SYSGRATION LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

DECEMBER 31, 2024 AND 2023

For the convenience of readers and for information purpose only, the auditors' report and the accompanying financial statements have been translated into English from the original Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. In the event of any discrepancy between the English version and the original Chinese version or any differences in the interpretation of the two versions, the Chinese-language auditors' report and financial statements shall prevail.

SYSGRATION LTD.

DECEMBER 31, 2024 AND 2023 CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

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Declaration of Consolidated Financial Statements of Affiliated Enterprises

The entities that are required to be included in the consolidated financial statements of the Company for 2024 (from January 1 to December 31, 2024) under the Criteria Governing the Preparation of Affiliation Reports, Consolidated Business Reports, and Consolidated Financial Statements of Affiliated Enterprises are the same as those included in the consolidated financial statements prepared in conformity with International Financial Reporting Standards No. 10, “Consolidated Financial Statements” endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission. In addition, the information required to be disclosed in the combined financial statements is included in the consolidated financial statements. Consequently, the Company and its subsidiaries will not prepare a separate set of combined financial statements.

We hereby declare

Company name: SYSGRATION LTD.

Chairman: Lee, Yi-Ren

February 26, 2025

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors and Shareholders of SYSGRATION LTD.

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Sysgration Ltd. and subsidiaries (the "Group") as at December 31, 2024 and 2023, and the related consolidated statements of comprehensive income, of changes in equity and of cash flows for the years then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of material accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Group as at December 31, 2024 and 2023, and its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and the International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, IFRIC Interpretations, and SIC Interpretations that came into effect as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with the Regulations Governing Auditing and Attestation of Financial Statements by Certified Public Accountants and Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the Norm of Professional Ethics for Certified Public Accountants of the Republic of China, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

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Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the Group's 2024 consolidated financial statements. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole and, in forming our opinion thereon, we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Key audit matters for the Group's 2024 consolidated financial statements are stated as follows:

Existence and occurrence of revenue

Description

Please refer to Note 4(32) for accounting policies on revenue recognition and Note 6(24) for details of sales revenue.

The Group is primarily engaged in the manufacture and sales of automobile electronics products and power management products. Revenue is the main indicator of whether the Group achieves its business and financial goals, and existence and occurrence of revenue have a significant impact on financial reports. The revenue from automobile electronic products accounts for 90.33% of the operating income. Thus, we considered the existence and occurrence of automobile electronic products revenue as a key audit matter.

How our audit addressed the matter

The key audit procedures performed in respect of the above included the following:

A. Obtained an understanding of and tested the internal control procedures of recognition of revenue and tested the effectiveness in exercising internal controls in relation to sales revenue.
B. Obtained the details of revenue and verified customers' orders, delivery orders and sales invoices to confirm whether the sales revenue transactions indeed occurred.

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C. Examined the content and related supporting documents of sales returns and discounts after the balance sheet date and checked the subsequent collection to confirm the existence of sales revenue.

Valuation of allowance for inventory valuation losses

Description

Please refer to Note 4(14) for accounting policies on inventory, Note 5(2) for the uncertainty of accounting estimates and assumptions in relation to inventory valuation, and Note 6(6) for allowance for inventory valuation losses. As at December 31, 2024, the Group's inventories and allowances for inventory valuation losses were NT$440,595 thousand and NT$41,429 thousand, respectively.

The Group is primarily engaged in the manufacture and sale of automobile electronics products and power management products. Because of the rapid change in development of electronic products, there is a higher risk of incurring inventory valuation losses or having obsolete inventory. The Group's inventories are measured at the lower of cost and net realizable value, and individually assessed for those inventories over a certain age in order to identify obsolete or slow-moving inventories. The material's net realizable value is calculated based on the latest purchase price, and the net realizable values of work in process and finished goods are measured at the last sales price as well as taken into consideration of the operating expense ratio.

The industry technology is rapidly changing, and the net realizable value of inventories involves subjective judgement resulting in an uncertainty when assessing the obsolete or slow-moving inventories. Considering that the inventory and allowance for inventory valuation losses were material to the financial statements, the assessment of allowance for inventory valuation losses was identified as a key audit matter.

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How our audit addressed the matter

The key audit procedures performed in respect of the above included the following:

A. Assessed the reasonableness of provision policies on allowance for inventory valuation losses based on our understanding of the Group's operations and the characteristics of the industry, including the classification of inventory for determining net realizable value and the reasonableness of determining the obsolescence of inventory.
B. Obtained an understanding of the Group's warehousing control procedures. Reviewed the annual physical inventory count plan and observed the annual inventory count in order to assess the effectiveness of the classification of obsolete inventory and internal control over obsolete inventory.
C. Obtained an understanding of the policy on inventory aging report and the logic of inventory aging report program. Selected samples to verify the accuracy of inventory aging report.
D. Verified the reasonableness of inventory valuation basis, including test sampling the latest purchase price, purchase invoice, the latest sales price and sales invoices in order to verify that the inventory was measured at the lower of cost and net realizable value.

Other matter - Parent company only financial reports

We have audited and expressed an unmodified opinion, with an other matter paragraph, on the parent company only financial statements of Sysgration Ltd. as at and for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023.

Responsibilities of management and those charged with governance for the consolidated financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and the International Financial Reporting

Standards, International Accounting Standards, IFRIC Interpretations, and SIC Interpretations that came into effect as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance, including the audit committee, are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

A. Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

B. Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.

C. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.

D. Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.

E. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

F. Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Chih, Ping-Chiun　　　　Chiu, Chao-Hsien

For and on behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers, Taiwan

February 26, 2025

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are not intended to present the financial position and results of operations and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. The standards, procedures and practices in the Republic of China governing the audit of such financial statements may differ from those generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. Accordingly, the accompanying consolidated financial statements and independent auditors' report are not intended for use by those who are not informed about the accounting principles or auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China, and their applications in practice.

SYSGRATION LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
DECEMBER 31, 2024 AND 2023
(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

	Assets	Notes	December 31, 2024 AMOUNT	%	December 31, 2023 AMOUNT	%
	Current assets					
1100	Cash and cash equivalents	6(1)	$ 1,797,789	35	$ 2,164,325	45
1110	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	6(2)	9,364	-	121	-
1136	Current financial assets at amortized cost	6(1)(4) and 8	57,724	1	-	-
1140	Current contract assets	6(24)	37,082	1	-	-
1150	Notes receivable, net	6(5) and 12(2)	4,205	-	4,447	-
1170	Accounts receivable, net	6(5) and 12(2)	809,553	16	970,522	20
1200	Other receivables		14,507	-	24,907	1
1220	Current income tax assets	6(31)	-	-	705	-
130X	Inventories	6(6)	399,166	8	370,126	8
1470	Other current assets		85,924	2	48,830	1
11XX	**Current assets**		3,215,314	63	3,583,983	75
	Non-current assets					
1510	Non-current financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	6(2)	29,303	1	25,103	-
1517	Non-current financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	6(3)	226,120	4	231,456	5
1535	Non-current financial assets at amortized cost	6(1)(4) and 8	42,234	1	16,700	-
1560	Non-current contract assets	6(24)	28,062	1	-	-
1550	Investments accounted for using equity method	6(7)	-	-	127,494	3
1600	Property, plant and equipment	6(8) and 8	1,288,899	25	554,777	12
1755	Right-of-use assets	6(9)	69,895	1	71,114	1
1760	Investment property - net	6(10)	3,750	-	3,888	-
1780	Intangible assets	6(11)	62,297	1	26,628	1
1840	Deferred income tax assets	6(31)	27,322	1	40,941	1
1900	Other non-current assets		85,401	2	90,482	2
15XX	**Non-current assets**		1,863,283	37	1,188,583	25
1XXX	**Total assets**		$ 5,078,597	100	$ 4,772,566	100

(Continued)

SYSGRATION LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
DECEMBER 31, 2024 AND 2023
(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

	Liabilities and Equity	Notes	December 31, 2024 AMOUNT	%	December 31, 2023 AMOUNT	%
	Current liabilities					
2100	Short-term borrowings	6(12)	$ 8,956	-	$ -	-
2120	Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss - current	6(13)	-	-	3,250	-
2130	Current contract liabilities	6(24)	74,588	1	6,209	-
2150	Notes payable		234	-	936	-
2170	Accounts payable		536,397	11	638,169	14
2200	Other payables	6(16)(34)	221,576	4	243,288	5
2220	Other payables - related parties	7	-	-	195	-
2230	Current income tax liabilities	6(31)	5,937	-	-	-
2250	Current provisions	6(19)	67,906	1	39,323	1
2280	Current lease liabilities		28,920	1	35,601	1
2320	Long-term liabilities, current portion	6(14)(15) and 8	591,094	12	100,953	2
2399	Other current liabilities, others		12,704	-	15,422	-
21XX	**Current liabilities**		1,548,312	30	1,083,346	23
	Non-current liabilities					
2530	Bonds payable	6(14)	-	-	469,333	10
2540	Long-term borrowings	6(15) and 8	186,922	4	207,078	4
2550	Non-current provisions	6(19)	13,744	-	-	-
2570	Deferred income tax liabilities	6(31)	1,958	-	1,000	-
2580	Non-current lease liabilities		41,784	1	36,000	1
2600	Other non-current liabilities		430	-	715	-
25XX	**Non-current liabilities**		244,838	5	714,126	15
2XXX	**Total liabilities**		1,793,150	35	1,797,472	38
	Equity attributable to owners of the parent					
	Share capital	6(20)				
3110	Ordinary shares		1,909,364	38	1,845,849	39
3130	Certificate of entitlement to new shares from convertible bonds		2,185	-	55,073	1
3140	Advance receipts for share capital		3,195	-	2,264	-
	Capital surplus	6(21)				
3200	Capital surplus		953,517	19	899,048	19
	Retained earnings	6(22)				
3310	Legal reserve		30,119	1	4,497	-
3320	Special reserve		76,332	2	1,563	-
3350	Retained earnings		170,621	3	295,125	6
	Other equity interest	6(23)				
3400	Other equity interest		(68,452)	(2)	(128,325)	(3)
31XX	**Equity attributable to owners of the parent**		3,076,881	61	2,975,094	62
36XX	Non-controlling interest	6(33)	208,566	4	-	-
3XXX	**Total equity**		3,285,447	65	2,975,094	62
	Significant contingent liabilities and unrecognized contract commitments	9				
	Significant events after the balance sheet date	11				
3X2X	**Total liabilities and equity**		$ 5,078,597	100	$ 4,772,566	100

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

SYSGRATION LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024 AND 2023
(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except for earnings per share amounts)

	Items	Notes	2024 AMOUNT	2024 %	2023 AMOUNT	2023 %
4000	Operating revenue	6(24)	$ 3,109,948	100	$ 3,278,708	100
5000	Operating costs	6(6)(17)(18)(29)(30) and 7	(2,358,117)	(76)	(2,467,840)	(75)
5900	Gross profit from operations		751,831	24	810,868	25
	Operating expenses	6(17)(18)(29)(30)				
6100	Selling expenses		(105,292)	(3)	(124,505)	(4)
6200	Administrative expenses		(241,941)	(8)	(229,743)	(7)
6300	Research and development expenses		(329,461)	(11)	(256,264)	(8)
6450	Impairment gain and reversal of impairment loss determined in accordance with IFRS 9	12(2)	(22,213)	(1)	(6,598)	-
6000	Total operating expenses		(698,907)	(23)	(617,110)	(19)
6900	Operating profit		52,924	1	193,758	6
	Non-operating income and expenses					
7100	Interest income	6(4)(25)	35,878	1	22,238	1
7010	Other income	6(26)	9,578	-	12,679	-
7020	Other gains and losses	6(2)(13)(27)	38,040	1	36,308	1
7050	Finance costs	6(9)(14)(15)(28)	(18,830)	-	(13,125)	-
7055	Impairment loss (impairment gain and reversal of impairment loss) determined in accordance with IFRS 9	12(2)	-	-	6,592	-
7060	Share of loss of associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method	6(7)	(5,205)	-	(2,717)	-
7000	Total non-operating income and expenses		59,461	2	61,975	2
7900	**Profit before income tax**		112,385	3	255,733	8
7950	Income tax expense	6(31)	(8,333)	-	(249)	-
8200	**Profit for the year**		$ 104,052	3	$ 255,484	8
	Other comprehensive income					
	Components of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss	6(3)(23)(31)				
8316	Unrealized gains (losses) from investments in equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income		$ 22,559	1	($ 16,833)	-
8349	Income tax related to components of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss		(6,192)	-	3,513	-
8310	Total other comprehensive income (loss) that will not be reclassified to profit or loss, net of tax		16,367	1	(13,320)	-
	Components of other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to profit or loss	6(23)(31)				
8361	Exchange differences on translation		45,722	1	(27,259)	(1)
8399	Income tax related to components of other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to profit or loss		(9,146)	-	5,452	-
8360	Total other comprehensive income (loss) that will be reclassified to profit or loss, net of tax		36,576	1	(21,807)	(1)
8300	**Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax**		$ 52,943	2	($ 35,127)	(1)
8500	**Total comprehensive income for the year**		$ 156,995	5	$ 220,357	7
	Profit, attributable to:					
8610	Owners of the parent		$ 116,045	4	$ 255,484	8
8620	Non-controlling interest		(11,993)	(1)	-	-
			$ 104,052	3	$ 255,484	8
	Comprehensive income attributable to:					
8710	Owners of the parent		$ 168,988	5	$ 220,357	7
8720	Non-controlling interest		(11,993)	-	-	-
			$ 156,995	5	$ 220,357	7
	Basic earnings per share	6(32)				
9750	Basic earnings per share		$	0.61	$	1.41
	Diluted earnings per share	6(32)				
9850	Diluted earnings per share		$	0.61	$	1.32

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

SYSGRATION LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY
YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024 AND 2023
(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

		Equity attributable to owners of the parent											
		Share Capital				Retained Earnings			Other Equity Interest				
	Notes	Ordinary shares	Certificate of entitlement to new shares from convertible bond	Advance receipts for share capital	Total capital surplus, additional paid-in capital	Legal reserve	Special reserve	Retained earnings	Financial statements translation differences of foreign operations	Unrealized gains (losses) from financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	Total	Non-controlling interest	Total equity
2023													
Balance at January 1, 2023		$ 1,670,605	$ 1,360	$ 8,267	$ 310,036	$ -	$ -	$ 44,968	($ 51,526)	($ 40,939)	$ 1,942,771	$ -	$ 1,942,771
Profit for the year		-	-	-	-	-	-	255,484	-	-	255,484	-	255,484
Other comprehensive loss for the year	6(23)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(21,807)	(13,320)	(35,127)	-	(35,127)
Total comprehensive income (loss)		-	-	-	-	-	-	255,484	(21,807)	(13,320)	220,357	-	220,357
Share-based compensation cost	6(18)(20)(21)	-	-	-	16,851	-	-	-	-	-	16,851	-	16,851
Convertible bonds	6(14)(20)(21)(34)	36,320	53,713	-	216,853	-	-	-	-	-	306,886	-	306,886
Exercise of employee stock options	6(18)(20)(21)	12,924	-	(6,003)	10,223	-	-	-	-	-	17,144	-	17,144
Disposal of fair value through other comprehensive income		-	-	-	-	-	-	733	-	(733)	-	-	-
Cash capital increase		126,000	-	-	315,000	-	-	-	-	-	441,000	-	441,000
Recognition of share option in issuance of convertible bonds	6(22)	-	-	-	30,085	-	-	-	-	-	30,085	-	30,085
Appropriations of net income for 2022													
Legal reserve appropriated		-	-	-	-	4,497	-	(4,497)	-	-	-	-	-
Special reserve appropriated		-	-	-	-	-	1,563	(1,563)	-	-	-	-	-
Balance at December 31, 2023		$ 1,845,849	$ 55,073	$ 2,264	$ 899,048	$ 4,497	$ 1,563	$ 295,125	($ 73,333)	($ 54,992)	$ 2,975,094	$ -	$ 2,975,094
2024													
Balance at January 1, 2024		$ 1,845,849	$ 55,073	$ 2,264	$ 899,048	$ 4,497	$ 1,563	$ 295,125	($ 73,333)	($ 54,992)	$ 2,975,094	$ -	$ 2,975,094
Profit (loss) for the year		-	-	-	-	-	-	116,045	-	-	116,045	(11,993)	104,052
Other comprehensive income for the year	6(23)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	36,576	16,367	52,943	-	52,943
Total comprehensive income (loss)		-	-	-	-	-	-	116,045	36,576	16,367	168,988	(11,993)	156,995
Share-based compensation cost	6(18)(20)(21)	-	-	-	26,827	-	-	-	-	-	26,827	-	26,827
Convertible bonds	6(14)(20)(34)	55,099	(52,888)	-	6,043	-	-	-	-	-	8,254	-	8,254
Exercise of employee stock options	6(18)(20)(21)	8,416	-	931	21,599	-	-	-	-	-	30,946	-	30,946
Disposal of fair value through other comprehensive income	6(3)(23)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(6,930)	-	6,930	-	-	-
Appropriations of net income for 2023	6(22)												
Legal reserve appropriated		-	-	-	-	25,622	-	(25,622)	-	-	-	-	-
Special reserve appropriated		-	-	-	-	-	74,769	(74,769)	-	-	-	-	-
Cash dividends declared		-	-	-	-	-	-	(133,228)	-	-	(133,228)	-	(133,228)
Changes in non-controlling interest	6(33)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	220,559	220,559
Balance at December 31, 2024		$ 1,909,364	$ 2,185	$ 3,195	$ 953,517	$ 30,119	$ 76,332	$ 170,621	($ 36,757)	($ 31,695)	$ 3,076,881	$ 208,566	$ 3,285,447

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

SYSGRATION LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024 AND 2023
(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

	Notes	Year ended December 31 2024	Year ended December 31 2023
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Profit before tax		$ 112,385	$ 255,733
Adjustments			
Adjustments to reconcile profit (loss)			
Net gain on financial assets at fair value through	6(27)	(1,328)	(3,148)
Expected credit impairment loss	12(2)	22,213	6,598
Loss on decline (gain on reversal) for inventory		9,273	(9,727)
Depreciation	6(8)(9)(10)(29)	174,472	130,426
Amortization	6(11)(29)	28,882	23,074
Share of loss of associates accounted for using equity method	6(7)	5,205	2,717
Loss (gain) on disposal of property, plant and equipment	6(27)	1,330	(174)
Loss on disposal of investments accounted for using equity method	6(27)	793	-
Interest expense	6(9)(14)(15)(28)	18,830	13,125
Interest income	6(25)	(35,878)	(22,238)
Dividend income	6(26)	(3,633)	(2,836)
Share-based payments	6(18)	26,827	16,851
Profit from lease modification	6(27)	-	(4)
Gain recognized in bargain purchase transaction	6(26)	(129)	(2,415)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities			
Changes in operating assets			
Contract assets		3,055	-
Notes receivable		5,370	(1,946)
Accounts receivable		159,912	(58,983)
Other receivables		9,792	(10,940)
Inventories		(20,956)	62,603
Other current assets		(33,547)	27,048
Changes in operating liabilities			
Contract liabilities		66,066	(3,903)
Notes payable		(702)	(788)
Accounts payable		(106,136)	48,852
Other payables		(21,199)	39,078
Other payables - related parties		(195)	49
Current provisions		16,456	18,077
Other current liabilities		(3,004)	(28)
Cash inflow generated from operations		434,154	527,101
Interest received		37,005	20,588
Interest paid		(18,851)	(4,714)
Income tax paid		(1,814)	(1,407)
Dividend received		3,633	2,836
Net cash flows from operating activities		454,127	544,404

(Continued)

SYSGRATION LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024 AND 2023
(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

	Notes	Year ended December 31 2024	2023
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		$ 565	$ -
Acquisition of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		(15,930)	(9,000)
Acquisition of investments accounted for using equity method	6(7)	(5,940)	(127,796)
Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income		30,106	6,644
Acquisition of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income		(2,211)	(105,981)
(Increase) decrease in financial assets at amortized cost		(50,600)	104,501
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	6(34)	(662,547)	(133,933)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment		2,507	21,177
Acquisition of intangible assets	6(11)	(64,458)	(29,910)
(Decrease) increase in refundable deposits		493	(6,144)
Increase in prepayments for business facilities		(1,681)	(55,551)
Increase in other non-current assets		(6,690)	(1,565)
Acquisition of subsidiaries	6(33)	172,734	-
Net cash flows used in investing activities		(603,652)	(337,558)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Decrease in short-term borrowings	6(35)	(1,044)	(8,862)
Proceeds from long-term borrowings	6(35)	-	87,801
Repayment of long-term borrowings	6(35)	(110,111)	(90,769)
Proceeds from issuance of bonds	6(35)	-	497,300
Repayments of bonds	6(35)	-	(154,900)
Exercise of employee share options	6(20)	30,946	17,144
Payments of lease liabilities	6(35)	(42,577)	(35,824)
(Decrease) increase in guarantee deposits received		(716)	517
Cash dividends paid	6(22)	(133,228)	-
Cash capital increase	6(20)	-	441,000
Net cash flows (used in) from financing activities		(256,730)	753,407
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents		39,719	(24,891)
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents		(366,536)	935,362
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	6(1)	2,164,325	1,228,963
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	6(1)	$ 1,797,789	$ 2,164,325

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

SYSGRATION LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024 AND 2023
(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except as otherwise indicated)

1. HISTORY AND ORGANIZATION

SYSGRATION LTD. (the 'Company') was incorporated as a company limited by shares under the provisions of the Company Act of the Republic of China (R.O.C.) on October 14, 1977, and the Company's shares have been approved by Securities and Futures Commission, Ministry of Finance to be officially traded on Taipei Exchange from December 1995. The Company and its subsidiaries (the 'Group') primarily engage in the manufacture and sale of automobile electronics products and power management products.

