO., LTD.' through 'SYSGRATION TECHNOLOGY (SAMOA) LTD.' which was invested by the Company under the approval of Jing-Shen-II-Zi No.10100477000, No.10200372350, No.10300319430, No.1040023080, No.10500055360 and No.10500105990. Because the Company split its energy storage business segment to newly established company through a spin-off, the Company reinvested in 'SYSGRATION TECHNOLOGY (SAMOA) LTD. 'and

'SYSGRATION ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGY (ZHENJIANG) CO., LTD.' through 'POWER TANK ENERGY LTD.' which was approved by Jing-Shen-II-Zi No.11200074130 and No.11200124140.

Additionally, the Company reinvested in 'SYSGRATION ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGY (HUIZHOU) CO., LTD.' through 'SYSGRATION (SAMOA) LTD.' which was invested by the Company under the approval of Jing-Shen-II-Zi No.1040006240, No.10400023090, No.10400163350, No.10400251280 and No.10500072680.

- Note 4: The ceiling is NT\$80 million and 60% of the net assets or consolidated net assets, whichever is higher.
- Note 5: It was translated to NTD at the exchange rate on March 31, 2024.
- Note 6: Through SYSGRATION TECHNOLOGY (SAMOA) LTD..
- Note 7: Through SYSGRATION (SAMOA) LTD..
- Note 8: Under the approval of Jing-Shen-II-Zi No.11200124140, POWER TANK ENERGY LTD. reinvested in the net value at the spin-off of 'SYSGRATION ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGY (ZHENJIANG) CO., LTD.'s through 'SYSGRATION TECHNOLOGY (SAMOA) LTD.', therefore, it is different from the remitted amount.
- Note 9: POWER TANK ENERGY LTD. completed the investment in Mainland China in the third quarter of 2023 and the ceiling on investments was \$236,414 which was calculated based on POWER TANK ENERGY LTD.'s net assets of \$394,024 in the third quarter of 2023.

Significant transactions, either directly or indirectly through a third area, with investee companies in the Mainland Area

Three months ended March 31, 2024

Table 9 Expressed in thousands of NTD

(Except as otherwise indicated)

		Sale (purchase	e)	Pro	perty transa	ction		Accounts receival	ole	Other accounts receiva (payable)	ıble	Provision endorsements/g or collate	uarantees			Financing	ī.			
Investee in Mainland China		Amount	%		mount	%	Bal	ance at March 31, 2024	%	Balance at March 31, 2024	%	Balance at March 31, 2024	Purpose	the three n	balance during months ended 131, 2024	e at March	Interest rate	est for the thre ended March 2024		ers
SYSGRATION ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGY	(\$	327,276)	55%	\$	-	-	(\$	422,825)	-56%	\$ 64,087	71%	Note	Note	\$	65,157	\$ 64,013	-	\$	-	

Note: Please refer to table 2.

(HUIZHOU) CO., LTD.

SYSGRATION LTD.

Major shareholders information

March 31, 2024

Table 10

		Share	es	
	Name of major shareholders	Number of shares held	Ownership	
LEE, YI-REN		12,880,210		6.76%