2. THE DATE OF AUTHORIZATION FOR ISSUANCE OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND PROCEDURES FOR AUTHORIZATION

These consolidated financial statements were reported to the Board of Directors on February 26, 2025.

3. APPLICATION OF NEW STANDARDS, AMENDMENTS AND INTERPRETATIONS

(1) Effect of the adoption of new issuances of or amendments to International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS®") Accounting Standards that came into effect as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission ("FSC")

New standards, interpretations and amendments endorsed by the FSC and became effective from 2024 are as follows:

New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments	Effective date by International Accounting Standards Board
Amendments to IFRS 16, 'Lease liability in a sale and leaseback'	January 1, 2024
Amendments to IAS 1, 'Classification of liabilities as current or non-current'	January 1, 2024
Amendments to IAS 1, 'Non-current liabilities with covenants'	January 1, 2024
Amendments to IAS 7 and IFRS 7, 'Supplier finance arrangements'	January 1, 2024

The above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the Group's financial condition and financial performance based on the Group's assessment.

(2) Effect of new issuances of or amendments to IFRS Accounting Standards as endorsed by the FSC but not yet adopted by the Group

New standards, interpretations and amendments endorsed by the FSC effective from 2025 are as follows:

New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments	Effective date by International Accounting Standards Board
Amendments to IAS 21, ‘Lack of exchangeability’	January 1, 2025

The above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the Group’s financial condition and financial performance based on the Group’s assessment.

(3) IFRS Accounting Standards issued by IASB but not yet endorsed by the FSC

New standards, interpretations and amendments issued by IASB but not yet included in the IFRS Accounting Standards as endorsed by the FSC are as follows:

New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments	Effective date by International Accounting Standards Board
Amendments to IFRS 9 and IFRS 7, ‘Amendments to the classification and measurement of financial instruments’	January 1, 2026
Amendments to IFRS 9 and IFRS 7, ‘Contracts referencing nature-dependent electricity’	January 1, 2026
Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28, ‘Sale or contribution of assets between an investor and its associate or joint venture’	To be determined by International Accounting Standards Board
IFRS 17, ‘Insurance contracts’	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IFRS 17, ‘Insurance contracts’	January 1, 2023
Amendment to IFRS 17, ‘Initial application of IFRS 17 and IFRS 9 – comparative information’	January 1, 2023
IFRS 18, ‘Presentation and disclosure in financial statements’	January 1, 2027
IFRS 19, ‘Subsidiaries without public accountability: disclosures’	January 1, 2027
Annual Improvements to IFRS Accounting Standards—Volume 11	January 1, 2026

Except for the following, the above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the Group's financial condition and financial performance based on the Group's assessment. The quantitative impact will be disclosed when the assessment is complete.

IFRS 18, 'Presentation and disclosure in financial statements'

IFRS 18, 'Presentation and disclosure in financial statements' replaces IAS 1. The standard introduces a defined structure of the statement of profit or loss, disclosure requirements related to management-defined performance measures, and enhanced principles on aggregation and disaggregation which apply to the primary financial statements and notes.

4. SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the periods presented, unless otherwise stated.

(1) Compliance statement

The consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared in accordance with the "Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers", International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, IFRIC® Interpretations, and SIC® Interpretations that came into effect as endorsed by the FSC (collectively referred herein as the "IFRSs").

(2) Basis of preparation

A. Except for the following item, the consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention:

(a) Financial assets (including derivative instruments) at fair value through profit or loss.

B. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRIC® requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements are disclosed in Note 5.

(3) Basis of consolidation

A. Basis for preparation of consolidated financial statements:

(a) All subsidiaries are included in the Group's consolidated financial statements. Subsidiaries are all entities (including structured entities) controlled by the Group. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. Consolidation of subsidiaries begins from the date the Group obtains control of the subsidiaries and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiaries.

(b) Inter-company transactions, balances and unrealized gains or losses on transactions between companies within the Group are eliminated. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been adjusted where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

(c) Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the parent and to the non-controlling interests. Total comprehensive income is attributed to the owners of the parent and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

(d) Changes in a parent's ownership interest in a subsidiary that do not result in the parent losing control of the subsidiary (transactions with non-controlling interests) are accounted for as equity transactions, i.e. transactions with owners in their capacity as owners. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognized directly in equity.

B. Subsidiaries included in the consolidated financial statements:

Name of investor	Name of subsidiary	Main business activities	Ownership(%) December 31, 2024	Ownership(%) December 31, 2023	Note
SYSGRATION LTD.	SYSGRATION USA INC.	Sale of electronic products	100	100	
SYSGRATION LTD.	SYSGRATION (SAMOA) LTD.	Investment holding of overseas companies	100	100	
SYSGRATION LTD.	POWER TANK ENERGY LTD.	Manufacturing and sale of energy storage products	100	100	Note 1
SYSGRATION LTD.	SYSGRATION INTERNATIONAL INC.	Investment holding of overseas companies	100	100	
SYSGRATION INTERNATIONAL INC.	SYSGRATION AMERICA CORPORATION	Manufacturing and sale of electronic products	100	100	
POWER TANK ENERGY LTD. / SYSGRATION LTD.	SYSGRATION TECHNOLOGY (SAMOA) LTD.	Investment holding of overseas companies	100	100	Note 2
SYSGRATION TECHNOLOGY (SAMOA) LTD.	SYSGRATION ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGY (ZHENJIANG) CO., LTD.	Manufacturing and sale of energy storage products	100	100	
SYSGRATION (SAMOA) LTD.	SYSGRATION ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGY (HUIZHOU) CO., LTD.	Manufacturing and sale of electronic products	100	100	
SYSGRATION LTD.	LEADRAY ENERGY CO., LTD.	Manufacturing and sale of solar energy and green capable equipment	36.62	35	Note 3

Note 1: On June 30, 2023, the effective date of the spin-off, the Company split its energy storage business segment to newly established POWER TANK ENERGY LTD. through a spin-off. The aforementioned spin-off transaction pertains to a reorganization.

Note 2: On June 19, 2023, POWER TANK ENERGY LTD. was approved by the Investment Commission of the Ministry of Economic Affairs (MOEA) to accept the equity interest of SYSGRATION (SAMOA) LTD. and SYSGRATION ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGY (ZHENJIANG) CO., LTD.

Note 3: LEADRAY ENERGY CO, LTD. held a shareholders' meeting on June 28, 2024. The Group obtained more than half of the total number of directors; therefore, it was determined that the Group had control over LEADRAY ENERGY, and included

LEADRAY ENERGY in the consolidated financial statements. Please refer to Note 6(7)A(c) for the related information.

C. Subsidiaries not included in the consolidated financial statements: None.

D. Adjustments for subsidiaries with different balance sheet dates: None.

E. Significant restrictions: None.

F. Subsidiaries that have non-controlling interest that are material to the Group: None.

(4) Foreign currency translation

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the "functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in New Taiwan dollars, which is the Company's functional and the Group's presentation currency.

A. Foreign currency transactions and balances

(a) Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions or valuation where items are remeasured. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions are recognized in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

(b) Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the period end are re-translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date. Exchange differences arising upon re-translation at the balance sheet date are recognized in profit or loss.

(c) Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies held at fair value through profit or loss are re-translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date; their translation differences are recognized in profit or loss. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies held at fair value through other comprehensive income are re-translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date; their translation differences are recognized in other comprehensive income. However, non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies that are not measured at fair value are translated using the historical exchange rates at the dates of the initial transactions.

(d) All foreign exchange gains and losses based on the nature of those transactions are presented in the statement of comprehensive income within 'other gains and losses'.

B. Translation of foreign operations

The operating results and financial position of all the group entities, associates and joint arrangements that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:

(a) Assets and liabilities for each balance sheet presented are translated at the closing exchange rate at the date of that balance sheet,

(b) Income and expenses for each statement of comprehensive income are translated at average exchange rates of that period; and

(c) All resulting exchange differences are recognized in other comprehensive income.

(5) Classification of current and non-current items

A. Assets that meet one of the following criteria are classified as current assets; otherwise, they are classified as non-current assets:

(a) Assets arising from operating activities that are expected to be realized or are intended to be sold or consumed within the normal operating cycle,

(b) Assets held mainly for trading purposes,

(c) Assets that are expected to be realized within twelve months from the balance sheet date,

(d) Cash and cash equivalents, excluding restricted cash and cash equivalents and those that are to be exchanged or used to settle liabilities more than twelve months after the balance sheet date.

B. Liabilities that meet one of the following criteria are classified as current liabilities; otherwise, they are classified as non-current liabilities:

(a) Liabilities that are expected to be settled within the normal operating cycle,

(b) Liabilities arising mainly from trading activities,

(c) Liabilities that are to be settled within twelve months from the balance sheet date,

(d) It does not have the right at the end of the reporting period to defer settlement of the liability at least twelve months after the reporting period.

(6) Cash equivalents

Cash equivalents refer to short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. Time deposits that meet the definition above and are held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments in operations are classified as cash equivalents.

(7) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

A. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are financial assets that are not measured at amortized cost or fair value through other comprehensive income.

B. On a regular way purchase or sale basis, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are recognized and derecognized using trade date accounting.

C. At initial recognition, the Group measures the financial assets at fair value and recognizes the transaction costs in profit or loss. The Group subsequently measures the financial assets at fair value and recognizes the gain or loss in profit or loss.

D. The Group recognizes the dividend income when the right to receive payment is established, future economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the Group and the amount of the dividend can be measured reliably.

(8) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

A. Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income comprise equity securities which are not held for trading, and for which the Group has made an irrevocable election at initial recognition to recognize changes in fair value in other comprehensive income.

B. On a regular way purchase or sale basis, financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are recognized and derecognized using trade date accounting.

C. At initial recognition, the Group measures the financial assets at fair value plus transaction costs. The Group subsequently measures the financial assets at fair value:

The changes in fair value of equity investments that were recognized in other comprehensive income are reclassified to retained earnings and are not reclassified to profit or loss following the derecognition of the investment. Dividends are recognized as revenue when the right to receive payment is established, future economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the Group and the amount of the dividend can be measured reliably.

(9) Financial assets at amortized cost

A. Financial assets at amortized cost are those that meet all of the following criteria:

(a) The objective of the Group's business model is achieved by collecting contractual cash flows.

(b) The assets' contractual cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest.

B. On a regular way purchase or sale basis, financial assets at amortized cost are recognized and derecognized using trade date accounting.

C. At initial recognition, the Group measures the financial assets at fair value plus transaction costs. Interest income from these financial assets is included in finance income using the effective interest method. A gain or loss is recognized in profit or loss when the asset is derecognized or impaired.

D. The Group's time deposits which do not fall under cash equivalents are those with a short maturity period and are measured at initial investment amount as the effect of discounting is immaterial.

(10) Accounts and notes receivable

A. Accounts and notes receivable entitle the Group a legal right to receive consideration in exchange for transferred goods or rendered services.

B. The short-term accounts and notes receivable without bearing interest are subsequently measured at initial invoice amount as the effect of discounting is immaterial.

(11) Impairment of financial assets

For debt instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income and financial assets at amortized cost, at each reporting date, the Group recognize the impairment provision for 12 months expected credit losses if there has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition or recognize the impairment provision for the lifetime expected credit losses (ECLs) if such credit risk has increased since initial recognition after taking into consideration all reasonable and verifiable information that includes forecasts. On the other hand, for accounts receivable or contract assets that do not contain a significant financing component, the Group recognizes the impairment provision for lifetime ECLs.

(12) Derecognition of financial assets

The Group derecognizes a financial asset when the contractual rights to receive the cash flows from the financial asset expire.

(13) Leasing arrangements (lessor)－operating leases

Lease income from an operating lease (net of any incentives given to the lessee) is recognized in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

(14) Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost is determined using the weighted-average method. The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises raw materials, direct labor, other direct costs and related production overheads (allocated based on normal operating capacity). The item by item approach is used in applying the lower of cost and net realizable value. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

(15) Investments accounted for using equity method / associates

A. Associates are all entities over which the Group has significant influence but not control. In general, it is presumed that the investor has significant influence, if an investor holds, directly or indirectly 20 percent or more of the voting power of the investee. Investments in associates are accounted for using the equity method and are initially recognized at cost.

B. The Group's share of its associates' post-acquisition profits or losses is recognized in profit or loss, and its share of post-acquisition movements in other comprehensive income is recognized in other comprehensive income. When the Group's share of losses in an associate equal or exceeds its interest in the associate, including any other unsecured receivables, the Group does not recognize further losses, unless it has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate.

C. When changes in an associate's equity do not arise from profit or loss or other comprehensive income of the associate and such changes do not affect the Group's ownership percentage of the associate, the Group recognizes the Group's share of change in equity of the associate in "capital surplus" in proportion to its ownership.

D. Unrealized gains on transactions between the Group and its associates are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in the associates. Unrealized losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of associates have been adjusted where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

E. When the Group disposes its investment in an associate and loses significant influence over this associate, the amounts previously recognized in other comprehensive income in relation to the associate, are reclassified to profit or loss, on the same basis as would be required if the relevant assets or liabilities were disposed of. If it retains significant influence over this associate, the amounts previously recognized in other comprehensive income in relation to the associate are reclassified to profit or loss proportionately in accordance with the aforementioned approach.

(16) Property, plant and equipment

A. Property, plant and equipment are initially recorded at cost.

B. Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognized as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognized. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to profit or loss during the financial period in which they are incurred.

C. Land is not depreciated. Other property, plant and equipment apply cost model and are depreciated using the straight-line method to allocate their cost over their estimated useful lives. Each part of an item of property, plant, and equipment with a cost that is significant in relation to the total cost of the item must be depreciated separately.

D. The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each financial year-end. If expectations for the assets' residual values and useful lives differ from previous estimates or the patterns of consumption of the assets' future economic benefits embodied in the assets have changed significantly, any change is accounted for as a change in estimate under IAS 8, 'Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors', from the date of the change. The estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment are as follows:

Buildings and structures	2～55	years
Machinery	1～20	years
Maintenance equipment and tools	2～20	years
Office equipment	2～30	years
Transportation equipment	4～5	years
Leasehold improvements	2～5	years or lease period (whichever is shorter)
Others	1～16	years

(17) Leasing arrangements (lessee)－right-of-use assets/ lease liabilities

A. Leases are recognized as a right-of-use asset and a corresponding lease liability at the date at which the leased asset is available for use by the Group. For short-term leases or leases of low-value assets, lease payments are recognized as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

B. Lease liabilities include the net present value of the remaining lease payments at the commencement date, discounted using the incremental borrowing interest rate.

Lease payments are comprised of the following:

(a) Fixed payments, less any lease incentives receivable.

(b) Payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the lessee exercising that option.

The Group subsequently measures the lease liability at amortized cost using the interest method and recognizes interest expense over the lease term. The lease liability is remeasured and the amount of remeasurement is recognized as an adjustment to the right-of-use asset when there are changes in the lease term or lease payments and such changes do not arise from contract modifications.

C. At the commencement date, the right-of-use asset is stated at cost comprising the following:
   (a) The amount of the initial measurement of lease liability,
   (b) Any lease payments made at or before the commencement date,
   (c) Any initial direct costs incurred by the lessee; and
   (d) An estimate of costs to be incurred by the lessee in dismantling and removing the underlying asset, restoring the site on which it is located or restoring the underlying asset to the condition required by the terms and conditions of the lease.

   The right-of-use asset is measured subsequently using the cost model and is depreciated from the commencement date to the earlier of the end of the asset's useful life or the end of the lease term. When the lease liability is remeasured, the amount of remeasurement is recognized as an adjustment to the right-of-use asset.

D. For lease modifications that decrease the scope of the lease, the lessee shall decrease the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset to reflect the partial or full termination of the lease, and recognize the difference between remeasured lease liability in profit or loss.

(18) Investment property

An investment property is stated initially at its cost and measured subsequently using the cost model. Except for land, investment property is depreciated on a straight-line basis over its estimated useful life of 50 years.

(19) Intangible assets

Intangible assets, mainly computer software and patent rights, are amortized on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives of 1 ~ 10 years.

(20) Impairment of non-financial assets

The Group assesses at each balance sheet date the recoverable amounts of those assets where there is an indication that they are impaired. An impairment loss is recognized for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell or value in use. When the circumstances or reasons for recognizing impairment loss for an asset in prior years no longer exist or diminish the impairment loss is reversed. The increased carrying amount due to reversal should not be more than what the depreciated or amortized historical cost would have been if the impairment had not been recognized.

(21) Borrowings

Borrowings comprise long-term and short-term bank borrowings. Borrowings are recognized initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently stated at amortized cost; any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognized in profit or loss over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.

(22) Notes and accounts payable

A. Accounts payable are liabilities for purchases of raw materials, goods or services and notes payable are those resulting from operating and non-operating activities.

B. The short-term notes and accounts payable without bearing interest are subsequently measured at initial invoice amount as the effect of discounting is immaterial.

(23) Convertible bonds payable

Convertible bonds issued by the Group contain conversion options (that is, the bondholders have the right to convert the bonds into the Group's common shares by exchanging a fixed amount of cash for a fixed number of common shares), call options and put options. The Group classifies the bonds payable upon issuance as a financial asset, a financial liability or an equity instrument in accordance with the contract terms. They are accounted for as follows:

A. The embedded call options and put options are recognized initially at net fair value as 'financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss'. They are subsequently remeasured and stated at fair value on each balance sheet date; the gain or loss is recognized as 'gain or loss on valuation of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss'.

B. The host contracts of bonds are initially recognized at fair value. Any difference between the initial recognition and the redemption value is accounted for as the premium or discount on bonds payable and subsequently is amortized in profit or loss as an adjustment to 'finance costs' over the period of circulation using the effective interest method.

C. The embedded conversion options which meet the definition of an equity instrument are initially recognized in 'capital surplus—share options' at the residual amount of total issue price less the amount of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss and bonds payable or as stated above. Conversion options are not subsequently remeasured.

D. Any transaction costs directly attributable to the issuance are allocated to each liability or equity component in proportion to the initial carrying amount of each abovementioned item.

E. When bondholders exercise conversion options, the liability component of the bonds (including 'bonds payable' and 'financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss') shall be remeasured on the conversion date. The issuance cost of converted common shares is the total book value of the abovementioned liability component and 'capital surplus—share options'.

(24) Derecognition of financial liabilities

A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation specified in the contract is either discharged or cancelled or expires.

(25) Non-hedging and embedded derivatives

Non-hedging derivatives are initially recognized at fair value on the date a derivative contract is entered into and recorded as financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss. They are subsequently remeasured at fair value and the gains or losses are recognized in profit or loss.

(26) Provisions

Provisions (including warranties) are recognized when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, and it is probable that an outflow of economic resources will be required to settle the obligation and the amount of the obligation can be reliably estimated. Provisions are measured at the present value of the expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation on the balance sheet date, which is discounted using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects the current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the obligation. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to passage of time is recognized as interest expense. Provisions are not recognized for future operating losses.

(27) Employee benefits

A. Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits are measured at the undiscounted amount of the benefits expected to be paid in respect of service rendered by employees in a period and should be recognized as expense in that period when the employees render service.

B. Pensions

Defined contribution plans

For defined contribution plans, the contributions are recognized as pension expense when they are due on an accrual basis. Prepaid contributions are recognized as an asset to the extent of a cash refund or a reduction in the future payments.

C. Termination benefits

Termination benefits are employee benefits provided in exchange for the termination of employment as a result from either the Company's decision to terminate an employee's employment before the normal retirement date, or an employee's decision to accept an offer of redundancy benefits in exchange for the termination of employment. The Company recognizes expense as it can no longer withdraw an offer of termination benefits or it recognize relating restructuring costs, whichever is earlier. Benefits that are expected to be due more than 12 months after balance sheet date shall be discounted to their present value.

D. Employees' compensation and directors' and supervisors' remuneration

Employees' compensation and directors' and supervisors' remuneration are recognized as expense and liability, provided that such recognition is required under legal or constructive obligation and those amounts can be reliably estimated. Any difference between the resolved amounts and the subsequently actual distributed amounts is accounted for as changes in estimates. If employee compensation is paid by shares, the Company calculates the number of shares based on the closing price at the previous day of the board meeting resolution.

(28) Employee share-based payment

For the equity-settled share-based payment arrangements, the employee services received are measured at the fair value of the equity instruments granted at the grant date and are recognized as compensation cost over the vesting period, with a corresponding adjustment to equity. The fair value of the equity instruments granted shall reflect the impact of market vesting conditions and non-vesting conditions. Compensation cost is subject to adjustment based on the service conditions that are expected to be satisfied and the estimates of the number of equity instruments that are expected to vest under the non-market vesting conditions at each balance sheet date. Ultimately, the amount of compensation cost recognized is based on the number of equity instruments that eventually vest.

(29) Income tax

A. The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognized in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognized in other comprehensive income, in which cases the tax is recognized in other comprehensive income.

B. The current income tax expense is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date in the countries where the Company and its subsidiaries operate and generate taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in accordance with applicable tax regulations. It establishes provisions where appropriate based on the amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities. An additional tax is levied on the unappropriated retained earnings and is recorded as income tax expense in the year the stockholders resolve to retain the earnings.

C. Deferred tax is recognized, using the balance sheet liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated balance sheet. However, the deferred tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of goodwill or of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss and does not give rise to equal taxable and deductible temporary differences. Deferred tax is provided on temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries and associates, except where the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference is controlled by the Group and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date and are expected to apply when the related deferred tax asset is realized, or the deferred tax liability is settled.

D. Deferred tax assets are recognized only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilized. At each balance sheet date, unrecognized and recognized deferred tax assets are reassessed.

(30) Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or stock options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

(31) Dividends

Dividends are recorded in the Company’s financial statements in the period in which they are resolved by the Company’s shareholders’ meeting. Cash dividends are recorded as liabilities.

(32) Revenue recognition

Sales of goods

A. The Group manufactures and sells automobile electronics products and power management products. Sales are recognized when control of the products has transferred, being when the products are delivered to the customer, the customer has full discretion over the channel and price to sell the products, and there is no unfulfilled obligation that could affect the customer's acceptance of the products. Delivery occurs when the products have been shipped to the specific location, the risks of obsolescence and loss have been transferred to the customer, and either the customer has accepted the products in accordance with the sales contract, or the Group has objective evidence that all criteria for acceptance have been satisfied.

B. A receivable is recognized when the goods are delivered as this is the point in time that the consideration is unconditional because only the passage of time is required before the payment is due.

Construction revenue

A. The Group undertakes and outsources construction projects such as solar power generation systems. As the costs incurred for construction are directly related to the stage of completion of the performance obligation, the Group recognizes revenue based on costs incurred relative to the total expected costs of that performance obligation.

B. The contract assets are recognized based on the proportion of costs incurred for construction over time. Contract assets are reclassified to accounts receivable at the point at which invoices have been billed to customers monthly and at the amount to which the Group has the right to invoice. The customer pays at the time specified in the payment schedule. If the services rendered exceed the payment, a contract asset is recognized. If the payments exceed the services rendered, a contract liability is recognized.

(33) Government grants

Government grants are recognized at their fair value only when there is reasonable assurance that the Group will comply with any conditions attached to the grants and the grants will be received. Government grants are recognized in profit or loss on a systematic basis over the periods in which the Group recognizes expenses for the related costs for which the grants are intended to compensate.

(34) Business combinations

A. The Group uses the acquisition method to account for business combinations. The consideration transferred for an acquisition is measured as the fair value of the assets transferred, liabilities incurred or assumed and equity instruments issued at the acquisition date, plus the fair value of any assets and liabilities resulting from a contingent consideration arrangement. All acquisition-related costs are expensed as incurred. Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date. For each business combination, the Group measures at the acquisition date components of non-controlling interests in the acquiree that are present ownership interests and entitle their holders to the proportionate share of the entity's net assets in the event of liquidation at either fair value or the present ownership instruments' proportionate share in the recognized amounts of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. All other non-controlling interests should be measured at the acquisition-date fair value.

B. The excess of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquiree and the fair value of any previous equity interest in the acquiree over the fair value of the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed is recorded as goodwill at the acquisition date. If the total of consideration transferred, non-controlling interest in the acquiree recognized and the fair value of previously held equity interest in the acquiree is less than the fair value of the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed, the difference is recognized directly in profit or loss on the acquisition date.

(35) Operating segments

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision-maker. The Group's chief operating decision-maker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as the Board of Directors that makes strategic decisions.

5. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS, ESTIMATES AND KEY SOURCES OF ASSUMPTION UNCERTAINTY

The preparation of these consolidated financial statements requires management to make critical judgements in applying the Group's accounting policies and make critical assumptions and estimates concerning future events. Assumptions and estimates may differ from the actual results and are continually evaluated and adjusted based on historical experience and other factors. Such assumptions and estimates have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year; and the related information is addressed below:

(1) Critical judgements in applying the Group's accounting policies

Judgment of whether the Group has substantive control over its investees.

The Group holds 36.62% of the voting shares and is the sole largest shareholder of LEADRAY ENERGY CO, LTD..LEADRAY ENERGY CO, LTD. held a shareholders' meeting on June 28, 2024. The Group obtained more than half of the total number of directors; therefore, it was determined that the Group had control over LEADRAY ENERGY and included LEADRAY ENERGY in the consolidated financial statements.

(2) Critical accounting estimates and assumptions

Evaluation of inventories

As inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realizable value, the Group must determine the net realizable value of inventories on balance sheet date using judgements and estimates. Due to the rapid technology innovation, the Group evaluates the amounts of normal inventory consumption, obsolete inventories or inventories without market selling value on balance sheet date, and writes down the cost of inventories to the net realizable value. Such an evaluation of inventories is principally based on the demand for the products within the specified period in the future. Therefore, there might be material changes to the evaluation.

6. DETAILS OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTS

(1) Cash and cash equivalents

	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023
Cash on hand and revolving funds	$ 826	$ 802
Checking accounts and demand deposits	979,113	820,128
Time deposits	817,850	1,343,395
	$ 1,797,789	$ 2,164,325

A. The Group transacts with a variety of financial institutions all with high credit quality to disperse credit risk, so it expects that the probability of counterparty default is remote.

B. As of December 31, 2024 and 2023, cash and cash equivalents amounting to $46,921 and $16,700, respectively, were pledged to others as collateral on short-term and long-term borrowings and were classified as financial assets at amortized cost.

(2) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Items	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023
Current items:		
Financial assets mandatorily measured at fair value through profit or loss		
Listed stocks	$ 8,515	$ -
Derivatives	197	121
	8,712	121
Valuation adjustment	652	-
	$ 9,364	$ 121
Non-current items:		
Financial assets mandatorily measured at fair value through profit or loss		
Private equity fund	$ 30,000	$ 21,000
Valuation adjustment	(697)	4,103
	$ 29,303	$ 25,103

A. Amounts recognized in profit or loss in relation to financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are listed below:

	Year ended December 31, 2024	Year ended December 31, 2023
Financial assets mandatorily measured at fair value through profit or loss		
Debt instruments	($ 4,800)	$ 3,643
Equity instruments	2,237	-
Derivatives	641	(16)
	($ 1,922)	$ 3,627

B. Derivatives as of December 31, 2024 refer to the redemption rights of the convertible bonds issued by the Group.

C. The Group entered into contracts relating to derivative financial assets which were not accounted for under hedge accounting. The information is listed below:

	December 31, 2023	
Derivative financial instruments	Contract amount (notional principal)	Contract period
Current items:		
Forward foreign exchange contracts	USD 1,000 thousand	2023/12/21-2024/1/22

D. The Group entered into forward foreign exchange contracts to sell USD to hedge exchange rate risk of export proceeds (buy RMB/sell USD). However, these forward foreign exchange contracts are not accounted for under hedge accounting.

E. Details of the Group's financial assets at fair value through profit or loss pledged to others as collateral.

F. Information relating to credit risk of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss is provided in Note 12(2).

(3) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

Items	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023
Non-current items:		
Equity instruments		
Listed stocks	$ 5,693	$ 12,042
Emerging stocks	60,786	60,786
Unlisted stocks	199,258	229,216
	265,737	302,044
Valuation adjustment	(39,617)	(70,588)
	$ 226,120	$ 231,456

A. The Group has elected to classify equity investments that are considered to be strategic investments as financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income.

B. For the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, the Company has disposed stock of the investee company. Realized gain has been transferred to retained earnings from other equity.

C. Amounts recognized in profit or loss and other comprehensive income in relation to the financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are listed below:

	Year ended December 31, 2024	Year ended December 31, 2023
Equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income		
Fair value change recognized in other comprehensive income	$ 22,559	($ 16,833)
Cumulative gains reclassified to retained earnings due to derecognition	($ 6,930)	$ 733
Dividend income recognized in profit or loss		
Held at end of period	$ 3,633	$ 2,836

D. Without taking into account any collateral held or other credit enhancements, the maximum exposure to credit risk in respect of the amount that best represents the financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income held by the Group were $226,120 and $231,456 as at December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

E. The Group had no financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income pledged to others as collateral.

F. Information relating to credit risk of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income is provided in Note 12(2).

(4) Financial assets at amortized cost

Items	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023
Current items:		
Time deposits	$ 53,037	$ -
Pledged time deposits	4,687	-
	57,724	-
Non-current items:		
Pledged time deposits	42,234	16,700
	$ 99,958	$ 16,700

A. Amounts recognized in profit or loss in relation to financial assets at amortized cost are listed below:

	Year ended December 31, 2024	Year ended December 31, 2023
Interest income	$ 1,011	$ 128

B. As at December 31, 2024 and 2023, without taking into account any collateral held or other credit enhancements, the maximum exposure to credit risk in respect of the amount that best represents the financial assets at amortized cost held by the Group were $99,958 and $16,700, respectively.

C. Details of the Group's financial assets at amortized cost pledged to others as collateral are provided in Note 8.

(5) Notes and accounts receivable

	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023
Notes receivable	$ 4,219	$ 4,492
Less: Allowance for uncollectible accounts	(14)	(45)
	$ 4,205	$ 4,447
Accounts receivable	$ 830,532	$ 981,587
Less: Allowance for uncollectible accounts	(20,979)	(11,065)
	$ 809,553	$ 970,522

A. The ageing analysis of accounts receivable and notes receivable that were past due but not impaired is as follows:

	December 31, 2024		December 31, 2023	
	Accounts receivable	Notes receivable	Accounts receivable	Notes receivable
Not past due	$ 485,383	$ 4,205	$ 706,447	$ 4,447
Up to 30 days	77,274	-	89,906	-
31 to 120 days	228,433	-	165,400	-
121 to 180 days	15,453	-	274	-
Over 180 days	3,010	-	8,495	-
	$ 809,553	$ 4,205	$ 970,522	$ 4,447

The above ageing analysis was based on past due date.

B. As of December 31, 2024 and 2023, accounts receivable and notes receivable were all from contracts with customers. And as of January 1, 2023, the balance of receivables from contracts with customers amounted to $927,395.

C. As of December 31, 2024 and 2023, without taking into account any collateral held or other credit enhancements, the maximum exposure to credit risk in respect of the amount that best represents the Group's notes receivable were $4,205 and $4,447, respectively; the maximum exposure to credit risk in respect of the amount that best represents the Group's accounts receivable were $809,553 and $970,522, respectively.

D. Information relating to credit risk of accounts receivable and notes receivable is provided in Note 12(2).

(6) Inventories

	December 31, 2024		
	Cost	Allowance for valuation loss	Book value
Raw materials	$ 275,985	($ 33,983)	$ 242,002
Work in progress	38,059	(1,244)	36,815
Finished goods	126,551	(6,202)	120,349
	$ 440,595	($ 41,429)	$ 399,166

	December 31, 2023		
	Cost	Allowance for valuation loss	Book value
Raw materials	$ 262,573	($ 21,590)	$ 240,983
Work in progress	80,484	-	80,484
Finished goods	53,443	(4,784)	48,659
	$ 396,500	($ 26,374)	$ 370,126

The cost of inventories recognized as expense for the period:

	Year ended December 31, 2024	Year ended December 31, 2023
Cost of goods sold	$ 2,303,966	$ 2,477,567
Cost of construction and other	44,878	-
Loss on (gain on reversal of) decline in market value	9,273	(9,727)
	$ 2,358,117	$ 2,467,840

A. The Group had no inventories pledged to others as collateral.

B. The Group reversed a previous inventory write-down and accounted for as reduction of cost of goods sold because of the continuous clearance of inventory.

(7) Investments accounted for using equity method

	2024	2023
At January 1	$ 127,494	$ -
Addition of investments accounted for using equity method	5,940	130,211
Share of profit and loss of investments accounted for using new equity method	(5,205)	(2,717)
Effects of new consolidated entities	(128,229)	-
At December 31	$ -	$ 127,494

	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023
Associates:		
LEADRAY ENERGY CO., LTD	$ -	$ 127,494

A. Associates

(a) The basic information of the associates that are material to the Group is as follows:

Company name	Principal place of business	Shareholding ratio	Nature of relationship	Methods of measurement
		December 31, 2023		
LEADRAY ENERGY CO., LTD.	R.O.C.	35%	Strategic Investment	Equity method

(b) The carrying amount of the Group's interests in all individually immaterial associates and the Group's share of the operating results are summarized below:

As of December 31, 2024 and 2023, the carrying amount of the Group's individually immaterial associates were $0 and $127,494, respectively.

	Year ended December 31, 2024 (Note)	Year ended December 31, 2023
Profit or loss for the period from continuing operations	($ 5,205)	($ 2,717)
Total comprehensive loss	($ 5,205)	($ 2,717)

Note: Share of operation result from January 1 to June 28 of 2024.

(c) The Group is the single largest shareholder of LEADRAY ENERGY CO., LTD. with a 36.62% equity interest. The Group obtained more than half of the total number of directors at the shareholders' meeting of LEADRAY ENERGY on June 28, 2024, and determined that the Group had control over it. Therefore, starting from June 28, 2024, LEADRAY ENERGY has been included in the consolidated financial statements.

(8) Property, plant and equipment

	2024									
	Land	Buildings and structures	Machinery	Maintenance equipment and tools	Office equipment	Transportation equipment	Leasehold improvements	Others	Unfinished projects and equipment to be inspected	Total
At January 1										
Cost	$ 18,807	$ 312,056	$ 505,858	$ 20,336	$ 145,574	$ 20,780	$ 23,802	$ 32,947	$ -	$ 1,080,160
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	-	(138,689)	(224,656)	(14,769)	(94,165)	(10,700)	(21,675)	(20,729)	-	(525,383)
	$ 18,807	$ 173,367	$ 281,202	$ 5,567	$ 51,409	$ 10,080	$ 2,127	$ 12,218	$ -	$ 554,777
Opening net book amount as at January 1	$ 18,807	$ 173,367	$ 281,202	$ 5,567	$ 51,409	$ 10,080	$ 2,127	$ 12,218	$ -	$ 554,777
Additions	-	9,239	32,642	5,248	3,799	18	2,576	9,364	579,456	642,342
Acquired from business combinations	15,786	80,555	-	-	-	175	-	55,157	40,021	191,694
Disposals	-	(175)	(1,997)	(753)	(168)	-	-	(744)	-	(3,837)
Transfer	-	-	(71,137)	1,528	(37,303)	-	-	177,051	(41,938)	28,201
Depreciation charge	-	(11,220)	(62,485)	(1,564)	(10,123)	(3,688)	(1,514)	(40,923)	-	(131,517)
Net exchange differences	-	-	5,374	210	1,609	123	68	(145)	-	7,239
Closing net book amount as at December 31	$ 34,593	$ 251,766	$ 183,599	$ 10,236	$ 9,223	$ 6,708	$ 3,257	$ 211,978	$ 577,539	$ 1,288,899
At December 31										
Cost	$ 34,593	$ 421,299	$ 458,568	$ 26,018	$ 44,120	$ 17,636	$ 23,964	$ 321,606	$ 577,539	$ 1,925,343
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	-	(169,533)	(274,969)	(15,782)	(34,897)	(10,928)	(20,707)	(109,628)	-	(636,444)
	$ 34,593	$ 251,766	$ 183,599	$ 10,236	$ 9,223	$ 6,708	$ 3,257	$ 211,978	$ 577,539	$ 1,288,899

	2023								
	Land	Buildings and structures	Machinery	Maintenance equipment and tools	Office equipment	Transportation equipment	Leasehold improvements	Others	Total
At January 1									
Cost	$ 18,807	$ 306,326	$ 355,523	$ 16,639	$ 151,184	$ 18,134	$ 23,769	$ 23,081	$ 913,463
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	-	(133,870)	(188,672)	(12,311)	(81,622)	(7,431)	(20,577)	(15,919)	(460,402)
	$ 18,807	$ 172,456	$ 166,851	$ 4,328	$ 69,562	$ 10,703	$ 3,192	$ 7,162	$ 453,061
Opening net book amount as at January 1	$ 18,807	$ 172,456	$ 166,851	$ 4,328	$ 69,562	$ 10,703	$ 3,192	$ 7,162	$ 453,061
Additions	-	10,479	124,255	4,146	6,632	2,831	721	9,941	159,005
Disposals	-	-	(19,713)	(7)	(1,283)	-	-	-	(21,003)
Transfer	-	-	60,267	-	303	-	-	181	60,751
Depreciation charge	-	(9,568)	(49,623)	(2,867)	(22,935)	(3,382)	(1,754)	(5,066)	(95,195)
Net exchange differences	-	-	(835)	(33)	(870)	(72)	(32)	-	(1,842)
Closing net book amount as at December 31	$ 18,807	$ 173,367	$ 281,202	$ 5,567	$ 51,409	$ 10,080	$ 2,127	$ 12,218	$ 554,777
At December 31									
Cost	$ 18,807	$ 312,056	$ 505,858	$ 20,336	$ 145,574	$ 20,780	$ 23,802	$ 32,947	$ 1,080,160
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	-	(138,689)	(224,656)	(14,769)	(94,165)	(10,700)	(21,675)	(20,729)	(525,383)
	$ 18,807	$ 173,367	$ 281,202	$ 5,567	$ 51,409	$ 10,080	$ 2,127	$ 12,218	$ 554,777

A. The significant components of buildings and structures include main plants and structure improvements, which are depreciated over 55 and 2~45 years, respectively.

B. Information about the property, plant and equipment that were pledged to others as collaterals is provided in Note 8.

C. The Group’s property, plant and equipment were for self-use.

(9) Leasing arrangements－lessee

A. The Group leases various assets including buildings and transportation equipment. Rental contracts are typically made for periods of 2 to 5 years. Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain a wide range of different terms and conditions. The lease agreements do not impose covenants, but leased assets may not be used as security for borrowing purposes and sublet without agreement.

B. Short-term leases with a lease term of 12 months or less comprise offices. On December 31, 2024 and 2023, payments of lease commitments for short-term leases amounted to $1,593 and $1,731, respectively.

C. The carrying amount of right-of-use assets and the depreciation charge are as follows:

	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023
	Carrying amount	Carrying amount
Buildings	$ 42,042	$ 65,383
Land	23,003	-
Transportation equipment	4,850	5,731
	$ 69,895	$ 71,114

	Year ended December 31, 2024	Year ended December 31, 2023
	Depreciation charge	Depreciation charge
Buildings	$ 36,948	$ 32,635
Land	2,807	
Transportation equipment	3,062	2,459
	$ 42,817	$ 35,094

D. For the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, the additions to right-of-use assets were $41,214 and $76,777, respectively.

E. The information on profit and loss accounts relating to lease contracts is as follows:

	Year ended December 31, 2024	Year ended December 31, 2023
Items affecting profit or loss		
Interest expense on lease liabilities	$ 1,688	$ 783
Expense on short-term lease contracts	1,593	1,731
Gains arising from lease modifications	-	(4)
	$ 3,281	$ 2,510

F. For the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, the Group’s total cash outflow for leases were $44,170 and $37,555, respectively.

(10) Investment property

	2024	2023
	Buildings	Buildings
At January 1		
Cost	$ 7,000	$ 7,000
Accumulated depreciation	(3,112)	(2,975)
	$ 3,888	$ 4,025
Opening net book amount as at January 1	$ 3,888	$ 4,025
Depreciation charge	(138)	(137)
Closing net book amount as at December 31	$ 3,750	$ 3,888
At December 31		
Cost	$ 7,000	$ 7,000
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	(3,250)	(3,112)
	$ 3,750	$ 3,888

A. Rental income from investment property and direct operating expenses arising from investment property are shown below:

	Year ended December 31, 2024	Year ended December 31, 2023
Rental income from investment property	$ 247	$ 250
Direct operating expenses arising from the investment property that generated rental income during the period	$ 138	$ 137

B. The fair values of the investment property held by the Group as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, were all $7,000, which was based on the trading prices of similar prices in the neighboring areas.

C. The Group had no investment property pledged to others as collateral.

(11) Intangible assets

	2024		
	Patent right	Software	Total
At January 1			
Cost	$ 485	$ 95,914	$ 96,399
Accumulated amortization and impairment	(348)	(69,423)	(69,771)
	$ 137	$ 26,491	$ 26,628
Opening net book amount as at January 1	$ 137	$ 26,491	$ 26,628
Additions	-	64,458	64,458
Disposal on cost	-	(6,207)	(6,207)
Disposal on accumulated amortization	-	6,207	6,207
Amortization charge	(50)	(28,832)	(28,882)
Net exchange differences	4	89	93
Closing net book amount as at December 31	$ 91	$ 62,206	$ 62,297
At December 31			
Cost	$ 502	$ 85,461	$ 85,963
Accumulated amortization and impairment	(411)	(23,255)	(23,666)
	$ 91	$ 62,206	$ 62,297

	2023		
	Patent right	Software	Total
At January 1			
Cost	$ 17,901	$ 66,188	$ 84,089
Accumulated amortization and impairment	(17,712)	(46,534)	(64,246)
	$ 189	$ 19,654	$ 19,843
Opening net book amount as at January 1	$ 189	$ 19,654	$ 19,843
Additions	-	29,910	29,910
Amortization charge	(49)	(23,025)	(23,074)
Net exchange differences	(3)	(48)	(51)
Closing net book amount as at December 31	$ 137	$ 26,491	$ 26,628
At December 31			
Cost	$ 485	$ 95,914	$ 96,399
Accumulated amortization and impairment	(348)	(69,423)	(69,771)
	$ 137	$ 26,491	$ 26,628

Details of amortization on intangible assets are as follows:

	Year ended December 31, 2024	Year ended December 31, 2023
Operating costs	$ 4,296	$ 3,859
Selling expenses	1,356	1,411
Administrative expenses	9,897	7,759
Research and development expenses	13,333	10,045
	$ 28,882	$ 23,074

(12) Short-term borrowings

Type of borrowings	December 31, 2024	Interest rate range	Collateral
Bank borrowings			
Credit borrowings	$ 8,956	3.00%	None

A. Aforementioned borrowings were from short-term financing contracts which the Company entered into with financial institutions. Each contract has different restrictions on the Company's capital maintenance and the purpose of capital in the borrowing period.

B. Interest expense recognized in profit or loss amounted to $171 and $87 for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

(13) Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

Items	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023
Current items:		
Financial liabilities designated as at fair value through profit or loss		
Derivative instruments	$ -	$ 3,250

A. Amounts recognized in profit or loss in relation to financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are as follows:

	Year ended December 31, 2024	Year ended December 31, 2023
Financial assets designated as at fair value through profit or loss		
Derivative instruments	$ 3,250	($ 479)

B. Derivatives are call options of the convertible bonds issued by the Company.

(14) Bonds payable

	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023
Bonds payable	$ 491,400	$ 500,000
Less: Discount on bonds payable	(18,729)	(30,667)
	472,671	469,333
Less: Current portion or exercise of put options	(472,671)	-
	$ -	$ 469,333

A. The issuance of domestic convertible bonds by the Company:

(a) The terms of the fourth domestic secured convertible bonds issued by the Company are as follows:

i. The Company issued $500,000, 0% of coupon rate, fourth domestic secured convertible bonds, as approved by the regulatory authority. The bonds mature 3 years from the issue date (October 20, 2020 ~ October 20, 2023) and will be redeemed in cash at face value at the maturity date. The bonds were listed on the Taipei Exchange on October 20, 2020.

ii. The bondholders have the right to ask for conversion of the bonds into common shares of the Company during the period from the date after 3 months (January 21, 2021) of the bonds issue to the maturity date (October 20, 2023), except for the stop transfer period as specified in the terms of the bonds or the laws/regulations. The rights and obligations of the new shares converted from the bonds are the same as the issued and outstanding common shares.

iii. The conversion price of the bonds is set up based on the pricing model in the terms of the bonds and is subject to adjustments if the condition of the anti-dilution provisions occurs subsequently. The conversion price will be reset based on the pricing model in the terms of the bonds on each effective date regulated by the terms. If the reset conversion price is higher than the conversion price before the reset, the conversion price will not be adjusted; however, the conversion price of the convertible bonds was NT$34.1 (in dollars) per share.

iv. The bondholders have the right to require the Company to redeem any bonds at the price of the bonds' face value plus 0.5006% of the face value as interests upon two years from the issue date.

v. The Company may repurchase all the bonds outstanding in cash at the bonds' face value at any time after the following events occur: (i) the closing price of the Company common shares is above the then conversion price by 30% for 30 consecutive trading days during the period from the date after three months of the bonds issue (January 21, 2021) to 40 days before the maturity date (September 11, 2023), or (ii) the outstanding balance of the bonds is less than 10% of total initial issue amount during the period from the date after three months of the bonds issue (January 21, 2021) to 40 days before the maturity date (September 11, 2023).

vi. Under the terms of the bonds, all bonds redeemed (including bonds repurchased from the

Taipei Exchange), matured and converted are retired and not to be re-issued; all rights and obligations attached to the bonds are also extinguished.

(b) The terms of the fifth domestic unsecured convertible bonds issued by the Company are as follows:

i. The Company issued \$500,000, 0% of coupon rate, fifth domestic unsecured convertible bonds, as approved by the regulatory authority. The bonds mature 3 years from the issue date (August 8, 2023 ~ August 8, 2026) and will be redeemed in cash at face value at the maturity date. The bonds were listed on the Taipei Exchange on August 8, 2023.

ii. The bondholders have the right to ask for conversion of the bonds into common shares of the Company during the period from the date after 3 months (November 9, 2023) of the bonds issue to the maturity date (August 8, 2026), except for the stop transfer period as specified in the terms of the bonds or the laws/regulations. The rights and obligations of the new shares converted from the bonds are the same as the issued and outstanding common shares.

iii. The conversion price of the bonds is set up based on the pricing model in the terms of the bonds and is subject to adjustments if the condition of the anti-dilution provisions occurs subsequently. The conversion price will be reset based on the pricing model in the terms of the bonds on each effective date regulated by the terms. If the reset conversion price is higher than the conversion price before the reset, the conversion price will not be adjusted; however, the conversion price of the convertible bonds was NT\$39.7 (in dollars) per share. Due to the distribution of cash dividends of the common shares, it has been adjusted in accordance with Article 11 of the Regulations for the Issuance and Conversion of the fifth Unsecured Convertible Corporate Bonds in Taiwan. Since June 17, 2024, the conversion price was adjusted from NT\$39.7 per share to NT\$38.9 per share.

iv. The bondholders have the right to require the Company to redeem any bonds at the price of the bonds' face value plus 0.5006% of the face value as interests upon two years from the issue date.

v. The Company may repurchase all the bonds outstanding in cash at the bonds' face value at any time after the following events occur: (i) the closing price of the Company common shares is above the then conversion price by 30% for 30 consecutive trading days during the period from the date after three month of the bonds issue (November 9, 2023) to 40 days before the maturity date (June 29, 2026), or (ii) the outstanding balance of the bonds is less than 10% of total initial issue amount during the period from the date after three months of the bonds issue (November 9, 2023) to 40 days before the maturity date (June 29, 2026).

vi. Under the terms of the bonds, all bonds redeemed (including bonds repurchased from the Taipei Exchange), matured and converted are retired and not to be re-issued; all rights and obligations attached to the bonds are also extinguished.

vii. As of December 31, 2024, convertible bonds with a total face value of $8,600 have been converted into 221,078 shares of common stock, of which 218,508 shares were approved by the Board of Directors on January 7, 2025, with the capital increase base date set on January 7, 2025. Registration on all conversions have been completed.

B. Regarding the issuance of convertible bonds, the non-equity conversion options, call options, put options and conversion price resetting options embedded in bonds payable were separated from their host contracts which was classified as 'capital surplus—share options' amounting to $30,085 and were recognized in 'financial assets or liabilities at fair value through profit or loss' in net amount in accordance with IFRS 9 because the economic characteristics and risks of the embedded derivatives were not closely related to those of the host contracts. The effective interest rates of the bonds payable after such separation was 2.4894%.

(15) Long-term borrowings

Type of borrowings	Borrowing period and repayment term	Interest rate range	Collateral	December 31, 2024	
Unsecured borrowings	Borrowing period is from December 1, 2020 to November 15, 2025; interest is repayable monthly.	1.875%	None.	$	11,000
Unsecured Borrowing	Borrowing period is from December 1, 2020 to November 15, 2025; interest is repayable monthly.	1.785%	None.		5,593
Secured borrowings	Borrowing period is from April 15, 2021 to April 15, 2026; interest is repayable monthly.	2.125%	Note		17,840
Unsecured borrowings	Borrowing period is from May 17, 2021 to May 17, 2026; interest is repayable monthly.	2.07%	None.		9,633
Secured borrowings	Borrowing period is from December 29, 2021 to April 15, 2026; interest is repayable monthly.	2.125%	Note		5,631
Unsecured borrowings	Borrowing period is from March 30, 2022 to March 30, 2027; interest is repayable monthly.	1.82%	None.		20,700
Secured borrowings	Borrowing period is from April 15, 2022 to April 15, 2027; interest is repayable monthly.	1.775%	Note		22,400
Secured borrowings	Borrowing period is from May 16, 2022 to May 16, 2027; interest is repayable monthly.	2.055%	Note		38,667
Secured borrowings	Borrowing period is from October 17, 2022 to October 15, 2027; interest is repayable monthly.	1.625%	Note		12,983

Type of borrowings	Borrowing period and repayment term	Interest rate range	Collateral	December 31, 2024
Secured borrowings	Borrowing period is from March 10, 2023 to October 15, 2027; interest is repayable monthly.	1.625%	Note	$ 15,738
Secured borrowings	Borrowing period is from September 12, 2023 to October 15, 2027; interest is repayable monthly.	1.625%	Note	21,970
Secured borrowings	Borrowing period is from December 26, 2023 to December 26, 2028; interest is repayable monthly.	1.975%	Note	24,544
Secured borrowings	Borrowing period is from December 16, 2014 to December 16, 2029; interest is repayable monthly.	2.790%	Note	1,677
Secured borrowings	Borrowing period is from March 25, 2021 to March 25, 2028; interest is repayable monthly.	3.720%	Note	3,057
Secured borrowings	Borrowing period is from March 25, 2021 to March 25, 2028; interest is repayable monthly.	2.930%	Note	19,223
Secured borrowings	Borrowing period is from August 20, 2021 to August 20, 2028; interest is repayable monthly.	3.090%	Note	12,340
Secured borrowings	Borrowing period is from December 21, 2022 to December 21, 2034; interest is repayable monthly.	3.180%	Note	1,441
Secured borrowings	Borrowing period is from December 21, 2022 to December 21, 2034; interest is repayable monthly.	2.980%	Note	10,045
Secured borrowings	Borrowing period is from December 21, 2022 to December 21, 2034; interest is repayable monthly.	3.180%	Note	9,994
Secured borrowings	Borrowing period is from December 21, 2022 to December 21, 2034; interest is repayable monthly.	2.980%	Note	9,369
Secured borrowings	Borrowing period is from June 4, 2024 to June 4, 2029; interest is repayable monthly.	2.220%	Note	31,500
				305,345
Less: Current portion				(118,423)
				$ 186,922

Type of borrowings	Borrowing period and repayment term	Interest rate range	Collateral	December 31, 2023
Unsecured borrowings	Borrowing period is from December 1, 2020 to November 15, 2025; interest is repayable monthly.	1.75%	None.	$ 23,000
Unsecured Borrowing	Borrowing period is from December 1, 2020 to November 15, 2025; interest is repayable monthly.	1.66%	None.	11,695
Secured borrowings	Borrowing period is from April 15, 2021 to April 15, 2026; interest is repayable monthly.	2%	Note	31,220
Unsecured borrowings	Borrowing period is from May 17, 2021 to May 17, 2026; interest is repayable monthly.	2%	None.	9,854
Secured borrowings	Borrowing period is from December 29, 2021 to April 15, 2026; interest is repayable monthly.	1.945%	Note	16,433
Unsecured borrowings	Borrowing period is from March 30, 2022 to March 30, 2027; interest is repayable monthly.	1.695%	None.	29,900
Secured borrowings	Borrowing period is from April 15, 2022 to April 15, 2027; interest is repayable monthly.	1.65%	Note	32,000
Secured borrowings	Borrowing period is from May 16, 2022 to May 16, 2027; interest is repayable monthly.	1.93%	Note	54,667
Secured borrowings	Borrowing period is from October 17, 2022 to October 15, 2027; interest is repayable monthly.	1.5%	Note	17,566
Secured borrowings	Borrowing period is from March 10, 2023 to October 15, 2027; interest is repayable monthly.	1.5%	Note	21,293
Secured borrowings	Borrowing period is from September 12, 2023 to October 15, 2027; interest is repayable monthly.	1.5%	Note	29,723
Secured borrowings	Borrowing period is from December 26, 2023 to December 26, 2028; interest is repayable monthly.	1.85%	Note	30,680
				308,031
Less: Current portion				(100,953)
				$ 207,078

Note: Information about the assets that were pledged to long-term borrowings as collaterals is provided in Note 8.

A. For the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, interest expense recognized in profit or loss amounted to $5,379 and $4,589, respectively.

B. Aforementioned borrowings from financial institutions are guaranteed by related parties as joint guarantor, please refer to Note 7 for details.

(16) Other payables

	December 31, 2024		December 31, 2023	
Wages and salaries payable	$	131,800	$	129,886
Payables for machinery and equipment		10,008		30,067
Others		79,768		83,335
	$	221,576	$	243,288

(17) Pensions

A. Effective July 1, 2005, the Company and its domestic subsidiaries have established a defined contribution pension plan (the "New Plan") under the Labor Pension Act (the "Act"), covering all regular employees with R.O.C. nationality. Under the New Plan, the Company and its domestic subsidiaries contribute monthly an amount based on 6% of the employees' monthly salaries and wages to the employees' individual pension accounts at the Bureau of Labor Insurance. The benefits accrued are paid monthly or in lump sum upon termination of employment.

B. The second-tier subsidiary, SYSGRATION ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGY (HUIZHOU) CO., LTD. and the third-tier subsidiary, SYSGRATION ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGY (ZHENJIANG) CO., LTD. have defined contribution pension plans under local regulations.

C. The pension costs under defined contribution pension plans of the Group for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 were $25,495 and $23,168, respectively.

(18) Share-based payment

A. On November 12, 2019 and December 27, 2016, the Board of Directors of the Company resolved to issue employees' options of 5,000 units (every unit can purchase 1,000 shares of the Company's common share, the total number of common shares which can be purchased was 5,000,000 shares with the exercise price of $33.80 (in dollars)) and 4,500 units (every unit can purchase 1,000 shares of the Company's common share, the total number of common shares which can be purchased was 4,500,000 shares with the exercise price of $10.00 (in dollars)), except for the 4,731 units were issued out of 5,000 units on August 20, 2020, others were issued 5,000 units on October 15, 2018. The exercise price under the aforementioned stock-based employee compensation plan is at least the closing price of the Company's common stock at the grant date. There will be adjustment to the exercise price in accordance with specific formula if there is any change in the Company's ordinary shares or distribution of cash dividend after the issuance of stock options. The life of the option is 5 years. After 2 years from the date of grant, employees may exercise the options in accordance with certain schedules as prescribed in the option plan.

B. To attract and retain talents, encourage employees and strengthen coherence of the Company, the Board of Directors at their meeting on October 18, 2022, resolved to issue employees' stock options of 10,000 units. The issuance had been approved by the competent authority and could be issued over several installments within two years. The first issuance of 7,000 units was on July 7, 2023 (every unit can purchase 1,000 shares of the Company's common share, the total number of common shares which can be purchased was 7,000,000 shares with exercise price of $38.55 (in dollars)) and the second issuance of 3,000 units was on September 6, 2024 (every unit can purchase 1,000 shares of the Company's common share, the total number of common shares which can be purchased was 3,000,000 shares with exercise price of $35.8 (in dollars)).

C. For the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, the Group's share-based payment arrangements were as follows:

Type of arrangement	Grant date	Quantity granted	Contract period	Vesting conditions
Employee stock options	2020.08.20	4,731	5 years	2 ~ 4 years' service
Employee stock options	2023.07.07	7,000	5 years	2 ~ 4 years' service
Employee stock options	2024.09.06	3,000	5 years	2 ~ 4 years' service

D. Details of the share-based payment arrangements are as follows:

(a). Employees' options which were issued in 2024

	2024	
	No. of options (in thousands)	Weighted-average exercise price (in dollars)
Options outstanding at January 1	-	$ -
Options granted	3,000	35.8
Options exercised	-	-
Options forfeited (Note)	(30)	-
Options outstanding at the end of the period	2,970	$ 35.8
Options exercisable at the end of the period	-	

Note: Due to employees' retirement or termination.

(b). Employees' options which were issued in 2023

	2024			2023		
	No. of options (in thousands)		Weighted-average exercise price (in dollars)	No. of options (in thousands)		Weighted-average exercise price (in dollars)
Options outstanding at January 1	6,246	$	38.55	7,000	$	38.55
Options granted	-		-	-		-
Options exercised	-		-	-		-
Options forfeited (Note)	(378)		-	(754)		-
Options outstanding at the end of the period	5,868	$	37.80	6,246	$	38.55
Options exercisable at the end of the period	-			-		

Note: Due to employees' retirement or termination.

(c). Employees' options which were issued in 2020

	2024			2023		
	No. of options (in thousands)		Weighted-average exercise price (in dollars)	No. of options (in thousands)		Weighted-average exercise price (in dollars)
Options outstanding at January 1	1,927	$	33.80	2,424	$	33.80
Options granted	-		-	-		-
Options exercised	(935)		33.10	(429)		33.80
Options forfeited (Note)	(77)		-	(68)		-
Options outstanding at the end of the period	915	$	33.10	1,927	$	33.80
Options exercisable at the end of the period	915			1,050		

Note: Due to employees' retirement or termination.

(d). Employees' options which were issued in 2018

	2023	
	No. of options (in thousands)	Weighted-average exercise price (in dollars)
Options outstanding at January 1	336	$ 10.00
Options granted	-	-
Options exercised	(263)	10.00
Options forfeited (Note)	(73)	-
Options outstanding at the end of the period	-	$ -
Options exercisable at the end of the period	-	

Note: Due to employees' retirement or termination.

E. The expiry date and exercise price of stock options outstanding at balance sheet date are as follows:

		December 31, 2024		December 31, 2023	
Issue date approved	Expiry date	No. of shares (in thousands)	Exercise price (in dollars)	No. of shares (in thousands)	Exercise price (in dollars)
2018.10.15	2023.10.14			-	$ 10.00
2020.08.20	2025.08.19	915	$ 33.10	1,927	33.80
2023.07.07	2028.07.06	5,868	37.80	6,246	38.55
2024.09.06	2029.09.05	2,970	35.80		

F. The fair value of stock options granted on grant date is measured using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model. Relevant information is as follows:

Type of arrangement	Grant date	Exercise price	Expected price volatility	Expected option life	Expected dividends	Risk-free interest rate	Fair value per unit
Employee stock options	2018.10.15	$10.00	43.64% ~44.73%	3.5~4.5 years	0%	0.69% ~0.73%	$ 1.90 ~2.19
Employee stock options	2020.08.20	33.10	49.75% ~53.32%	3.5~4.5 years	0%	0.28% ~0.31%	13.02 ~13.74
Employee stock options	2023.07.07	37.80	46.02%	3.5~4.5 years	0%	1.07% ~1.10%	13.33 ~15.04
Employee stock options	2024.09.06	35.80	42.21% ~43.05%	3.5~4.5 years	0%	1.41% ~1.44%	11.61 ~13.36

G. Expenses incurred on share-based payment transactions are shown below:

	Year ended December 31, 2024	Year ended December 31, 2023
Equity-settled	$ 26,827	$ 16,851

(19) Provisions

	2024	2023
	Warranty	Warranty
At January 1	$ 39,323	$ 21,246
Additional provisions	43,261	28,804
Provisons for liabilities acquired through merger	25,871	-
Used during the period	(26,805)	(10,727)
At December 31	$ 81,650	$ 39,323

	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023
Current	$ 67,906	$ 39,323
Non-current	$ 13,744	$ -

The Group gives warranties on automobile electronics products and lighting equipment sold. Provision for warranty are estimated based on historical warranty data of the product.

(20) Share capital

A. As of December 31, 2024, the Company's authorized capital was $3,000,000, consisting of 300,000 thousand shares of ordinary stock (including 20,000 thousand shares reserved for employee stock options), and the paid-in capital was $1,909,364 with a par value of $10 (in dollars) per share. All proceeds from shares issued have been collected.

Movements in the number of the Company's ordinary shares outstanding are as follows:

	2024 (Note)	2023 (Note)
At January 1	184,585	167,061
Employee stock options exercised	5,510	1,292
Conversion of convertible bonds	841	3,632
Cash capital increase-private placement	-	12,600
At December 31	190,936	184,585

Note: Expressed in thousands of shares.

B. To increase the Company's working capital, the shareholders at their meeting on April 29, 2022, resolved to conduct private placements of common shares with a par value at $10 (in dollars) per share, and the total number of shares issued shall not exceed 25,000 thousand shares which would be issued over several installments within one year from the date of the shareholders' meeting resolution. On October 18, 2022, the Board of Directors resolved the first effective date of capital increase through private placement was set on November 1, 2022, and total number of private ordinary shares amounted to 10,250 thousand with an issuance price of NT$32 (in dollars) per share. The total amount of private placement was NTD 328,000 thousand and the registration of changes had been completed. On March 9, 2023, the Board of Directors resolved the second effective date of capital increase through private placement was set on March 23, 2023, and total number of private ordinary shares amounted to 12,600 thousand with an issuance price of NT$35 (in dollars) per share. The total amount of private placement was NTD 441,000 thousand and the registration of changes had been completed. Pursuant to the Securities and Exchange Act, the ordinary shares raised through the private placement are subject to certain transfer restrictions and cannot be listed on the stock exchange until three years after they have been issued and have been offered publicly. Other than these restrictions, the rights and obligations of the ordinary shares raised through the private placement are the same as other issued ordinary shares.

C. On January 9, 2023, the Company’s Board of Directors resolved to issue 826.7 thousand shares of which 631.1 thousand shares with a subscription price of NT$10 and 195.6 thousand shares with a subscription price of NT$33.8. The subscription base date was determined by the Board of Directors to be January 9, 2023, the registration of changes had been completed.

D. On May 9, 2023, the Company’s Board of Directors resolved to issue 95.3 thousand shares of which 7.5 thousand shares with a subscription price of NT$10 and 87.8 thousand shares with a subscription price of NT$33.8. The subscription base date was determined by the Board of Directors to be May 9, 2023, the registration of changes had been completed.

E. On August 8, 2023, the Company’s Board of Directors resolved to issue 184.8 thousand shares of which 90 thousand shares with a subscription price of NT$10 and 94.8 thousand shares with a subscription price of NT$33.8. The subscription base date was determined by the Board of Directors to be August 8, 2023.

F. On November 8, 2023, the Company’s Board of Directors resolved to issue 185.6 thousand shares of which 86.1 thousand shares with a subscription price of NT$10 and 99.5 thousand shares with a subscription price of NT$33.8. The subscription base date was determined by the Board of Directors to be November 8, 2023.

G. On January 17, 2024, the Company’s Board of Directors resolved to issue 86.4 thousand shares of which 79 thousand shares with a subscription price of NT$10 and 7.4 thousand shares with a subscription price of NT$33.8. The subscription base date was determined by the Board of Directors to be January 17, 2024.

H. On May 10, 2024, the Company’s Board of Directors resolved to issue 150.5 thousand shares with a subscription price of NT$33.8. The subscription base date was determined by the Board of Directors to be May 10, 2024.

I. The Company's Board of Directors resolved on November 12, 2024 to convert employee stock warrants into 604.7 thousand shares of common stock, with a subscription price of NT$33.1 per share. The base date for the capital increase is set on November 12, 2024.

J. The Company's Board of Directors resolved on January 7, 2025 to convert employee stock warrants into 319.5 thousand shares of common stock, with a subscription price of NT$10 per share. The base date for the capital increase is set on January 7, 2025.

(21) Capital surplus

A. Pursuant to the R.O.C. Company Act, capital surplus arising from paid-in capital in excess of par value on issuance of common stocks and donations can be used to cover accumulated deficit or to issue new stocks or cash to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership, provided that the Company has no accumulated deficit. Further, the R.O.C. Securities and Exchange Act requires that the amount of capital surplus to be capitalized mentioned above should not exceed 10% of the paid-in capital each year. Capital surplus should not be used to offset accumulated deficit unless the legal reserve is insufficient.

B. The movements of the Company's capital surplus are as follows:

	2024			
	Share premium	Employee stock options	Share options	Total
At January 1	$ 812,286	$ 56,472	$ 30,290	$ 899,048
Employee stock options exercised	17,539	4,060	-	21,599
Exercise of conversion right of convertible bonds	6,561	-	(518)	6,043
Share-based compensation cost	-	26,827	-	26,827
At December 31	$ 836,386	$ 87,359	$ 29,772	$ 953,517

	2023			
	Share premium	Employee stock options	Share options	Total
At January 1	$ 257,567	$ 41,977	$ 10,492	$ 310,036
Employee stock options exercised	12,579	(2,356)	-	10,223
Exercise of conversion right of convertible bonds	227,140	-	(10,287)	216,853
Share-based compensation cost	-	16,851	-	16,851
Cash capital increase-private placement	315,000	-	-	315,000
Recognition of share option in issuance of convertible bonds	-	-	30,085	30,085
At December 31	$ 812,286	$ 56,472	$ 30,290	$ 899,048

(22) Retained earnings

A. Under the Company's Articles of Incorporation, the current year's earnings, if any, shall first be used to pay all taxes and offset prior year's operating losses, then 10% of the remaining amount shall be set aside as legal reserve until the legal reserve equals the total capital stock balance, and appropriate or reverse for special reserve as required by the operating needs of the Company or regulations when necessary. The remainder, if any, to be retained or to be appropriated shall be proposed by the Board of Directors and to be resolved by the stockholders at the stockholders' meeting.

B. For the long-term business development of the Company, the needs of capital in the future and long-term business plan, the distributable earnings can be distributed no higher than 90% as shareholders' bonus every year. However, the distributable earnings may not to be distributed if the accumulated distributable earnings lower than 5% of paid-in capital. The cash dividend cannot be lower than 10% of total dividends. However, when the cash dividend per share is lower than $0.5, it can be distributed in stock dividend at full amount.

C. The appropriations of 2023 and 2022 earnings had been resolved at the shareholders' meeting on May 6, 2024 and April 27, 2023, respectively. Details are summarized as follows:

	2024		2023	
	Amount	Dividends per share (in dollars)	Amount	Dividends per share (in dollars)
Legal reserve	$ 25,622		$ 4,497	
Special reserve	74,769		1,563	
Cash dividends	133,228	$ 0.7	-	$ -
	$ 233,619		$ 6,060	

D. Except for covering accumulated deficit or issuing new stocks or cash to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership, the legal reserve shall not be used for any other purpose. The use of legal reserve for the issuance of stocks or cash to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership is permitted, provided that the distribution of the reserve is limited to the portion in excess of 25% of the Company's paid-in capital.

E. In accordance with the regulations, the Company shall set aside special reserve from the debit balance on other equity items at the balance sheet date before distributing earnings. When debit balance on other equity items is reversed subsequently, the reversed amount could be included in the distributable earnings.

(23) Other equity items

	2024		
	Unrealized gains (losses) on valuation	Currency translation	Total
At January 1	($ 54,992)	($ 73,333)	($ 128,325)
Revaluation adjustment	16,367	-	16,367
Disposal of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	6,930	-	6,930
Currency translation differences	-	36,576	36,576
At December 31	($ 31,695)	($ 36,757)	($ 68,452)

	2023		
	Unrealized gains (losses) on valuation	Currency translation	Total
At January 1	($ 40,939)	($ 51,526)	($ 92,465)
Revaluation adjustment	(13,320)	-	(13,320)
Disposal of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	(733)	-	(733)
Currency translation differences	-	(21,807)	(21,807)
At December 31	($ 54,992)	($ 73,333)	($ 128,325)

(24) Operating revenue

	Year ended December 31, 2024	Year ended December 31, 2023
Revenue from contracts with customers	$ 3,109,948	$ 3,278,708

A. Disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers.

The Group derives revenue from the transfer of goods at a point in time in the following major product lines:

Year ended December 31, 2024	Automobile Electronics Products	Power management products	All other segments	Total
Total segment revenue	$ 3,825,444	$ 380,728	$ 81,300	$ 4,287,472
Inter-segment revenue	(1,016,163)	(159,961)	(1,400)	(1,177,524)
Revenue from external customer contracts	$ 2,809,281	$ 220,767	$ 79,900	$ 3,109,948
Timing of revenue recognition				
At a point in time	$ 2,809,281	$ 220,767	$ 26,046	$ 3,056,094
Over time	-	-	53,854	53,854
Revenue from external customer contracts	$ 2,809,281	$ 220,767	$ 79,900	$ 3,109,948

Year ended December 31, 2023	Automobile Electronics Products	Power management products	All other segments	Total
Total segment revenue	$ 4,410,462	$ 250,999	$ 1,208	$ 4,662,669
Inter-segment revenue	(1,321,983)	(60,770)	(1,208)	(1,383,961)
Revenue from external customer contracts	$ 3,088,479	$ 190,229	$ -	$ 3,278,708
Timing of revenue recognition				
At a point in time	$ 3,088,479	$ 190,229	$ -	$ 3,278,708
Over time	-	-	-	-
Revenue from external customer contracts	$ 3,088,479	$ 190,229	$ -	$ 3,278,708

B. Contract assets and liabilities

The Group has recognized the following revenue-related contract assets and liabilities as of December 31, 2024, December 31, 2023 and January 1, 2023:

	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023	January 1, 2023
Contract assets–construction contract	$ 65,144	$ -	$ -

	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023	January 1, 2023
Contract liabilities – Advance sales receips	$ 69,748	$ 6,209	$ 10,112
Contract liabilities – construction contract	4,840	-	-
	$ 74,588	$ 6,209	$ 10,112

(a) Significant changes in contract assets and liabilities: the Group included LEADRAY ENERGY in the consolidated financial statements starting from June 28, 2024, the balances of contract assets and liabilities have significantly increased. For more information on the business combination, please refer to Note 6(33).

(b) Revenue recognized that was included in the contract liability balance at the beginning of the period

	Year ended December 31, 2024	Year ended December 31, 2023
Revenue recognized that was included in the contract liability balance at the beginning of the period		
Advance sales receipts	$ 4,024	$ 8,500

(25) Interest income

	Year ended December 31, 2024	Year ended December 31, 2023
Interest income from bank deposits	$ 34,808	$ 22,109
Interest income from financial assets measured at amortized cost	1,011	128
Other interest income	59	1
	$ 35,878	$ 22,238

(26) Other income

	Year ended December 31, 2024	Year ended December 31, 2023
Rent income	$ 1,921	$ 1,351
Government grant revenues	974	3,430
Dividend income	3,633	2,836
Gain recognized in bargain purchase transaction	129	2,415
Other income, others	2,921	2,647
	$ 9,578	$ 12,679

(27) Other gains and losses

	Year ended December 31, 2024	Year ended December 31, 2023
Foreign exchange gains	$ 39,960	$ 33,166
Gains on financial assets (liabilities) at fair value through profit or loss	1,328	3,148
(Losses) gains on disposals of property, plant and equipment	(1,330)	174
Losses on disposal of investments	(793)	-
Gains arising from lease modifications	-	4
Other losses	(1,125)	(184)
	$ 38,040	$ 36,308

(28) Finance costs

	Year ended December 31, 2024	Year ended December 31, 2023
Interest expense on convertible bonds	$ 11,592	$ 7,711
Interest expense	5,550	4,676
Interest expense on lease liabilities	1,688	738
	$ 18,830	$ 13,125

(29) Expenses by nature

	Year ended December 31, 2024	Year ended December 31, 2023
Employee benefit expense	$ 623,339	$ 543,415
Depreciation charges on property, plant and equipment	131,517	95,195
Depreciation charges on right-of-use assets	42,817	35,094
Amortization charges on intangible assets	28,882	23,074
Depreciation charges on investment property	138	137
	$ 826,693	$ 696,915

(30) Employee benefit expense

	Year ended December 31, 2024	Year ended December 31, 2023
Wages and salaries	$ 483,489	$ 433,829
Labour and health insurance fees	55,073	34,329
Employee stock options	26,827	16,851
Pension costs	25,495	23,168
Other personnel expenses	32,455	35,238
	$ 623,339	$ 543,415

A. In accordance with the Articles of Incorporation of the Company, a ratio of distributable profit of the current year, after covering accumulated losses, shall be distributed as employees' compensation and directors' and supervisors' remuneration. The ratio shall be between 10%~15% for employees' compensation and shall not be higher than 3% for directors' and supervisors' remuneration.

B. For the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, employees' compensation was accrued at $14,000 and $30,000, respectively; while directors' remuneration was accrued at $4,000 and $8,000, respectively.

C. The employees' compensation and directors' remuneration were estimated and accrued based on 10.44% and 2.98% of distributable profit of current year for the year ended December 31, 2024.

D. Employees' compensation and directors' remuneration of 2023 as resolved by the Board of Directors were in agreement with those amounts recognized in the 2023 financial statements.

Information about employees' compensation and directors' and supervisors' remuneration of the Company as resolved at the meeting of Board of Directors will be posted in the "Market Observation Post System" at the website of the Taiwan Stock Exchange.

(31) Income tax

A. Income tax expense

(a) Components of income tax expense:

	Year ended December 31, 2024	Year ended December 31, 2023
Current tax:		
Current tax on profits for the year	$ 7,460	$ 374
Prior year income tax underestimation	1,634	-
Total current tax	9,094	374
Deferred tax:		
Origination and reversal of temporary differences	(761)	(125)
Total deferred tax	(761)	(125)
Income tax expense	$ 8,333	$ 249

(b) The income tax charge relating to components of other comprehensive income is as follows:

	Year ended December 31, 2024	Year ended December 31, 2023
Changes in fair value of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	($ 6,192)	$ 3,513
Currency translation differences	(9,146)	5,452
	($ 15,338)	$ 8,965

B. Reconciliation between income tax expense and accounting profit

	Year ended December 31, 2024	Year ended December 31, 2023
Tax calculated based on profit before tax and statutory tax rate (note)	($ 8,556)	$ 37,569
Expenses disallowed by tax regulation	5,356	1,331
Temporary differences not recognized as deferred tax assets	54,860	10,559
Use tax losses not recognized in prior years	(44,961)	(66,922)
Taxable loss not recognized as deferred tax assets	-	17,712
Prior year income tax underestimation	1,634	-
Income tax expense	$ 8,333	$ 249

Note: The basis for computing the applicable tax rate are the rates applicable in the respective countries where the Group entities operate.

C. Amounts of deferred tax assets or liabilities as a result of temporary differences, tax losses and investment tax credits are as follows:

	2024			
	January 1	Recognized in profit or loss	Recognized in other comprehensive income	December 31
—Deferred tax assets:				
-Temporary differences:				
Allowance for doubtful debts	$ -	$ 88	$ -	$ 88
Allowance for obsolescence and market value decline	4,509	19	-	4,528
Unrealized foreign exchange loss	3,202	(3,202)	-	-
Exchange differences on translation of foreign financial statements	18,336	-	(9,146)	9,190
Valuation of financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	14,116	-	(6,192)	7,924
Others	778	4,814	-	5,592
Total	$ 40,941	$ 1,719	($ 15,338)	$ 27,322
—Deferred tax liabilities:				
Investment income	(483)	-	-	(483)
Unrealized foreign exchange gain	(517)	(958)	-	(1,475)
	($ 1,000)	($ 958)	$ -	($ 1,958)
	$ 39,941	$ 761	($ 15,338)	$ 25,364

	2023			
	January 1	Recognized in profit or loss	Recognized in other comprehensive income	December 31
－Deferred tax assets:				
-Temporary differences:				
Allowance for obsolescence and market value decline	$ 5,685	($ 1,176)	$ -	$ 4,509
Unrealized foreign exchange loss	1,082	2,120	-	3,202
Exchange differences on translation of foreign financial statements	12,884	-	5,452	18,336
Valuation of financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	10,603	-	3,513	14,116
Others	597	181	-	778
Total	$ 30,851	$ 1,125	$ 8,965	$ 40,941
－Deferred tax liabilities:				
Investment income	-	(483)	-	(483)
Unrealized foreign exchange gain	-	(517)	-	(517)
	$ -	($ 1,000)	$ -	($ 1,000)
	$ 30,851	$ 1,125	$ 8,965	$ 39,941

D. Expiration dates of unused tax losses and amounts of unrecognized deferred tax assets are as follows:

December 31, 2024				
Year incurred	Amount filed	Unused amount	Unrecognized deferred tax assets	Expiry year
2019	210,051	-	-	2029
2020	267,968	124,151	124,151	2030

December 31, 2023				
Year incurred	Amount filed	Unused amount	Unrecognized deferred tax assets	Expiry year
2019	210,051	80,986	80,986	2029
2020	267,968	267,968	267,968	2030

E. The amounts of deductible temporary difference that are not recognized as deferred tax assets are as follows:

	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023
Deductible temporary differences	$ 816,739	$ 734,867

F. The Company's income tax returns through 2021 have been assessed and approved by the Tax Authority.

(32) Earnings per share

	Year ended December 31, 2024		
	Amount after tax	Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding (share in thousands)	Earnings per share (in dollars)
Basic earnings per share			
Earnings attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent	$ 116,045	190,627	$ 0.61
Diluted earnings per share			
Earnings attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent	116,045	190,627	
Assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares			
Convertible bonds	-	(Note)	
Employee stock options	-	(Note)	
Employees' compensation	-	472	
Earnings attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent plus assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares	$ 116,045	191,099	$ 0.61

Note: Since it would have an anti-dilutive effect, it is not included in the calculation of diluted earnings per share.

	Year ended December 31, 2023		
	Amount after tax	Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding (share in thousands)	Earnings per share (in dollars)
Basic earnings per share			
Earnings attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent	$ 255,484	181,554	$ 1.41
Diluted earnings per share			
Earnings attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent	255,484	181,554	
Assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares			
Convertible bonds	6,169	15,656	
Employee stock options	-	24	
Employees' compensation	-	860	
Earnings attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent plus assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares	$ 261,653	198,094	$ 1.32

(33) Business combinations

A. The Group holds 36.62% of the voting shares and is the sole largest shareholder of LEADRAY ENERGY CO., LTD.. The Group obtained more than half of the total number of directors at LEADRAY ENERGY's shareholders' meeting on June 28, 2024；therefore, it was determined that the Group had control over LEADRAY ENERGY and included LEADRAY ENERGY in the consolidated financial statements from June 28, 2024.

B. The following table summarizes the fair values of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed at the acquisition date:

		June 28, 2024
Purchase consideration		
Fair value of equity interest in Leadray Energy held before the business combination.	$	127,307
Non-controlling interest's proportionate share of the recognized amounts of acquiree's identifiable net assets		220,559
	$	347,866
Fair value of the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed		
Cash	$	172,734
Contract assets		81,553
Accounts receivable		14,791
Other receivables		261
Current income tax assets		153
Inventories		17,357
Other current assets		3,547
Property, plant and equipment		191,694
Financial assets at amortized cost		32,658
Other non-current assets		15,242
Short-term borrowings	(	10,000)
Accounts payable	(	4,364)
Other payables	(	31,305)
Long-term borrowings	(	107,425)
Other current liabilities	(	2,599)
Provisions	(	25,871)
Other non-current liabilities	(	431)
Total identifiable net assets		347,995
Gain recognized in bargain purchase transaction	$	129

Note: The allocation of the acquisition price was completed in the fourth quarter of 2024.

C. Prior to the combination, the Group held a 36.62% interest in LEADRAY ENERGY. The gain or loss recognized due to remeasurement at fair value amounted to $793.

D. From June 28, 2024, the date on which LEADRAY ENERGY was consolidated by the Group, LEADRAY ENERGY contributed operating revenue of $79,900 and a pre-tax net loss of ($18,644). Assuming LEADRAY ENERGY had been consolidated since January 1, 2024, the contributed operating revenue and net loss after tax would have been $138,502 and ($32,765), respectively.

(34) Supplemental cash flow information

A. Investing activities with partial cash payments

	Year ended December 31, 2024	Year ended December 31, 2023
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	$ 642,342	$ 159,005
Add: Opening balance of payable on equipment	30,213	5,141
Less: Ending balance of payable on equipment	(10,008)	(30,213)
Cash paid during the period	$ 662,547	$ 133,933

B. Financing activities with no cash flow effects

	Year ended December 31, 2024	Year ended December 31, 2023
Convertible bonds being converted to capital stocks	$ 8,254	$ 306,886

(35) Changes in liabilities from financing activities

2024	Short-term borrowings	Long-term borrowings	Lease liabilities	Bonds payable	Liabilities from financing activities-gross
At January 1	$ -	$ 308,031	$ 71,601	$ 469,333	$ 848,965
Changes in cash flow from financing activities	(1,044)	(110,111)	(42,577)	-	(153,732)
Changes in other non-cash items	10,000	107,425	41,680	3,338	162,443
At December 31	$ 8,956	$ 305,345	$ 70,704	$ 472,671	$ 857,676

2023	Short-term borrowings	Long-term borrowings	Lease liabilities	Bonds payable	Liabilities from financing activities-gross
At January 1	$ 8,816	$ 310,999	$ 30,442	$ 458,964	$ 809,221
Changes in cash flow from financing activities	(8,862)	(2,968)	(35,824)	342,400	294,746
Changes in other non-cash items	46	-	76,983	(332,031)	(255,002)
At December 31	$ -	$ 308,031	$ 71,601	$ 469,333	$ 848,965

(36) Reorganization

On April 27, 2023, the Company's shareholders during their meeting approved to split its energy storage business segment to newly established POWER TANK ENERGY LTD. through a spin-off, and the effective date of the spin-off was set on June 30, 2023. The assets and liabilities for POWER TANK ENERGY LTD. are as follows:

	Amount
Other receivables due from related parties	$ 178,164
Inventories	4,328
Other current assets	128
Investments accounted for using equity method	218,624
Property, plant and equipment	3,029
Other non-current assets	1,742
Liabilities	(2,131)
Net assets	$ 403,884

7. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

(1) Parent and ultimate controlling party

The Company has no parent company nor ultimate controlling party.

(2) Names of related parties and relationship

Names of related parties	Relationship with the Company
Lee, Yi-Ren	The Company's Chairman
Leadray Energy CO., LTD	Subsidiaries(NOTE)
Huang, Ming-Chin	Other related party
Lin, Chen-Feng	Other related party

NOTE: LEADRAY ENERGY CO., LTD. was included in the preparation of consolidated financial statements on June 28, 2024. Before being included, it was recorded as an investment accounted for using equity method and was among other related parties.

(3) Significant related party transactions

A. Operating costs:

	Year ended December 31, 2024	Year ended December 31, 2023
Leadray Energy CO., LTD	$ -	$ 40

B. Property transactions:

Acquisition of property, plant and equipment:

	Year ended December 31, 2024	Year ended December 31, 2023
Leadray Energy CO., LTD	$ -	$ 146

C. Payables to related parties:

	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023
Leadray Energy CO., LTD	$ -	$ 195

(4) Key management compensation

	Year ended December 31, 2024	Year ended December 31, 2023
Short-term employee benefits	$ 64,727	$ 36,747
Share-based payments	1,509	984
Post-employment benefits	729	594
	$ 66,965	$ 38,325

(5) Endorsements and guarantees provided by related parties

As of December 31, 2024 and 2023, the Company borrowed from financial institutions. Lee, Yi-Ren is the guarantor, and the aforementioned financing facilities which were provided by related parties were $2,000,000 and $2,594,200, respectively. Huang, Ming-Chin and Lin, Chen-Feng jointly serve as guarantors, providing guarantee limits of $98,646 and $0, respectively.

8. PLEDGED ASSETS

The Group's assets pledged as collateral are as follows:

	Book value		
Pledged asset	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023	Purpose
Time deposit (classified as financial assets at amortized cost)	$ 46,921	$ 16,700	Short-term, long-term borrowings
Guarantee deposits paid	9,283	-	"
Land	22,806	18,807	"
Buildings and structures	207,827	153,491	"
Machinery	56,981	5,304	"
	$ 343,818	$ 194,302	

9. SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND UNRECOGNIZED CONTRACT COMMITMENTS

(1) Contingencies

On August 6, 2018, the Company received a notification of civil court from the Taiwan Taipei District Court as Tsuzuki Denki Co., Ltd. (Tsuzuki Denki) filed a civil litigation with the Taiwan Taipei District Court. Tsuzuki Denki claimed that the quality problem of tablet computers which were purchased from the Company caused damage to Tsuzuki Denki Co., Ltd. It claimed for a return of the full price of inventories and compensation amounting to US$5,306 thousand and JPY$1,225 thousand, respectively. The Company has appointed lawyers to handle the case to protect the rights of the Company and its shareholders. The Company's appointed lawyer's comments are as follows: 'The counterparty complained that there were flaws in the inventory and deferred payment, but refused to return the inventory which should have been repaired by the Company, therefore, the counterparty's claim is not reasonable. In addition, it is reasonable that the Company took counteraction to claim the payment for inventory and rework expenses in the total amount of US$996 thousand, because the Company had completed the work and delivered the said inventories.' As of December 31, 2024, the case is still under trial with the Taiwan Taipei District Court. The Company has accounts receivable from Tsuzuki Denki Co., Ltd. in the amount of $19,370 which was provisioned for impairment at full amount.

(2) Commitments

Capital expenditure contracted for at the balance sheet date but not yet incurred is as follows:

	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023
Property, plant and equipment	$ 19,161	$ 491,280

10. SIGNIFICANT DISASTER LOSS

None.

11. SIGNIFICANT EVENTS AFTER THE BALANCE SHEET DATE

A. On February 26, 2025, the Board of Directors of the Company resolved to distribute cash dividends of $95,849 after setting aside a legal reserve of 10% of the remaining profit of $10,911 and a reversal of special reserve of $7,880.

B. Please refer to Notes 6(14) and 6(20) for the related information.

C. On February 26, 2025, the Board of Directors of the Group resolved to proceed with a private placement cash capital increase to issue new shares. The total number of shares to be issued is expected to not exceed 25,000 thousand shares. The actual issuance price and terms will be determined in accordance with relevant regulations after submission to the authorities.

12. OTHERS

(1) Capital management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital in order to provide returns for shareholders. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may issue new shares, issue convertible bonds or sell assets to reduce debt.

	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023
Total liabilities	$ 1,793,150	$ 1,797,472
Total equity	3,285,447	2,975,094
Total capital	$ 5,078,597	$ 4,772,566
Gearing ratio	35%	38%

(2) Financial instruments

A. Financial instruments by category

	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023
Financial assets		
Financial assets mandatorily measured at fair value through profit or loss	$ 38,667	$ 25,224
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income		
Designation of equity instrument	226,120	231,456
Financial assets at amortized cost		
Cash and cash equivalents	1,797,789	2,164,325
Financial assets at amortized cost	99,958	16,700
Notes receivable	4,205	4,447
Accounts receivable	809,553	970,522
Other receivables	14,507	24,907
Refundable deposits	29,659	15,623
	$ 3,020,458	$ 3,453,204
Financial liabilities		
Short-term borrowings	$ 8,956	$ -
Financial liabilities mandatorily measured at fair value through profit or loss	-	3,250
Notes payable	234	936
Accounts payable	536,397	638,169
Other payables	221,576	243,288
Other payables - related parties	-	195
Bonds payable (including current portion)	472,671	469,333
Long-term borrowings (including current portion)	305,345	308,031
Guarantee deposits received	430	715
	$ 1,545,609	$ 1,663,917
Lease liabilities	$ 70,704	$ 71,601

B. Financial risk management policies

The Group’s activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk and price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. To minimize any adverse effects on the financial performance of the Group, derivative financial instruments, such as foreign exchange forward contracts is used to hedge certain exchange rate risk. Group treasury identifies, evaluates and hedges financial risks in close co-operation with the Group’s operating units.

C. Significant financial risks and degrees of financial risks

(a) Market risk

Foreign exchange risk

i. The Group operates internationally and is exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from the transactions of the Company and its subsidiaries used in various functional currency, primarily with respect to the USD and RMB. Foreign exchange risk arises from future commercial transactions and recognized assets and liabilities.

ii. Management has set up a policy to require group companies to manage their foreign exchange risk against their functional currency. The companies are required to hedge their entire foreign exchange risk exposure with the Group treasury. Exchange rate risk is measured through a forecast of highly probable USD and RMB expenditures. Group treasury identifies, evaluates and hedges financial risks in close co-operation with the Group's operating units.

iii. The Group hedges foreign exchange rate by using forward exchange contracts. However, the Group does not adopt hedging accounting. Details of financial assets or liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are provided in Notes 6(2) and 6(13).

iv. The Group's businesses involve some non-functional currency operations (the Company's functional currency: NTD and other certain subsidiaries' functional currency: USD and RMB). The information on assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies whose values would be materially affected by the exchange rate fluctuations is as follows:

	December 31, 2024					
				Sensitivity analysis		
(Foreign currency: functional currency)	Foreign currency amount (in thousands)	Exchange rate	Book value (NTD)	Degree of variation	Effect on profit or loss	Effect on other comprehensive income
Financial assets						
Monetary items						
USD:NTD	$ 24,904	32.79	$ 816,602	1%	$ 8,166	$ -
USD:RMB	915	7.32	6,698	1%	67	-
EUR:NTD	1,148	34.14	39,193	1%	392	-
Financial liabilities						
Monetary items						
USD:RMB	$ 3,932	7.32	$ 28,782	1%	$ 288	$ -
USD:NTD	7,715	32.79	252,975	1%	2,530	-
HKD:NTD	1,848	4.22	7,799	1%	78	-
HKD:RMB	1,151	0.94	1,082	1%	11	-

(Foreign currency: functional currency)	December 31, 2023 Foreign currency amount (in thousands)	Exchange rate	Book value (NTD)	Sensitivity analysis Degree of variation	Effect on profit or loss	Effect on other comprehensive income
Financial assets						
Monetary items						
USD:NTD	$ 30,878	30.71	$ 948,102	1%	$ 9,481	$ -
HKD:NTD	1,295	3.93	5,090	1%	51	-
USD:RMB	884	7.10	27,154	1%	272	-
Financial liabilities						
Monetary items						
USD:NTD	$ 6,792	30.71	$ 208,551	1%	$ 2,086	$ -
USD:RMB	9,758	7.10	299,618	1%	2,996	-
HKD:RMB	3,321	0.91	13,049	1%	130	-

vi. The total exchange gain, including realized and unrealized, arising from significant foreign exchange variation on the monetary items held by the Group for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, amounted to $39,960 and $33,166, respectively.

Price risk

i. The Group's equity securities, which are exposed to price risk, are the held financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income. To manage its price risk arising from investments in equity securities, the Group diversifies its portfolio. Diversification of the portfolio is done in accordance with the limits set by the Group.

ii. The Group's investments in equity securities comprise shares issued by the domestic companies. The prices of equity securities would change due to the change of the future value of investee companies. If the prices of these equity securities had increased/decreased by 1% with all other variables held constant, post-tax (loss) profit for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 would have increased/decreased by $309 and $202, respectively, as a result of gains/losses on equity securities classified as at fair value through profit or loss. Other components of equity would have increased/decreased by $2,261 and $2,315, respectively, as a result of other comprehensive income on equity investments classified as at fair value through other comprehensive income.

Cash flow and fair value interest rate risk

i. The Group's main interest rate risk arises from long-term and short-term borrowings with variable rates, which expose the Group to cash flow interest rate risk. For the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, the Group's borrowings at variable rate were mainly denominated in New Taiwan dollars and RMB Dollars.

ii. If the borrowing interest rate had increased/decreased by 1% with all other variables held constant, profit, net of tax for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 would have increased/decreased by $2,514 and $2,464, respectively. The main factor is that changes in interest expense result in floating-rate borrowings.

(b) Credit risk

i. Credit risk refers to the risk of financial loss to the Group arising from default by the clients or counterparties of financial instruments on the contract obligations. The main factor is that counterparties could not repay in full the accounts receivable based on the agreed terms, and the contract cash flows of debt instruments stated at fair value through other comprehensive income.

ii. The Group manages their credit risk taking into consideration the entire group's concern. For banks and financial institutions with no recent major defaults are accepted. According to the Group's credit policy, each local entity in the Group is responsible for managing and analyzing the credit risk for each of their new clients before standard payment and delivery terms and conditions are offered. Internal risk control assesses the credit quality of the customers, taking into account their financial position, past experience and other factors. Individual risk limits are set based on internal or external ratings in accordance with limits set by the Board of Directors. The utilization of credit limits is regularly monitored.

iii. The Company assumes that if the contract payments were past due over 90 days based on the terms, there has been a significant increase in credit risk on that instrument since initial recognition; if past due over 360 days, a default has been occurred.

iv. The Group classifies customers' accounts receivable in accordance with credit rating of customer. The Group applies the modified approach using a provision matrix based on the loss rate methodology to estimate expected credit loss.

v. The following indicators are used to determine whether the credit impairment of debt instruments have occurred:

(i) It becomes probable that the issuer will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganization due to their financial difficulties;

(ii) The disappearance of an active market for that financial asset because of financial difficulties;

(iii) Default or delinquency in interest or principal repayments;

(iv) Adverse changes in national or regional economic conditions that are expected to cause a default.

vi. The Group used the forecast ability to adjust historical and timely information to assess the default possibility of accounts receivable, contract assets and lease payments receivable. On December 31, 2024 and 2023, the provision matrix and loss rate methodology is as follows:

At December 31, 2024	Expected loss rate	Total book value	Loss allowance
Not past due	0.3%	$ 491,012	($ 1,424)
Up to 30 days	1%	77,998	(724)
31 to 120 days	1%~5%	235,248	(6,815)
121 to 180 days	10%	24,338	(8,885)
Over 181 days	40%~100%	6,155	(3,145)
		$ 834,751	($ 20,993)

At December 31, 2023	Expected loss rate	Total book value	Loss allowance
Not past due	0.3%	$ 713,134	($ 2,240)
Up to 30 days	1%	90,840	(934)
31 to 120 days	1%~5%	167,615	(2,215)
121 to 180 days	10%	305	(31)
Over 181 days	40%~100%	14,185	(5,690)
		$ 986,079	($ 11,110)

vii. Movements in relation to the Group applying the modified approach to provide loss allowance for accounts receivable, contract assets and lease payments receivable are as follows:

	2024		
	Accounts receivable	Notes receivable	Contract assets
At January 1	$ 11,065	$ 45	$ -
Provision for (reveral of) impaiment loss	8,890	(31)	13,354
Increase in business combination	2,885	-	-
Effect of foreign exchange	(1,861)	-	-
At December 31	$ 20,979	$ 14	$ 13,354

	2023		
	Accounts receivable	Notes receivable	Contract assets
At January 1	$ 6,814	$ 25	$ -
Provision for impaiment loss	6,578	20	-
Write-offs	(2,245)	-	-
Effect of foreign exchange	(82)	-	-
At December 31	$ 11,065	$ 45	$ -

The Group recognized an expected credit gain for the year ended December 31, 2023 due to the recovery of $6,592 of accounts receivable previously written off and recognized as bad debts.

(c) Liquidity risk

i. Cash flow forecasting is performed in the operating entities of the Group and aggregated by Group treasury. Group treasury monitors rolling forecasts of the Group's liquidity requirements to ensure it has sufficient cash to meet operational needs.

ii. Surplus cash held by the operating entities over and above balance required for working capital management are transferred to the Group treasury. Group treasury invests surplus cash in interest bearing current accounts, time deposits, capital-guaranteed income-based wealth management products, forward foreign exchange contracts, and convertible bonds (classified as current financial assets at fair value through profit or loss), choosing instruments with appropriate maturities or sufficient liquidity to provide sufficient headroom as determined by the above-mentioned forecasts. As of December 31, 2024 and 2023, the Group held money market position of $1,796,963 and $2,163,523, respectively, listed stocks (classified as current financial assets at fair value through profit or loss) of $9,167 and $0, respectively, derivative instrument (classified as current financial assets at fair value through profit or loss) of $197 and $121, respectively, and private equity fund (classified as non-current financial assets at fair value through profit or loss) of $29,303 and $25,103, respectively, that are expected to readily generate cash inflows for managing liquidity risk.

iii. As of December 31, 2024 and 2023, the Group has the undrawn borrowing of $981,816 and $1,430,309, respectively.

iv. The table below analyses the Group's non-derivative financial liabilities and net-settled or gross-settled derivative financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the balance sheet date to the contractual maturity date for non-derivative financial liabilities. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows.

December 31, 2024	Less than 1 year	Between 1 and 2 years	Between 2 and 5 years	Over 5 years
Non-derivative financial liabilities				
Short-term borrowings	$ 8,956	$ -	$ -	$ -
Notes payable	234	-	-	-
Accounts payable	536,397	-	-	-
Other payables	221,576	-	-	-
Lease liabilities	28,920	18,100	11,837	11,847
Bonds payable	472,671	-	-	-
Long-term borrowings	118,423	85,906	77,862	23,154

December 31, 2023	Less than 1 year	Between 1 and 2 years	Between 2 and 5 years	Over 5 years
Non-derivative financial liabilities				
Notes payable	$ 936	$ -	$ -	$ -
Accounts payable	638,169	-	-	-
Other payables	243,288	-	-	-
Other payables - related parties	195	-	-	-
Lease liabilities	35,601	22,160	13,840	-
Bonds payable	-	-	469,333	-
Long-term borrowings	100,953	100,718	106,360	-

(3) Fair value information

A. The different levels that the inputs to valuation techniques are used to measure fair value of financial and non-financial instruments have been defined as follows:

Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date. A market is regarded as active where a market in which transactions for the asset or liability take place with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis. The fair value of the Group's investment in listed stocks is included in Level 1.

Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. The fair value of the Group's investment in convertible bonds and forward foreign exchange contracts is included in Level 2.

Level 3: Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability. The fair value of the Group's investment in equity investment without active market and financial assets mandatorily measured at fair value through profit or loss are included in Level 3.

B. Fair value information of investment property at cost is provided in Note 6(10).

C. The carrying amounts of the Group's financial instruments, including cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, other receivables, short-term borrowings, notes payable, accounts payable, and other payables (including related parties) which not measured at fair value are approximate to their fair values.

D. The related information of financial and non-financial instruments measured at fair value by level on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the assets and liabilities as at December 31, 2024 and 2023, is as follows:

(a) The related information of natures of the assets and liabilities is as follows:

December 31, 2024	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Recurring fair value measurements				
Assets				
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss-current				
Derivative instruments	$ -	$ 197	$ -	$ 197
Equity instruments	9,167	-	-	9,167
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss-non-current				
Private equity fund	-	-	29,303	29,303
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income-non-current				
Equity instruments	27,612	104,914	93,594	226,120
	$ 36,779	$ 105,111	$ 122,897	$ 264,787

December 31, 2023	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Recurring fair value measurements				
Assets				
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss-current				
Derivative instruments	$ -	$ 121	$ -	$ 121
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss-non-current				
Private equity fund	-	-	25,103	25,103
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income-non-current				
Equity instruments	34,586	131,847	65,023	231,456
Liabilities				
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss-current				
Derivative instruments	-	3,250	-	3,250
	$ 34,586	$ 135,218	$ 90,126	$ 259,930

(b)The methods and assumptions the Group used to measure fair value are as follows:

i. The instruments the Group used market quoted prices as their fair values (that is, Level 1) are listed below by characteristics:

	Listed shares	Open-end fund
Market quoted price	Closing price	Net asset value

ii. For high-complexity financial instruments, the fair value is measured by using self-developed valuation model based on the valuation method and technique widely used within the same industry. The valuation model is normally applied to derivative financial instruments, debt instruments with embedded derivatives or securitized instruments. Certain inputs used in the valuation model are not observable at market, and the Group must make reasonable estimates based on its assumptions.

iii. The valuation of derivative financial instruments is based on valuation model widely accepted by market participants, such as present value techniques and option pricing models. Forward exchange contracts are usually valued based on the current forward exchange rate.

E. For the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, there was no transfer between Level 1 and Level 2.

F. The following chart is the movement of Level 3 for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023:

	2024	
	Equity instrument	Debt instrument
At January 1	$ 65,023	$ 25,103
Losses recognized in profit or loss	-	(4,800)
Losses recognized in other comprehensive income	26,361	-
Acquired in the period	2,210	9,000
At December 31	$ 93,594	$ 29,303

	2023	
	Equity instrument	Debt instrument
At January 1	$ 116,143	$ 12,460
Gains recognized in profit or loss	-	3,643
Losses recognized in other comprehensive income	(76,989)	-
Acquired in the period	105,982	9,000
Transfers into level 3	156	-
Transfers out from level 3	(80,269)	-
At December 31	$ 65,023	$ 25,103

G. The valuation procedures for fair value measurements being categorized within Level 3, which is to verify independent fair value of external financial instruments entrusted by finance segment.

H. The following is the qualitative information of significant unobservable inputs and sensitivity analysis of changes in significant unobservable inputs to valuation model used in Level 3 fair value measurement:

	Fair value at December 31, 2024	Valuation technique	Significant unobservable input	Range (weighted average)	Relationship of inputs to fair value
Non-derivative equity instrument:					
Unlisted shares	$ 93,594	Market comparable companies	No open market saleability discount	25%	The higher the discount for lack of marketability, the lower the fair value
Private equity fund	29,303	Net asset value method	Net asset value	Not applicable	The higher the net asset value, the higher the fair value

	Fair value At December 31, 2023	Valuation technique	Significant unobservable input	Range (weighted average)	Relationship of inputs to fair value
Non-derivative equity instrument:					
Unlisted shares	$ 65,023	Market comparable companies	No open market saleability discount	25%	The higher the discount for lack of marketability, the lower the fair value
Private equity fund	25,103	Net asset value method	Net asset value	Not applicable	The higher the net asset value, the higher the fair value

I. External financial instruments entrusted by finance segment assessed the valuation models and assumptions used to measure fair value. However, use of different valuation models or assumptions may result in different measurement. The following is the effect of profit or loss or of other comprehensive income from financial assets and liabilities categorized within Level 3 if the inputs used to valuation models have changed:

			December 31, 2024			
			Recognized in profit or loss		Recognized in other comprehensive income	
Financial assets	Input	Change	Favourable change	Unfavourable change	Favourable change	Unfavourable change
Equity instrument	No open market saleability discount	±1%	$ -	$ -	$ 936	($ 936)
Debt instrument	Net asset value method	±1%	$ 293	($ 293)	$ -	$ -

			December 31, 2023			
			Recognized in profit or loss		Recognized in other comprehensive income	
Financial assets	Input	Change	Favourable change	Unfavourable change	Favourable change	Unfavourable change
Equity instrument	No open market saleability discount	±1%	$ -	$ -	$ 650	($ 650)
Debt instrument	Net asset value method	±1%	$ 251	($ 251)	$ -	$ -

13. SUPPLEMENTARY DISCLOSURES

(1) Significant transactions information

A. Loans to others: Please refer to table 1.

B. Provision of endorsements and guarantees to others: Please refer to table 2.

C. Holding of marketable securities at the end of the period (not including subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures): Please refer to table 3.

D. Acquisition or sale of the same security with the accumulated cost exceeding $300 million or 20% of the Company's paid-in capital: None.

E. Acquisition of real estate reaching $300 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: Please refer to table 4.

F. Disposal of real estate reaching $300 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: None.

G. Purchases or sales of goods from or to related parties reaching $100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: Please refer to table 5.

H. Receivables from related parties reaching $100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: Please refer to table 6.

I. Trading in derivative instruments undertaken during the reporting periods: Please refer to Note 6(2).

J. Significant inter-company transactions during the reporting periods: Please refer to table 7.

(2) Information on investees

Names, locations and other information of investee companies (not including investees in Mainland China): Please refer to table 8.

(3) Information on investments in Mainland China

A. Basic information: Please refer to table 9.

B. Significant transactions, either directly or indirectly through a third area, with investee companies in the Mainland Area: Please refer to table 10.

(4) Major shareholders information

Major shareholders information: Please refer to table 11.

14. SEGMENT INFORMATION

(1) General information

The Group is engaged in the manufacturing and sale of automobile electronic products and power management products from a product type perspective. On the manufacturing and sale of products, the Group divided them into two main segments which include automobile electronics business and power management business.

As the nature, production and sales mode of the 2 segments differ from each other, also the Group's management performs the financial management and assesses operating performances separately, these 2 main segments are summarized as the reportable segments in the operating segment information.

(2) Measurement of segment information

The Chief Operating Decision-Maker evaluates the performance of the operating segments based on operating revenue and net operating profit (loss) (excluding administration costs). All operating segments apply the same accounting policies. Sales between segments are carried out at arm's length. The revenue from external customers reported to the Chief Operating Decision-Maker is measured in a manner consistent with that in the statement of comprehensive income.

(3) Information about segment profit or loss, assets and liabilities

The segment information provided to the Chief Operating Decision-Maker for the reportable segments is as follows:

Year ended December 31, 2024	Automobile electronic products	Power management products	Other products	Eliminated by consolidation	Total
Revenue from external customers	$ 2,809,281	$ 220,767	$ 79,900	$ -	$ 3,109,948
Inter-segment revenue	1,016,163	159,961	1,400	(1,177,524)	-
Total segment revenue	$ 3,825,444	$ 380,728	$ 81,300	($ 1,177,524)	3,109,948
Segment income (loss)	$ 408,480	($ 86,527)	($ 5,021)	$ 145	$ 317,077
Company general income					86,743
Company general expense					(272,605)
Interest expense					(18,830)
Profit from continuing operations before tax					$ 112,385

Year ended December 31, 2023	Automobile electronic products	Power management products	Other products	Eliminated by consolidation	Total
Revenue from external customers	$ 3,088,479	$ 190,229	$ -	$ -	$ 3,278,708
Inter-segment revenue	1,321,983	60,770	1,208	(1,383,961)	-
Total segment revenue	$ 4,410,462	$ 250,999	$ 1,208	($ 1,383,961)	$ 3,278,708
Segment income (loss)	$ 483,774	($ 66,285)	$ 1,208	$ 11,402	$ 430,099
Company general income					79,118
Company general expense					(240,359)
Interest expense					(13,125)
Profit from continuing operations before tax					$ 255,733

(4) Reconciliation for segment income (loss)

A. Sales between segments is carried out at arm’s length. The revenue from external customers reported to the Chief Operating Decision-Maker is measured in a manner consistent with that in the statement of comprehensive income.

B. Details of the adjusted consolidated total profit (loss) and reconciliation for profit before tax of reportable segment for the current period are provided in Note 14(3).

(5) Information on products and services

Information on products for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 is as follows:

	Year ended December 31, 2024	Year ended December 31, 2023
Automobile electronic products	$ 2,809,281	$ 3,088,479
Power management products	220,767	190,229
Other products	79,900	-
	$ 3,109,948	$ 3,278,708

(6) Geographical information

Geographical information for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 is as follows:

	Year ended December 31, 2024		Year ended December 31, 2023	
	Revenue	Non-current assets	Revenue	Non-current assets
Taiwan	$ 288,320	$ 758,702	$ 191,085	$ 541,941
Asia regions	1,120,818	144,435	1,334,305	179,320
American regions	1,516,004	577,539	1,517,792	16,888
European region	184,806	-	230,776	-
Others	-	-	4,750	-
	$ 3,109,948	$ 1,480,676	$ 3,278,708	$ 738,149

(7) Major customer information

Major customer information of the Group for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 is as follows:

	Year ended December 31, 2024		Year ended December 31, 2023	
	Revenue	Segment	Revenue	Segment
A	$ 1,059,049	Automobile electronic products	$ 1,253,022	Automobile electronic products
B	915,856	Automobile electronic products	922,207	Automobile electronic products

(BLANK)

SYSGRATION LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Loans to others

For the year ended December 31, 2024

Table 1

Expressed in thousands of NTD

(Except as otherwise indicated)

No. (Note 1)	Creditor	Borrower	General ledger account	Is a related party	Maximum outstanding balance during the year ended December 31, 2024	Balance at December 31, 2024	Actual amount drawn down	Interest rate	Nature of loan	Amount of transactions with the borrower	Reason for short-term financing	Allowance for uncollectible accounts	Collateral Item	Collateral Value	Limit on loans granted to a single party (Note 2)	Ceiling on total loans granted (Note 2)	Footnote
0	SYSGRATION LTD.	SYSGRATION ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGY (HUIZHOU) CO., LTD.	Other receivables	Y	$ 65,737	$ 64,769	$ 64,769	-	Having business relationship	$ 1,031,590	-	$ -	None	$ -	$ 1,230,752	$ 1,230,752	

Note 1: The numbers filled in for the loans provided by the Company or subsidiaries are as follows:

(1)The Company is ‘0’.

(2)The subsidiaries are numbered in order starting from ‘1’.

Note 2: In accordance with the Company’s amended “Procedures for Provision of Loans” as approved by the shareholders on April 30, 2020, the ceiling on total loans granted and to individuals of the Company’s were as follows:

(1) The ceiling on total loans granted to others is 40% of the Company's net assets.

(2) Loans granted to a single party for business transactions: Limit on loans granted to a single party for business transactions is the total value of business transactions in 1 year or 12 months. The value of business transactions refers to the higher of purchase or sales.

The ceiling on single loan granted by the Company to all parties is 40% of the net assets value of Company.

SYSGRATION LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Provision of endorsements and guarantees to others

For the year ended December 31, 2024

Table 2

Expressed in thousands of NTD

(Except as otherwise indicated)

Number (Note 1)	Endorser/ guarantor	Party being endorsed/guaranteed: Company name	Party being endorsed/guaranteed: Relationship with the endorser/ guarantor (Note 2)	Limit on endorsements/ guarantees provided for a single party (Note 3)	Maximum outstanding endorsement/ guarantee amount as of December 31, 2024 (Note 4)	Outstanding endorsement/ guarantee amount at December 31, 2024 (Note 5)	Actual amount drawn down (Note 6)	Amount of endorsements/ guarantees secured with collateral	Ratio of accumulated endorsement/ guarantee amount to net asset value of the endorser/ guarantor company	Ceiling on total amount of endorsements/ guarantees provided (Note 3)	Provision of endorsements/ guarantees by parent company to subsidiary (Note 7)	Provision of endorsements/ guarantees by subsidiary to parent company (Note 7)	Provision of endorsements/ guarantees to the party in Mainland China (Note 7)	Footnote
0	SYSGRATION LTD.	SYSGRATION LTD.	1	$ 923,064	$ 3,000	$ 3,000	$ 702	$ -	0.10%	$ 1,384,596	N	N	N	

Note 1: The numbers filled in for the loans provided by the Company or subsidiaries are as follows:

(1)The Company is ‘0’.

(2)The subsidiaries are numbered in order starting from ‘1’.

Note 2: Relationship between the endorser/guarantor and the party being endorsed/guaranteed is classified into the following seven categories; fill in the number of category each case belongs to:

(1)Having business relationship.

(2)The endorser/guarantor parent company owns directly more than 50% voting shares of the endorsed/ guaranteed subsidiary.

(3)The endorsed/guaranteed company owns directly and indirectly more than 50% voting shares of the endorser/guarantor parent company.

(4)The endorser/guarantor parent company owns directly and indirectly more than 90% voting shares of the endorsed/guaranteed company.

(5)Mutual guarantee of the trade made by the endorsed/guaranteed company or joint contractor as required under the construction contract

(6)Due to joint venture, all shareholders provide endorsements/guarantees to the endorsed/guaranteed company in proportion to its ownership.

(7) The performance guarantees for the sale of pre-sales contracts under the Consumer Protection Law are jointly guaranteed.

Note 3: In accordance with the Company’s amended “Procedures for Provision of Loans” as approved by the shareholders on June 14, 2019, the limit on endorsements/guarantees provided for subsidiaries whose 50% of the shares are directly and indirectly held is 30% of the Company’s net assets and the ceiling on total amount of endorsements/guarantees provided is 45% of the Company’s net assets based on the Company’s latest financial statements.

Note 4: Fill in the year-to-date maximum outstanding balance of endorsements/guarantees provided as of the reporting period.

Note 5: Fill in the amount approved by the Board of Directors or the chairman if the chairman has been authorized by the Board of Directors based on subparagraph 8, Article 12 of the Regulations Governing Loaning of Funds and Making of Endorsements/Guarantees by Public Companies.

Note 6: Fill in the actual amount of endorsements/guarantees used by the endorsed/guaranteed company.

Note 7: Fill in ‘Y’ for those cases of provision of endorsements/guarantees by listed parent company to subsidiary and provision by subsidiary to listed parent company, and provision to the party in Mainland China.

SYSGRATION LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Holding of marketable securities at the end of the period (not including subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures)

December 31, 2024

Table 3

Expressed in thousands of NTD

(Except as otherwise indicated)

Securities held by	Marketable securities (Note 1)	Relationship with the securities issuer (Note 2)	General ledger account	As of December 31, 2024 Number of shares	Book value (Note 3)	Ownership	Fair value	Footnote (Note 4)
SYSGRATION LTD.	TAIWAN SEMICONDUCTOR MANUFACTURING COMPANY LIMITED	None	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	8,000	8,600	0%	8,600	
"	ALLIED BIOTECH CORP.	"	"	10,000	168	0%	168	
"	CHEN NAN IRON WIRE CO., LTD	"	"	2,000	47	0%	47	
"	SUNDER BIOMEDICAL TECH. CO., LTD.	"	"	10,000	104	0%	104	
"	TSKY CO., LTD.	"	"	5,000	105	0%	105	
"	BRYTON INC.	"	"	14,000	143	0%	143	
"	FUYOU PRIVATE EQUITY	"	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - non-current	-	29,303	3%	29,303	
"	NEXTRONICS ENGINEERING CORP.	"	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current	240,100	27,612	1%	27,612	
"	ION ELECTRONIC MATERIALS CO., LTD.	"	"	1,126,894	104,914	3%	104,914	
"	SINTRONIC TECHNOLOGY INC.	"	"	16,019	47	0%	47	
"	COREMATE TECHNICAL CO.,	"	"	256,200	-	0%	-	
"	ORO TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.	"	"	256,000	-	10%	-	
"	GOMORE INC.	"	"	7,886,441	-	2%	-	
"	IMEIER GREEN TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.	"	"	2,000,000	9,100	9%	9,100	
"	ADAT Technology CO., LTD.	"	"	873,685	7,523	4%	7,523	
"	BIOMEDICA CORPORATION	"	"	156,225	11,781	3%	11,781	
"	REALWEAR INC.	"	"	1,545,955	65,143	1%	65,143	

Note 1: Marketable securities in the table refer to stocks, bonds, beneficiary certificates and other related derivative securities.

Note 2: Leave the column blank if the issuer of marketable securities is non-related party.

Note 3: Fill in the amount after adjusted at fair value and deducted by accumulated impairment for the marketable securities measured at fair value; fill in the acquisition cost or amortized cost deducted by accumulated impairment for the marketable securities not measured at fair value.

Note 4: The number of shares of securities and their amounts pledged as security or pledged for loans and their restrictions on use under some agreements should be stated in the footnote if the securities presented herein have such conditions.

SYSGRATION LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Acquisition of real estate reaching NT$300 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more

For the year ended December 31, 2024

Table 4

Real estate acquired by	Real estate acquired	Date of the event	Transaction amount	Status of payment	Counterparty	Relationship with the counterparty	If the counterparty is a related party, information as to the last transaction of the real estate is disclosed below: Original owner who sold the real estate to the counterparty	Relationship between the original owner and the acquirer	Date of the original transaction	Amount	Basis or reference used in setting the price	Reason for acquisition of real estate and status of the real estate	Other commitments
SYSGRATION AMERICA CORPORATION	Located in 3724 EAST PLANO PARKWAY, BUILDING C PLANO, COLLIN COUNTY, TEXAS 75074 building	November 1, 2023	USD 16 million	100% of price was paid	PLANO PROPERTY OWNER II LP	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Based on NATIONAL APPRAISAL PARTNERS, LLP real estate valuation report	Operation and production management needs	Not applicable

SYSGRATION LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Purchases or sales of goods from or to related parties reaching NT$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more

For the year ended December 31, 2024

Table 5

Expressed in thousands of NTD

(Except as otherwise indicated)

			Transaction				Differences in transaction terms compared to third party transactions		Notes/accounts receivable (payable)		
Purchaser/seller	Counterparty	Relationship with the counterparty	Purchases (sales)	Amount	Percentage of total purchases (sales)	Credit term	Unit price	Credit term	Balance	Percentage of total notes/accounts receivable (payable)	Footnote
SYSGRATION LTD.	SYSGRATION ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGY (HUIZHOU) CO., LTD.	Subsidiary	Purchases	$ 1,031,590	52%	120 days	Note	Note	($ 242,842)	(45%)	

Note: Based on the mutual agreement since no similar transaction can be compared with.

SYSGRATION LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Receivables from related parties reaching NT$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more

December 31, 2024

Table 6

Expressed in thousands of NTD

(Except as otherwise indicated)

Creditor	Counterparty	Relationship with the counterparty	Balance as at December 31, 2024	Turnover rate	Overdue receivables		Amount collected subsequent to the balance sheet date	Allowance for doubtful accounts
					Amount	Action taken		
SYSGRATION ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGY (HUIZHOU) CO., LTD.	SYSGRATION LTD.	Subsidiary	$ 242,842	3.28	$ -	-	$ 111,328	$ -

SYSGRATION LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Significant inter-company transactions during the reporting periods

For the year ended December 31, 2024

Table 7

Expressed in thousands of NTD

(Except as otherwise indicated)

Number (Note 1)	Company name	Counterparty	Relationship (Note 2)	Transaction: General ledger account	Transaction: Amount	Transaction: Transaction terms	Transaction: Percentage of consolidated total operating revenues or total assets (Note 4)
1	SYSGRATION ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGY (HUIZHOU) CO., LTD.	SYSGRATION LTD.	2	Accounts receivable	$ 242,842	Note 6	5%
1	SYSGRATION ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGY (HUIZHOU) CO., LTD.	SYSGRATION LTD.	2	Sales of goods	1,031,590	Note 6	33%

Note 1: The numbers filled in for the transaction company in respect of inter-company transactions are as follows:

(1) Parent company is ‘0’.

(2) The subsidiaries are numbered in order starting from ‘1’.

Note 2: Relationship between transaction company and counterparty is classified into the following three categories; fill in the number of category each case belongs to (If transactions between parent company and subsidiaries or between subsidiaries refer to the same transaction, it is not required to disclose twice.For example, if the parent company has already disclosed its transaction with a subsidiary, then the subsidiary is not required to disclose the transaction; for transactions between two subsidiaries, if one of the subsidiaries has disclosed the transaction, then the other is not required to disclose the transaction.):

(1) Parent company to subsidiary.

(2) Subsidiary to parent company.

(3) Subsidiary to subsidiary.

Note 3: Transaction amount that did not reach NT$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more will not be disclosed. Additionally, the counter related parties’ of the transaction will also not be disclosed.

Note 4: Ratios of asset/liability are divided by consolidated total assets, and ratios of profit/loss accounts are divided by consolidated sales revenue.

Note 5: The loans granted and endorsement and guarantees between the Company and subsidiaries, please refer to tables 1 and 2.

Note 6: There are no comparable transaction to non-related parties. The conditions of transactions are agreed upon by both parties.

SYSGRATION LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Information on investees

For the year ended December 31, 2024

Table 8

Expressed in thousands of NTD

(Except as otherwise indicated)

Investor	Investee (Note 1 and Note 2)	Location	Main business activities	Initial investment amount: Balance as at December 31, 2024	Initial investment amount: Balance as at December 31, 2023	Shares held as at December 31, 2024: Number of shares	Shares held as at December 31, 2024: Ownership	Shares held as at December 31, 2024: Book value	Net profit (loss) of the investee for the year ended December 31, 2024 (Note 2(2))	Investment income(loss) recognized by the Company for the year ended December 31, 2024 (Note 2(3))	Footnote
SYSGRATION LTD.	POWER TANK ENERGY LTD.	TAIWAN	Manufacturing and sale of energy storage products	$ 413,884	$ 413,884	41,388,434	100%	$ 261,386	($ 104,720)	($ 104,720)	
POWER TANK ENERGY LTD.	SYSGRATION TECHNOLOGY (SAMOA) LTD.	SAMOA	Investment holding of overseas companies	218,659	218,659	21,800,000	100%	149,225	(44,700)	(44,700)	
SYSGRATION LTD.	SYSGRATION (SAMOA) LTD.	SAMOA	Investment holding of overseas companies	505,131	505,131	15,938,000	100%	305,047	19,537	19,537	
SYSGRATION LTD.	SYSGRATION USA INC.	U.S.A.	Sale of electronic products	10,062	10,062	300,000	100%	4,695	70	70	
SYSGRATION LTD.	SYSGRATION INTERNATIONAL INC.	U.S.A.	Investment holding of overseas companies	970,806	643,746	30,000,000	100%	1,000,554	14,224	14,224	
SYSGRATION INTERNATIONAL INC.	SYSGRATION AMERICA CORPORATION	U.S.A.	Manufacturing and sale of electronic products	753,910	97,650	24,000,000	100%	795,761	8,188	8,188	
SYSGRATION LTD.	LEADRAY ENERGY CO., LTD.	TAIWAN	Manufacturing and sale of solar energy and green lighting equipments	133,736	127,796	12,157,851	36.62%	120,506	(32,765)	(12,135)	

Note 1: If a public company is equipped with an overseas holding company and takes consolidated financial report as the main financial report according to the local law rules, it can only disclose the information of the overseas holding company about the disclosure of related overseas investee information.

Note 2: If situation does not belong to Note 1, fill in the columns according to the following regulations:

(1)The columns of 'Investee', 'Location', 'Main business activities', 'Initial investment amount' and 'Shares held as at December 31, 2024' should fill orderly in the Company's (public company's) information on investees and every directly or indirectly controlled investee’s investment information, and note the relationship between the Company (public company) and its investee each (ex. direct subsidiary or indirect subsidiary) in the ‘footnote’ column.

(2)The 'Net profit (loss) of the investee for the year ended December 31, 2024' column should fill in amount of net profit (loss) of the investee for this period.

(3)The 'Investment income (loss) recognized by the Company for the year ended December 31, 2024' column should fill in the Company (public company) recognized investment income (loss) of its direct subsidiary and recognized investment income (loss) of its investee accounted for under the equity method for this period. When filling in recognized investment income (loss) of its direct subsidiary, the Company (public company) should confirm that direct subsidiary's net profit (loss) for this period has included its investment income (loss) which shall be recognized by regulations.

SYSGRATION LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Information on investments in Mainland China

For the year ended December 31, 2024

Table 9

Expressed in thousands of NTD

(Except as otherwise indicated)

Investee in Mainland China	Main business activities	Paid-in capital (Note 5)	Investment method (Note 1)	Accumulated amount of remittance from Taiwan to Mainland China as of January 1, 2024 (Note 5 and Note 8)	Amount remitted from Taiwan to Mainland China/ Amount remitted back to Taiwan for the year ended December 31, 2024 (Note 5) Remitted to Mainland China	Remitted back to Taiwan	Accumulated amount of remittance from Taiwan to Mainland China as of December 31, 2024 (Note 5)	Net income of investee as of December 31, 2024	Ownership held by the Company (direct or indirect)	Investment income (loss) recognized by the Company for the year ended December 31, 2024 (Note 2(2)B)	Book value of investments in Mainland China as of December 31, 2024	Accumulated amount of investment income remitted back to Taiwan as of December 31, 2024	Footnote
SYSGRATION ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGY (ZHENJIANG) CO., LTD.	Manufacturing and sale of energy storage products	$ 708,156	2	$ 230,209	-	-	$ 230,209	($ 47,718)	100%	($ 47,718)	$ 151,555	-	Note 6
SYSGRATION ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGY (HUIZHOU) CO., LTD.	Manufacturing and sale of electronic products	121,305	2	121,305	-	-	121,305	20,176	100%	20,176	243,225	-	Note 7

Company name	Accumulated amount of remittance from Taiwan to Mainland China as of December 31, 2024 (Note 3, Note 5, and Note 8)	Investment amount approved by the Investment Commission of the Ministry of Economic Affairs (MOEA) (Note 5)	Ceiling on investments in Mainland China imposed by the Investment Commission of MOEA (Note 4)	Footnote
POWER TANK ENERGY LTD.	$ 230,209	$ 230,209	$ 156,832	Note 9
SYSGRATION LTD.	121,305	121,305	1,846,128	

Note 1: Investment methods are classified into the following three categories; fill in the number of category each case belongs to:

(1)Directly invest in a company in Mainland China.

(2)Through investing in an existing company in the third area, which then invested in the investee in Mainland China.

(3)Others

Note 2: In the ‘Investment income (loss) recognized by the Company for the year ended December 31, 2024’ column:

(1)It should be indicated if the investee was still in the incorporation arrangements and had not yet any profit during this period.

(2)Indicate the basis for investment income (loss) recognition in the number of one of the following three categories:

A. The financial statements that were audited and attested by international accounting firm which has cooperative relationship with accounting firm in R.O.C.

B. The financial statements that were audited and attested by R.O.C. parent company’s CPA.

C. Others.

Note 3: The Company reinvested in ‘SYSGRATION ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGY (ZHENJIANG) CO., LTD.’ through ‘SYSGRATION TECHNOLOGY (SAMOA) LTD.’ which was invested by the Company under the approval of Jing-Shen-II-Zi No.10100477000, No.10200372350, No.10300319430, No.1040023080, No.10500055360 and No.10500105990. Because the Company split its energy storage business segment to newly established company through a spin-off, the Company reinvested in ‘SYSGRATION TECHNOLOGY (SAMOA) LTD. ’and ‘SYSGRATION ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGY (ZHENJIANG) CO., LTD.’through ‘POWER TANK ENERGY LTD.’ which was approved by Jing-Shen-II-Zi No.11200074130 and No.11200124140.

Additionally, the Company reinvested in ‘SYSGRATION ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGY (HUIZHOU) CO., LTD.’ through ‘SYSGRATION (SAMOA) LTD.’ which was invested by the Company under the approval of Jing-Shen-II-Zi No.10400006240, No.10400023090, No.10400163350, No.10400251280 and No.10500072680.

Note 4: The ceiling is NT$80 million and 60% of the net assets or consolidated net assets, whichever is higher.

Note 5: It was translated to NTD at the exchange rate on December 31, 2024.

Note 6: Through SYSGRATION TECHNOLOGY (SAMOA) LTD..

Note 7: Through SYSGRATION (SAMOA) LTD..

Note 8: Under the approval of Jing-Shen-II-Zi No.11200124140, POWER TANK ENERGY LTD. reinvested in the net value at the spin-off of ‘SYSGRATION ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGY (ZHENJIANG) CO., LTD.’’s through ‘SYSGRATION TECHNOLOGY (SAMOA) LTD.’, therefore, it is different from the remitted amount.

Note 9: POWER TANK ENERGY LTD. completed the investment in Mainland China in the third quarter of 2023 and the ceiling on investments was $326,414 which was calculated based on POWER TANK ENERGY LTD.'s net assets of $394,024 in the third quarter of 2023.

SYSGRATION LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Significant transactions , either directly or indirectly through a third area, with investee companies in the Mainland Area

For the year ended December 31, 2024

Table 10

Expressed in thousands of NTD

(Except as otherwise indicated)

	Sale (purchase)		Property transaction		Accounts receivable (payable)		Other accounts receivable (payable)		Provision of endorsements/guarantees or collaterals		Financing				
Investee in Mainland China	Amount	%	Amount	%	Balance at December 31, 2024	%	Balance at December 31, 2024	%	Balance at December 31, 2024	Purpose	Maximum balance during the year ended December 31, 2024	Balance at December 31, 2024	Interest rate	Interest for the year ended December 31, 2024	Others
SYSGRATION ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGY (HUIZHOU) CO., LTD.	($ 1,031,590)	52%	$ -	-	($ 242,842)	-45%	$ 64,769	83%	Note	Note	$ 65,737	$ 64,769	-	$ -	

Note: Please refer to table 2.

SYSGRATION LTD.
Major shareholders information
December 31, 2024

Table 11

Name of major shareholders	Shares	
	Number of shares held	Ownership
Lee, Yi-Ren	12,880,210	6.72%